75 Days of Code

Day 47

Problem no: 1926

Problem Title: Nearest Exit from Entrance in Maze

Type: Graph / BFS

You are given an m x n matrix maze (0-indexed) with empty cells (represented as '.') and walls (represented as '+'). You are also given the entrance of the maze, where entrance = [entrancerow, entrancecol] denotes the row and column of the cell you are initially standing at.

In one step, you can move one cell up, down, left, or right. You cannot step into a cell with a wall, and you cannot step outside the maze. Your goal is to find the nearest exit from the entrance. An exit is defined as an empty cell that is at the border of the maze. The entrance does not count as an exit.

Return the number of steps in the shortest path from the entrance to the nearest exit, or -1 if no such path exists.

Example 1:

Input: maze = [["+","+",".","+"],[".",".","+"],["+","+","+","-"]],

entrance = [1,2]

Output: 1

Explanation: There are 3 exits in this maze at [1,0], [0,2], and [2,3]. Initially, you are at the entrance cell [1,2].

- You can reach [1,0] by moving 2 steps left.
- You can reach [0,2] by moving 1 step up.

Shubham Agrahari

It is impossible to reach [2,3] from the entrance. Thus, the nearest exit is [0,2], which is 1 step away. Example 2:

Input: maze = [["+","+","+"],[".","."],["+","+","+"]], entrance = [1,0]

Output: 2

Explanation: There is 1 exit in this maze at [1,2].

[1,0] does not count as an exit since it is the entrance cell.

Initially, you are at the entrance cell [1,0].

- You can reach [1,2] by moving 2 steps right.

Thus, the nearest exit is [1,2], which is 2 steps away.

Example 3:

Input: maze = [[".","+"]], entrance = [0,0]

Output: -1

Explanation: There are no exits in this maze.

```
function nearestExit(maze: string[][], entrance: number[]): number {
    const rows: number = maze.length;
    const cols: number = maze[].length;
    const directions: number[][] = [[0, 1], [1, 0], [0, -1], [-1, 0]]; // Right, Down, Left, Up

// Initialize the queue for BFS

const queue: number[][] = [[entrance[0], entrance[1], 0]]; // [row, col, steps]

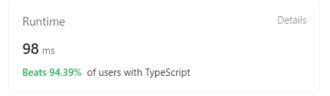
// Mark the entrance cell as visited
maze[entrance[0]][entrance[1]] = "+";

while (queue.length > 0) {
    const [row, col, steps]: number[] = queue.shift()!;

// Check if we have reached an exit
    if ((row !== entrance[0] || col !== entrance[1]) && (row === 0 || row === rows - 1 || col === 0 || col === cols - 1)) {
        return steps;
    }

// Explore neighboring cells
    for (const [ar, dc] of directions) {
        const :: number = col + dc;
        const :: number = col + dc;
        const :: number = col + dc;
        // Check if the neighboring cell is valid and not a wall
        if (r >= 0 && r < rows && c <= 0 && c < cols && maze[r][c] === ...) {
            maze[r][c] = "+";
            queue.push([r, c, steps + 1]);
        }

// If no exit is found, return -1
        return -1;
};</pre>
```



Memory

Detail

51.40 MB

Beats 83.18% of users with TypeScript