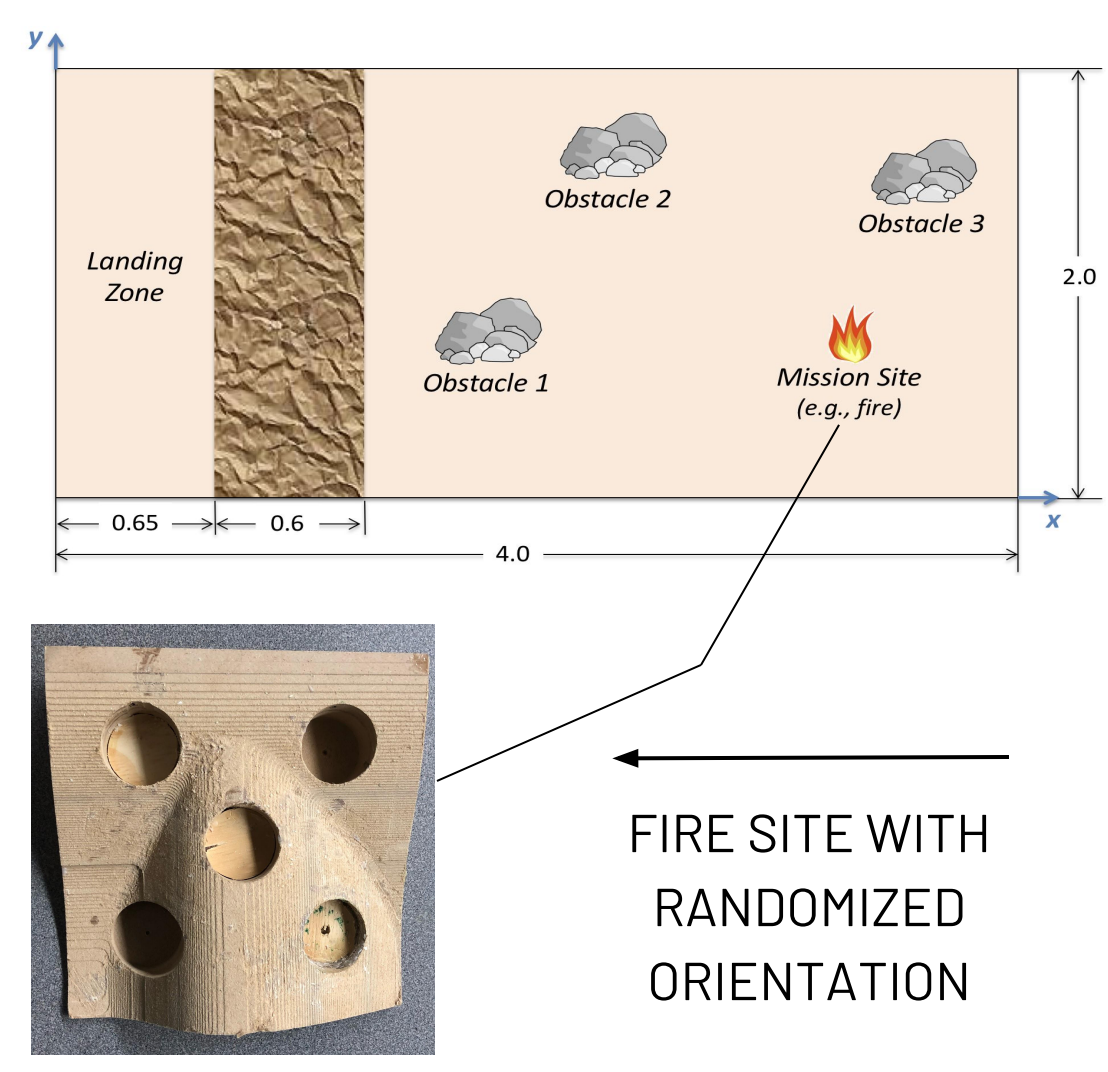


MISSION

To engineer an autonomous OSV capable of navigating to a random destination and avoiding any obstacles in order to measure the number of active flames and extinguish them

