

## 75 Days of Code Day 35 Problem 1448. Count Good Nodes in Binary Tree

Type : BST / dfs

Given a binary tree root, a node X in the tree is named good if in the path from root to X there are no nodes with a value greater than X.

Return the number of good nodes in the binary tree.

Example 1:

Input: root = [3,1,4,3,null,1,5]

Output: 4

Explanation: Nodes in blue are good.

Root Node (3) is always a good node.

Node 4 -> (3,4) is the maximum value in the path starting from the root.

Node 5 -> (3,4,5) is the maximum value in the path

Node 3 -> (3,1,3) is the maximum value in the path.

Example 2:

Input: root = [3,3,null,4,2]

Output: 3

Explanation: Node 2 -> (3, 3, 2) is not good, because "3" is higher than it.

Example 3:

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**Input: root = [1]**

**Output: 1**

**Explanation: Root is considered as good.**

### **Solution using DFS**

1. Traverse the list with recursion

```

29
30 function goodNodes(root: TreeNode | null): number {
31     const getCount = (node: TreeNode, max_val: number): number => {
32         if (!node) return 0;
33
34         let isGood: 0 | 1 = 0;
35         if (node.val >= max_val) {
36             isGood = 1;
37             max_val = node.val;
38         }
39
40         return (
41             getCount(node.left, max_val) + getCount(node.right, max_val) + isGood
42         );
43     };
44
45     if (!root) {
46         return 0;
47     }
48
49     return getCount(root, root.val);
50 }
51

```

✓ Accepted

📖 Editorial

Runtime

Details

**109** ms

Beats 84.77% of users with TypeScript

Memory

**78.72** MB

Beats 59.77% of users with TypeScript