

**Homework 3, MATH 9010**  
Due on Thursday, September 15  
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**Problem 3** If  $X$  is a random variable, so is  $|X|$ . The converse may be false.

(a) *Proof.*

Suppose  $X : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , then  $X$  is  $\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ -measurable.

Let  $\pi = |\cdot|$ , then  $\pi : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a continuous function.

So  $\pi \circ X = |X|$  is also  $\mathcal{B}/\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ -measurable.

Thus,  $|X|$  is a random variable. □

(b) Counterexample:

Let  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$  and  $A \notin \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ .

Suppose  $X : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

Define  $X = 1_A - 1_{A^c}$  be a simple function.

Then  $X$  is not  $\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})/\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ -measurable since

for  $1 = [1, 1] \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ ,  $X^1 = A \notin \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ .

However,  $|X| = 1_{\mathbb{R}}$  is a constant function.

Since constant function is a continuous function and continuous function is  $\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})/\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ -measurable,  $|X|$  is  $\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})/\mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R})$ -measurable.