

CprE 308 Quiz 5

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering
Iowa State University

You can write on the back of the sheet.

Student Name:

1. (3 Pts) For each of the following decimal virtual addresses, compute the virtual page number and offset for a 4-KB page and for an 8-KB page: 20006, 32770, and 60011.

Answer:

For a 4-KB page size the (page, offset) pairs are (4, 3622), (8, 2), and (14, 2667). For an 8-KB page size they are (2, 3622), (4, 2), (7, 2667).

2. (3 Pts) A computer has four page frames. The time of loading, time of last access, and the R and M bits for each page are as shown below (the times are in clock ticks):

| Page | Loaded | Last Ref. | R | M |
|------|--------|-----------|---|---|
| 0 | 126 | 280 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 230 | 265 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | 140 | 270 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 110 | 285 | 1 | 1 |

Please answer which page will be replaced using (1) NRU, (2) FIFO, (3) LRU, and (4) Second Chance, respectively.

Answer:

NRU removes page 2. FIFO removes page 3. LRU removes page 1. Second chance removes page 2.

3. (3 Pts) A computer with a 64-bit address uses a three-level page table. Virtual addresses are split into a 11-bit top level page table field, 15 bit second level page table field, and 22-bit third level page table field, and an offset. How large are the pages and how many are there in the address space?

Answer:

48 bits are used for the virtual page numbers, leaving 16 over for the offset. This yields a 64-KB page. 48 bits for the virtual page implies 2^{48} pages.