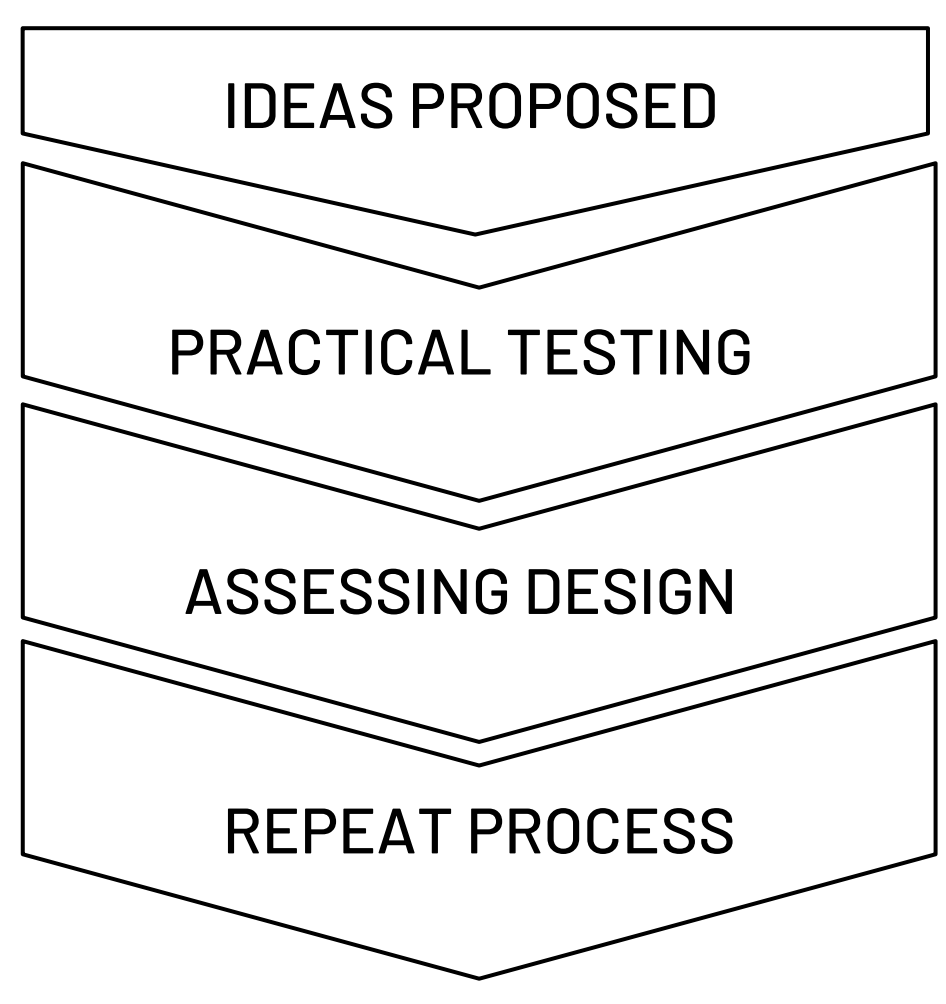
DESIGN CRITERIA



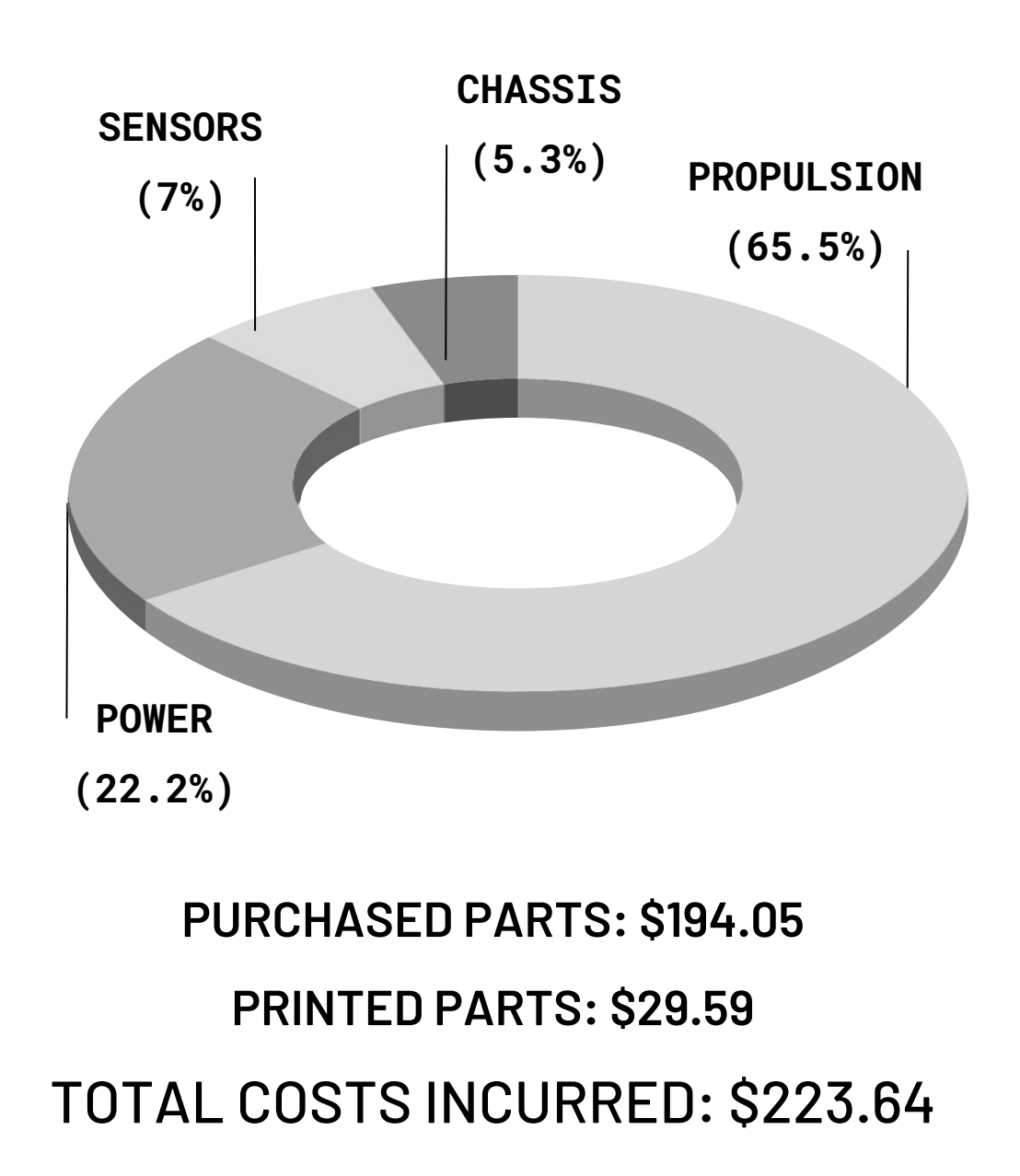
- maximum weight of 3 kilograms
- 350 x 350 millimeter footprint
- run all systems at full power for at least 10 minutes
 - receive & transmit RF communications with APC 220
 - extinguisher may not leave behind residue
- total built-in cost max of \$350

