January 20, 2018

1 2 D Convolution and edge detection

Let assume the below 3x3 matrix

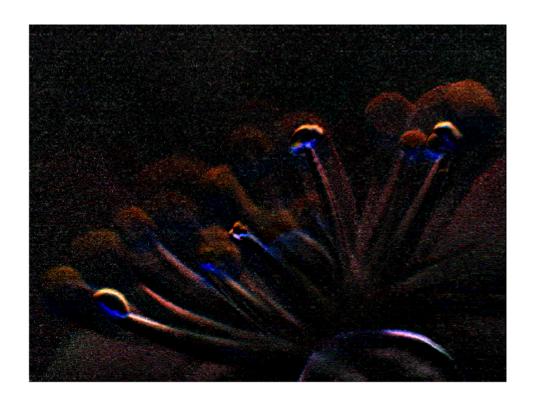
```
In [22]: M = [1,2,1;0,0,0;-1,-2,-1]
M =

1     2     1
0     0     0
-1     -2     -1
```

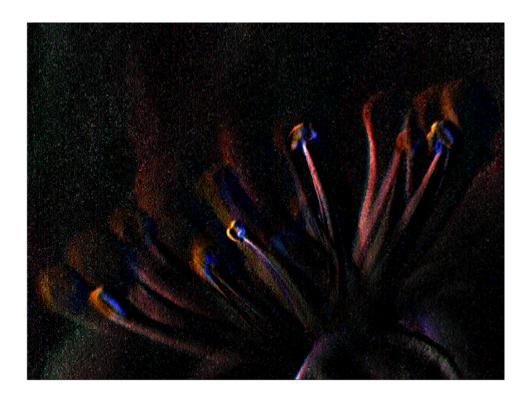
We can see after convolution, we get a red line.



1.0.1 Using the M we first detect many vertical edges

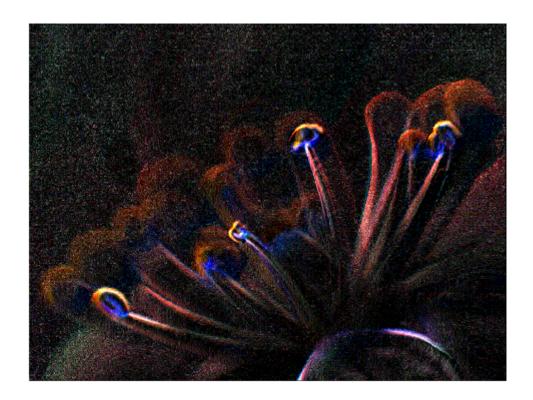


1.0.2 Using the M' we detect many horizontal edges



> In images.internal.initSize (line 71)

In imshow (line 328)



Hence we can even do this on other images'

```
In [33]: img = imread('./Faces.jpg');
    ver_img = myconv(M,img);
    hor_img = myconv(M',img);
    fin_img = ver_img + hor_img;
    imshow(fin_img.*5)
```



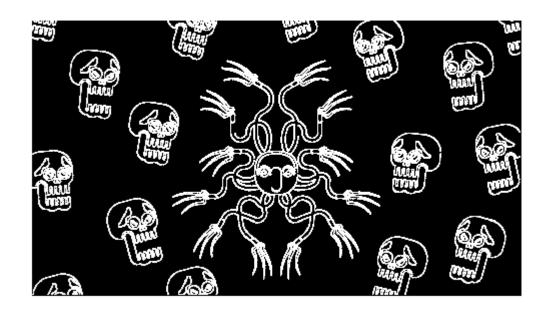
```
In [34]: img = imread('./War_on_drugs.png');
    ver_img = myconv(M,img);
    hor_img = myconv(M',img);
    fin_img = ver_img + hor_img;
    imshow(fin_img.*5)
Warning: Image is too big to fit on screen; displaying at 67%
> In images.internal.initSize (line 71)
In imshow (line 328)
```



1.0.3 We get better edge detection after using some kind of blur

```
In [36]: fin_img = conv2([1,1,1;1,1,1;1,1,1]./9,fin_img);
    imshow(fin_img)
```

Warning: Image is too big to fit on screen; displaying at 67%
> In images.internal.initSize (line 71)
 In imshow (line 328)



In []: