C# Design Patterns: Facade

INTRODUCTION OVERVIEW



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Overview



The problems to solve
Introducing the Façade pattern
Using Façades in practice



The Problem to Solve

ClassA

- + Method1
- + Method2
- + Method3
- + Method4
- + Method5
- + Method6
- + Method7
- + Method8
- + Method9
- + Method10

Program

- ClassA.Method2
- ClassA.Method1
- ClassA.Method4
- ClassA.Method3

Applying Façade

ClassA

- + Method1
- + Method2
- + Method3
- + Method4
- + Method5
- + Method6
- + Method7
- + Method8
- + Method9
- + Method10

FacadeClass

- + Method1
- + Method2
- + Method3
- + Method4

Program

- FacadeClass.Method2
- FacadeClass.Method1
- FacadeClass.Method4
- FacadeClass.Method3



```
Program.cs
```

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    var servicesFacade = new ServicesFacade();
    servicesFacade.DoSomethingExplicitA();
    servicesFacade.DoSomethingExplicitB();
}
```

Demo



Making it tangible See working code



The Problem to Solve

ServiceA

- + Method1
- + Method2

ServiceB

- + Method1
- + Method2

ServiceC

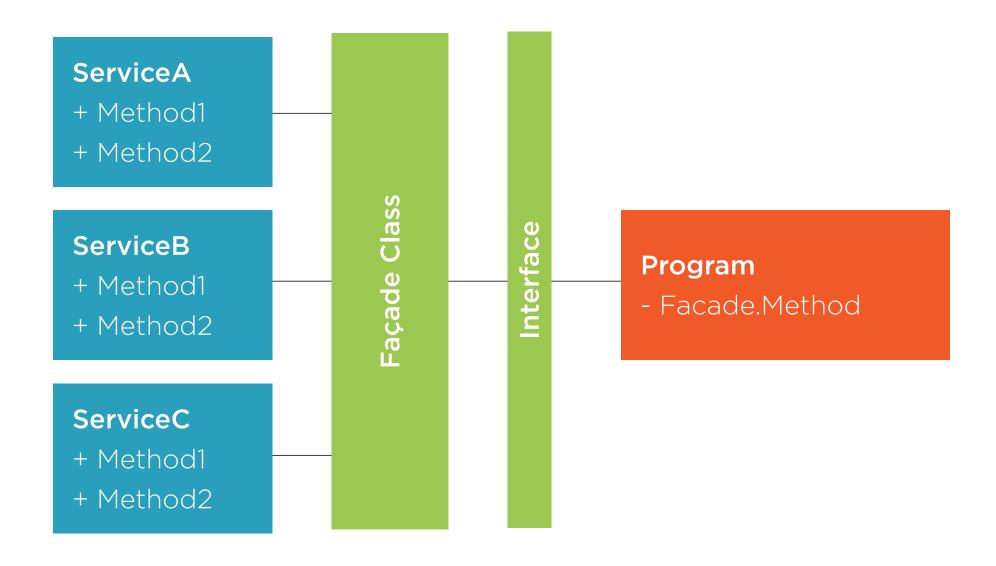
- + Method1
- + Method2

Program

- ServiceC.Method2
- ServiceA.Method1
- ServiceA.Method2
- ServiceB.Method3

```
static void Main(string[] args)
   var serviceA = new ServiceA();
    serviceA.Method1();
    var serviceB = new ServiceB();
   string serviceBString = serviceB.Method2();
   var serviceC = new ServiceC();
   string serviceCString = serviceC.Method2();
    Console.WriteLine($"{serviceBString} - {serviceCString}");
```

The Façade Pattern



Demo



Making it tangible See it in real code



Summary



Use Façade to provide a single interface to multiple worker classes

Using a Façade interface is a best practice

Can be used to mask giant classes with lots of methods

