U18CO018

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DA

Assignment 6

1. String is palindrome or not.

```
Code:
==> pal.x <==
struct input {
       int n; char
       s[100];
};
program PAL_PROG {
       version PAL_VERS {
               int pal(input)=1;
       }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> pal server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "pal.h"
int *
pal_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req *rqstp)
{ static int result;
  /*
* insert server code here
       int n = argp -> n;
  printf("Received input in server of size %d\n", n);
```

```
int ans = 1;
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if(argp->s[i] != argp->s[n - 1 - i]) {
        ans = 0;
        break;
     }
  }
  result = ans;
   return &result;
}
==> pal_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "pal.h"
void pal_prog_1(char *host, int n,
char *s)
{
  CLIENT *cInt; int
   *result_1; input
   pal_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, PAL_PROG,
  PAL_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) {
     clnt_pcreateerror (host);
     exit (1);
  }
#endif /* DEBUG */
        pal_1_arg.n = n;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
               pal_1_arg.s[i] = s[i];
       }
  result_1 = pal_1(&pal_1_arg, clnt);
  if (result_1 == (int *) NULL) {
     clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
  } else {
     if(*result_1) {
```

```
printf("String is a palindrome
     \n"); } else { printf("String is not a
        palindrom \n");
     }
  }
#ifndef DEBUG
  clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
int
main (int argc, char *argv[])
  char *host;
  if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s
  server_host\n", argv[0]); exit (1); }
  host = argv[1];
        int n; printf("Enter the size of
        string\n"); scanf("%d",&n);
  char s[100];
  printf("Enter string: \n");
  scanf("%s", &s);
   pal_prog_1 (host, n, s);
}
```

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/1# ./pal_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter string:
aba
String is a palindrome
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/1# ./pal_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter string:
abcss
String is not a palindrom
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/1# ./pal_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter string:
aabbaa
String is a palindrome
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/1# ./pal_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter string:
abcsfd
String is not a palindrom
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/1# ./pal_server
Received input in server of size 3
Received input in server of size 5
Received input in server of size 6
Received input in server of size 6
```

2. Find out if a given year is a Lear Year or not.

```
==> leap.x <==
struct input {
        int year;
};

program LEAP_PROG {
        version LEAP_VERS {
            int leap(input)=1;
        }=1;
}=0x12345678;</pre>
```

Code:

```
==> leap_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "leap.h"
int *
leap_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req
*rqstp) { static int result;
* insert server code here
        */
       printf("Server received input %d\n", argp->year);
        int year = argp->year;
       if (year \% 400 == 0) {
        result = 1;
  else if (year % 100 == 0) {
        result = 0;
  } else if (year % 4 ==
  0) { result = 1;
  } else { result =
  0;
  }
       return &result;
}
==> leap_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "leap.h"
void leap_prog_1(char *host, int
year)
{
```

```
CLIENT *cInt; int
       *result_1; input
        leap_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, LEAP_PROG,
       LEAP_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
#endif /* DEBUG */
        leap_1_arg.year = year; result_1 =
        leap_1(&leap_1_arg, clnt); if
        (result_1 == (int *) NULL) {
        clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { if (*result_1) { printf("Leap
        Year\n");
               } else { printf("Non Leap Year
                       \n");
               }
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
       char *host;
        if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
               argv[0]); exit (1);
       }
        host = argv[1];
       int year; printf("Enter input
       year: \n");
       scanf("%d",&year);
        leap_prog_1 (host,year);
exit (0);
```

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
2000
Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
2001
Non Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
201
Non Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
2016
Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
2020
Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_client localhost
Enter input year:
2100
Non Leap Year
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/2# ./leap_server
Server received input 2000
Server received input 2001
Server received input 201
Server received input 2016
Server received input 2020
Server received input 2100
```

