# CS771- Assignment 2

## Shubham Jain - 13683

1)

#### Standard formulation

Batch number 0 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.8454
Batch number 1 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.8687
Batch number 2 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.8618
Batch number 3 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.8636
Batch number 4 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.8653

#### **Hinge Loss**

Batch number 0 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.9674
Batch number 1 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.9983
Batch number 2 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.9845
Batch number 3 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.9896
Batch number 4 as the test data the accuracy is: 0.9827

Standard formulation Average: 0.8609

Hinge Loss Average: 0.9845

### 2)

One versers One

Batch number 0 Accuracy: 0.76412 Batch number 1 Accuracy: 0.81807 Batch number 2 Accuracy: 0.71904 Batch number 3 Accuracy: 0.77078 Batch number 4 Accuracy: 0.67296

One versers Rest

Batch number 0 Accuracy: 0.76101 Batch number 1 Accuracy: 0.80490 Batch number 2 Accuracy: 0.71512 Batch number 3 Accuracy: 0.76804 Batch number 4 Accuracy: 0.65349

One versers One Average: 0.7489 One versers Rest Average: 0.7405

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TI XIII*	1 K1212
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 $=) \frac{1}{||X_{1}||^{2}} \frac{|X_{1}^{T}X_{1}|}{||X_{1}||^{2}} \frac{|X_{2}^{T}X_{1}|}{||X_{1}||^{2}} \frac{|X_{2}^{T}X_{1}|}{||X_{1}||^{2}} \frac{|X_{2}^{T}X_{1}|}{||X_{1}||^{2}}$  $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{11\times111^{2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{11\times11^{2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{11\times111^{2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}$ => WT K3 W > (W & diag(1 - 1/1/N/1) K ( w & diag(1 - 1/1/N/1) E) ZT K Z Now since inner product are keemes 9 K3 is a kernel Then K2 x K3 is also a Keeneli (C) = K(N/Z) = 5 min(1x/01,1291) is a keened Let x2 le ruo points, we will show this a Keemel by giving a & function, Let D be the value that can mormalize all xi so that Dri is an integer. We will just convert this Which is just of the absolute of XPK YK.

Description of XPK YK.

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NOW, O(X1). O(X2) & 1 × 5 Ains minumen number of ones in [X7K 1 186K] =) { Emin(DKOK),DKOK) 2 6 5 min (1x2),1x3xD) house we can see that this of function seemenfor the Keemel. here Kis a Kennel for grationals. min 2 62 Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject to  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 = 1 - m$ Subject  $y_i^0 - w_i^0 = \xi_i^0, \quad y_i^0 =$ 04) L'(E, WIX, B) = = = + ((11W1/2 - B2) + \$ Ri (yo -w!xg-E;) For dual problem: - 3EP -0 At , DL' = 0 28 W - 32 BX9 =0 26 = Bi =0 Bi=26;

then dual problem becomes

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{\beta_{1}}{2}\right)^{2} + \alpha \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} \frac{\beta_{1}}{2} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} + \beta_{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} \frac{\beta_{2}}{2} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} \frac{\beta_{1}}{2} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2} \frac{\beta_{2}}{2} \left(\frac{\beta_{2}}{2}\right)^{2} \frac{\beta_{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{0}^{2} B^{2} dx + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \int_{0}^{2} B^{2} X^{0} \right) \int_{0}^{2} B^{2} X^{0} dx - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_{0}^{2} A^{2} X^{0} dx - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2$$

Now, KKT anditions.

# =) V=0 OV A\*3 1 [ EBIXI, EBIXI)

Now, it is possible that Et to for all i's Now, it is possible that Et to for all i's hence no xi's lie on the mangin plane in that case there is no concept of support in that case there is no concept of support to it is possible for same xi's that Et are but it is possible for same xi's that Et are tout it is possible to have support vector which Hence, it is possible to have support vector which dere rare & in general there may be no are rare & in general there may be no

(c) The bosic dis advantage as compared to sum is the sparsity that is lacking here. is the sparsity that is lacking here. Is the sparsity that in sum the as's been zero that it means it that in sum the computational that it here Bi's one mostly expensive but here Bi's one mostly expensive but here bigh computation cost non zero lading to high computation cost