

CS251: Introduction to Language Processing

YACC Tool



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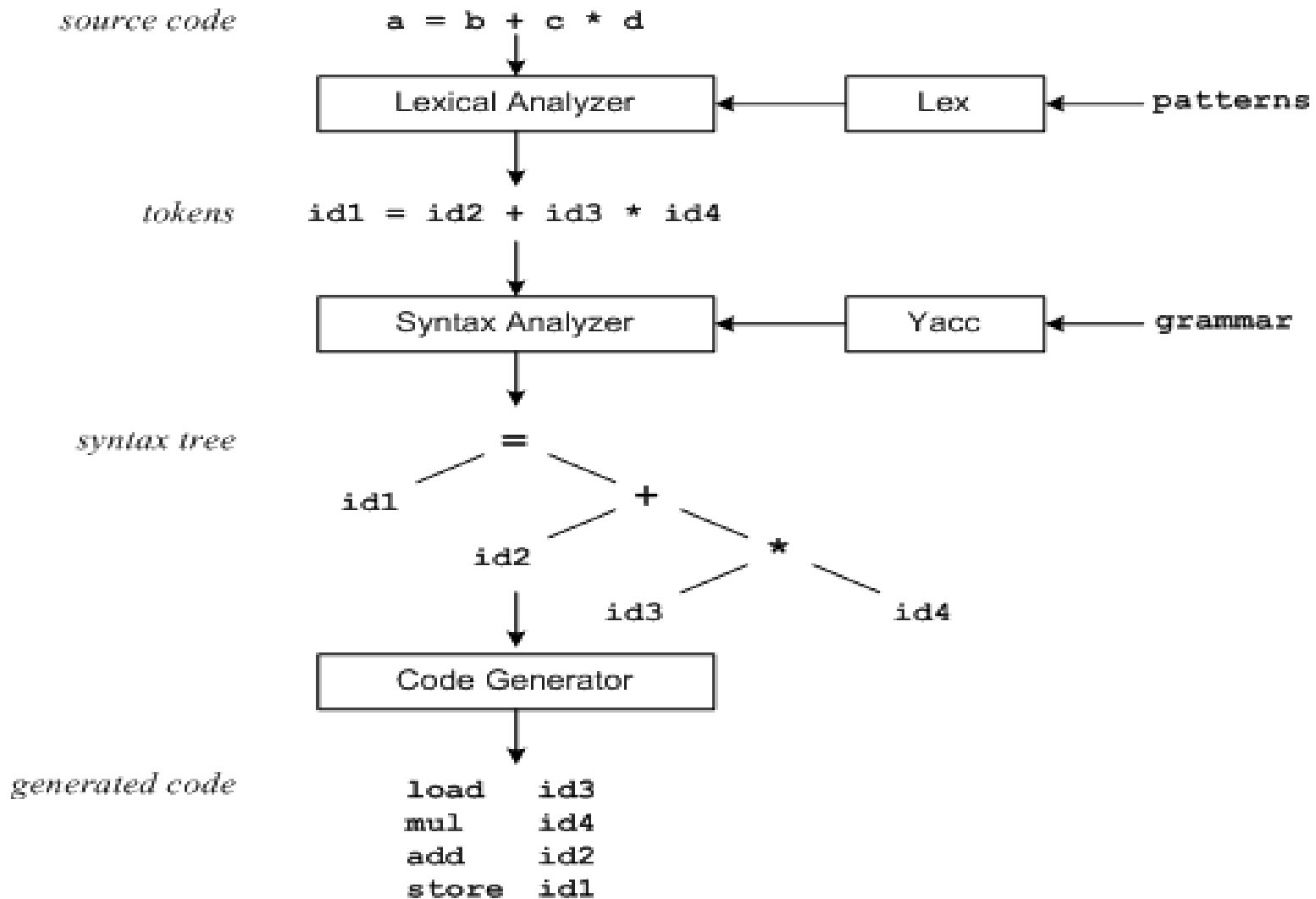
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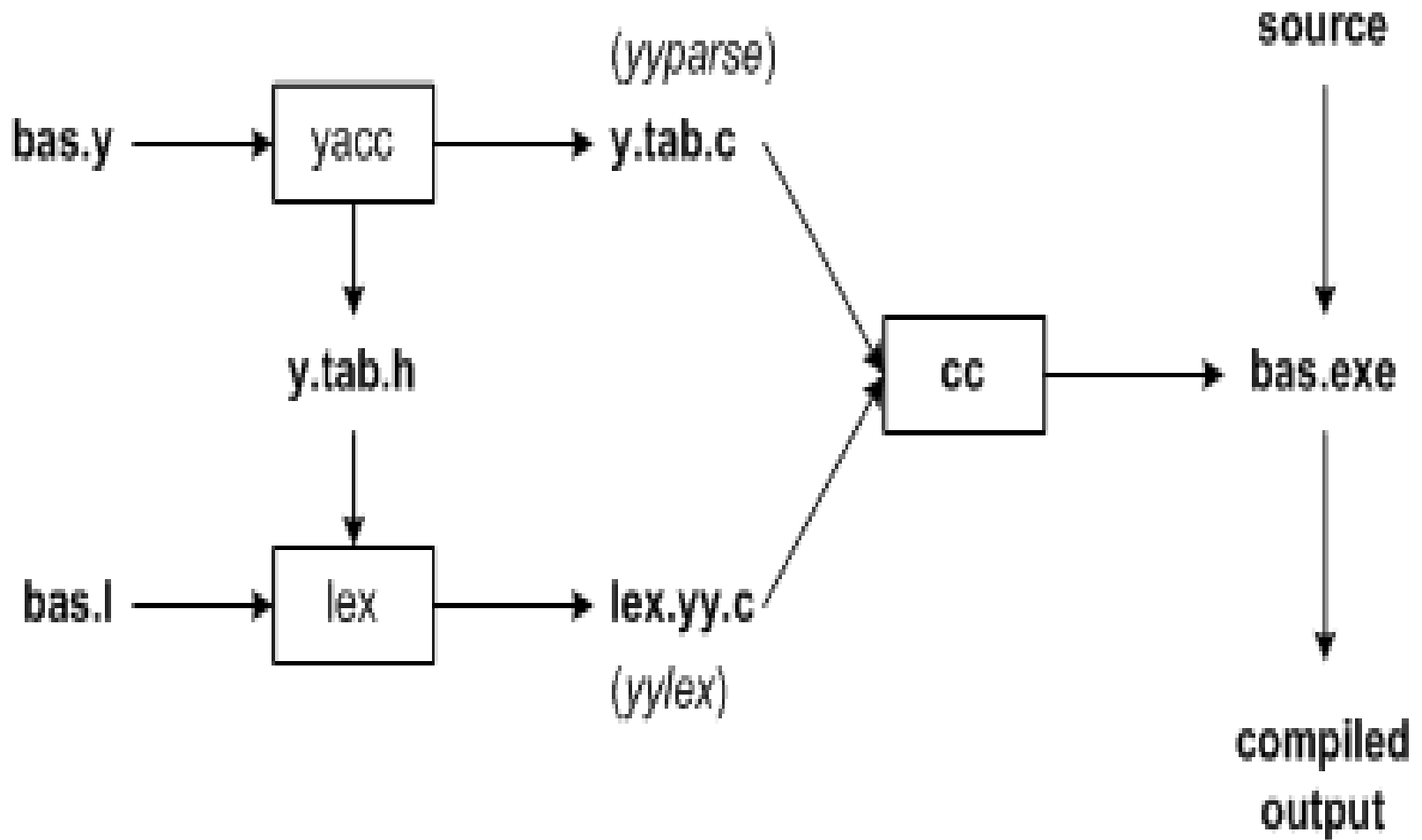
Parser Generator

- Lex is a tool that generates lexical Analyzer.
 - Lexical Analyzer takes input as source code and generate output as tokens
- Yacc: yet another compiler compiler
 - It does parsing and semantic processing over the tokens generated through lex.
 - Bison: parser generator, upward compatibility with yacc

lex / yacc



Contd...



Structure of yacc Program

- The yacc program has following structure:

FIRST PART

% %

Production Rules

ACTIONS

% %

THIRD PART

Yacc - First Part

- The definition section defines macros and imports header files written in C within `% { % }`.
- yacc definitions
 - `%start`
 - `%token`
 - `%type`
 - `%left` and many more.

Yacc - Productions

- It represents a grammar known as set of productions.
- The left hand side of a production is followed by colon (:), and right hand side.
- Multiple right-hand sides may follow separated by a '|'.
- Actions associated with a rule are entered in braces.

Yacc – Example Productions

```
statements: statement1 {printf(“statement1”);}
           | statement1 statements
           {printf(“statements \n”);}
```

```
statement1: identifier ‘+’ identifier
           {printf(“plus\n”);}
           | : identifier ‘-’ identifier
           {printf(“minus\n”);}
```


Yacc Productions

- $\$1, \$2, \dots, \$n$ can refer to the values associated with symbols.
- $\$ \$$ refer to the value of the left.
- Every symbol have a value associated with it (including token and non-terminals)
- Default action : $\$ \$ = \1

Yacc Example productions

statement1: identifier '+' identifier
 { \$\$ = \$1 + \$3; }

| identifier '-' identifier { \$\$ = \$1 - \$3; }

Yacc - Third Part

- contains valid C code that supports the language processing
- Symbol table implementation
- functions that might be called by actions associated with the productions in the second part

SAMPLE PROGRAM

Calc.y

```
%{  
    /* Definition section */  
    #include<stdio.h>  
    int flag=0;  
}%
```

DEFINITION

```
%token NUMBER  
%left '+' '-'  
%left '*' '/' '%'  
%left '(' ')'
```

```
/* Rule Section */  
%%  
ArithmeticExpression: E{  
    printf("\nResult=%d\n", $$);  
    return 0;  
}
```

PRODUCTION RULES

```
E:    E+'E' {$$=$1+$3;} | E-'E' {$$=$1-$3;} | E'*'E {$$=$1*$3;} | E/'E' {$$=$1/$3;} |  
      E%'E' {$$=$1%$3;} | '('E')' {$$=$2;} | NUMBER {$$=$1;}
```

```
%%
```

Contd...

```
void main()
{
    printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression which can
    have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication,
    Division, Modulus and Round brackets:\n");

    yyparse();
    if(flag==0)
        printf("\nEnter arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");
}

void yyerror()
{
    printf("\nEnter arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
    flag=1;
}
```

FUNCTIONS

Calc.l

```
%{
    /* Definition section */
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include "y.tab.h"
    extern int yylval;
}%
/* Rule Section */
%%
[0-9]+ {
    yylval=atoi(yytext);
    return NUMBER;
}
[\\t]    ;
[\\n]    return 0;
.        return yytext[0];

%%
int yywrap()
{
    return 1;
}
```

```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc> bison -d calc.y
```

```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc>flex calc.l
```

```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc>gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o calc.exe -w
```

```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc>calc.exe
```

Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets:

23*4+6-(6/3)%2

Result=98

Entered arithmetic expression is Valid

Calc.y

```
%{  
    /* Definition section */  
    #include<stdio.h>  
    int flag=0;  
}%
```

DEFINITION

```
%token NUMBER
```

```
%left '(' ')'   
%left '*' '/' '%'   
%left '+' '-'
```

Sequence of Precedence for operator's changed

```
/* Rule Section */  
%%  
ArithmeticExpression: E{  
    printf("\nResult=%d\n", $$);  
    return 0;  
}
```

PRODUCTION RULES

```
E:    E+'E' {$$=$1+$3;} | E-'E' {$$=$1-$3;} | E'*'E {$$=$1*$3;} | E/'E' {$$=$1/$3;} |  
      E%'E' {$$=$1%$3;} | '('E')' {$$=$2;} | NUMBER {$$=$1;}
```

```
%%
```

C:\. Command Prompt



```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc\calc1>calc.exe
```

```
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Modulus and Round brackets:
```

```
5*4+3
```

```
Result=35
```

```
Entered arithmetic expression is Valid
```

```
C:\Users\abhay\Downloads\yacc\calc\calc1>
```

THANKS