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; Author: Shuaib Shameem
; UIN: 673551999
; ECE 367 -Microprocessor-Based Design
; Experiment 4 - 24 Second Shot Clock
; 02/16/2012
; Purpose: Design a 24 second count down timer similar to the shot
; clock used in NBA basketball games. The reset button resets the
; count. The pause/stop button pauses and starts the counter.
; PAY ATTENTION TO THE ALIGNMENT BELOW
;Labels start in the first column (left most column = column 1)
;OP CODES are at column 9
; COMMENTS follow a "; " symbol
;Blank lines are allowed (Makes the code more readable)
; Define symbolic constants
PortT
       EQU $240
                        ;Define Register Locations
PortM
       EQU $250
DDRT
       EQU $242
       EQU $252
DDRM
INITRG EQU
            $11
INITRM EQU
            $10
CLKSEL EQU
            $39
PLLCTL EQU
            $3A
CRGFLG EQU
            $37
SYNR
       EQU
            $34
REFDV
       EQU $35
COPCTL EQU
            $3C
TSCR1
       EQU
            $46
TSCR2
       EQU
            $4D
TIOS
       EQU
            $40
TCNT
       EQU
            $44
TC0
            $50
       EQU
TFLG1
       EQU $4E
; The ORG statment below would normally be followed by variable definitions
; There are no variables needed for this project.
        ORG $3800
                          ; Beginning of RAM for Variables
COUNT: EQU $3800
BUT:
       EQU $3802
; The main code begins here. Note the START Label
;
            $4000
      ORG
                           ; Beginning of Flash EEPROM
                        ; Top of the Stack
START LDS
            #$3FCE
                              ; Turn Off Interrupts
      SET
       MOVB #$00, INITRG; I/O and Control Registers Start at $0000
            MOVB #$39, INITRM ; RAM ends at $3FFF
; We Need To Set Up The PLL So that the E-Clock = 24MHz
      BCLR CLKSEL, $80
                            ; disengage PLL from system
                            ; turn on PLL
      BSET PLLCTL, $40
                            ; set PLL multiplier
      MOVB #$2,SYNR
      MOVB #$0,REFDV
                            ; set PLL divider
                               ; No OP
      NOP
                                  ; NO OP
      NOP
       BRCLR CRGFLG,$08,plp ; while (!(crg.crgflg.bit.lock==1))
plp
      BSET CLKSEL, $80
                           ; engage PLL
;
;
;
      CLI
                              ; Turn ON Interrupts
```

```
LDAA #$FF
                      ; Make PortT Outbound
      STAA DDRT
      LDAA #$03
                      ; Make PortM pins 1 and 2 Outbound
      STAA DDRM
; Initial Reset Location
AGAIN
       BCLR COUNT, $FF
       BSET BUT, $FF
      LDY
            #$03
                        ; Load #10 on Index Register Y
      LDAA TABLE, Y
        STAA PortT
                          ; Output the value 0 to PortT
;
        BSET PortM, $02 ; Set PortM to 10
       NOP
                          ; No Operation
        NOP
        BCLR PortM, $FF ; Clear all the bits of Port M
        NOP
        NOP
        BRA
                          ; if the program is running the first time
              FIRST
                          ; branch to this label
;
; Reset the Units Place
UNITST LDX
              #$0A
                          ; Load #10 on Index Register X
        BRA
              UNITS
                          ; Branch to "UNITS"
; Units Place Counter
                          ; Load initial Values
FIRST: LDX
              #05
       LDY
              #02
UNITS: LDAA
             TABLE, X
                          ; Loads the value from memory location $5000 with the
offset X
                          ; Output the value to PortT
        STAA PortT
        BSET
             PortM, $01; Set PortM to 01
        NOP
        NOP
        BCLR
             PortM, $FF ; Clear all the bits of Port M
        NOP
;
                          ; Delay of 1 Second
        JSR
              DELAY
      DEX
                           ; Decrement the count
      BNE
               UNITS
                                 ; Do again unless the count = 102
      CPY
            #$00
                        ; Compare to check if Y = 0
                       ; Branch if Y = 0
            FLASH
      BEQ
; Tens Place Counter
TENS:
                          ; Loads the value from memory location $5000 with the
       LDAA TABLE, Y
offset X
        STAA PortT
                          ; Output the value to PortM
             PortM, $02 ; Set Bits of PortM to 100
        BSET
        NOP
        NOP
        BCLR PortM, $FF ; Clear all the bits of PortM
        DEY
                          ; Decrement the count
```

