[컴페티션] 머신러닝 성능 극대화 • 대회 주제 : Binary Classification with a Bank Churn Dataset • 대회 링크 : https://www.kaggle.com/competitions/playground-series-s4e1 • 평가 항목 : ROC Curve • 제출일 : 2024년 12월 10일 화요일 7교시 • 평가 항목 점수 : 0.90573/0.90249 • 수강생 성함 : 송현서 In []: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import lightgbm as lgb from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD from catboost import CatBoostClassifier, Pool from catboost.utils import eval_metric from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore") In []: # 성능을 올리는 가장 쉽고 빠른 방법 -> 학습을 많이 시킨다. RAND_VAL=27 num_folds=8 ## Number of folds n_est=8000 ## Number of estimators In []: | df_train = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/playground-series-s4e1/train.csv') df_train.head() In []: df_test = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/playground-series-s4e1/test.csv') df_test_ov = df_test.copy() df_test.head() In []: df_orig=pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/bank-customer-churn-prediction/Churn_Modelling.csv") df_orig=df_orig.rename(columns={'RowNumber':'id'}) df_orig.head() In []: scale_cols = ['Age', 'CreditScore', 'Balance', 'EstimatedSalary'] for c in scale_cols: min_value = df_train[c].min() max_value = df_train[c].max() df_train[c+"_scaled"] = (df_train[c] - min_value) / (max_value - min_value) df_test[c+"_scaled"] = (df_test[c] - min_value) / (max_value - min_value) In []: df_all = pd.concat([df_train,df_test]).reset_index(drop=True) aggs = { 'Age': ['min', 'max', 'mean'], 'Balance': ['min', 'max', 'mean', 'sum'], 'NumOfProducts': ['mean','sum'], 'IsActiveMember': ['min', 'max', 'mean', 'sum'], 'CreditScore': ['min', 'max', 'mean'], 'EstimatedSalary': ['min', 'max', 'mean', 'sum'], 'id': 'count', df_grps=df_all.groupby(['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Geography', 'Gender']).agg(aggs).reset_index() df_grps.columns = list(map(''.join, df_grps.columns.values)) print(len(df_grps)) df_grps.head() In []: aggs = { 'Balance': ['min', 'max', 'mean', 'sum'], 'NumOfProducts': ['mean', 'sum'], 'IsActiveMember': ['min', 'max', 'mean', 'sum'], 'CreditScore': ['min', 'max', 'mean'], 'EstimatedSalary': ['min','max', 'mean','sum'], 'id': 'count', df_grps1=df_all.groupby(['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Age', 'Gender']).agg(aggs).reset_index() df_grps1.columns = list(map('grps1'.join, df_grps1.columns.values)) print(len(df_grps1)) df_grps1=df_grps1.rename(columns={'CustomerIdgrps1':'CustomerId','Surnamegrps1':'Surname', 'Agegrps1':'Age','Gendergrps1':'Gender'}) df_grps1.head() In []: exitGrpBy=['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Gender', 'Geography', 'EstimatedSalary'] exitSrtBy=['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Gender', 'Geography', 'Age', 'Tenure'] df_all_Exits=df_all.copy() df_all_Exits['Exited']=df_all_Exits['Exited'].fillna(-1) df_all_Exits=df_all_Exits.sort_values(exitSrtBy) df_all_Exits['Exit_lag1']=df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(1) df_all_Exits['Exit_lag2']=df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(2) df_all_Exits['Exit_lag3'] = df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(3) df_all_Exits['Exit_lead1'] = df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(-1) df_all_Exits['Exit_lead2']=df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(-2) df_all_Exits['Exit_lead3']=df_all_Exits.groupby(exitGrpBy)['Exited'].shift(-3) df_all_Exits['Balance_lag_diff1']=df_all_Exits['Balance'].shift(1) df_all_Exits['Balance_lead_diff1']=df_all_Exits['Balance'].shift(-1) df_all_Exits=df_all_Exits[['id','Exit_lag1','Exit_lag2','Exit_lag3', 'Exit_lead1','Exit_lead2','Exit_lead3', 'Balance_lag_diff1','Balance_lead_diff1']] df_all_Exits=df_all_Exits.fillna(-1).astype('int') df_all_Exits In []: def getGrpsIndv(df_orig, df_train, df_test, grpCols, nm): grpBy=[] for c in grpCols: for i in grpCols: **if** c!