Class 17 – Analyzing Sequencing Data in the Cloud

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Analysis of RNAseq data

Back on our laptop we can now use R and Bioconductor tools to further explore this large scale dataset.

For example there is an R function called tximport() in the tximport package, which enables straightforward import of Kallisto results. We need to install tximport using BiocManager::install("tximport")

With each sample having its own directory containing the Kallisto output, we can import the transcript count estimates into R using:

```
library(tximport)

# setup the folder and filenames to read
folders <- dir(pattern="SRR21568*")
samples <- sub("_quant", "", folders)
files <- file.path( folders, "abundance.h5" )
names(files) <- samples

txi.kallisto <- tximport(files, type = "kallisto", txOut = TRUE)</pre>
```

1 2 3 4

```
head(txi.kallisto$counts)
```

```
SRR2156848 SRR2156849 SRR2156850 SRR2156851
ENST00000539570 0 0 0.00000 0
ENST00000576455 0 0 2.62037 0
```

ENST00000510508	0	0	0.00000	0
ENST00000474471	0	1	1.00000	0
ENST00000381700	0	0	0.00000	0
ENST00000445946	0	0	0.00000	0

We can see how many transcripts we have for each sample:

```
colSums(txi.kallisto$counts)
```

```
SRR2156848 SRR2156849 SRR2156850 SRR2156851
2563611 2600800 2372309 2111474
```

And how many transcripts are detected in at least one sample:

```
sum(rowSums(txi.kallisto$counts)>0)
```

[1] 94561

Before subsequent analysis, we might want to filter out those annotated transcripts with no reads:

```
to.keep <- rowSums(txi.kallisto$counts) > 0
kset.nonzero <- txi.kallisto$counts[to.keep,]</pre>
```

And those with no change over the samples:

```
keep2 <- apply(kset.nonzero,1,sd)>0
x <- kset.nonzero[keep2,]</pre>
```

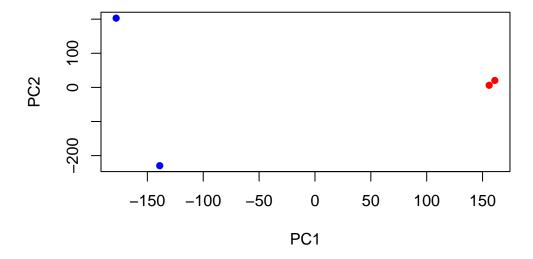
PCA

```
pca <- prcomp(t(x), scale=TRUE)
summary(pca)</pre>
```

Importance of components:

```
PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4
Standard deviation 183.6379 177.3605 171.3020 1e+00
Proportion of Variance 0.3568 0.3328 0.3104 1e-05
Cumulative Proportion 0.3568 0.6895 1.0000 1e+00
```

Let's make a PC2 vs PC1 plot.



Q. Use ggplot to make a similar figure of PC1 vs PC2 and a seperate figure PC1 vs PC3 and PC2 vs PC3.

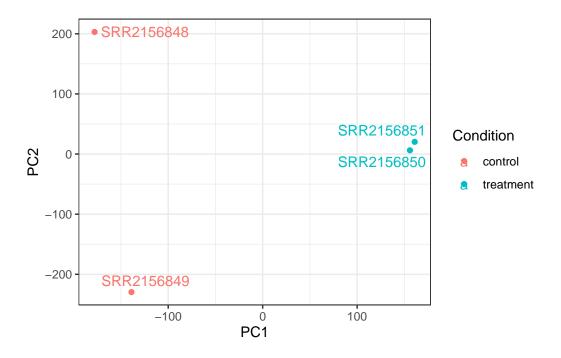
```
library(ggrepel)

# Make metadata object for the samples
colData <- data.frame(condition = factor(rep(c("control", "treatment"), each = 2)))
rownames(colData) <- colnames(txi.kallisto$counts)

# Make the data.frame for ggplot
y <- as.data.frame(pca$x)
y$Condition <- as.factor(colData$condition)

ggplot(y) +</pre>
```

```
aes(PC1, PC2, col=Condition) +
geom_point() +
geom_text_repel(label=rownames(y)) +
theme_bw()
```

