

# Modern Operating Systems and Computer Network

## Lab Assign. 1

Oct 14, 2025

### Question:

Q. Write a C++ program to implement Dijkstra's Single Source Shortest Path Algorithm for a graph represented using an adjacency matrix.

Number of vertices: 5

Edges:

0 1 4

0 2 8

1 4 6

2 3 2

3 4 10

Source vertex: 0

### Code:

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <queue>
```

```
#include <climits>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
vector<vector<vector<int> > > constructAdj(vector<vector<int>> edges, int V) {
```

```
    vector<vector<vector<int> > > adj(V); // Declare the adjacency list
```

```

// Fill the adjacency list
for (const auto &edge : edges) {
    int u = edge[0];
    int v = edge[1];
    int wt = edge[2];
    adj[u].push_back({v, wt});
    adj[v].push_back({u, wt});
}

return adj;
}

// Returns shortest distances from src to all other vertices
vector<int> dijkstra(int V, vector<vector<int>>>&edges, int src){

    // Create adjacency list
    vector<vector<vector<int>>> adj = constructAdj(edges, V);

    // Create a priority queue to store vertices that are being preprocessed.
    priority_queue<vector<int>, vector<vector<int>>,
        greater<vector<int>>> pq;

    // Create a vector for distances and initialize all distances as infinite
    vector<int> dist(V, INT_MAX);

    // Insert source itself in priority queue and initialize its distance as 0.
    pq.push({0, src});
    dist[src] = 0;

```

```

// Looping till priority queue becomes empty (or all distances are not finalized)
while (!pq.empty()){

    // The first vertex in pair is the minimum distance vertex, extract it from priority queue.
    int u = pq.top()[1];
    pq.pop();

    // Get all adjacent of u.
    for (auto x : adj[u]){

        // Get vertex label and weight of current adjacent of u.
        int v = x[0];
        int weight = x[1];

        // If there is shorter path to v through u.
        if (dist[v] > dist[u] + weight)
        {
            // Updating distance of v
            dist[v] = dist[u] + weight;
            pq.push({dist[v], v});
        }
    }
}

return dist;
}

// Driver program to test methods of graph class
int main(){

```

```

int V = 5;
int src = 0;

// edge list format: {u, v, weight}
vector<vector<int>> edges = {{0, 1, 4}, {0, 2, 8}, {1, 4, 6},
                           {2, 3, 2}, {3, 4, 10}};

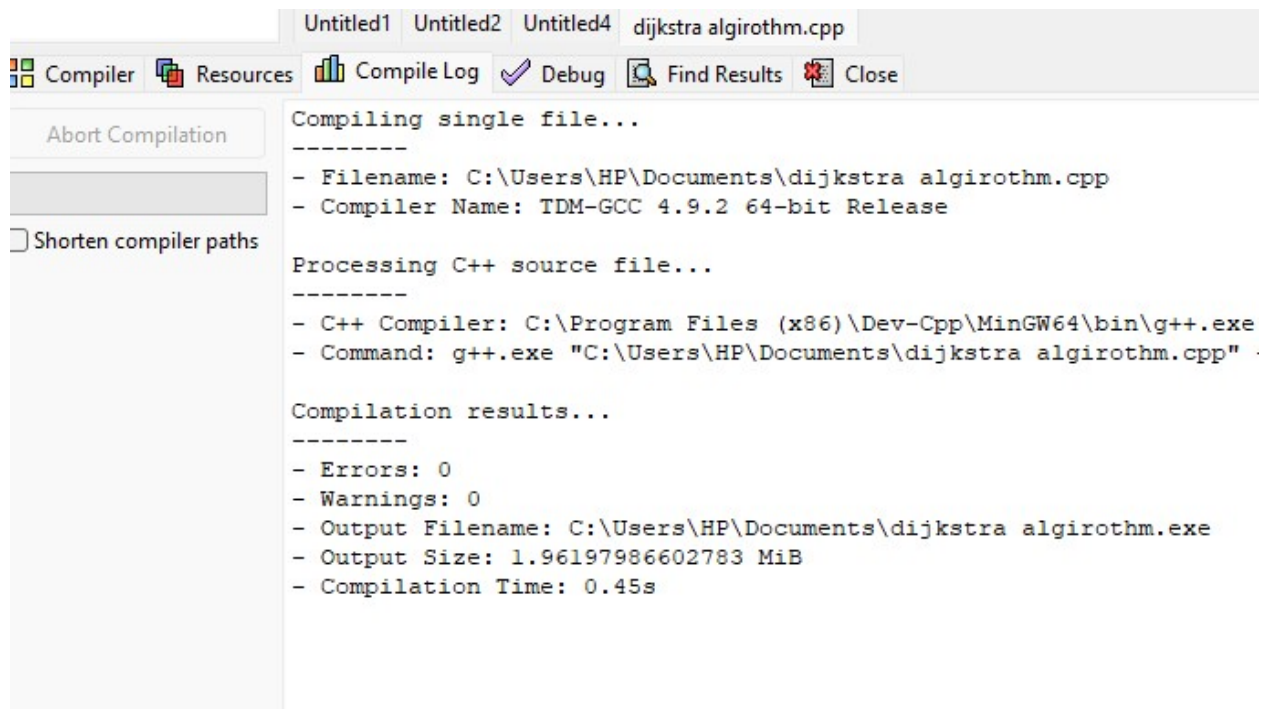
vector<int> result = dijkstra(V, edges, src);