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

OUR DESIGN PROCESS

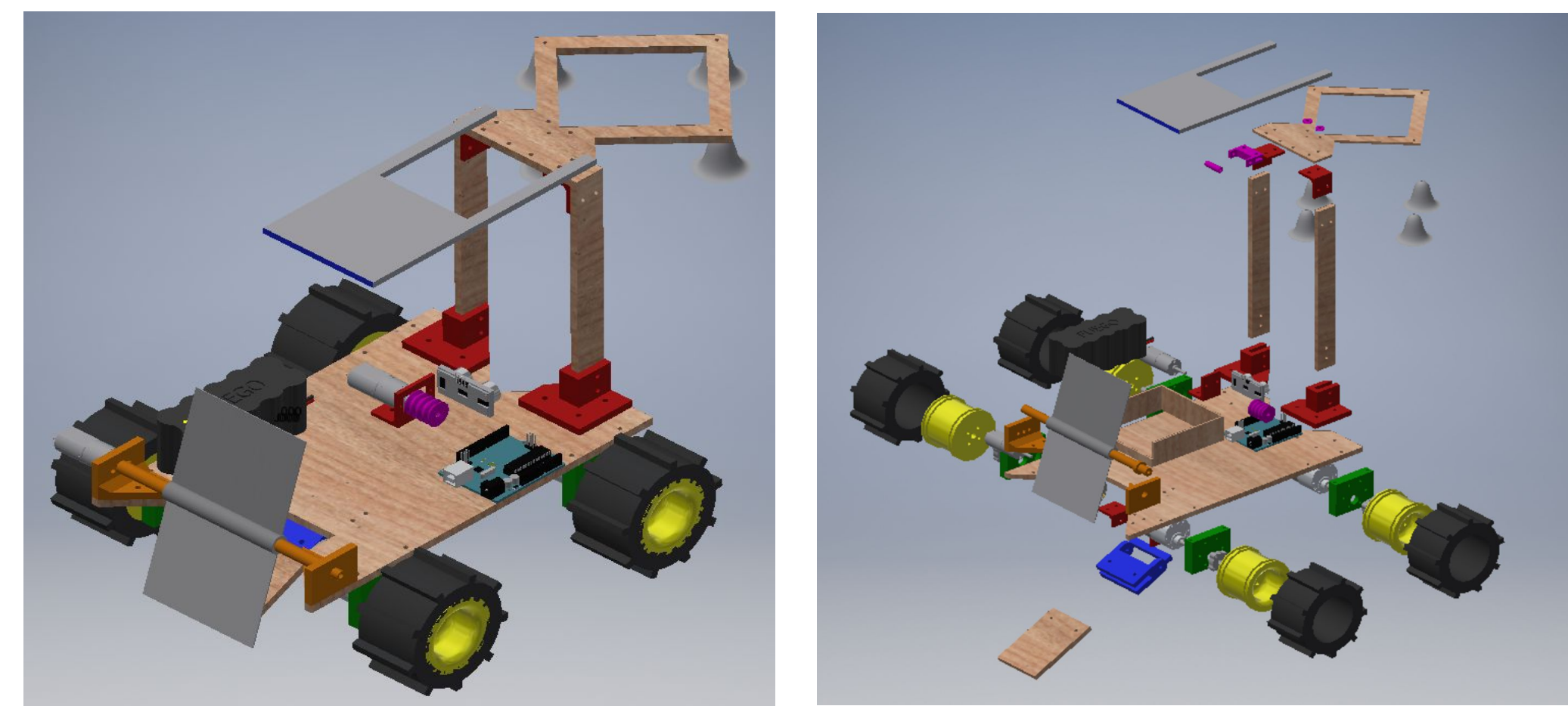


- heavily relied on Gantt processing & dividing work up into subteams:
 - CHASSIS TEAM
 - ELECTRICAL TEAM
 - PROGRAMMING TEAM
 - MISSION SPECIFIC TEAM



