Appendix

Version 5.1.9.RELEASE

# Chapter 1. XML Schemas

This part of the appendix lists XML schemas related to integration technologies.

# 1.1. The jee Schema

The jee elements deal with issues related to Java EE (Java Enterprise Edition) configuration, such as looking up a JNDI object and defining EJB references.

To use the elements in the jee schema, you need to have the following preamble at the top of your Spring XML configuration file. The text in the following snippet references the correct schema so that the elements in the jee namespace are available to you:

### 1.1.1. <jee:jndi-lookup/> (simple)

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up a data source without the jee schema:

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up a data source with the jee schema:

#### 1.1.2. <jee:jndi-lookup/> (with Single JNDI Environment Setting)

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up an environment variable without jee:

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up an environment variable with jee:

### 1.1.3. <jee:jndi-lookup/> (with Multiple JNDI Environment Settings)

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up multiple environment variables without jee:

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up multiple environment variables with jee:

```
<jee:jndi-lookup id="simple" jndi-name="jdbc/MyDataSource">
    <!-- newline-separated, key-value pairs for the environment (standard
Properties format) -->
    <jee:environment>
        sing=song
        ping=pong
        </jee:environment>
        </jee:jndi-lookup>
```

#### 1.1.4. <jee:jndi-lookup/> (Complex)

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up a data source and a number of different properties without jee:

The following example shows how to use JNDI to look up a data source and a number of different properties with jee:

### 1.1.5. < jee:local-slsb/> (Simple)

The <jee:local-slsb/> element configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean.

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean without jee:

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean with jee:

```
<jee:local-slsb id="simpleSlsb" jndi-name="ejb/RentalServiceBean"
    business-interface="com.foo.service.RentalService"/>
```

#### 1.1.6. <jee:local-slsb/> (Complex)

The <jee:local-slsb/> element configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean.

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean and a number of properties without jee:

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a local EJB Stateless Session Bean and a number of properties with jee:

```
<jee:local-slsb id="complexLocalEjb"
    jndi-name="ejb/RentalServiceBean"
    business-interface="com.foo.service.RentalService"
    cache-home="true"
    lookup-home-on-startup="true"
    resource-ref="true">
```

#### 1.1.7. <jee:remote-slsb/>

The <jee:remote-slsb/> element configures a reference to a remote EJB Stateless Session Bean.

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a remote EJB Stateless Session Bean without jee:

The following example shows how to configures a reference to a remote EJB Stateless Session Bean with jee:

```
<jee:remote-slsb id="complexRemoteEjb"
    jndi-name="ejb/MyRemoteBean"
    business-interface="com.foo.service.RentalService"
    cache-home="true"
    lookup-home-on-startup="true"
    resource-ref="true"
    home-interface="com.foo.service.RentalService"
    refresh-home-on-connect-failure="true">
```

# 1.2. The jms Schema

The jms elements deal with configuring JMS-related beans, such as Spring's Message Listener Containers. These elements are detailed in the section of the JMS chapter entitled JMS Namespace Support. See that chapter for full details on this support and the jms elements themselves.

In the interest of completeness, to use the elements in the jms schema, you need to have the following preamble at the top of your Spring XML configuration file. The text in the following snippet references the correct schema so that the elements in the jms namespace are available to you:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    <em>xmlns:jms="http://www.springframework.org/schema/jms"</em>
xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
https://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    <em>http://www.springframework.org/schema/jms
https://www.springframework.org/schema/jms/spring-jms.xsd"</em>>
<!-- bean definitions here -->
</beans>
```

# 1.3. Using <context:mbean-export/>

This element is detailed in Configuring Annotation-based MBean Export.

## 1.4. The cache Schema

You can use the cache elements to enable support for Spring's <code>@CacheEvict</code>, <code>@CachePut</code>, and <code>@Caching</code> annotations. It it also supports declarative XML-based caching. See Enabling Caching Annotations and <code>Declarative XML-based Caching</code> for details.

To use the elements in the cache schema, you need to have the following preamble at the top of your Spring XML configuration file. The text in the following snippet references the correct schema so that the elements in the cache namespace are available to you:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
    xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
    <em>xmlns:cache="http://www.springframework.org/schema/cache"</em>
xsi:schemaLocation="
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
https://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
    <em>http://www.springframework.org/schema/cache
https://www.springframework.org/schema/cache
https://www.springframework.org/schema/cache/spring-cache.xsd"</em>>
<!-- bean definitions here -->
</beans>
```