

# Class 9: Structural Bioinformatic, Part 1

Saba Heydari Seradj (A17002175)

## Introduction to the RCSB Protein Data Bank (PDB)

```
pdbdb <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv")
```

```
pdbdb
```

	Molecular.Type	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
1	Protein (only)	167,317	15,698	12,534	208	77	32
2	Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,645	2,639	34	8	2	0
3	Protein/NA	8,735	4,718	286	7	0	0
4	Nucleic acid (only)	2,869	138	1,507	14	3	1
5	Other	170	10	33	0	0	0
6	Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total						
1		195,866					
2		12,328					
3		13,746					
4		4,532					
5		213					
6		22					

**Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy?**

```
# Install tidyverse
# install.packages('tidyverse')
```

```
library(readr)
pdbdb <- read_csv('Data Export Summary.csv')
```

```
Rows: 6 Columns: 8
-- Column specification -----
Delimiter: ","
chr (1): Molecular Type
dbl (3): Multiple methods, Neutron, Other
num (4): X-ray, EM, NMR, Total

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
# characters changed in this table now
pdbdb
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 8
  `Molecular Type`   `X-ray`    EM    NMR `Multiple methods` Neutron Other Total
  <chr>             <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>          <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Protein (only)    167317 15698 12534          208    77    32 195866
2 Protein/Oligosacc~ 9645 2639 34           8      2     0 12328
3 Protein/NA        8735 4718 286           7      0     0 13746
4 Nucleic acid (onl~ 2869 138 1507          14      3     1 4532
5 Other             170 10 33           0      0     0 213
6 Oligosaccharide (~ 11 0 6           1      0     4 22
```

```
sum(pdbdb$`X-ray`) / sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 83.25592
```

```
sum(pdbdb$EM) / sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 10.2348
```

83.26% of structures in PDB are solved by X-Ray and 10.23% solved by electron microscopy.

**Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?**

```
pdbdb$Total[1]/sum(pdbdb$Total) * 100
```

```
[1] 86.3961
```

86.39% of structures in the PDB are protein (only protein).

**Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?**

There are 4563 structures in the current PDB database.

## Visualizing the HIV-1 protease structure

We will use Mol and PDB code 1HSG.

```
knitr::include_graphics("1HSG.png")
```



Figure 1: Image of 1HSG from molstar

**Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?**

Mol viewer is simplifying water molecules so they don't clutter the image and we can focus on the important structural information.

**Q5: There is a critical “conserved” water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have?**

```
knitr::include_graphics("water.png")
```

