```
// Name
            : 21118_DSA_Assign01.cpp
             : Shubham (Roll No: 21118)
// Author
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAX = 20;
template <class T>
T \max(T\& x, T\& y) \{ return (x >= y) ? x : y; \}
template <class T>
T \min(T\& x, T\& y) \{ return (x <= y) ? x : y; \}
template <class T>
void Swap(T& x, T& y) {
     T temp = x;
     x = y;
     y = temp;
}
class Node {
private:
     int data;
     Node *lChild, *rChild;
public:
     Node(int x = 0) {
           data = x;
           1Child = rChild = NULL;
     friend class BinaryTree;
};
template<class T>
class Queue {
private:
     T arr[MAX];
     int front, size;
public:
     Queue() { front = size = 0; }
     bool isEmpty() { return (size == 0); }
     bool isFull() { return (size == MAX); }
     int getSize() { return size; }
     T Front() {
           if (isEmpty())
                 return 0;
           else
                 return arr[front];
     void Enqueue(T x) {
           if (!isFull()) {
                 arr[(front + size) % MAX] = x;
                 size++;
           else
                 cout << "INSERTION FAIL: Queue is Full.\n";</pre>
```

```
void Dequeue() {
              if (!isEmpty()) {
                    front = (front + 1) % MAX;
                    size--;
             }
             else
                    cout << "Empty Queue.\n";</pre>
      }
      void PrintQue() {
              if (!isEmpty()) {
                    int i = front;
                    for (int i = 0; i < size; i = (i + 1) % MAX)</pre>
                           cout << arr[i] << " ";</pre>
                    cout << endl;</pre>
             }
      }
};
template <class T>
class Stack {
private:
      T arr[MAX];
      int top;
public:
      Stack() { top = -1; }
       bool isEmpty() { return (top == -1);}
      bool isFull() { return (top + 1 == MAX); }
      void Push(T x) {
             if (!isFull())
                    arr[++top] = x;
      T Top() {
             if (isEmpty())
                    return 0;
             else
                    return arr[top];
      void Pop() {
             if (!isEmpty())
                    top--;
      }
};
class BinaryTree {
private:
      Node *root;
public:
      BinaryTree() { root = NULL; }
      Node* getRoot() { return root; }
      void setRoot(Node* rt) { root = rt; }
      bool isEmpty() {return root == NULL; }
      bool isLeaf(Node* node) {
             return ((node->lChild == NULL) && (node->rChild == NULL));
      }
      Iterative Methods - declarations
//
      void createTreeIt();
```

```
void InorderIt();
      void PreorderIt();
      void PostorderIt();
      void displayIt();
       int getHeightIt();
      Node* copyTreeIt(Node*);
      void mirrorImgIt();
      int countNodesIt();
       int countLeafNodesIt();
      int countInternalNodesIt();
      void countAllTypeNodesIt();
      void deleteTreeIt();
//
      Recursive Methods - declarations
      Node* createTreeRec();
      void Inorder(Node*);
      void Preorder(Node*);
      void Postorder(Node*);
      void displayRec();
       int getHeightRec(Node*);
      Node* copyTreeRec(Node*);
      void mirrorImgRec(Node*);
       int countNodesRec(Node*);
       int countLeafNodesRec(Node*);
       int countInternalNodesRec(Node*);
       void countAllTypeNodesRec();
      void deleteTreeRec(Node*);
      Extra Tree Methods
//
      void operator = (const BinaryTree bt) {
             this->root = copyTreeIt(bt.root);
      }
      void LevelOrder() {
             if (root == NULL)
                    return;
             cout << "Level Order Traversal of tree: ";</pre>
             Queue<Node*> qu;
             qu.Enqueue(root);
             while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
                    Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
                    cout << curr->data << " ";</pre>
                    if (curr->lChild)
                           qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
                    if (curr->rChild)
                           qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
             cout << endl;</pre>
      }
};
//Iterative tree methods
void BinaryTree :: createTreeIt() {
       cout << "Enter data for root or -1: ";</pre>
```

```
int x; cin >> x;
      if (x == -1)
             return;
       root = new Node(x);
      Queue<Node*> qu;
      qu.Enqueue(root);
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node *curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             cout << "Enter data for left child of " << curr->data << " or -1: ";</pre>
              int x; cin >> x;
             if (x != -1) {
                    curr->lChild = new Node(x);
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
             }
             cout << "Enter data for right child of " << curr->data << " or -1: ";</pre>
             cin >> x;
             if (x != -1) {
                    curr->rChild = new Node(x);
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
              }
      }
}
void BinaryTree :: InorderIt() {