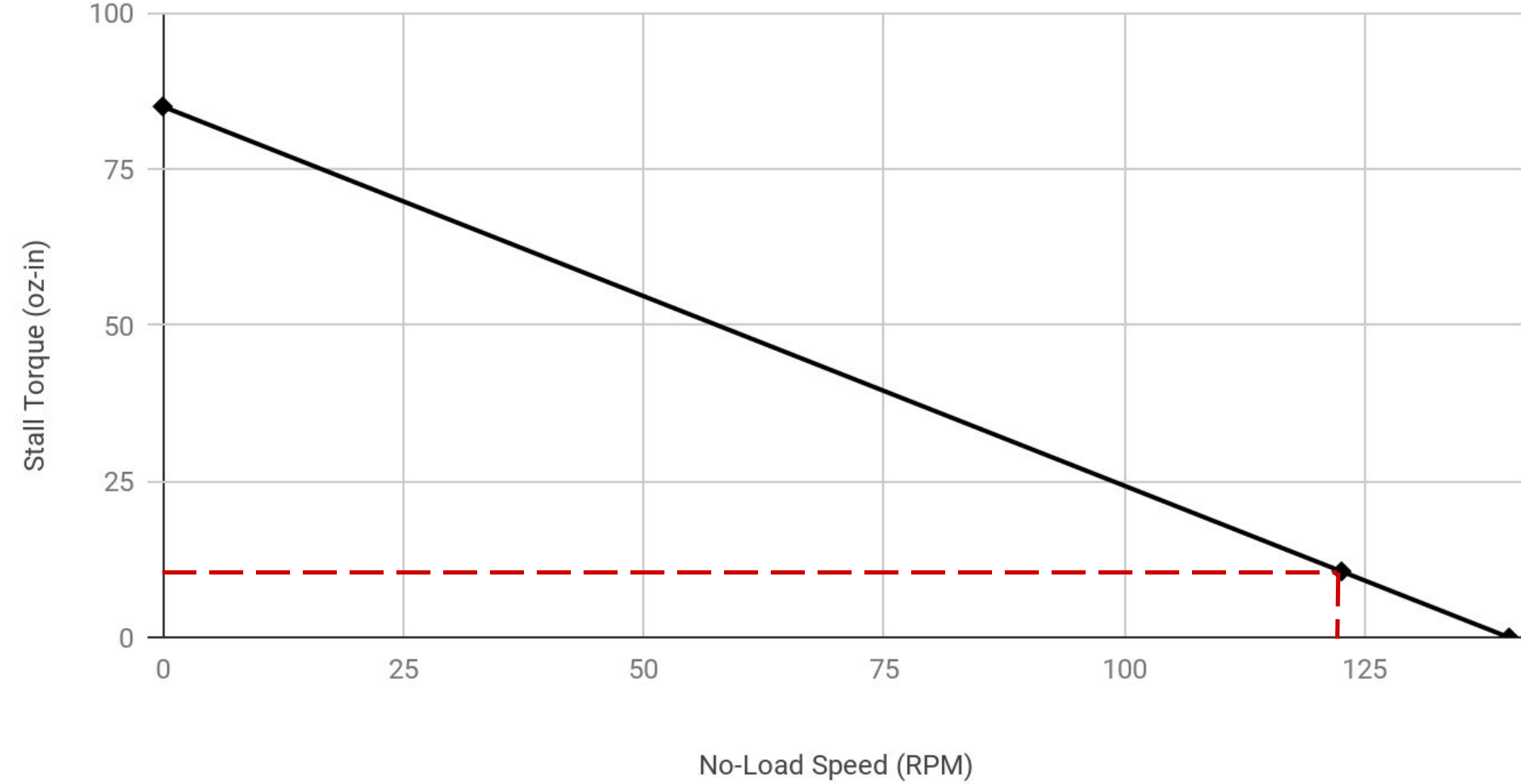
FINAL DESIGN DETAILS

- four wheel drive with metal gear motors, 3D PLA printed wheels, & four paddle tires
- powered by Nickel Metal Hydride battery
- wooden chassis holding hardware (breadboard, motor controller, battery, servo motor, ultrasonic sensor, & arduino microcontroller) with triangular cutout in front
- mission specific implemented dowel & pulley system



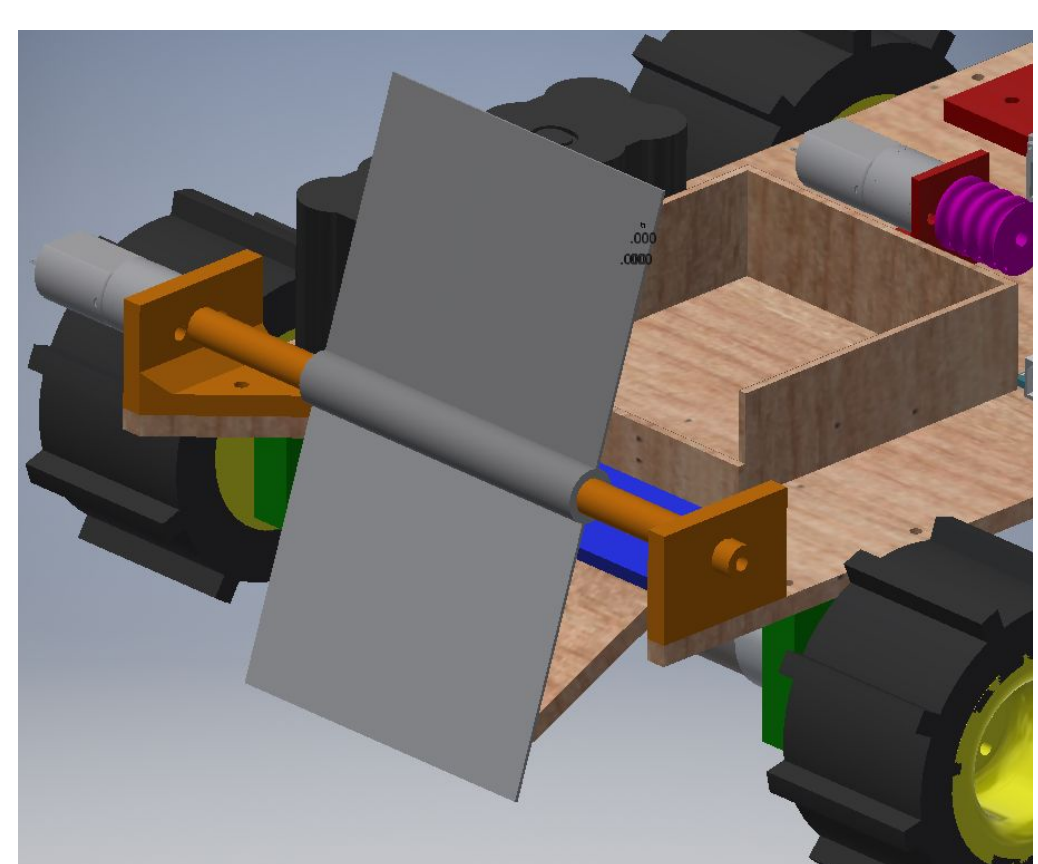
MASS (kg)	1.7		X-VALUE	Y-VALUE
STALL TORQUE (oz-in)	85	STALL POINT	0	85
NO-LOAD SPEED (RPM)	140	NO-LOAD POINT	140	0
NO-LOAD CURRENT (A)	0.09	OPERATING POINT	123	11