3. Find out the GCD of a given number.

```
Code: ==>
gcd.x <==
struct input {
    int a;
    int b;
};

program GCD_PROG {
    version GCD_VERS {
        int gcd(input)=1;
    }=1;
}=0x12345678;

==> gcd_server.c <==
/*
```

```
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "gcd.h"
int *
gcd_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req
*rqstp) { static int result;
* insert server code here
       int a = argp->a, b = argp->b;
       printf("Received input (%d,%d)", a, b);
       int g = 1;
       for(int i = 1; i \le a; i++) { if(a % i == 0
               && b % i == 0) g = i;
       }
       result = g;
       return &result;
}
==> gcd_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "gcd.h"
void
gcd_prog_1(char *host, int a, int b)
       CLIENT *cInt; int
       *result_1; input
       gcd_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, GCD_PROG,
       GCD_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
       }
#endif /* DEBUG */
```

```
gcd_1_arg.a = a;
        gcd_1_arg.b = b;
        result_1 = gcd_1(&gcd_1_arg, clnt);
        if (result_1 == (int *) NULL) {
        clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
        } else { printf("Result GCD = %d\n",
               *result_1);
        }
#ifndef DEBUG
        clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
        char *host;
        if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
               argv[0]); exit (1);
        host = argv[1];
        int a, b;
        printf("Enter number 1: \n");
        scanf("%d", &a); printf("Enter number
        2: \n"); scanf("%d", &b);
        gcd_prog_1 (host, a, b);
exit (0);
```

```
Enter number 1:
2
Enter number 2:
4
Result GCD = 2
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/3# ./gcd_client localhost
Enter number 1:
4
Enter number 2:
15
Result GCD = 1
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/3# ./gcd_client localhost
Enter number 1:
15
Enter number 2:
39
Result GCD = 3
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/3#
```

4. Find out the Square root of a given number.

```
==> sqroot.x <==
struct input {
float a;
};
program SQROOT_PROG {
       version SQROOT_VERS {
              float sqroot(input)=1;
       }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> sqroot server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include <math.h>
#include "sqroot.h"
float * sqroot_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req
*rqstp)
{ static float result;
* insert server code here
        */
```

```
float n = argp->a;
       printf("Received input number %f\n", n);
       result = sqrt(n);
       return &result;
}
==> sqroot_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "sqroot.h"
void sqroot_prog_1(char *host,
float n)
{
       CLIENT *cInt; float
       *result_1; input
       sqroot_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, SQROOT_PROG,
       SQROOT_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) {
               clnt_pcreateerror (host);
               exit (1);
#endif /* DEBUG */
       sqroot_1_arg.a = n; result_1 =
       sqroot_1(&sqroot_1_arg, clnt); if
       (result_1 == (float *) NULL) { clnt_perror
       (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { printf("The square root of %f is %f \n", n, *result_1);
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
int
main (int argc, char *argv[])
       char *host;
```

```
if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
            argv[0]); exit (1);
      host = argv[1];
      float num; printf("Enter the
      number: \n"); scanf("%f",
      &num);
      sqroot_prog_1 (host,num);
exit (0);
}
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/4# ./sgroot_server
Received input number 23.000000
Received input number 49.000000
Received input number 441.000000
Received input number 432.000000
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/4# ./sqroot_client localhost
Enter the number:
23
The square root of 23.000000 is 4.795832
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/4# ./sqroot_client localhost
Enter the number:
49
The square root of 49.000000 is 7.000000
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/4# ./sqroot_client localhost
Enter the number:
The square root of 441.000000 is 21.000000
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/4# ./sqroot_client localhost
Enter the number:
432
The square root of 432.000000 is 20.784609
```

5. Swap two variables without using the 3rd variable.

```
==> swap.x <==
struct input {
        int a;
    int b;
};
struct output {
    int a; int b;
};</pre>
```

```
program SWAP_PROG {
       version SWAP_VERS {
     output SWAP(input)=1;
       }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> swap server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "swap.h"
output *
swap_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req *rqstp)
{ static output result;
       /*
* insert server code here
       int a = argp -> a, b = argp -> b;
       a=a+b;//a=30 (10+20) b=a
       b;//b=10 (30-20) a=a-b;//a=20
       (30-10)
       result.a = a;
       result.b = b;
       return &result;
}
==> swap_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "swap.h"
void swap_prog_1(char *host,int a,
int b)
{
       CLIENT *cInt;
       output *result_1;
       input swap_1_arg;
```

```
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, SWAP_PROG,
       SWAP_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
#endif /* DEBUG */
       swap_1_arg.a = a, swap_1_arg.b = b;
       result_1 = swap_1(&swap_1_arg, clnt);
       if (result_1 == (output *) NULL) {
       clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { printf("After swapping \n");
              printf("a = %d\n", result_1-
              >a); printf("b = %d\n",
              result_1->b);
       }
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
       char *host;
       if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
              argv[0]); exit (1);
       host = argv[1]; int a, b; printf("Enter
       two numbers to swap \n"); scanf("%d
       %d", &a, &b); swap_prog_1 (host,a,b);
exit (0);
}
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/5# ./swap_client localhost
Enter two numbers to swap
 After swapping
```