=i: grpBy=[c,i] grpBy=[c,i] df_tmp=df_orig.groupby(grpBy).agg({'id':'count','Exited':{'mean'}}).reset_index() df_tmp.columns=list(map(''.join, (list(df_tmp.columns.values)))) sepCols=df_tmp.columns.drop(grpBy)+nm+'_ind_'+c+'-'+i df_tmp.columns=list(grpBy)+list(sepCols) df_train=df_train.merge(df_tmp,how='left') df_test=df_test.merge(df_tmp,how='left') df_train[sepCols]=df_train[sepCols].fillna(0) df_test[sepCols]=df_test[sepCols].fillna(0) df_train[sepCols]=df_train[sepCols].astype('int') df_test[sepCols]=df_test[sepCols].astype('int') return df_train, df_test In []: def getGrps(df_orig,df_train,df_test,grpCols,nm): grpBy=[] for c in grpCols: grpBy.append(c) df_tmp=df_orig.groupby(grpBy).agg({'id':'count','Exited':{'sum'}}).reset_index() df_tmp.columns=list(map(''.join, (list(df_tmp.columns.values)))) sepCols=df_tmp.columns.drop(grpBy)+nm+'_grps_'+c df_tmp.columns=list(grpBy)+list(sepCols) df_train=df_train.merge(df_tmp,how='left') df_test=df_test.merge(df_tmp,how='left') df_train[sepCols]=df_train[sepCols].fillna(0) df_test[sepCols] = df_test[sepCols].fillna(0) df_train[sepCols]=df_train[sepCols].astype('int') df_test[sepCols] = df_test[sepCols].astype('int') return df_train,df_test In []: grpCols=['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Geography', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore', 'NumOfProducts', 'HasCrCard', 'IsActiveMember' ,'EstimatedSalary','Balance'] df_train, df_test=getGrps (df_orig, df_train, df_test, grpCols, 'Orig_groups') df_train, df_test=getGrpsIndv(df_orig, df_train, df_test, grpCols, 'Orig_ind') In []: df_train.shape In []: df_train.head() Feature Engineering In []: def getFeats(df): df['IsSenior'] = df['Age'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x >= 60 else 0) df['IsActive_by_CreditCard'] = df['HasCrCard'] * df['IsActiveMember'] df['Products_Per_Tenure'] = df['Tenure'] / df['NumOfProducts'] df['AgeCat'] = np.round(df.Age/20).astype('int').astype('category') df['Sur_Geo_Gend_Sal'] = df['Surname']+df['Geography']+df['Gender']+np.round(df.EstimatedSalary).astype('str') df = df.merge(df_grps,how='left',on=['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Geography', 'Gender']) df = df.merge(df_grps1,how='left',on=['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'Age', 'Gender']) df = df.merge(df_all_Exits,how='left') return df In []: | df_train = getFeats(df_train) df_test = getFeats(df_test) ## feat_cols=df_train.columns.drop(['id','Exited']) feat_cols=feat_cols.drop(scale_cols) print("Number of Features:",len(feat_cols)) print(feat_cols) df_train.head() In []: X=df_train[feat_cols] y=df_train['Exited'] ## cat_features = np.where(X.dtypes != np.float64)[0] cat_features **Training** In []: | 111 folds = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=num_folds,random_state=RAND_VAL,shuffle=True) test_preds = np.empty((num_folds, len(df_test))) auc_vals=[] for n_fold, (train_idx, valid_idx) in