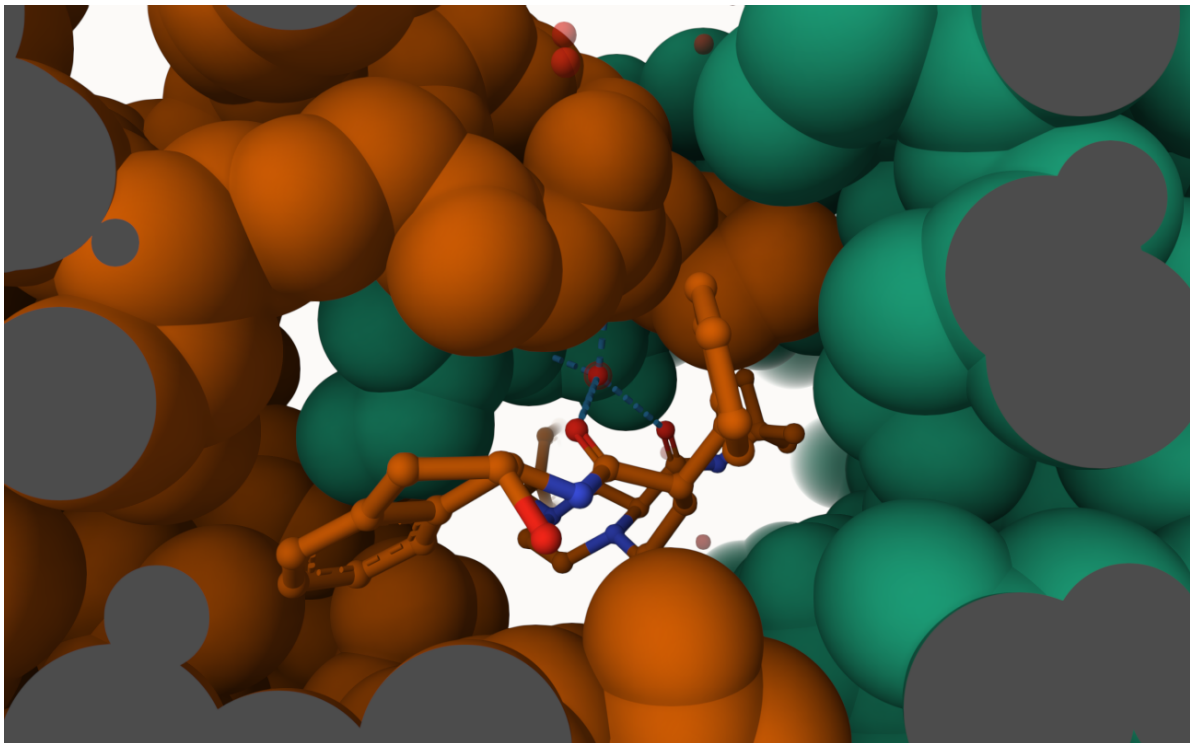


Figure 2: Water 308 zoomed in

Water molecule #308 is the conserved water molecule that is inside the binding site making important hydrogen bonds.

**Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain and the critical water (we recommend “Ball & Stick” for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.**

```
knitr::include_graphics("fig3.png")
```