      Stack<Node*> stk;
      Node* curr = root;
      while (curr != NULL || !stk.isEmpty()) {
             if (curr != NULL) {
                    stk.Push(curr);
                    curr = curr->lChild;
             }
             else {
                    curr = stk.Top(); stk.Pop();
                    cout << curr->data << " ";</pre>
                    curr = curr->rChild;
             }
      cout << endl;</pre>
}
void BinaryTree :: PreorderIt() {
      Stack<Node*> stk;
      Node* curr = root;
      while (curr != NULL || !stk.isEmpty()) {
             if (curr != NULL) {
                    cout << curr->data << " ";</pre>
                    stk.Push(curr);
                    curr = curr->lChild;
             }
             else {
                    curr = stk.Top(); stk.Pop();
                    curr = curr->rChild;
              }
      cout << endl;</pre>
}
void BinaryTree :: PostorderIt() {
```

```
Stack<Node*> stk1, stk2;
       stk1.Push(root);
       while (!stk1.isEmpty()) {
              Node* curr = stk1.Top();
              stk1.Pop();
              stk2.Push(curr);
              if (curr->lChild)
                      stk1.Push(curr->lChild);
              if (curr->rChild)
                      stk1.Push(curr->rChild);
       }
       while (!stk2.isEmpty()) {
              cout << stk2.Top()->data << " ";</pre>
              stk2.Pop();
       }
       cout << endl;</pre>
}
void BinaryTree :: displayIt() {
       if (isEmpty()) {
              cout << "Empty Tree\n";</pre>
              return;
       }
       cout << "Iterative Tree Traversals:\n";</pre>
       cout << "<u>Preorder</u>: "; PreorderIt();
cout << "<u>Inorder</u>: "; InorderIt();
       cout << "Postorder: "; PostorderIt();</pre>
}
int BinaryTree :: getHeightIt() {
       if (root == NULL)
              return 0;
       int ht = 0;
       Queue<Node*> qu;
       qu.Enqueue(root);
       while (true) {
              int cnt = qu.getSize();
              if (cnt == 0)
                      return ht;
              for (int i = 0; i < cnt; i++) {</pre>
                      Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
                      if (curr->lChild)
                             qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
                      if (curr->rChild)
                             qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
              }
              ht++;
       }
}
Node* BinaryTree :: copyTreeIt(Node* old_tree_root) {
```

```
if (old tree root == NULL)
             return NULL;
      Queue<Node*> new_tree_qu, old_tree_qu;
      Node* new_tree_root = new Node(old_tree_root->data);
      old_tree_qu.Enqueue(old_tree_root);
      new_tree_qu.Enqueue(new_tree_root);
      while (!old_tree_qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* old_curr = old_tree_qu.Front(); old_tree_qu.Dequeue();
             Node* new_curr = new_tree_qu.Front(); new_tree_qu.Dequeue();
             if (old_curr->lChild) {
                    new_curr->lChild = new Node(old_curr->lChild->data);
                    old_tree_qu.Enqueue(old_curr->lChild);
                    new_tree_qu.Enqueue(new_curr->lChild);
             }
             if (old_curr->rChild) {
                    new_curr->rChild = new Node(old_curr->rChild->data);
                    old_tree_qu.Enqueue(old_curr->rChild);
                    new_tree_qu.Enqueue(new_curr->rChild);
             }
      }
      return new_tree_root;
}
void BinaryTree :: mirrorImgIt() {
      if (root == NULL)
             return;
      Queue<Node*> qu;
      qu.Enqueue(root);
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             Swap (curr->lChild, curr->rChild);
             if (curr->lChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
             if (curr->rChild)
                   qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
      }
}
int BinaryTree :: countNodesIt() {
      if (root == NULL)
             return 0;
      Queue<Node*> qu;
      qu.Enqueue(root);
      int cnt = 0;
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             if (curr->lChild)
```

```
qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
             if (curr->rChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
             cnt++;
      }
      return cnt;
}
int BinaryTree :: countLeafNodesIt() {
      if (root == NULL)
             return 0;
      Queue<Node*> qu;
      qu.Enqueue(root);
      int cnt = 0;
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             if (isLeaf(curr))
                    cnt++;
             if (curr->lChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
             if (curr->rChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
      }
      return cnt;
}
int BinaryTree :: countInternalNodesIt() {
      if (root == NULL)
             return 0;
      Queue<Node*> qu;
      qu.Enqueue(root);
      int cnt = 0;
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             if (!isLeaf(curr))
                    cnt++;
             if (curr->lChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
