

# PROJECT 3 : Chord: P2P System and Simulation

## READ ME FILE

### 1. How to run the code –

dotnet fsi filename.fsx numNodes numReq  
example – dotnet fsi Project3.fsx 100 50

### 2. What is working –

- I created 'numNodes' actors and their finger tables, successor, predecessor successfully. The nodes are converging after sending 'numReq' requests.
- Every time a node joins the network, the successor tables, the finger tables and the keys stored in the system are all updated.
- I added a function that could calculate SHA-1 for node and key IDs and placed the nodes and keys as per the value – Node position =  $\text{hashOfNode}(n) \% 2^m$ . But since I didn't know how to compare the hash values, I decided not to use it and place the actor in the ring as per their 'nodeIds'.
- Managed to create the ring using the above node positions. Spawned actors for these positions. I took 'numNodes' as the number of Active Actors in the system, 'numReq' as the number of keys in the system. I distributed these 'numReq' keys to the Actors in the system.
- The number of hops are updated every time a node lookup a closest preceding node from their finger table to a key, the hops are increased by 1. Every actor share a global 'hops' counter that keeps the number of total hops in the system **while searching keys only!**
- The average number of Hops I calculated was by –  $\text{AvgHops} = (\text{TotalHops}) / \text{numNodes}$ .

### 3. What is the largest network you managed to deal with –

The largest value for 'numNodes' input for this project was 200. Since we created the size ' $2^m$ ' network by assessing the value of 'numNodes', as –

$m = \text{Math.Log2}(\text{float numNodes})$

$m = 8$

Thus, using numNodes = 200, the value of m through above equation comes out to be  $m = 8$ .

Therefore, the largest possible size of the network was  $2^m = 2^8 = 256$

The time it took to run for 10 nodes = 3156.271 ms and Avg Hops = 2.0

The time it took to run for 50 nodes = 5962.08 ms and Avg Hops = 10.0

The time it took to run for 100 nodes = 6867.73 ms and Avg Hops = 19.0

The time it took to run for 150 nodes = 7261.94 ms and Avg Hops = 23.0

The time it took to run for 200 nodes = 7567.76 ms and Avg Hops = 44.0

If we plot the time taken for the given nodes on a graph we can see that we obtained a logarithmic graph –