// Print shortest distances in one line
for (int dist : result)
    cout<<dist<< " ";

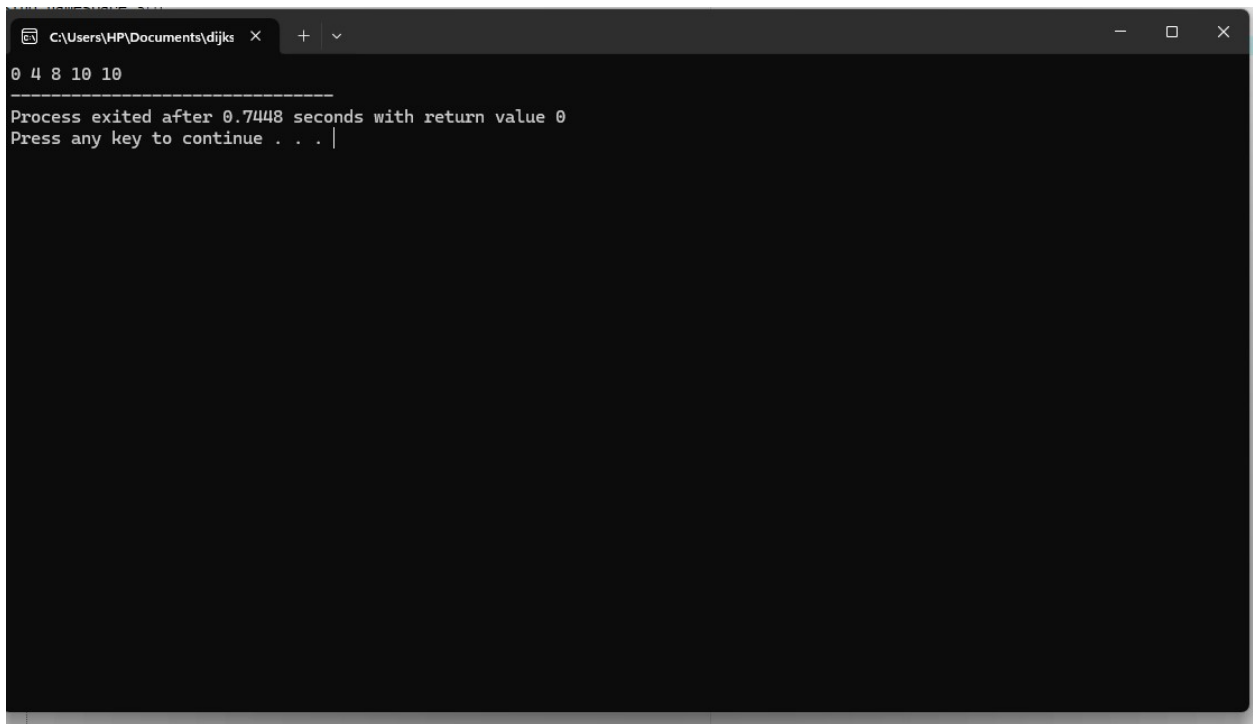
return 0;
}

```

## Compiler:



## Output:



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar shows the file path "C:\Users\HP\Documents\dijks" and standard window controls. The command prompt displays the output of a program: the numbers "0 4 8 10 10" followed by a horizontal line of dashes. Below the line, it says "Process exited after 0.7448 seconds with return value 0" and "Press any key to continue . . . |".

```
C:\Users\HP\Documents\dijks >
0 4 8 10 10
-----
Process exited after 0.7448 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . |
```