6. Calculate Maximum, Minimum, average of given array.

```
==> stats.x <==
struct input{ int
n; int arr[100];
};
struct output{
  int mx;
  int mn;
  float
  avg;
};
program STATS_PROG{
  version STATS_VERS{
     output stats(input)=1;
  }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> stats_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "stats.h"
output * stats_1_svc(input *argp, struct
svc_req *rqstp)
{ static output result;
* insert server code here
        */
       int n = argp->n; int *arr = argp->arr;
       printf("Received array of size %d\n",
       n);
       int mx = arr[0], mn = arr[0];
       float avg = arr[0];
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) { if(arr[i]
               > mx) mx = arr[i]; if(arr[i]
               < mn) mn = arr[i]; avg
               += arr[i];
       }
       avg /= n;
       result.mx = mx;
        result.mn = mn;
```

```
result.avg = avg;
        return &result;
}
==> stats_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "stats.h"
void stats_prog_1(char *host, int n, int
*arr)
{
       CLIENT *cInt;
       output *result_1;
       input
       stats_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, STATS_PROG,
       STATS_VERS, "udp");
       if (clnt == NULL) {
               clnt_pcreateerror (host);
               exit (1);
       }
#endif /* DEBUG */
       stats_1_arg.n = n;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
               stats_1_arg.arr[i] = arr[i];
       }
       result_1 = stats_1(&stats_1_arg, clnt);
       if (result_1 == (output *) NULL) {
       clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { printf("MAX = %d\n", result 1->mx);
               printf("MIN = %d\n", result_1->mn);
               printf("AVG = %f\n", result_1->avg);
       }
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
```

int main (int argc, char

```
*argv[])
       char *host;
       if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
               argv[0]); exit (1);
       host = argv[1];
       int n; printf("Enter the number of
       elements: \n"); scanf("%d", &n); int
       arr[100]; printf("Enter %d elements: \n",
       n); for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
              scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
       }
       stats_prog_1 (host, n, arr);
exit (0);
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/6# ./stats_client localhost
Enter the number of elements:
Enter 5 elements:
AVG = 3.200000
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/6# ./stats_client localhost
Enter the number of elements:
Enter 6 elements:
324
123
442
763
MAX = 763
MIN = 6
AVG = 280.333344
 root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/6#|
```

7. Compare the given two strings.

```
==> cmp.x <==
struct input{
  int n1; int
  n2; char
  s1[50]; char</pre>
```

```
s2[50];
};
program CMP_PROG{
  version CMP_VERS{
  int cmp(input)=1;
  }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> cmp_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
#include<string.h>
#include "cmp.h"
int *
cmp_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req *rqstp)
{ static int result;
       /*
* insert server code here
       printf("strings received of size %d %d", argp->n1, argp-
       >n2); printf("%s %s\n", argp->s1, argp->s2); int n1 =
       argp->n1, n2 = argp->n2;
       int I = n1; if(n1 >
       n2) I = n2; char
       s1[50], s2[50]; int
       ans = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < l; i++) { char s1 = argp->s1[i],
              s2 = argp->s2[i]; if(s1 > s2) { ans = 1;}
               break;
              ans = -1;
                      break;
              }
       }
       if(ans == 0 \&\& n1 != n2) {
               if(n1 < n2) ans = -1;
               else ans = 1;
```

```
}
       printf("%d \n",
       ans); result = ans;
       return &result;
}
==> cmp_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "cmp.h"
void cmp_prog_1(char *host, int n1, int n2, char *s1,
char *s2)
{
       CLIENT *cInt; int
       *result_1; input
       cmp_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, CMP_PROG,
       CMP_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
#endif /* DEBUG */
       cmp_1_arg.n1 = n1;
       cmp_1_arg.n2 = n2;
       for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s1[i] = s1[i];
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s2[i] = s2[i];
       }
       result_1 = cmp_1(&cmp_1_arg, clnt);
       if (result_1 == (int *) NULL) {
       clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { int ans =
               *result_1;
```

```
printf("%d\n", ans); if( ans > 0) { printf("String %s is
                larger than %s \n", s1, s2);
                } else if(ans == 0) { printf("String %s is equal to
                        %s \n", s1, s2);
                } else { printf("String %s is smaller than %s \n", s1,
                        s2);
                }
        }
#ifndef DEBUG
        clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
        char *host;
        if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
                argv[0]); exit (1);
        host = argv[1];
        int n1, n2; char
        s1[50], s2[50];
        printf("Enter the size of string 1 \n");
        scanf("%d", &n1);
        printf("Enter the size of string 2 \n");
        scanf("%d", &n2);
        printf("Enter string 1 \n");
        scanf("%s", s1);
        printf("Enter string 2 \n");
        scanf("%s", s2);
        cmp_prog_1 (host, n1, n2, s1, s2);
exit (0);
```

