

## 1. Python program to sort Python Dictionaries by Keys

```
In [4]: def sorting():
        a={"abc":123,"efg":456,"xyz":789,"bcd":987,"hij":654}
        dict1={}
        for i in sorted(a):
            dict1[i]=a[i]
        return dict1

sorting()

Out[4]: {'abc': 123, 'bcd': 987, 'efg': 456, 'hij': 654, 'xyz': 789}
```

## 2. Python program to sort Python Dictionaries by Values

```
In [5]: def sorting():
        a={"abc":123,"efg":456,"xyz":789,"bcd":987,"hij":654}
        dict1={}
        for i in sorted(a.values()):
            for j in a:
                if i==a[j]:
                    dict1[j]=i
            return dict1

sorting()

Out[5]: {'abc': 123, 'efg': 456, 'hij': 654, 'xyz': 789, 'bcd': 987}
```

## 3. Python program to find the sum of all items in a dictionary

```
In [12]: def addition():
        a={1:1,2:4,3:9,4:16,5:25,6:36,7:49,8:64,9:81,10:100}
        sum_keys=0
        sum_values=0
        for i in a:
            sum_keys+=i
        print("addition of keys are =",sum_keys)
        for j in a.values():
            sum_values+=j
        print("addition of values are =",sum_values)
        print("Sum of all items in a dictionary are= ",sum_keys+sum_values)

addition()

addition of keys are = 55
addition of values are = 385
Sum of all items in a dictionary are= 440
```

## 4. Python program to remove a key from a dictionary

```
In [4]: def remove():
        a={"abc":123,"efg":456,"xyz":789,"bcd":987,"hij":654}
        n=input("Enter a kye which you want to remove= ")
        del a[n]
        return a

remove()

Enter a kye which you want to remove= xyz
{'abc': 123, 'efg': 456, 'bcd': 987, 'hij': 654}
```

## 5. Python program to merge two Dictionaries

```
In [9]: def merge():
        a={"abc":123,"efg":456,"xyz":789,"bcd":987}
        b={1:1,2:4,3:9,4:16,5:25,6:36,7:49,8:64,9:81}
        a.update(b)
        print(a,end="")

merge()

{'abc': 123, 'efg': 456, 'xyz': 789, 'bcd': 987, 1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81}
```

## 6. Program to create grade calculator in Python

```
In [19]: def grade_calculator():
        n=int(input())
        if n>=90:
            print("congratulation'- A Grade")
        elif n<=90 and n<=80:
            print("B Grade")
        elif n<=80 and n<=70:
            print("C Grade")
        elif n<=70 and n<=60:
            print("D Grade")
        else:
            print("E Grade")

grade_calculator()

98
'congratulation'- A Grade
```

## 7. Print anagrams together in Python using List and Dictionary

```
In [14]: a=["eat","tea","tan","ate","nat","bat"]
        dict1={}
        for i in a:
            s=""
            s=" ".join(sorted(i))
            if s in dict1:
                dict1[s].append(i)
            else:
                dict1[s]=[i]
        print(list(dict1.values()))

[['eat', 'tea', 'ate'], ['tan', 'nat'], ['bat']]
```

## 8. Check if binary representations of two numbers are an anagram

```
In [14]: def anagram():
        n=int(input("Enter first number= "))
        m=int(input("Enter second number= "))
        a=bin(n)[2:]
        b=bin(m)[2:]

        if a.count("0")==b.count("0"):
            if a.count("1")==b.count("1"):
                print(f"a={a},b={b}")
                print(f"{n} and {m} are anagram number")
            else:
                print("Number is not anagram")
        else:
            print(f"{n} and {m} are not anagram ")

anagram()

Enter first number= 9
Enter second number= 12
a=1001,b=1100
9 and 12 are anagram number
```

## 9. Python Counter to find the size of the largest subset of anagram words

```
In [28]: a=["eat","tea","tan","ate","nat","bat"]
        dict1={}
        for i in a:
            sort=""
            sort=" ".join(sorted(i))
            if sort in dict1:
                dict1[sort].append(i)
            else:
                dict1[sort]=[i]
        print(list(dict1.values()))
        print("Largest subset of anagram words is= ",max(dict1.values(),key=len))

[['eat', 'tea', 'ate'], ['tan', 'nat'], ['bat']]
Largest subset of anagram words is= ['eat', 'tea', 'ate']
```

## 10. Python Dictionary to find mirror characters in a string

```
In [2]: a="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
        b="zyxwutsrqponmlkjihgfedcba"
        dict1=dict(zip(a,b))
        # ti will gives dict like this
        #{'a': 'z', 'b': 'y', 'c': 'x',.....'y': 'b', 'z': 'a'}

m=input("Enter a string= ")
n=int(input("Enter a number from which you want to mirror= "))
x=m[:n-1]
y=m[n-1:]
z=""

d={}
for i in y:
    z+=dict[i]
print("your string with mirror charecter is= ",x+z)

Enter a string= anagram
Enter a number from which you want to mirror= 4
your string with mirror charecter is= anatizn
```