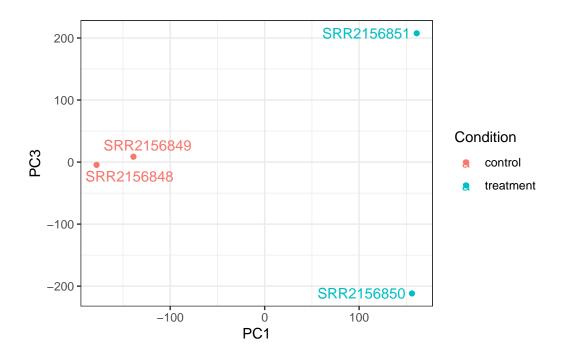


```
library(ggrepel)

# Make metadata object for the samples
colData <- data.frame(condition = factor(rep(c("control", "treatment"), each = 2)))
rownames(colData) <- colnames(txi.kallisto$counts)

# Make the data.frame for ggplot
y <- as.data.frame(pca$x)
y$Condition <- as.factor(colData$condition)

ggplot(y) +
   aes(PC1, PC3, col=Condition) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_text_repel(label=rownames(y)) +
   theme_bw()</pre>
```

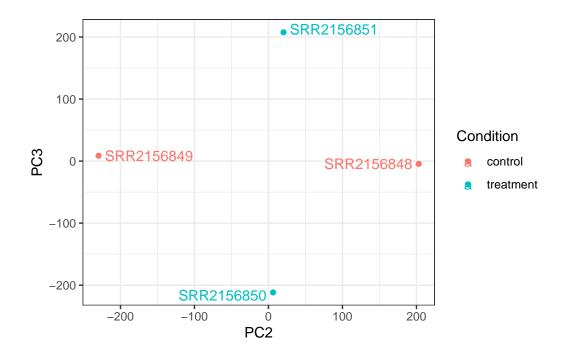


```
library(ggplot2)
library(ggrepel)

# Make metadata object for the samples
colData <- data.frame(condition = factor(rep(c("control", "treatment"), each = 2)))
rownames(colData) <- colnames(txi.kallisto$counts)

# Make the data.frame for ggplot
y <- as.data.frame(pca$x)
y$Condition <- as.factor(colData$condition)

ggplot(y) +
   aes(PC2, PC3, col=Condition) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_text_repel(label=rownames(y)) +
   theme_bw()</pre>
```



Differental Expression Analysis

library(DESeq2)

Loading required package: S4Vectors

Loading required package: stats4

Loading required package: BiocGenerics

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind, colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply, match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, saveRDS, setdiff, table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min

Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

The following object is masked from 'package:utils':

findMatches

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

expand.grid, I, unname

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats

Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse, colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums, colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs, colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats, colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds, colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads, colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds, colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet, rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods, rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps, rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins, rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks, rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars, rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians, rowWeightedMedians, rowWeightedVars

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

Vignettes contain introductory material; view with 'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see 'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.

Attaching package: 'Biobase'

The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':

rowMedians

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

anyMissing, rowMedians

sampleTable <- data.frame(condition = factor(rep(c("control", "treatment"), each = 2)))
rownames(sampleTable) <- colnames(txi.kallisto\$counts)</pre>

using counts and average transcript lengths from tximport

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

using 'avgTxLength' from assays(dds), correcting for library size

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

-- note: fitType='parametric', but the dispersion trend was not well captured by the function: y = a/x + b, and a local regression fit was automatically substituted. specify fitType='local' or 'mean' to avoid this message next time.

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

res <- results(dds)
head(res)</pre>

log2 fold change (MLE): condition treatment vs control
Wald test p-value: condition treatment vs control

DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns

baseMean log2FoldChange lfcSE stat pvalue <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> ENST00000539570 0.000000 NΑ NΑ NA ENST00000576455 0.761453 3.155061 4.86052 0.6491203 0.516261 ENST00000510508 0.000000 NANANANA ENST00000474471 0.484938 0.181923 4.24871 0.0428185 0.965846

ENST00000381700	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
ENST00000445946	0.000000	NA	NA	NA	NA
	padj				
	<numeric></numeric>				
ENST00000539570	NA				
ENST00000576455	NA				
ENST00000510508	NA				
ENST00000474471	NA				
ENST00000381700	NA				
ENST00000445946	NA				