springboot后端重点

1 axio封装

```
1 //定制请求的实例
   // import { globals } from "@/main";
   //导入axios npm install axios
4
   import axios from 'axios';
   import { ElMessage } from 'element-plus'
   //定义一个变量,记录公共的前缀 , baseURL
9
   const baseURL = '/api';
10
   const instance = axios.create({ baseURL })
11
12
   import { useTokenStore } from '@/stores/token.js'
13
   //添加 Axios 请求拦截器 , 用于在请求发送之前执行某些操作
14
   instance.interceptors.request.use(
15
       (config) => {
16
          // 第一个参数是一个回调函数,它在请求发送之前被调用。这个函数接受一个 config 对象作为
   参数,这个对象包含了请求的所有配置。
17
          //请求前的回调
18
          //添加token
19
          const tokenStore = useTokenStore();
20
          // 检查 tokenStore 是否存在 token。
21
          if (tokenStore.token) {
22
             // 如果存在 token, 就将它添加到请求头的 Authorization 字段中。这通常用于 API 身
   份验证。
23
             config.headers.Authorization = tokenStore.token
24
          }
25
          return config;
26
          // 修改后的配置被返回给 Axios, 随后请求将继续进行。
27
       },
28
       (err) => {
29
          //请求错误的回调
30
          // 如果请求配置过程中发生了错误,它会将错误通过 Promise.reject(err) 传递出去,以便后
   续的错误处理可以捕获到这个错误。
31
          Promise.reject(err)
32
       }
33
   )
34
   这段代码的主要目的是在每次发送请求之前,检查用户是否已经登录(通过 token),如果是,就将 token
   添加到请求头中,
36
   以便进行身份验证。当请求发生错误时,也会正常处理错误。这种做法常见于需要认证的 API 请求场景。
37
38
39
40
   /* import {useRouter} from 'vue-router'
41
   const router = useRouter(); */
42
43
   import router from '@/router' // '@/router' 将自动导入 `router/index.js` 中的默认导出
   //添加 Axios 的响应拦截器,可以在接收到服务器响应后执行某些操作。
45
   instance.interceptors.response.use(
46
       result => {
```

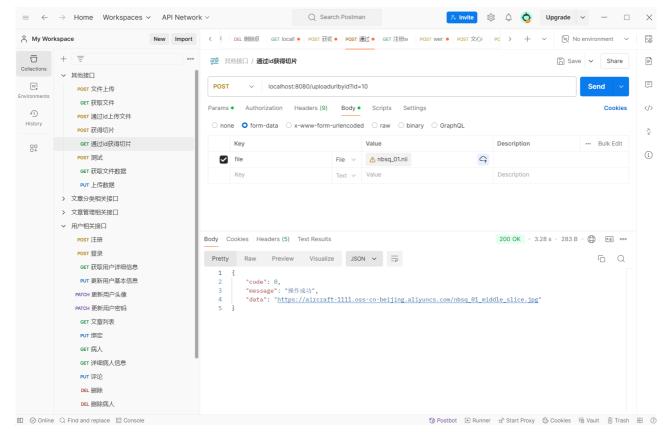
```
47
            // 判断业务状态码
            // 如果业务逻辑中的状态码为 0, 表示请求成功, 返回 result.data
 48
 49
            if (result.data.code === 0) {
 50
                return result.data;
 51
            }
 52
 53
            //操作失败
 54
            //alert(result.data.msg?result.data.msg:'服务异常')
 55
            ElMessage.error(result.data.msg ? result.data.msg : '服务异常')
 56
            //异步操作的状态转换为失败
 57
            return Promise.reject(result.data)
 58
 59
        },
 60
        err => {
 61
            //判断响应状态码,如果为401,则证明未登录,提示请登录,并跳转到登录页面
 62
            if (err.response.status === 401) {
 63
                ElMessage.error('请先登录')
 64
                router.push('/login')
 65
            } else {
 66
                ElMessage.error('服务异常')
 67
            }
 68
 69
            return Promise.reject(err);//异步的状态转化成失败的状态
 70
        }
 71
 72
 73
    export default instance;
    文件上传功能实现
2
  1
     @RestController
     public class FileUploadController {
  3
  4
        @Autowired
  5
        private UploadedFilesService uploadedFilesService;
  6
  7
  8
        @Value("${file.upload-dir}")
  9
        private String uploadDir;
 10
 11
        @Value("${python.interpreter}")
 12
         private String pythonInterpreter;
13
 14
    }
2.1
     uploadurlbyid
```

