

## 75 Days of Code

### Day 20 Problem no: 2215. Find the Difference of Two Arrays (leetcode)

Type - Hashmap/Set

Given two 0-indexed integer arrays `nums1` and `nums2`, return a list `answer` of size 2 where:

`answer[0]` is a list of all distinct integers in `nums1` which are not present in `nums2`.

`answer[1]` is a list of all distinct integers in `nums2` which are not present in `nums1`.

Note that the integers in the lists may be returned in any order.

Example 1:

Input: `nums1 = [1,2,3]`, `nums2 = [2,4,6]`

Output: `[[1,3],[4,6]]`

Explanation:

For `nums1`, `nums1[1] = 2` is present at index 0 of `nums2`, whereas `nums1[0] = 1` and `nums1[2] = 3` are not present in `nums2`. Therefore, `answer[0] = [1,3]`.

For `nums2`, `nums2[0] = 2` is present at index 1 of `nums1`, whereas `nums2[1] = 4` and `nums2[2] = 6` are not present in `nums1`. Therefore, `answer[1] = [4,6]`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums1 = [1,2,3,3]`, `nums2 = [1,1,2,2]`

Output: `[[3],[]]`

Explanation:

For `nums1`, `nums1[2]` and `nums1[3]` are not present in `nums2`. Since `nums1[2] == nums1[3]`, their value is only included once and `answer[0] = [3]`.

Every integer in `nums2` is present in `nums1`. Therefore, `answer[1] = []`.

### Solution of the above problem using set and filter method

1. Converting given two num arrays into set which will remove the duplicates
2. Using filter method removing the common element in both array

```

23 // Every integer in nums2 is present in nums1. Therefore, answer[1] = [].
24
25 function findDifference(nums1: number[], nums2: number[]): number[][] {
26     const num1Set = new Set(nums1);
27     const num2Set = new Set(nums2);
28
29     return [
30         [...num1Set].filter((num) => !num2Set.has(num)),
31         [...num2Set].filter((num) => !num1Set.has(num)),
32     ];
33 }
34
35 let differencArray = findDifference([1,2,3,3],[1,1,2,2]);
36 console.log("Answer : ",differencArray);

```

Input

nums1 =  
[1,2,3]

nums2 =  
[2,4,6]

Output

[[1,3],[4,6]]

Expected

[[1,3],[4,6]]