MOTOR CHARACTERISTIC GRAPH



DOWEL INTAKE SYSTEM

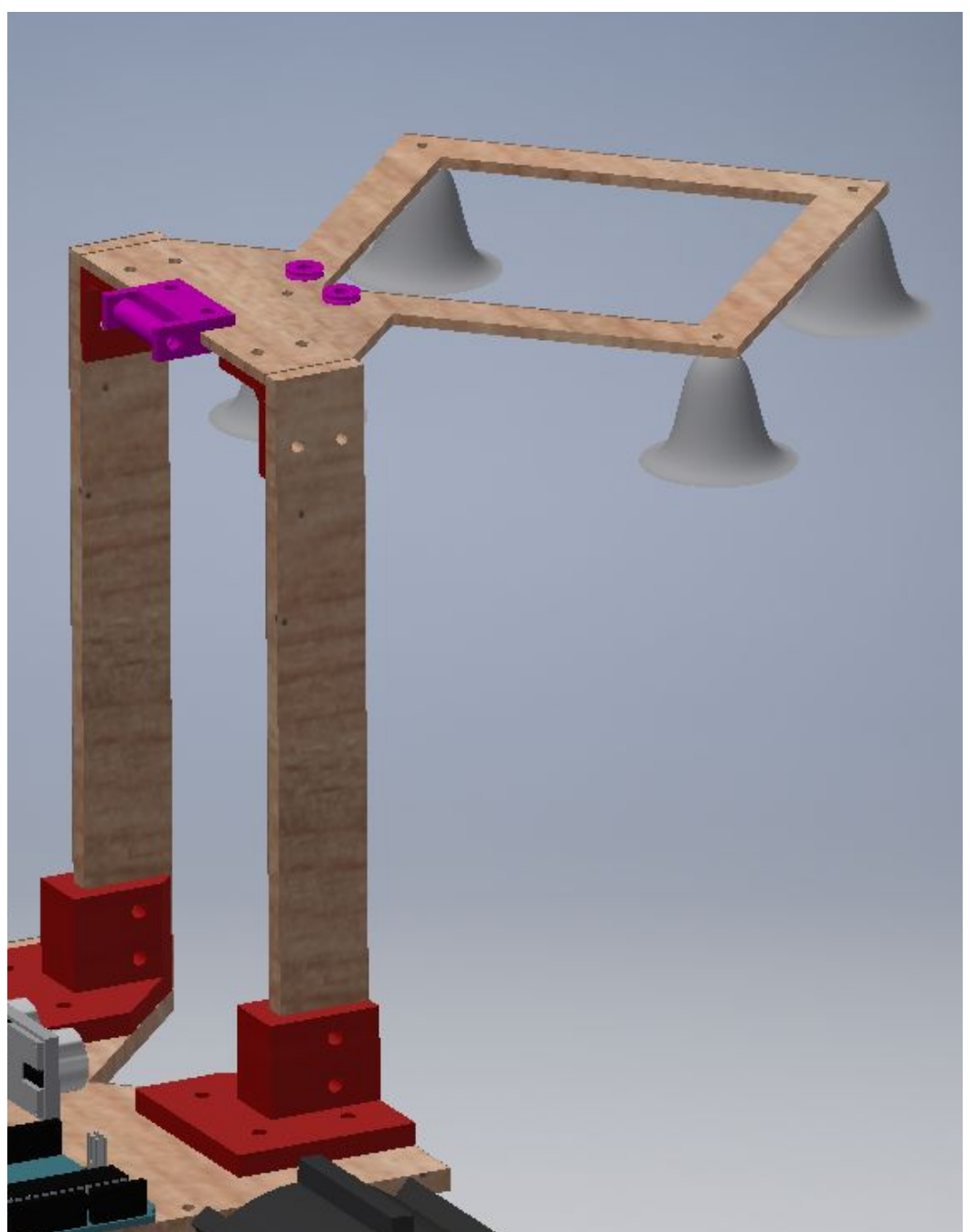
- rotating system on back of OSV to passively collect dowel while moving around fire site
- 3D printed axle mounted onto D-shaft held in place by custom 3D printed brackets
- fabricated flap out of zip-ties & duct tape attached to axle
- a custom ramp fabricated out of wood & 3D printed components
- 51 RPM Mini Econ Gear Motor with stall current of 1.5A at 12V and stall torque of 333.4 oz-in at 12V



DOWEL FLAP CONNECTED TO RAMP

FOUR CAP PULLEY SYSTEM

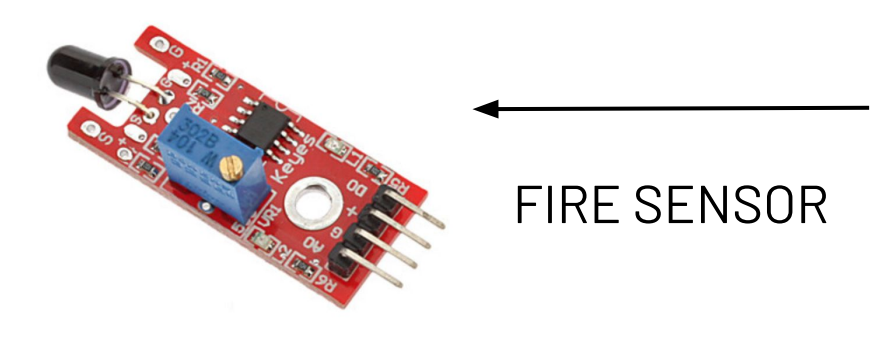
FIREPROOFED CAPS WITH FIRE SENSORS



- all-in-one extinguishing device
- four 3D printed hemispherical caps attached to pulley system run by a 360 degree servo motor
- utilize ultrasonic & fire sensor capabilities to reposition caps
- rotating pulley to lower all four caps to smother corner flames

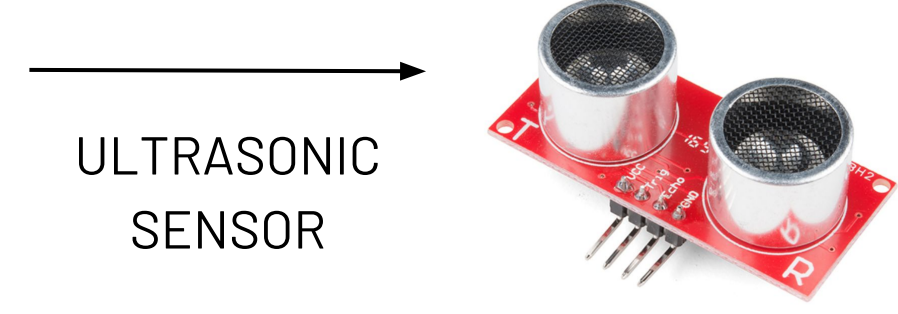
OSV PERFORMANCE

- successfully crossed the rocky terrain area
- successfully detected flames with four fire sensors



FIRE SENSOR

- accurately reported the number of active flames
 - failed to reach the destination with precise position
 - failed to implement ultrasonic sensor's obstacle avoidance capabilities



ULTRASONIC SENSOR

- four cap pulley system poorly implemented with fishing wire
- dowel intake system was not fully executed

CONCLUSIONS

- failed to complete all mission requirements due to imprecisions with navigation
 - ultrasonic sensor was ineffective due to poor placement on chassis
 - learned importance of testing and debugging code for obstacle avoidance
- "cleverly designed" cutout in chassis led to downfall as it got stuck on the obstacle

Although we had not performed as well as we hoped, we learned a lot about programming, electrical systems, and teamwork.

As a whole, we explored the design process and how to apply engineering concepts. This project challenged us to complete a seemingly impossible task and dive into the world of engineering.

Special thanks to Professor López-Roshwalb and our UTF, Lauren Drumm for their support throughout the semester.