

S. B. JAIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MANAGEMENT & RESEARCH, NAGPUR.

Practical No. 5

AIM: Construct a program to convert an Infix expression into Postfix expression using Lex and Yacc.

Name of Student: Shrutika Pradeep Bagdi

Roll No.: CS22130

Semester/Year: 6th Semester/3rd Year

Academic Session: 2024-25

Date of Performance:

Date of Submission:

Compiler Design (PCCCS601P)

AIM: Construct a program to convert an Infix expression into Postfix expression using Lex and Yacc.

OBJECTIVE / EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOME:

The objectives and expected learning outcome of this practical are:

- To get acquainted with Syntax Directed Translation Scheme (SDTS).
- To demonstrate the of use Lex and Yacc for implementation of SDTS.

HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIRMENTS:

Hardware Requirement:

• Processor: Dual Core

• RAM: 1GB

• Hard Disk Drive: > 80 GB

THEORY:

1) Description about SDTS scheme

2) Semantic actions and its implementation in YACC

3) S-attributed and L-attributed Definitions

	Compiler Design (PCCCS601P)
4) Top down and bottom-up evaluation of semantic actions	
ALGORITHM / PROCEDURE:	
Department of Computer Science & Engineering, S.B.J.I.T.M.	I.R, Nagpur 3

Compiler Design (PCCCS601P)

CODE:

Lex Code:

```
${
#include"y.tab.h"
extern int yylval;

$}

$

[0-9]+ {yylval=atoi(yytext); return NUM;}

\n return 0;
. return *yytext;

$

int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
```

Yacc Code:

```
#include <stdio
int yylex(); // Declaration of yylex()
int yyerror(char *msg); // Declaration of yyerro
%token NUM
%left '+'
%left "*"
right NEGATIVE
   E { printf("\n"); }
         _' E {
                printf("-"
                printf("/'
          E %prec NEGATIVE { printf("-"); }
      NUM { printf("%d", yylval); }
int main() {
   yyparse();
   return 0;
int yyerror(<mark>char</mark> *msg) {
   printf("error YACC: %s\n", msg);
   return 1;
```

OUTPUT:

```
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ vi Practical5.1
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ vi Practical5.y
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ yacc -d Practical5.y
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ flex Practical5.1
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ ./a.out
2+6*2-5/3
262*+53/-
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$ ./a.out
2+6/7*6
267/6*+
csc15@linux-p2-1272il:~/CS22130$
```

CONCLUSION:

DISCUSSION AND VIVA VOCE:

Q1: What is SDTS?

Q2: What do you mean by S-attributed definition and L-attributed definition?

Q3: How attributes are represented in Yacc?

Q4: Differentiate between synthesized attribute and inherited attribute?

REFERENCE:

- Book: Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Pearson Education, 2nd edition. 2010.
- Book: Compiler Design by O.G. Kakde, Laxmi Publications, 2006.
- Lab Manual of Compiler Design (Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Dundigal, Hyderabad).