```
UNITST
                         ; Branch to "UNITST"
        BRA
; Flash the display with the interval of 1 Secs
FLASH
        BCLR PortT, $FF
                         ; Clears out PortT
        JSR
              OPENB
                          ; Opens both M1 and M2 for Latch Enable
        JSR
              DELAY
                          ; Delays the program for one second
        BSET
             PortT, $3F ; Sets the value $3F in portT
                          ; Opens both M1 and M2 for Latch Enable
        JSR
              OPENB
        JSR
              DELAY
                          ; Delays the program for one second
        BRA
              FLASH
                         ; Branch to "FLASH" for infinite loop
; Open both ports
OPENB
        BSET PortM, $03 ; Set Bits of PortM to 11
        NOP
        BCLR PortM, $FF ; Clear all the bits of PortM
        NOP
        RTS
; We use the CPU clock cycles to create a delay
; Delay of about 1 Sec with the switching control
DELAY: PSHY
        LDAA #100
                                 ; Outer Loop Counter - 1 clock cycle
L1:
        LDY
             #12000
                                 ; Inside Loop Counter 2 clock cycles
L0:
        BRCLR PortM, $04, L3
                                 ; Branch to L3 if the button is pressed
                                 ; Branch if 'BUT' is set to hex $FF
        BRSET BUT, $FF, L0
                                 ; Branch if 'COUNT' is set to hex $01
        BRSET COUNT, $01, L4
        BRA
             L0
                                 ; Branch always to L0
T.3:
        JSR
            SDELAY
                                 ; Delay for button Debounce
        BRCLR PortM, $04, L5
L5:
                                 ; Branch to L5 is the button hasnt been
released
              SDELAY
                                 ; Delay for button Debounce
        JSR
                                 ; Compliment 'BUT'
        COM
             BUT
                                 ; Branch if 'COUNT' is set to hex $01
        BRSET COUNT, $01, L0
        BSET COUNT, $01
                                 ; Bit set 'COUNT'
L4:
        DEY
                                 ; Decrement IndexY
        LBNE
                                 ; 3 clock cycles
             L0
        DECA
                                 ; Decrement AccA,
        BNE
              L1
                                 ; 3 clock cycles
        PULY
        RTS
                                 ; Return from subroutine - 5 clock cycles
; Short Delay of 5 mSecs
SDELAY: PSHY
        LDY #15000
                    ; Loop counter = 15000 - 2 clock cycles
A0:
        LBRN A0
                     ; 3 clock cycles \
                     ; 1 clock cycles | 8 clock cycles in loop
        DEY
                     ; 4 clock cycles / Time = 8*<Y>/(24*10**6) + 2 =
        LBNE A0
                     ; [8X15000 + 2]/24000000 ~= 5msec
        PULY
        RTS
; End of counter code
```

```
ORG $5000

; Table of 7 segment LED values as bits 7-0 as Ogfedcba.
;
TABLE: DC.B $00, $3F, $06, $5B, $4F, $66, $6D, $7D, $07, $7F, $67
;
Order :off, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

; Define Power-On Reset Interrupt Vector
; AGAIN - OP CODES are at column 9

ORG $FFFE; $FFFF, $FFFF = Power-On Reset Int. Vector Location FDB START; Specify instruction to execute on power up
; End of Interrupt code

END ; (Optional) End of source code
```