             if (curr->rChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
      }
      return cnt;
}
void BinaryTree :: countAllTypeNodesIt() {
      cout << "The Node count is\n";</pre>
```

```
cout << "Total Nodes: " << countNodesIt() << endl;</pre>
      cout << "Leaf Nodes: " << countLeafNodesIt() << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Internal Nodes: " << countInternalNodesIt() << endl;</pre>
}
void BinaryTree :: deleteTreeIt() {
      if (root == NULL)
             return;
      Queue<Node*> qu;
       qu.Enqueue(root);
      while (!qu.isEmpty()) {
             Node* curr = qu.Front(); qu.Dequeue();
             if (curr->lChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->lChild);
              if (curr->rChild)
                    qu.Enqueue(curr->rChild);
             delete curr;
      }
}
//Recursive Tree Methods
Node* BinaryTree :: createTreeRec() {
       cout << "Enter data or -1: ";</pre>
       int x; cin >> x;
      if (x == -1)
             return NULL;
      Node* newNode = new Node(x);
       cout << "\nEnter left child of " << newNode->data << "\n";</pre>
      newNode->lChild = createTreeRec();
       cout << "\nEnter right child of " << newNode->data << "\n";</pre>
       newNode->rChild = createTreeRec();
       return newNode;
}
void BinaryTree :: Inorder(Node* curr_root) {
       if (curr_root != NULL) {
              Inorder(curr_root->lChild);
              cout << curr_root->data << " ";</pre>
              Inorder(curr_root->rChild);
       }
}
void BinaryTree :: Preorder(Node* curr root) {
       if (curr_root != NULL) {
             cout << curr_root->data << " ";</pre>
             Preorder(curr root->lChild);
             Preorder(curr_root->rChild);
      }
}
void BinaryTree :: Postorder(Node* curr_root) {
       if (curr_root != NULL) {
             Postorder(curr_root->lChild);
             Postorder(curr_root->rChild);
```

```
cout << curr root->data << " ";</pre>
      }
}
void BinaryTree :: displayRec() {
      if (isEmpty()) {
             cout << "Empty Tree\n";</pre>
             return;
      }
      cout << "Recursive Tree Traversals:\n";</pre>
       cout << "Preorder: "; Preorder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
      cout << "Inorder: "; Inorder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
       cout << "Postorder: "; Postorder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
}
int BinaryTree :: getHeightRec(Node* curr_root) {
       if (curr_root == NULL)
             return 0;
       int lh = getHeightRec(curr_root->lChild);
       int rh = getHeightRec(curr_root->rChild);
       return 1 + max(lh, rh);
}
Node* BinaryTree :: copyTreeRec(Node* old_tree_root) {
      if (old tree root == NULL)
             return NULL;
      Node* new_root = new Node(old_tree_root->data);
       new_root->lChild = copyTreeRec(old_tree_root->lChild);
      new root->rChild = copyTreeRec(old tree root->rChild);
       return new root;
}
void BinaryTree :: mirrorImgRec(Node* curr_root) {
       if (curr_root == NULL)
             return;
      Swap (curr_root->lChild, curr_root->rChild);
      mirrorImgRec(curr_root->lChild);
      mirrorImgRec(curr_root->rChild);
}
int BinaryTree :: countNodesRec(Node* curr root) {
       if (curr_root == NULL)
             return 0;
       return 1 + countNodesRec(curr root->lChild) + countNodesRec(curr root-
>rChild);
}
int BinaryTree :: countLeafNodesRec(Node* curr_root) {
       if (curr root == NULL)
             return 0;
      int cnt = 0;
```

```
if (isLeaf(curr root))
             cnt++;
      cnt += countLeafNodesRec(curr_root->lChild);
      cnt += countLeafNodesRec(curr_root->rChild);
      return cnt;
}
int BinaryTree :: countInternalNodesRec(Node* curr_root) {
      if (curr_root == NULL || isLeaf(curr_root)) return 0;
      int cnt = 1;
      cnt += countInternalNodesRec(curr root->lChild);
      cnt += countInternalNodesRec(curr_root->rChild);
      return cnt;
}
void BinaryTree :: countAllTypeNodesRec() {
      cout << "The Node count is\n";</pre>
      cout << "Total Nodes: " << countNodesRec(root) << endl;</pre>
      cout << "Leaf Nodes: " << countLeafNodesRec(root) << endl;</pre>
      cout << "Internal Nodes: " << countInternalNodesRec(root) << endl;</pre>
}
void BinaryTree :: deleteTreeRec(Node* curr_root) {
      if (curr_root == NULL)
             return;
      deleteTreeRec(curr root->lChild);
      deleteTreeRec(curr_root->rChild);
      delete curr_root;
}
int main() {
      while (true) {
             BinaryTree bt;
//
             Recursive or Iterative tree construction
             cout << "\n\n\n======\n\n";</pre>
             cout << "Iterative Tree Build (1) or Recursive Tree Build (2) or exit</pre>
(0)?? ";
             int choice; cin >> choice;
             if (choice == 0)
                   break;
             switch (choice) {
             case 1: {
                   bt.createTreeIt();
                   bt.displayIt();
                   break;
             }
             case 2: {
                   Node* root = bt.createTreeRec();