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/7# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string 1
Enter the size of string 2
Enter string 1
abcde
Enter string 2
abcde
String abcde is equal to abcde
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/7# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string 1
Enter the size of string 2
Enter string 1
abcd
Enter string 2
abc
String abcd is larger than abc root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/7# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string 1
Enter the size of string 2
Enter string 1
abcde
Enter string 2
effas
-1
String abcde is smaller than effas
```

8. Find out whether a given string is substring or not.

```
==> cmp.x <==
struct input{
  int n1; int
  n2; char
  s1[50];
  char
  s2[50];
};
program CMP_PROG{
  version CMP_VERS{
  int cmp(input)=1;
  }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> cmp_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
```

```
#include "cmp.h"
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
int *
cmp_1_svc(input *argp, struct svc_req *rqstp)
{ static int result;
* insert server code here
        printf("strings received of size %d %d \n", argp->n1, argp->n2);
        int n1 = argp->n1, n2 = argp->n2;
        char *s1 = (char *)malloc(n1 * sizeof(char *));
        char *s2 = (char *)malloc(n2 * sizeof(char *));
       for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
               s1[i] = argp->s1[i];
        }
        for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
               s2[i] = argp -> s2[i];
        } printf("%s %s \n", s1 ,
        s2);
        int ans = 0; for(int i = 0; i + n2 -
        1 < n1; i++) { int f = 1;
               for(int j = 0; j < n2; j++) { if(s1[i+j]
                        == s2[j]) continue; f = 0;
                        break;
                if(f) {
                        ans = 1;
                        break;
               }
        }
        result = ans;
        return &result;
}
==> cmp_client.c <==
```

```
/*
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "cmp.h"
void cmp_prog_1(char *host, int n1, int n2, char *s1,
char *s2)
{
       CLIENT *cInt; int
       *result_1; input
       cmp_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, CMP_PROG,
       CMP_VERS, "udp");
       if (clnt == NULL) {
               clnt_pcreateerror (host);
               exit (1);
#endif /* DEBUG */
       cmp_1_arg.n1 = n1;
       cmp_1_arg.n2 = n2;
       for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s1[i] = s1[i];
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s2[i] = s2[i];
       }
       result_1 = cmp_1(&cmp_1_arg, clnt);
       if (result_1 == (int *) NULL) {
       clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { int ans = *result_1; printf("%d\n", ans); if(ans == 1) {
              printf("String %s is substring of %s \n", s2, s1);
               } else { printf("String %s is not a substring of %s \n", s2,
               s1); }
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
}
```

```
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
      char *host;
      if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
             argv[0]); exit (1);
      host = argv[1];
      int n1, n2; char
      s1[50], s2[50];
      printf("Enter the size of string \n");
      scanf("%d", &n1);
      printf("Enter the size of sub string \n");
      scanf("%d", &n2);
      printf("Enter string \n");
      scanf("%s", s1);
      printf("Enter sub string \n");
      scanf("%s", s2);
      cmp_prog_1 (host, n1, n2, s1, s2);
exit (0); }
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/8# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter the size of sub string
Enter string
abcde
Enter sub string
bcd
String bcd is substring of abcde
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/8# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string
Enter the size of sub string
Enter string
abcde
Enter sub string
String cdb is not a substring of abcde
```

9. Concatenate the two strings.