FileUploadController

```
1
       @PostMapping("/uploadurlbyid")
2
    public Result<String> uploadtest(@RequestParam("file") MultipartFile file,
   @RequestParam Integer id) {
3
           // 检查文件是否为空
4
           if (file.isEmpty()) {
5
               return Result.error("File is empty. Please upload a valid file.");
6
           }
```

```
7
 8
            // 获取并检查文件名
 9
            String originalFilename = file.getOriginalFilename();
10
            if (originalFilename == null ||
    !originalFilename.toLowerCase().endsWith(".nii")) {
11
                return Result.error("Invalid file type. Please upload a file with .nii
    extension.");
12
            }
13
14
            // 安全文件名生成
15
            String safeFileName = UUID.randomUUID().toString() + ".nii"; // 生成唯一文件名
16
            String filePath = uploadDir + safeFileName;
17
18
            try {
19
                // 确保上传目录存在
20
                Files.createDirectories(Paths.get(uploadDir));
21
22
                // 保存上传的NII文件
23
                file.transferTo(new File(filePath));
24
25
                // 执行 Python 脚本并处理输出
26
                String sliceFilePath = executePythonScript(filePath);
27
                if (sliceFilePath == null) {
28
                    return Result.error("Failed to execute Python script.");
29
                }
30
31
                // 将 JPG 文件以流的形式上传到云端
32
                String uploadedUrl = uploadSliceFile(sliceFilePath);
33
34
                // 保存上传链接到数据库或做其他处理
35
                uploadedFilesService.addFileAndUrlById(id, originalFilename, filePath,
    uploadedUrl);
36
37
                return Result.success(uploadedUrl);
38
            } catch (IOException e) {
39
                return Result.error("Failed to upload file: " + e.getMessage());
40
            }
41
        }
42
43
        private String executePythonScript(String filePath) {
44
            try {
45
                String pythonScriptPath = "script/extract slice.py"; // 替换为你的脚本路径
46
                ProcessBuilder processBuilder = new ProcessBuilder(pythonInterpreter,
    pythonScriptPath, filePath);
47
                processBuilder.redirectErrorStream(true); // 合并错误与正常输出流
48
                Process process = processBuilder.start();
49
50
                // 读取脚本输出
51
                try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
    InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream()))) {
52
                   String line;
53
                    while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
54
                       System.out.println(line); // 打印输出日志
55
                    }
56
                }
57
```

```
58
                 // 等待脚本执行完成并检查退出代码
59
                 int exitCode = process.waitFor();
60
                 if (exitCode != 0) {
61
                     throw new IOException("Python script error: exit code " + exitCode);
62
63
64
                 // 提取的 JPG 文件路径
65
                 return filePath.replace(".nii", "_middle_slice.jpg");
66
             } catch (IOException | InterruptedException e) {
67
                 System.out.println("Error executing Python script: ");
68
                 return null;
69
             }
70
         }
71
72
         private String uploadSliceFile(String sliceFilePath) throws IOException {
73
74
             // 将 JPG 文件以流的形式上传到云端
75
             try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(sliceFilePath)) {
76
                 String objectName =
     sliceFilePath.substring(sliceFilePath.lastIndexOf("\\") + 1);
77
                 return AliOssUtil.uploadFile(objectName, fis);
78
             } catch (Exception e) {
79
                 throw new RuntimeException(e);
80
             }
81
         }
UploadedFilesServiceImpl
   @Service
 2
    public class UploadedFilesServiceImpl implements UploadedFilesService {
 3
        @Override
        public void addFileAndUrlById(Integer associatedId, String fileName, String
    filePath, String uploadedUrl) {
 5
            uploadedFilesMapper.insertFileAndUrl(associatedId, fileName, filePath,
    uploadedUrl);
 6
        }
 7
UploadedFilesMapper
1
    @Mapper
 2
    public interface UploadedFilesMapper {
 3
 4
        @Insert("INSERT INTO uploaded_files (associated_id, file_name, url, file_path) " +
 5
                "VALUES (#{associatedId}, #{fileName}, #{uploadedUrl}, #{filePath})")
 6
        void insertFileAndUrl(Integer associatedId, String fileName, String filePath,
    String uploadedUrl);
 7
 8
    }
vue
```