                   bt.setRoot(root);
                   bt.displayRec();
```

```
break;
             default:
                    cout << "INVALID CHOICE. Try Again.\n";</pre>
                    continue;
             }
//
             Recursive or Iterative tree methods
             while (true) {
                    Since I'm displaying tree after most of the methods (Creation,
Copying and Mirror Img) and
                    deleting tree at the end of main while loop (by default) I have
//
not provided options
                    for this methods
//
                    cout << "\nIterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods</pre>
(2) or exit (0)?? ";
                    cin >> choice;
                    if (choice == 0)
                           break;
                    switch (choice) {
                    case 1: {
//
                           Iterative methods
                           cout << "Choose option: \n";</pre>
                           cout << "\t1 Tree Height\n\t2 Copying a Tree\n\t3 Mirror</pre>
Image\n\t4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)\n";
                           cout << ": "; cin >> choice;
                            switch (choice) {
                            case 1: {
                                  cout << "Height of tree is: " << bt.getHeightIt() <<</pre>
end1;
                                  break;
                           }
                           case 2: {
                                  BinaryTree new_bt;
                                  new_bt = bt;
                                  cout << "---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---\n";</pre>
                                  new_bt.displayIt();
                                  new_bt.deleteTreeIt();
                                  break;
                           }
                           case 3: {
                                  BinaryTree new_bt;
                                  new bt = bt;
                                  new_bt.mirrorImgRec(new_bt.getRoot());
                                  cout << "---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---\n";</pre>
                                  new bt.displayIt();
                                  new_bt.deleteTreeIt();
                                  break;
                           }
                           case 4: {
                                  bt.countAllTypeNodesIt();
                                  break;
                           default:
```

```
cout << "INVALID CHOICE. Try Again.\n";</pre>
                                   break;
                            }
                            break;
                     }
                     case 2: {
//
                            Recursive Methods
                            cout << "Choose option: \n";</pre>
                            cout << "\t1 Tree Height\n\t2 Copying a Tree\n\t3 Mirror</pre>
Image\n\t4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)\n";
                            cout << ": "; cin >> choice;
                            switch (choice) {
                            case 1: {
                                   cout << "Height of tree is: " <<</pre>
bt.getHeightRec(bt.getRoot()) << endl;</pre>
                                   break;
                            case 2: {
                                   BinaryTree new_bt;
                                   Node* root = new_bt.copyTreeRec(bt.getRoot());
                                   new_bt.setRoot(root);
                                   cout << "---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---\n";</pre>
                                   new_bt.displayRec();
                                   new_bt.deleteTreeRec(new_bt.getRoot());
                                   break;
                            case 3: {
                                   BinaryTree new_bt;
                                   Node* root = new_bt.copyTreeRec(bt.getRoot());
                                   new_bt.setRoot(root);
                                   new_bt.mirrorImgRec(new_bt.getRoot());
                                   cout << "---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---\n";</pre>
                                   new_bt.displayRec();
                                   new_bt.deleteTreeRec(new_bt.getRoot());
                                   break;
                            case 4: {
                                   bt.countAllTypeNodesRec();
                                   break;
                            }
                            default:
                                   cout << "INVALID CHOICE. Try Again.\n";</pre>
                                   break;
                            break;
                     default:
                            cout << "INVALID CHOICE. Try Again.\n";</pre>
                            break;
                     }
              }
              bt.deleteTreeIt();
       }
       cout << "---END---\n";
```

```
return 0;
}
```

