

**Problem 7** (Resnick, page 63 Problem 4) Suppose  $\mathbb{P}$  is a probability measure on a  $\sigma$ -algebra  $\mathcal{B}$  and suppose  $A \notin \mathcal{B}$ . Let  $\mathcal{B}_1 := \sigma(\mathcal{B} \cup \{A\})$  and show that  $\mathbb{P}$  has an extension to a probability measure  $\mathbb{P}_1$  on  $\mathcal{B}_1$  (Do this without applying an extension theorem).