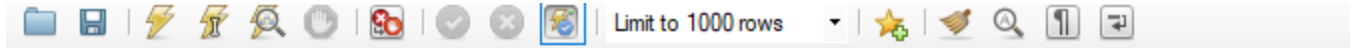


MUSIC STORE DATA ANALYSIS


1. Who is the senior most employee based on job title.

Ans.

```
select title,last_name,first_name from employee order by levels desc limit 1;
```



```
1 select title,last_name,first_name from employee order by levels desc limit 1;
```




	title	last_name	first_name
▶	General Manager	Adams	Andrew

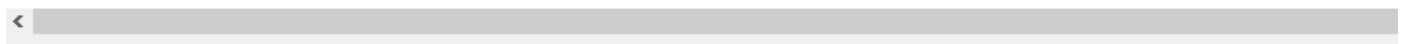
2. Which countries have the most Invoices.

Ans.

```
SELECT billing_country,count(*) as Count FROM invoice group by billing_country order by count desc;
```



```
1 • SELECT billing_country,count(*) as Count FROM invoice group by billing_country order by count desc;
```

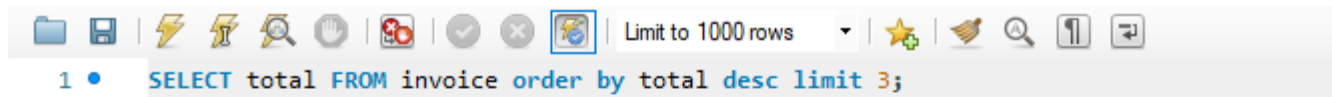


	billing_country	Count
▶	USA	131
	Canada	76
	Brazil	61
	France	50
	Germany	41
	Czech Republic	30
	Portugal	29
	United Kingdom	28
	India	21
	Ireland	13
	Chile	13

3. What are top 3 values of total invoice.

Ans.

```
SELECT total FROM invoice order by total desc limit 3;
```



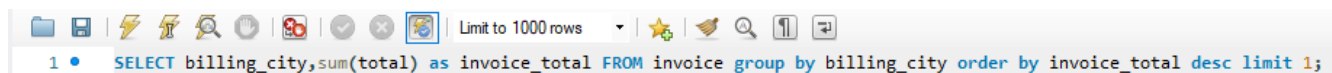
A screenshot of a SQL query editor interface. The query bar contains the text: `1 • SELECT total FROM invoice order by total desc limit 3;`. Above the query bar is a toolbar with various icons for file operations, execution, and settings. A dropdown menu next to the toolbar indicates 'Limit to 1000 rows'.

	total
▶	23.759999999999998
	19.8
	19.8

4. Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money. Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals. Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals.

Ans.

```
SELECT billing_city,sum(total) as invoice_total FROM invoice group by billing_city order by invoice_total desc limit 1;
```