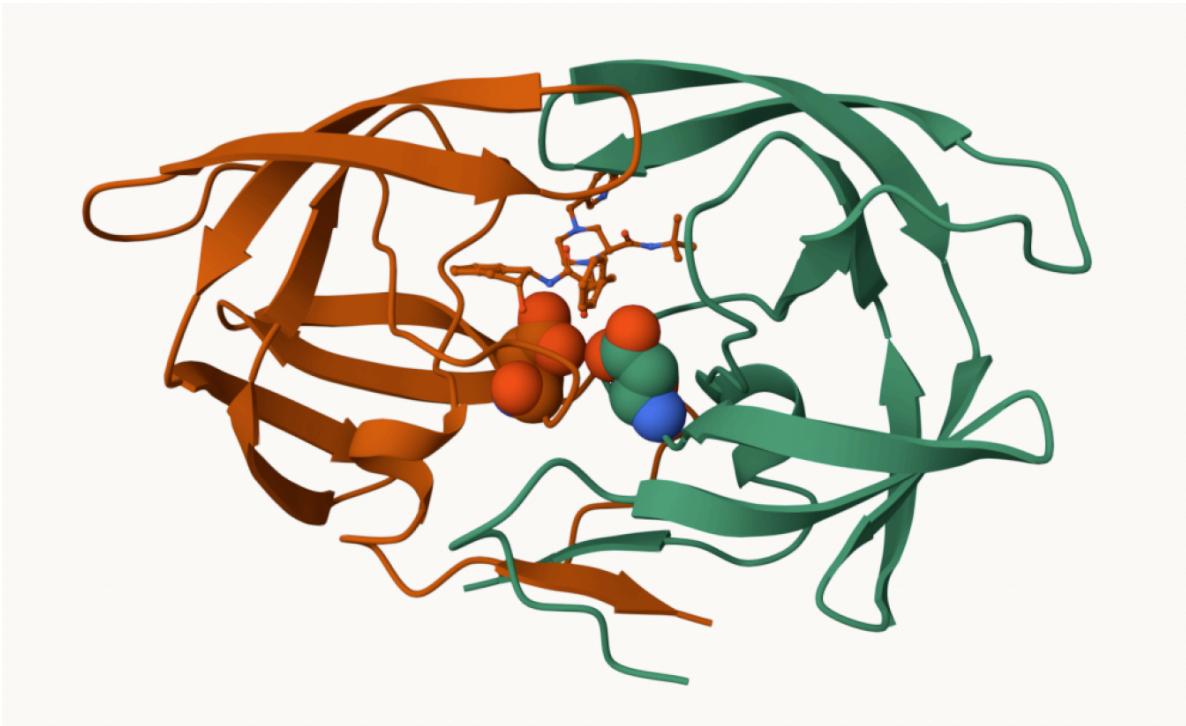


Figure 3: HIV-protease chains with ASP 25 highlighted

## Introduction to Bio3D in R

```
library(bio3d)  
pdb <- read.pdb('1hsg')
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

## pdb

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
```

```
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD  
QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE  
ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP  
VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,  
      calpha, remark, call
```

## attributes(pdb)

```
$names
```

```
[1] "atom" "xyz" "seqres" "helix" "sheet" "calpha" "remark" "call"
```

```
$class
```

```
[1] "pdb" "sse"
```

## head(pdb\$atom)

	type	eleno	elety	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	x	y	z	o	b
1	ATOM	1	N	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	ATOM	2	CA	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	ATOM	3	C	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	ATOM	4	O	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<NA>	PRO	A	1	<NA>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40

	segid	elemsy	charge
1	<NA>	N	<NA>
2	<NA>	C	<NA>
3	<NA>	C	<NA>
4	<NA>	O	<NA>
5	<NA>	C	<NA>
6	<NA>	C	<NA>

**Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?**

```
sum(pdb$calpha)
```

```
[1] 198
```

There are 198 amino acid residues

**Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?**

MK1

**Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?**

```
unique(pdb$atom$chain)
```

```
[1] "A" "B"
```

Two unique chains, A and B.

**Predicting functional motions of a single structure**

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE



```
adk
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")
```

```
Total Models#: 1
```

```
Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)
```

```
Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
```

```
Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
```

```
Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]
```

```
Protein sequence:
```

```
MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMRLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLV  
DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI  
VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG  
YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTPVAEVRADLEKILG
```

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,  
      calpha, remark, call
```

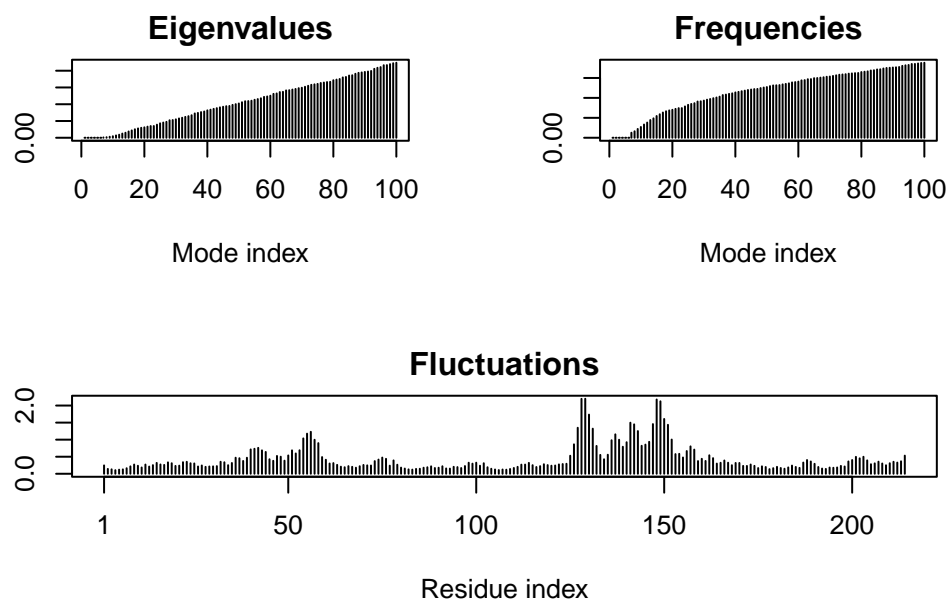
```
Performing flexibility prediction:
```

```
m <- nma(adk)
```

```
Building Hessian... Done in 0.021 seconds.
```

```
Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.454 seconds.
```

```
plot(m)
```



```
mktrj(m, file="adk.pdb")
```