2.2 getImage

FileUploadController

```
@GetMapping("/getImage")
 2
        public Result<List<String>> getImageUrls(@RequestParam Integer id) throws
    Exception {
 3
            String filePath = uploadedFilesService.getniipathById(id);
 4
            List<String> urls = new ArrayList<>();
 5
 6
            try {
 7
                // 调用Python脚本
 8
                String pythonScriptPath = "script/segimage.py"; // 替换为你的脚本路径
 9
                ProcessBuilder processBuilder = new ProcessBuilder(pythonInterpreter,
    pythonScriptPath, filePath);
10
11
                processBuilder.redirectErrorStream(true); // 将错误流合并到输入流中
12
                Process process = processBuilder.start();
13
14
                BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
    InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream()));
15
                String line;
16
                while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
17
                    System.out.println(line); // 打印输出
```

```
18
                 }
19
20
                 // 等待脚本执行完成
21
                 int exitCode = process.waitFor();
22
                 if (exitCode != 0) {
23
                     throw new IOException("Python script error: " + exitCode);
24
                 }
25
26
                 // 处理生成的JPG文件
27
                 String sliceFilePath = filePath.replace(".nii", "_slice.jpg");
28
                 for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
29
                     String newsliceFilePath = sliceFilePath.replace(".jpg", "_" +
     String.valueOf(i) + ".jpg");
30
31
                     // 将 JPG 文件以流的形式上传到云端
 32
                     try (FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(newsliceFilePath)) {
33
                         // 使用文件名作为对象名
 34
                         String objectName =
     newsliceFilePath.substring(newsliceFilePath.lastIndexOf("\\") + 1);
35
                         String uploadedUrl = AliOssUtil.uploadFile(objectName, fis);
 36
                         urls.add(uploadedUrl);
37
                     }
38
                 }
39
                 return Result.success(urls);
40
             } catch (IOException | InterruptedException e) {
41
                 return Result.error("Failed to upload file: " + e.getMessage());
42
             }
43
         }
UploadedFilesServiceImpl
1
    @Service
 2
    public class UploadedFilesServiceImpl implements UploadedFilesService {
 3
 4
        @Override
 5
        public String getniipathById(Integer id) {
 6
            return uploadedFilesMapper.getniipathById(id);
 7
 8
 9
UploadedFilesMapper
   @Mapper
 2
    public interface UploadedFilesMapper {
 3
 4
        @Select("SELECT file_path FROM uploaded_files WHERE id = #{id}")
 5
        String getniipathById(@Param("id") Integer id);
 6
 7
   }
@/api/upload.js
1
   export const ImagesService = (imgId) => {
        const params = new URLSearchParams(imgId).toString();
 3
        return request.get(`/getImage?${params}`);
 4
   };
```

```
@/stores/images.js
```

```
const fetchImages = async (imageId) => {
 2
        images.value = [];
 3
        const Id = {
 4
            id: imageId
 5
        };
 6
        try {
 7
            const response = await ImagesService(Id);
 8
            console.log('API Response:', response); // 调试输出
 9
            if (response.code === 0) { // 确保响应成功
10
                const imageUrls = response.data;
11
                imageUrls.forEach(url => {
12
                    addImage(url);
13
14
                console.log('Fetched Infos:', imageList.value); // 调试输出
15
            } else {
16
                console.error('Error fetching images:', response.message);
17
18
        } catch (error) {
19
            console.error('Error fetching images:', error);
20
        }
21
    };
```

2.3 patientfiles

FileUploadController

```
1
        @GetMapping("/patientfiles")
 2
        public Result<List<UploadedFile>> getPatientFilesById(@RequestParam Integer id) {
 3
            if (id == null) {
 4
                return Result.error("ID cannot be null or empty");
 5
            }
 6
 7
            try {
 8
                return Result.success(uploadedFilesService.getPatientFilesById(id));
 9
            } catch (Exception e) {
10
                return Result.error("Failed to get patients files: " + e.getMessage());
11
            }
12
        }
```

UploadedFilesServiceImpl

UploadedFilesMapper

```
1
   @Mapper
    public interface UploadedFilesMapper {
 3
 4
        @Select("SELECT * FROM uploaded files WHERE associated id = #{id}")
 5
        List<UploadedFile> getFilesById(Integer id);
 6
 7
    }
@/api/upload.js
 1 //获取用户详细信息
 2
    export const filesNameService = (patientId) => {
 3
        // 将 patientId 对象转化为查询参数字符串
 4
        const params = new URLSearchParams(patientId).toString();
 5
        return request.get(`/patientfiles?${params}`);
 6
 7
@/stores/files.js
  1
     const fetchInfos = async (userid) => {
  2
         const Id = {
  3
             id: userid
  4
         };
  5
         console.log("ID:", Id);
  6
         try {
  7
             const response = await filesNameService(Id);
  8
             console.log('API Response:', response) // 调试输出
  9
             if (response.code === 0) {
 10
                 infos.value = response.data
 11
                 console.log(response.data);
 12
             } else {
13
                 console.error('Error fetching files:', response.message);
 14
 15
         } catch (error) {
 16
             console.error('Error fetching filesName:');
 17
         }
18
     }
2.4
     delete
FileUploadController
  1
         @DeleteMapping("/delete")
  2
         public Result<String> deleteFile(@RequestBody Map<String, Integer> params) {
  3
             Integer fileId = params.get("fileId");
  4
  5
             try {
```

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boolean isDeleted = deleteFileWithPython(file.getFilePath());

UploadedFile file = uploadedFilesService.getFileById(fileId);

return Result.error("File not found");

uploadedFilesService.deleteFile(fileId);

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

// 获取文件信息

}

if (file == null) {

if (!isDeleted) {

```
15
                     return Result.error("Failed to delete file from disk");
16
                 }
17
18
                 return Result.success("File deleted successfully");
19
             } catch (Exception e) {
20
                 return Result.error("Failed to delete file: " + e.getMessage());
21
             }
22
         }
23
24
         private boolean deleteFileWithPython(String filePath) {
25
26
                 ProcessBuilder pb = new ProcessBuilder("python", "script/delete_file.py",
     filePath);
27
                 Process process = pb.start();
28
                 int exitCode = process.waitFor();
29
                 return exitCode == 0;
30
             } catch (Exception e) {
31
                 return false;
 32
             }
33
         }
UploadedFilesServiceImpl
   @Service
2
    public class UploadedFilesServiceImpl implements UploadedFilesService {
 3
 4
        @Override
 5
        public void deleteFile(Integer fileId) {
 6
            uploadedFilesMapper.deleteFile(fileId);
 7
        }
 8
 9
UploadedFilesMapper
   @Mapper
2
    public interface UploadedFilesMapper {
 3
 4
        @Delete("DELETE FROM uploaded_files WHERE id = #{fileId}")
 5
        void deleteFile(Integer fileId);
 6
 7
   }
@/api/upload.js
   export const deleteFileService = (data) => {
2
        return request.delete("/delete", {
 3
            data: data
 4
        });
 5
   };
@\components\user.vue
 1
    const deleteItem = async (id, index) => {
 2
       const data = {
 3
         fileId: id
 4
       };
  5
```

```
6
       try {
 7
         const result = await deleteFileService(data);
 8
         if (result.code === 0) {
 9
           imagesresult.value.splice(index, 1);
10
           console.log(result.message);
11
         } else {
12
           console.error('Error deleting file:', result.message);
13
         }
14
       } catch (error) {
15
         console.error('Error deleting file:', error);
16
17
       getFilesName();
18
2.5
     patientdetails
DoctorPatientController
 1 @RestController
     @RequestMapping("/doctor-patients")
     @Validated
     public class DoctorPatientController {
 5
         @Autowired
 6
         private DoctorPatientService doctorPatientService;
 7
 8
         @GetMapping("/patientdetails")
 9
         public Result<List<User>>> getPatientDetailsByDoctorId() {
10
             return Result.success(doctorPatientService.getPatientDetailsByDoctorId());
11
12
13
DoctorPatientServiceImpl
    @Service
     public class DoctorPatientServiceImpl implements DoctorPatientService {
 3
         public List<User> getPatientDetailsByDoctorId() {
 4
             Map<String,Object> map = ThreadLocalUtil.get();
  5
             Integer doctorId = (Integer) map.get("id");
             // 获取病人 ID 列表
 6
 7
             List<Integer> patientIds =
     doctorPatientMapper.findPatientIdsByDoctorId(doctorId);
 8
             // 获取病人详细信息
 9
             return userMapper.findUsersByIds(patientIds);
 10
         }
11
    }
DoctorPatientMapper
1
    @Mapper
 2
    public interface DoctorPatientMapper {
 3
 4
        @Select("SELECT patient_id FROM doctor_patient WHERE doctor_id = #{doctorId}")
 5
        List<Integer> findPatientIdsByDoctorId(@Param("doctorId") Integer doctorId);
 6
 7
   }
```

UserMapper

```
1 @Mapper
    public interface UserMapper {
 4
        @Select("<-script->" +
 5
                "SELECT * FROM user WHERE id IN " +
 6
                "<-foreach item='id' collection='ids' open='(' separator=',' close=')'->"
 7
                "#{id}" +
 8
                "<-/foreach->" +
 9
                "<-/script->")
10
        List<User> findUsersByIds(@Param("ids") List<Integer> ids);
11
12 }
```