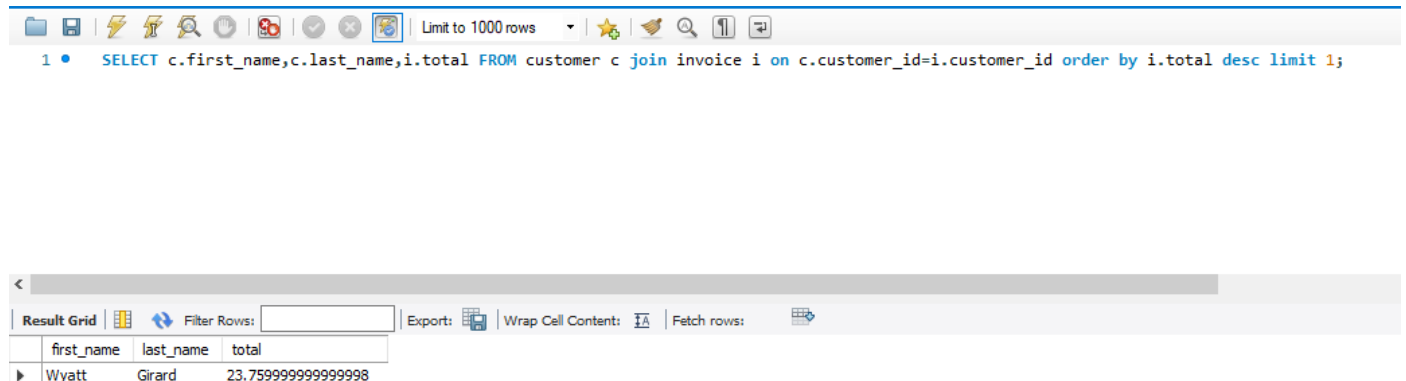
A screenshot of a SQL query editor interface. The query bar contains the text: `1 • SELECT billing_city,sum(total) as invoice_total FROM invoice group by billing_city order by invoice_total desc limit 1;`. Above the query bar is a toolbar with various icons for file operations, execution, and settings. A dropdown menu next to the toolbar indicates 'Limit to 1000 rows'.

	billing_city	invoice_total
▶	Prague	273.24000000000007

5. Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer. Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.

Ans.

```
SELECT c.first_name,c.last_name,i.total FROM customer c join invoice i on  
c.customer_id=i.customer_id order by i.total desc limit 1;
```



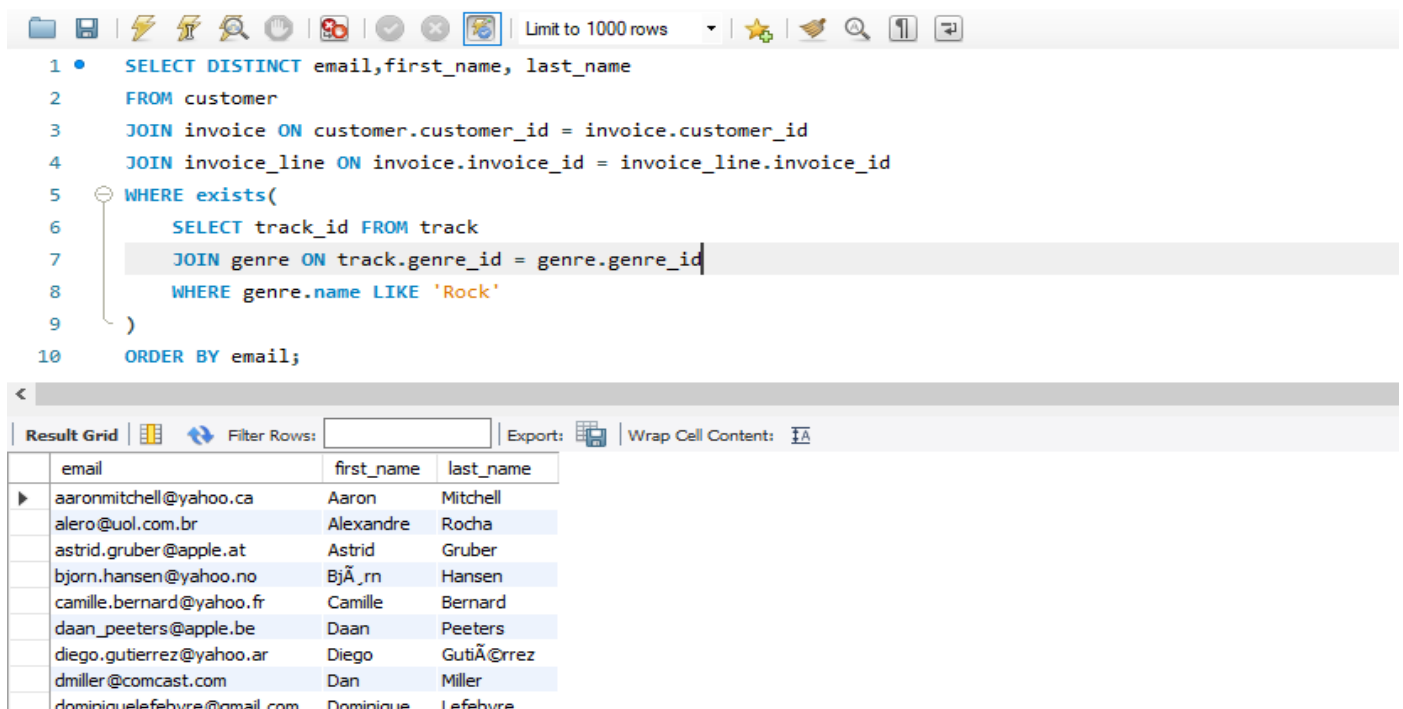
The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a toolbar at the top. The query is: `SELECT c.first_name,c.last_name,i.total FROM customer c join invoice i on c.customer_id=i.customer_id order by i.total desc limit 1;`. Below the query, the result is displayed in a table with columns `first_name`, `last_name`, and `total`. The result shows a single row for Wyatt Girard with a total of 23.759999999999998.

