

## 75 Days of Code Day 40 199. Binary Tree Right Side View

Given the root of a binary tree, imagine yourself standing on the right side of it, return the values of the nodes you can see ordered from top to bottom.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** root = [1,2,3,null,5,null,4]

**Output:** [1,3,4]

**Example 2:**

**Input:** root = [1,null,3]

**Output:** [1,3]

**Example 3:**

**Input:** root = []

**Output:** []

### **Solution using BFS**

1. Use Queue to enqueue (insert at first) and dequeue(delete at first)
2. Loop for each element (which acts as a level )
3. Just enter the list element in the array

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```
function rightSideView(root: TreeNode | null): number[] {  
  if (!root) return [];  
  const result = [];  
  const queue = [root];  
  
  while (queue.length) {  
    let level = 0;  
    let node;  
    let length = queue.length;  
  
    while (level < length) {  
      node = queue.shift();  
  
      if (node.left) {  
        queue.push(node.left);  
      }  
  
      if (node.right) {  
        queue.push(node.right);  
      }  
    }  
  
    level++;  
  }  
  
  result.push(node.val);  
}  
  
return result;  
}
```

✓ Accepted

Editorial

Runtime

Details

**55** ms

Beats 82.66% of users with TypeScript

Memory

**44.61** MB

Beats 55.90% of users with TypeScript