```
==> cmp.x <==
struct input{ int
n1; int n2; char
s1[50]; char
s2[50];
};
struct output{
  char s[100];
};
program CMP_PROG{
  version CMP_VERS{
     output cmp(input)=1;
  }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> cmp_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
#include "cmp.h"
output * cmp_1_svc(input *argp, struct
svc_req *rqstp)
{ static output result;
* insert server code here
              printf("strings received of size %d %d \n", argp->n1, argp->n2);
       int n1 = argp > n1, n2 = argp > n2;
       for(int i = 0; i < n1 + n2; i++) { if(i >= n1)
               result.s[i] = argp->s2[i - n1];
               else result.s[i] = argp->s1[i];
       }
       return &result;
}
==> cmp_client.c <==
```

```
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen.
* These are only templates and you can use them*
 as a guideline for developing your own functions.
*/
#include "cmp.h"
void
cmp_prog_1(char *host, int n1, int n2, char *s1, char *s2)
       CLIENT *cInt;
       output *result_1;
       input cmp_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, CMP_PROG,
       CMP_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
       }
#endif /* DEBUG */
       cmp_1_arg.n1 = n1;
       cmp_1_arg.n2 = n2;
       for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s1[i] = s1[i];
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) {
               cmp_1_arg.s2[i] = s2[i];
       }
       result_1 = cmp_1(&cmp_1_arg, clnt);
       if (result_1 == (output *) NULL) {
       clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
       } else { printf("Combined string %s \n", result_1-
               >s);
#ifndef DEBUG
       clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
int main (int argc, char
*argv[])
{
       char *host;
```

```
if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
              argv[0]); exit (1);
       host = argv[1];
       int n1, n2; char
       s1[50], s2[50];
       printf("Enter the size of string 1\n");
       scanf("%d", &n1);
       printf("Enter the size of string 2 \n");
       scanf("%d", &n2);
       printf("Enter string 1\n");
       scanf("%s", s1);
       printf("Enter string 1\n");
       scanf("%s", s2);
       cmp_prog_1 (host, n1, n2, s1, s2);
exit (0);
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/9# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the size of string 1
Enter the size of string 2
Enter string 1
abcde
Enter string 1
abc
Combined string abcdeabc
```

10. Reverse the elements of an array.

```
==> cmp.x <==
struct input{ int
n; int a[100];
};
struct output{
  int a[100];
};
program CMP_PROG{</pre>
```

```
version CMP_VERS{
     output cmp(input)=1;
  }=1;
}=0x12345678;
==> cmp_server.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "cmp.h"
output * cmp_1_svc(input *argp, struct
svc_req *rqstp)
{ static output result;
* insert server code here
        */
       int n = argp->n; printf("Received array
       of size %d \n", n);
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) { result.a[i] =
               argp->a[n - 1 - i];
       }
       return &result;
}
==> cmp_client.c <==
* This is sample code generated by rpcgen. *
These are only templates and you can use them*
as a guideline for developing your own functions. */
#include "cmp.h"
void cmp_prog_1(char *host, int n,
int *a)
{
       CLIENT *cInt;
       output *result_1;
       input cmp_1_arg;
#ifndef DEBUG clnt = clnt_create (host, CMP_PROG,
       CMP_VERS, "udp"); if (clnt == NULL) { clnt_pcreateerror
       (host); exit (1);
       }
```

```
#endif /* DEBUG */
        cmp_1_arg.n = n;
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                cmp_1_arg.a[i] = a[i];
        }
        result_1 = cmp_1(&cmp_1_arg, clnt);
        if (result_1 == (output *) NULL) {
        clnt_perror (clnt, "call failed");
        } else { printf("Reversed array: \n"); for(int
                i = 0; i < n; i++) { printf("%d ",
                result_1->a[i]);
                }
                printf("\n");
#ifndef DEBUG
        clnt_destroy (clnt);
#endif /* DEBUG */
int
main (int argc, char *argv[])
        char *host;
        if (argc < 2) { printf ("usage: %s server_host\n",
                argv[0]); exit (1);
        host = argv[1]; int n; printf("Enter the
        number of elements \n"); scanf("%d",
        &n); int a[100]; printf("Enter %d
        elements", n); for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
        cmp_prog_1 (host,n,a);
exit (0);
}
```

```
root@ubuntu-bionic:/vagrant/assign6/10# ./cmp_client localhost
Enter the number of elements
5
Enter 5 elements 1 2 3 4 5
Reversed array:
5 4 3 2 1
```