first_name	last_name	total
Wyatt	Girard	23.759999999999998

6. Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners. Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A.

Ans.

```
SELECT DISTINCT email,first_name, last_name FROM customer  
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id  
JOIN invoice_line ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id  
WHERE exists (SELECT track_id FROM track JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id  
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock') ORDER BY email;
```



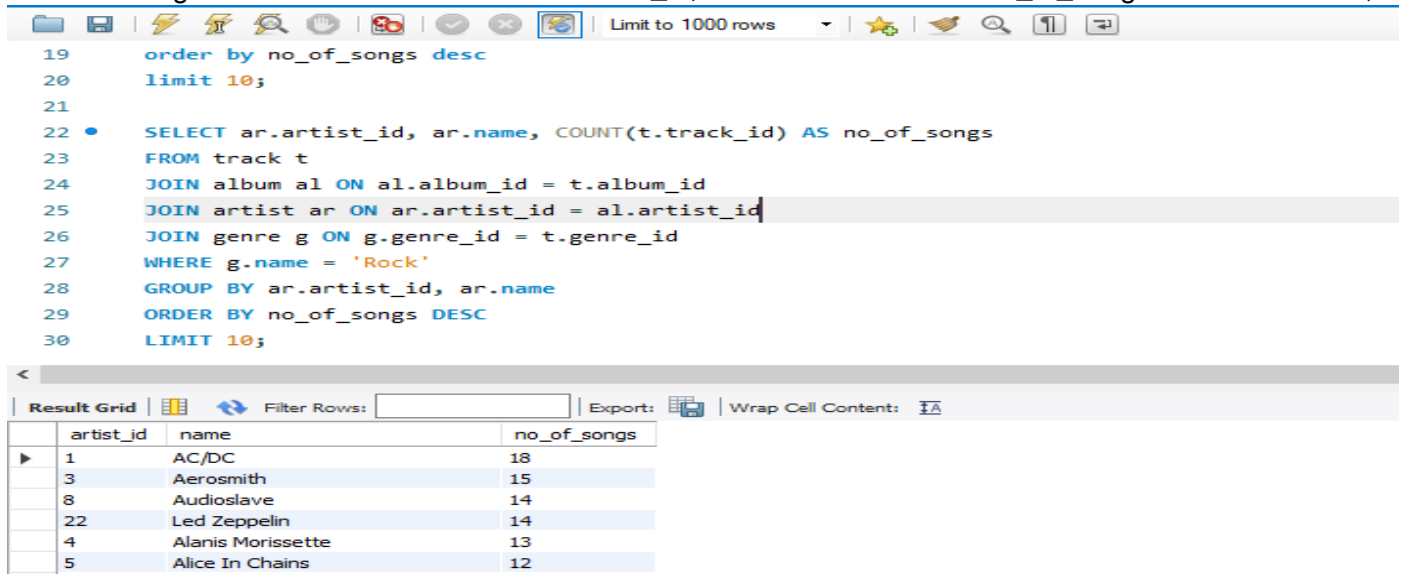
The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a toolbar at the top. The query is: `SELECT DISTINCT email,first_name, last_name FROM customer JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id JOIN invoice_line ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id WHERE exists (SELECT track_id FROM track JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock') ORDER BY email;`. Below the query, the result is displayed in a table with columns `email`, `first_name`, and `last_name`. The result shows a list of customers who are Rock Music listeners, ordered alphabetically by email.

