NAME: SHUBHAM SHARMA

ROLL NO: 18i190002

MSC PHD (OR)

Part (i,ii,iii,iv,v):

After runner the code, it will ask the different set of values as per mentioned in the question itself

Upto part (v), ex1_2_3_4_5.sce has been uploaded to moodle and graph of mean and variance of Z as a function of s is :

(data has been taken from an example of a book)

rho=0

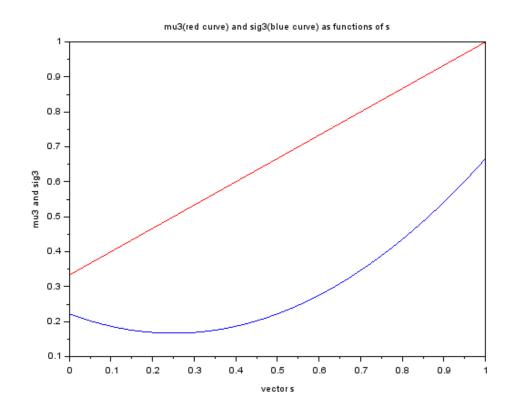
mu1=1

mu2=1/3

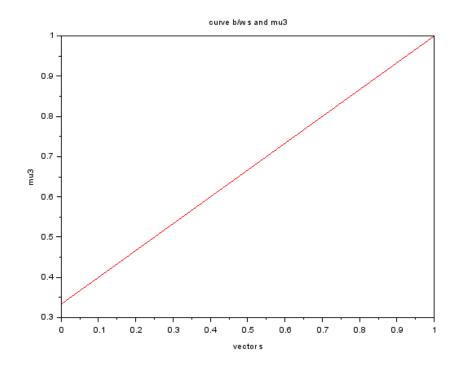
sig1=2/3

sig2=2/9

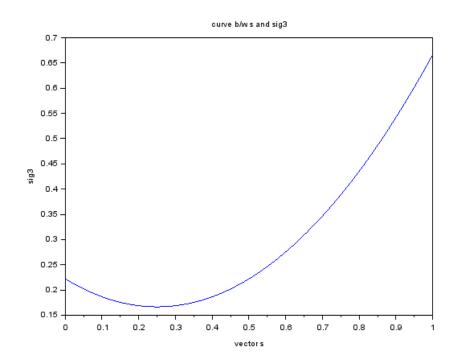
MEAN AND VARIANCE AS A FUNCTION OF s:



MEAN AS A FUNCTION OF s:



VARIANCE AS A FUNCTION OF s:



Part (vi)

code file is ex6.sce

GRAPH OF MEAN VS VARIANCE:

(data has been taken from an example of a book)

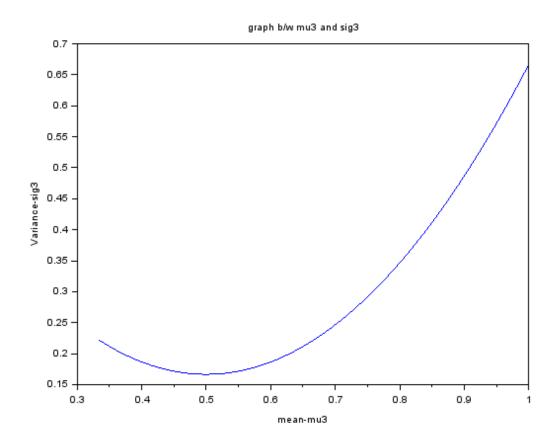
rho=0

mu1=1

mu2=1/3

sig1=2/3

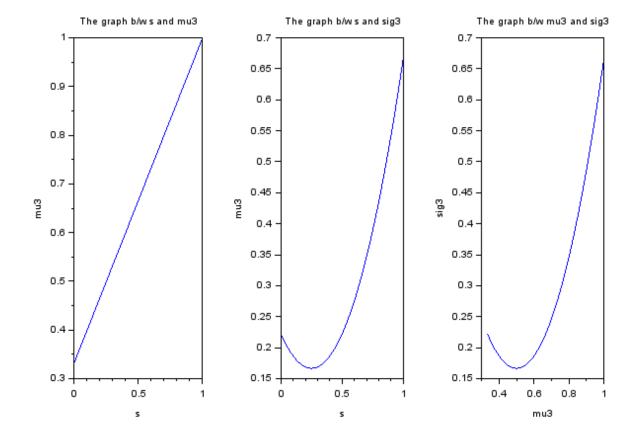
sig2=2/9



Part (vii)

Sub plot of the three graphs is:

(Code files is ex7a.sce)



Part (viii)

Now we have to take value of rho such that X and Y are not independent

(data has been taken from an example of a book)

rho=-1/11

mu1=7/12

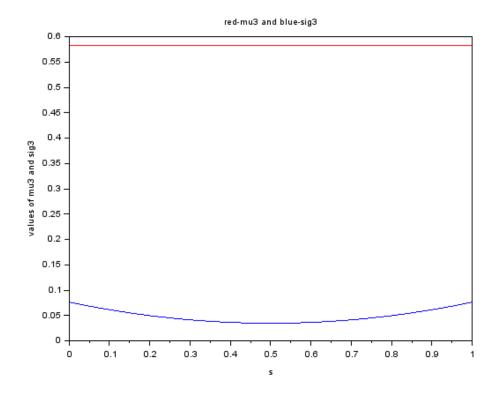
mu2=7/12

sig1=11/144

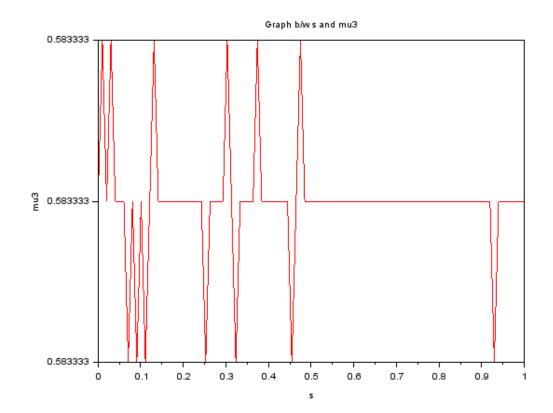
sig2=11/144

MEAN AND VARIANCE AS A FUNCTION OF s:

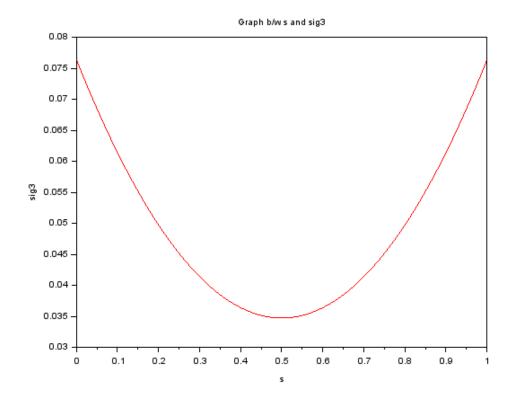
(The code file is ex8b.sce)



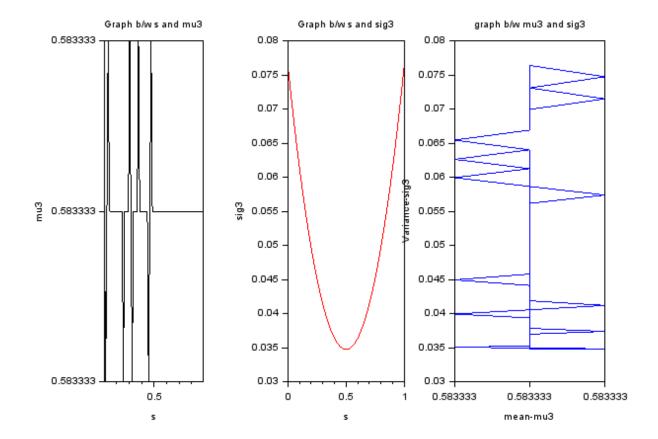
MEAN AS A FUNCTION OF s(**The code file is ex8a.sce**):



VARIANCE AS A FUNCTION OF s(The code file is ex8.sce):



NOW SUBPLOT OF ALL THE THREE GRAPHS IS(The code file is ex8d.sce)



Part (x)