## **Outputs:**

## **Structure A: Generic Binary Tree**

Testcase1: Creation

```
Iterative Tree Build (1) or Recursive Tree Build (2) or exit (0)?? 1
Enter data for root: 100
Enter data for left child of 100 or -1: 50
Enter data for right child of 100 or -1: 200
Enter data for left child of 50 or -1: -1
Enter data for right child of 50 or -1: 70
Enter data for left child of 200 or -1: -1
Enter data for right child of 200 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 70 or -1: 65
Enter data for right child of 70 or -1: 75
Enter data for left child of 65 or -1: -1
Enter data for right child of 65 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 75 or -1: -1
Enter data for right child of 75 or -1: -1
Iterative Tree Traversals:
Preorder: 100 50 70 65 75 200
Inorder: 50 65 70 75 100 200
Postorder: 65 75 70 50 200 100
```

Testcase2: Height

Testcase3: Copying Binary Tree

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
           Choose option:
                   1 Tree Height
                   2 Copying a Tree
                   3 Mirror Image
                   4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
           ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
           Iterative Tree Traversals:
           Preorder: 100 50 70 65 75 200
           Inorder: 50 65 70 75 100 200
           Postorder: 65 75 70 50 200 100
)) {
           Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
           Choose option:
                   1 Tree Height
                   2 Copying a Tree
                   3 Mirror Image
                   4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
           : 2
           ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
           Recursive Tree Traversals:
           Preorder: 100 50 70 65 75 200
           Inorder: 50 65 70 75 100 200
           Postorder: 65 75 70 50 200 100
Testcase4: Mirror Image
           Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
           Choose option:
                   1 Tree Height
                   2 Copying a Tree
                   3 Mirror Image
                  4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
           ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
           Iterative Tree Traversals:
           Preorder: 100 200 50 70 75 65
           Inorder: 200 100 75 70 65 50
           Postorder: 200 75 65 70 50 100
)) {
           Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
           Choose option:
                   1 Tree Height
                   2 Copying a Tree
                   3 Mirror Image
                   4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
           : 3
           ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
           Recursive Tree Traversals:
           Preorder: 100 200 50 70 75 65
           Inorder: 200 100 75 70 65 50
           Postorder: 200 75 65 70 50 100
```

Testcase5: Counting Nodes

```
1
        Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
        Choose option:
               1 Tree Height
               2 Copying a Tree
               3 Mirror Image
               4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
        : 4
        The Node count is
       Total Nodes: 6
        Leaf Nodes: 3
        Internal Nodes: 3
        Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
        Choose option:
               1 Tree Height
               2 Copying a Tree
{
               3 Mirror Image
               4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
        : 4
        The Node count is
        Total Nodes: 6
        Leaf Nodes: 3
        Internal Nodes: 3
```

## Structure B: Skew Tree

Testcase1: Creation

```
Iterative Tree Build (1) or Recursive Tree Build (2) or exit (0)?? 1
Enter data for root: 100
Enter data for left child of 100 or -1: 50
Enter data for right child of 100 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 50 or -1: 75
Enter data for right child of 50 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 75 or -1: 67
Enter data for right child of 75 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 67 or -1: -1
Enter data for left child of 67 or -1: -1
Iterative Tree Traversals:
Preorder: 100 50 75 67
Inorder: 67 75 50 100
Postorder: 67 75 50 100
```

Testcase2: Height

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 1
     Height of tree is: 4
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
              1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     Height of tree is: 4
Testcase3: Copying Binary Tree
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Iterative Tree Traversals:
     Preorder: 100 50 75 67
     Inorder: 67 75 50 100
     Postorder: 67 75 50 100
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 2
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Recursive Tree Traversals:
     Preorder: 100 50 75 67
     Inorder: 67 75 50 100
     Postorder: 67 75 50 100
```