email	first_name	last_name
aaronmitchell@yahoo.ca	Aaron	Mitchell
alero@uol.com.br	Alexandre	Rocha
astrid.gruber@apple.at	Astrid	Gruber
bjorn.hansen@yahoo.no	Björn	Hansen
camille.bernard@yahoo.fr	Camille	Bernard
daan_peeters@apple.be	Daan	Peeters
diego.gutierrez@yahoo.ar	Diego	Gutiérrez
dmiller@comcast.com	Dan	Miller
dominiquelefebvre@gmail.com	Dominique	Lefebvre

7. Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset. Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands.

Ans.

```
SELECT ar.artist_id, ar.name, COUNT(t.track_id) AS no_of_songs FROM track t
JOIN album al ON al.album_id = t.album_id
JOIN artist ar ON ar.artist_id = al.artist_id
JOIN genre g ON g.genre_id = t.genre_id
WHERE g.name = 'Rock' GROUP BY ar.artist_id, ar.name ORDER BY no_of_songs DESC LIMIT 10;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
19 order by no_of_songs desc
20 limit 10;
21
22 • SELECT ar.artist_id, ar.name, COUNT(t.track_id) AS no_of_songs
23 FROM track t
24 JOIN album al ON al.album_id = t.album_id
25 JOIN artist ar ON ar.artist_id = al.artist_id
26 JOIN genre g ON g.genre_id = t.genre_id
27 WHERE g.name = 'Rock'
28 GROUP BY ar.artist_id, ar.name
29 ORDER BY no_of_songs DESC
30 LIMIT 10;
```

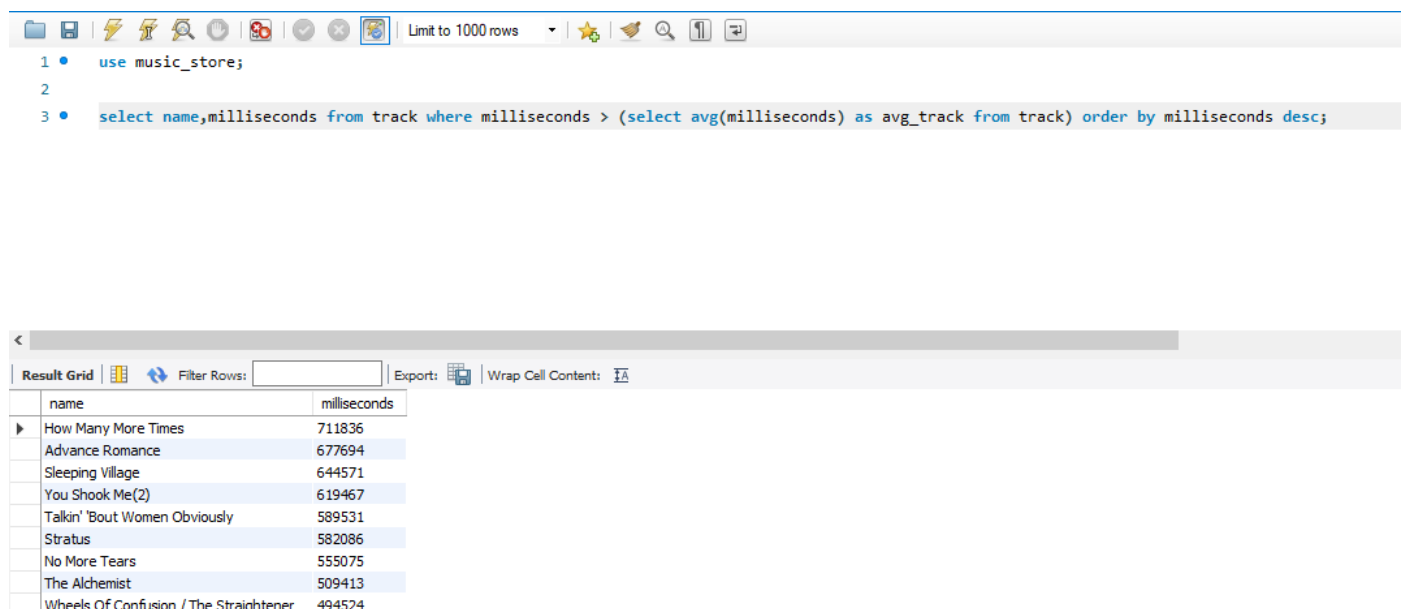
The result grid shows the following data:

artist_id	name	no_of_songs
1	AC/DC	18
3	Aerosmith	15
8	Audioslave	14
22	Led Zeppelin	14
4	Alanis Morissette	13
5	Alice In Chains	12

8. Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length. Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first.

Ans.

```
select name,milliseconds from track where milliseconds > (select avg(milliseconds) as avg_track
from track) order by milliseconds desc;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
1 • use music_store;
2
3 • select name,milliseconds from track where milliseconds > (select avg(milliseconds) as avg_track from track) order by milliseconds desc;
```

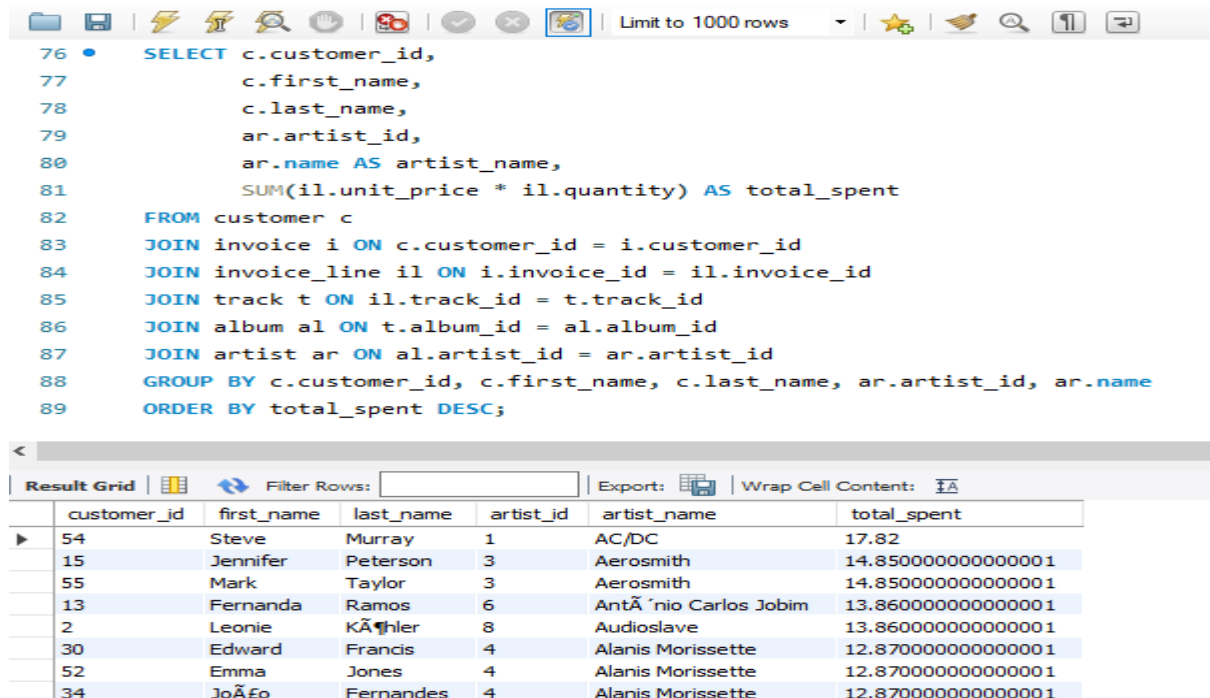
The result grid shows the following data:

name	milliseconds
How Many More Times	711836
Advance Romance	677694
Sleeping Village	644571
You Shook Me(2)	619467
Talkin' 'Bout Women Obviously	589531
Stratus	582086
No More Tears	555075
The Alchemist	509413
Wheels Of Confusion / The Straightener	494524

9. Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent.

Ans.

```
SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, ar.artist_id, ar.name AS artist_name,
SUM(il.unit_price * il.quantity) AS total_spent FROM customer c
JOIN invoice i ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id
JOIN invoice_line il ON i.invoice_id = il.invoice_id
JOIN track t ON il.track_id = t.track_id
JOIN album al ON t.album_id = al.album_id
JOIN artist ar ON al.artist_id = ar.artist_id
GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, ar.artist_id, ar.name
ORDER BY total_spent DESC;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. The top toolbar includes icons for file operations, execution, and a 'Limit to 1000 rows' dropdown. The SQL editor contains the query from the previous block. Below the editor, the 'Result Grid' tab is active, displaying the query results in a table with 6 columns: customer_id, first_name, last_name, artist_id, artist_name, and total_spent. The results are sorted by total_spent in descending order.

customer_id	first_name	last_name	artist_id	artist_name	total_spent
54	Steve	Murray	1	AC/DC	17.82
15	Jennifer	Peterson	3	Aerosmith	14.850000000000001
55	Mark	Taylor	3	Aerosmith	14.850000000000001
13	Fernanda	Ramos	6	Antônio Carlos Jobim	13.860000000000001
2	Leonie	Köhler	8	Audioslave	13.860000000000001
30	Edward	Francis	4	Alanis Morissette	12.870000000000001
52	Emma	Jones	4	Alanis Morissette	12.870000000000001
34	João	Fernandes	4	Alanis Morissette	12.870000000000001

10. We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres.

Ans.

```
WITH popular_genre AS (
SELECT COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country,
genre.name, genre.genre_id, ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY
COUNT(invoice_line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo FROM invoice_line
JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice_id = invoice_line.invoice_id
JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
GROUP BY 2,3,4
ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC
)
SELECT * FROM popular_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1
```


Limit to 1000 rows

```

144         GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
145         ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),
146
147     country_max_spending AS(
148         SELECT billing_country,MAX(total_spending) AS max_spending
149         FROM customer_with_country
150         GROUP BY billing_country)
151
152     SELECT cc.billing_country, cc.total_spending, cc.first_name, cc.last_name, cc.customer_id
153     FROM customer_with_country cc
154     JOIN country_max_spending ms
155     ON cc.billing_country = ms.billing_country
156     WHERE cc.total_spending = ms.max_spending
157     ORDER BY 1;

```

<

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

	billing_country	total_spending	first_name	last_name	customer_id
▶	Argentina	39.6	Diego	Gutiérrez	56
	Australia	81.18	Mark	Taylor	55
	Austria	69.3	Astrid	Gruber	7
	Belgium	60.38999999999999	Daan	Peeters	8
	Brazil	108.89999999999998	Luís	Gonçalves	1
	Canada	99.99	François	Tremblay	3
	Chile	97.02000000000001	Luis	Rojas	57
	Czech Republic	144.54000000000002	František	Wichterlov	5