enumerate(folds.split(X, y)): X_train, y_train = X.iloc[train_idx], y.iloc[train_idx] X_val, y_val = X.iloc[valid_idx], y.iloc[valid_idx] train_pool = Pool(X_train, y_train,cat_features=cat_features) val_pool = Pool(X_val, y_val, cat_features=cat_features) clf = CatBoostClassifier(eval_metric='AUC', task_type='GPU', learning_rate=0.02, iterations=n_est) clf.fit(train_pool, eval_set=val_pool, verbose=300) y_pred_val = clf.predict_proba(X_val[feat_cols])[:,1] auc_val = roc_auc_score(y_val, y_pred_val) print("AUC for fold ",n_fold,": ",auc_val) auc_vals.append(auc_val) y_pred_test = clf.predict_proba(df_test[feat_cols])[:,1] test_preds[n_fold, :] = y_pred_test print("----") In []: from skopt import BayesSearchCV param_space = { 'learning_rate': (0.005, 0.1, 'log-uniform'), # 범위 'depth': (4, 12), # 트리 깊이 범위 확장 # 정규화 범위 확장 '12_leaf_reg': (1, 15), 'bagging_temperature': (0, 1.0), # 샘플링 온도 추가 'border_count': (32, 255), # 분할 기준 개수 추가 # Iterations 범위 조정 'iterations': (500, 3000) folds = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=num_folds, random_state=42, shuffle=**True**) # fold 수 7로 고정 test_preds = np.empty((folds.n_splits, len(df_test))) $auc_vals = []$ for n_fold, (train_idx, valid_idx) in enumerate(folds.split(X, y)): X_train, y_train = X.iloc[train_idx], y.iloc[train_idx] X_val, y_val = X.iloc[valid_idx], y.iloc[valid_idx] train_pool = Pool(X_train, y_train, cat_features=cat_features) val_pool = Pool(X_val, y_val, cat_features=cat_features) clf = CatBoostClassifier(task_type='GPU', eval_metric='AUC', verbose=0) # 기본 모델 # Bayesian Optimization bayes_search = BayesSearchCV(estimator=clf, search_spaces=param_space, scoring='roc_auc', cv=3, n_iter=30, # 탐색 횟수 verbose=2, random_state=42 # 하이퍼파라미터 최적화 수행 bayes_search.fit(X_train, y_train, cat_features=cat_features) # 최적 파라미터와 성능 출력 best_params = bayes_search.best_params_ print(f"Fold {n_fold + 1} - Best Parameters: {best_params}") # 최적 파라미터로 학습 clf = CatBoostClassifier(**best_params, task_type='GPU', eval_metric='AUC', verbose=300 clf.fit(train_pool, eval_set=val_pool) # 성능 평가 y_pred_val = clf.predict_proba(X_val[feat_cols])[:, 1] auc_val = roc_auc_score(y_val, y_pred_val) print(f"AUC for fold {n_fold + 1}: {auc_val}") auc_vals.append(auc_val) # 테스트 데이터 예측 y_pred_test = clf.predict_proba(df_test[feat_cols])[:, 1] test_preds[n_fold, :] = y_pred_test # 현재까지 진행 상황 표시 print(f"Completed fold {n_fold + 1}/{folds.n_splits}") print("----") # 전체 결과 출력 print(f"Mean AUC across folds: {np.mean(auc_vals):.4f}") Evaluation In []: "Mean AUC: ", np.mean(auc_vals) Feature Importance In []: import shap shap.initjs() explainer = shap.TreeExplainer(clf) shap_values = explainer.shap_values(train_pool) shap.summary_plot(shap_values, X_train, plot_type="bar") Prediction and Submission In []: join_cols=list(df_orig.columns.drop(['Exited'])) df_orig.rename(columns={'Exited':'Exited_Orig'},inplace=True) df_orig['Exited_Orig'] = df_orig['Exited_Orig'].map({0:1,1:0}) df_test_ov=df_test_ov.merge(df_orig,on=join_cols,how='left')[['id','Exited_Orig']].fillna(-1)

df_test_ov.head()

df_sub.head()

In []: y_pred = test_preds.mean(axis=0)

df_sub = df_test_ov[['id','Exited_Orig']]

df_sub.drop('Exited_Orig',axis=1,inplace=True)

df_sub['Exited'] = np.where(df_sub.Exited_Orig==-1,y_pred,df_sub.Exited_Orig)

In []: df_sub.to_csv("submission.csv",index=False)

plt.show()

In []: df_sub.hist(column='Exited', bins=20, range=[0,1], figsize=(12,6))