Testcase4: Mirror Image

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
         Choose option:
                 1 Tree Height
                 2 Copying a Tree
                 3 Mirror Image
                 4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
         ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
         Iterative Tree Traversals:
         Preorder: 100 50 75 67
1 {
         Inorder: 100 50 75 67
         Postorder: 67 75 50 100
         Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
         Choose option:
                 1 Tree Height
                 2 Copying a Tree
                 3 Mirror Image
                 4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
         ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
         Recursive Tree Traversals:
         Preorder: 100 50 75 67
         Inorder: 100 50 75 67
         Postorder: 67 75 50 100
Testcase5: Counting Nodes
          Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
          Choose option:
                  1 Tree Height
                  2 Copying a Tree
                  3 Mirror Image
                  4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
          : 4
          The Node count is
1) {
          Total Nodes: 4
          Leaf Nodes: 1
          Internal Nodes: 3
          Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
          Choose option:
                  1 Tree Height
                  2 Copying a Tree
                  3 Mirror Image
                  4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
          : 4
          The Node count is
          Total Nodes: 4
          Leaf Nodes: 1
          Internal Nodes: 3
```

## **Structure C: Tree With Single Node**

Testcase1: Creation

```
Iterative Tree Build (1) or Recursive Tree Build (2) or exit (0)?? 2
        Enter data or -1: 100
       Enter left child of 100
       Enter data or -1: -1
       Enter right child of 100
        Enter data or -1: -1
        Recursive Tree Traversals:
        Preorder: 100
        Inorder: 100
        Postorder: 100
Testcase2: Height
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 1
     Height of tree is: 1
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 1
     Height of tree is: 1
```

Testcase3: Copying Binary Tree

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Iterative Tree Traversals:
     Preorder: 100
     Inorder: 100
     Postorder: 100
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Recursive Tree Traversals:
     Preorder: 100
     Inorder: 100
     Postorder: 100
Testcase4: Mirror Image
    Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
    Choose option:
            1 Tree Height
            2 Copying a Tree
            3 Mirror Image
            4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
    ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
    Iterative Tree Traversals:
    Preorder: 100
    Inorder: 100
    Postorder: 100
    Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
    Choose option:
            1 Tree Height
            2 Copying a Tree
            3 Mirror Image
            4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
    : 3
     ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
    Recursive Tree Traversals:
    Preorder: 100
    Inorder: 100
    Postorder: 100
```

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
      Choose option:
              1 Tree Height
               2 Copying a Tree
               3 Mirror Image
              4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
       : 4
      The Node count is
      Total Nodes: 1
      Leaf Nodes: 1
      Internal Nodes: 0
      Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
      Choose option:
              1 Tree Height
               2 Copying a Tree
              3 Mirror Image
              4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
      The Node count is
      Total Nodes: 1
      Leaf Nodes: 1
      Internal Nodes: 0
Structure D: Empty Binary Tree
Testcase1: Creation
       Iterative Tree Build (1) or Recursive Tree Build (2) or exit (0)?? 2
       Enter data or -1: -1
       Empty Tree
Testcase2: Height
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 1
     Height of tree is: 0
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 1
     Height of tree is: 0
```

Testcase3: Copying Binary Tree

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
            1 Tree Height
            2 Copying a Tree
            3 Mirror Image
            4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 2
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Empty Tree
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
            1 Tree Height
            2 Copying a Tree
            3 Mirror Image
            4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     ---Displaying Copied Binary Tree---
     Empty Tree
Testcase4: Mirror Image
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
     Empty Tree
     Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
     Choose option:
             1 Tree Height
             2 Copying a Tree
             3 Mirror Image
             4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
     : 3
     ---Displaying Mirrored Binary Tree---
     Empty Tree
```

Testcase5: Counting Nodes

```
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 1
Choose option:
       1 Tree Height
        2 Copying a Tree
        3 Mirror Image
       4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
: 4
The Node count is
Total Nodes: 0
Leaf Nodes: 0
Internal Nodes: 0
Iterative Tree Methods (1) or Recursive Tree Methods (2) or exit (0)?? 2
Choose option:
       1 Tree Height
        2 Copying a Tree
       3 Mirror Image
       4 Count Nodes (Leaf & Internal)
The Node count is
Total Nodes: 0
Leaf Nodes: 0
Internal Nodes: 0
```