Given

mu1=1

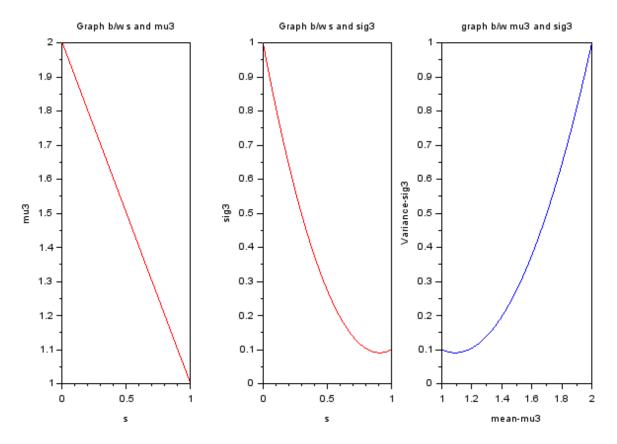
sig=0.1

mu2=2

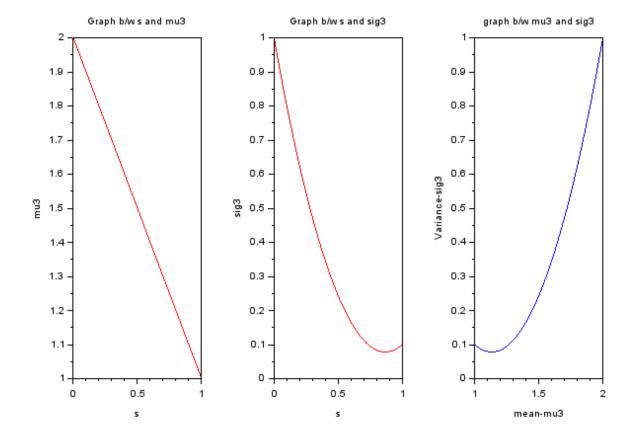
sig2=1

rho=-0.2

1) The one with the independent X and Y is(code file is ex10a.sce):



2) The subgraph with dependent X and y IS (the code file is ex10.sce):

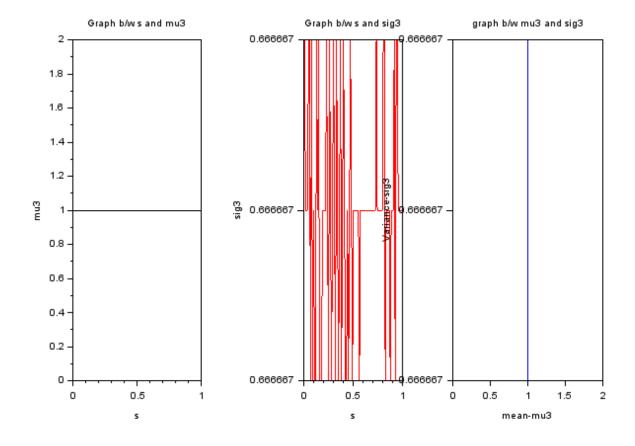


Part (ix)

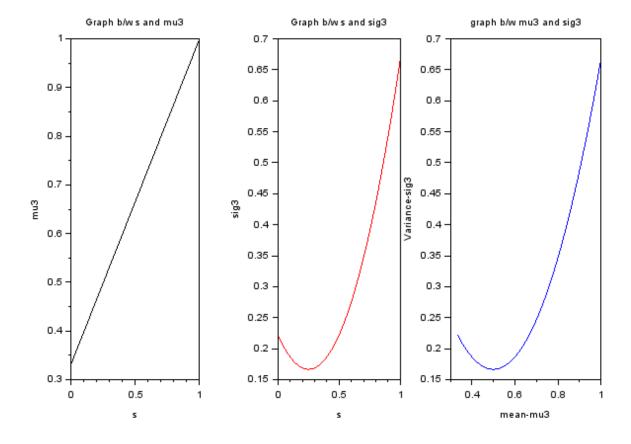
we have taken three examples:

s.no	Rho	Mu1	Mu2	Sig1	Sig2
1	1	1	1	2/3	2/3
2	0	1	1/3	2/3	2/9
3	-1/11	7/12	7/12	11/144	11/144

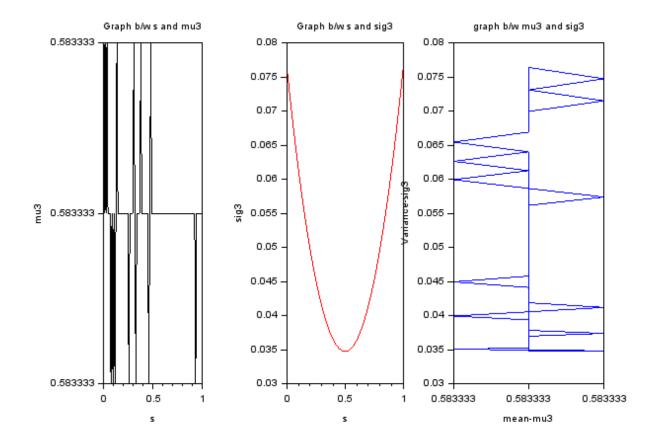
subplot of 1:



Subplot of 2:



subplot of 3:



we have seen that the graph of mean and s is usually coming linear and the graph of s and varianve is coming convex in most cases