## 11. Counting the frequencies in a list using a dictionary in Python

```
In [3]: a=[1,2,11,3,1,5,2,3,6,4,5,4,8,6,3,2,1,2,5]
        dict1={}
        for i in a:
            dict1[i]=a.count(i)
        print("Count of frequency is= ",dict1)

Count of frequency is= {1: 3, 2: 4, 11: 1, 3: 3, 5: 3, 6: 2, 4: 2, 8: 1}
```

## 12. Python program to convert a list of Tuples into Dictionary

```
In [5]: a=[(1,1),(2,4),(3,9),(4,16),(5,25),(6,36)]
        dict1={}
        for i in a:
            dict1.update({i[0]:i[1]})
        print("your list of tuple converted into dictionary= ",dict1)

your list of tuple converted into dictionary= {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36}
```

## 13. Scrapping And Finding Ordered Words In A Dictionary using Python

```
In [15]: a="abc is beautifull and xyz is honest"
        b=a.split()
        for i in b:
            for j in range(len(i)-1):
                if ord(i[j])>ord(i[j+1]):
                    break
            else:
                print(f"{i}\\" is ordered word in ={a}")

"abc" is ordered word in =abc is beautifull and xyz is honest
"is" is ordered word in =abc is beautifull and xyz is honest
"xyz" is ordered word in =abc is beautifull and xyz is honest
"is" is ordered word in =abc is beautifull and xyz is honest
```

## 14. Create a list of tuples from the given list having a number and its cube in each tuple

```
In [21]: a=[1,2,3,4,5,6]
        d=[]
        for i in a:
            d.append((i,i**3))
        print(d)

[(1, 1), (2, 8), (3, 27), (4, 64), (5, 125), (6, 216)]
```

## 15. Sort a list of tuples by the second Item

```
In [27]: a=[(6,36),(2,4),(1,1),(4,16),(5,25),(3,9)]
        for i in range(len(a)):
            for j in range(len(a)-1):
                if a[j][1]>a[j+1][1]:
                    a[j],a[j+1]=a[j+1],a[j]

print("your list of tuple after sorting= ",a)

your list of tuple after sorting= [(1, 1), (2, 4), (3, 9), (4, 16), (5, 25), (6, 36)]
```

## 16. Python Program for Insertion Sort

```
In [6]: a=[4,1,6,9,2,7,3]
        for i in range(len(a)):
            insertion_value=a[i]
            j=i-1
            while j>=0 and insertion_value < a[j]:
                a[j+1]=a[j]
                j=j-1
            else:
                a[j+1]=insertion_value
            print("Sorted list= ",a)

Sorted list= [4, 1, 6, 9, 2, 7, 3]
Sorted list= [1, 4, 6, 9, 2, 7, 3]
Sorted list= [1, 4, 6, 9, 2, 7, 3]
Sorted list= [1, 2, 4, 6, 9, 7, 3]
Sorted list= [1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 3]
Sorted list= [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9]
```

## 17. Python Program for SelectionSort

```
In [12]: li=[5,8,4,3,6,9,15,2]
        for i in range(len(li)):
            min_value=i
            for j in range(i,len(li)):
                if li[j]<li[min_value]:
                    min_value=j

            x=li[i]
            li[i]=li[min_value]
            li[min_value]=x

        print(li)

[2, 8, 4, 3, 6, 9, 15, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 8, 6, 9, 15, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 8, 6, 9, 15, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 15, 8]
[2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 15, 9]
[2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15]
[2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15]
```

## 18. Python Program for Bubble Sort

```
In [6]: a=[11,2,55,3,4,9,6,1,77]
        for i in range(len(a)):
            print(i)
            for j in range(len(a)-1):
                print(j)
                if a[j]>a[j+1]:
                    a[j],a[j+1]=a[j+1],a[j]
                    print('List after updating= ',a)

print(a)

0
List after updating= [2, 11, 55, 3, 4, 9, 6, 1, 77]
List after updating= [2, 11, 3, 55, 4, 9, 6, 1, 77]
List after updating= [2, 11, 3, 4, 55, 9, 6, 1, 77]
List after updating= [2, 11, 3, 4, 9, 55, 6, 1, 77]
List after updating= [2, 11, 3, 4, 8, 55, 1, 77]
List after updating= [2, 11, 3, 4, 9, 6, 1, 55, 77]
1
List after updating= [2, 3, 11, 4, 9, 6, 1, 55, 77]
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 11, 9, 6, 1, 55, 77]
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 9, 11, 6, 1, 55, 77]
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 9, 6, 11, 1, 55, 77]
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 9, 6, 1, 11, 55, 77]
2
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 1, 11, 55, 77]
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 6, 1, 9, 11, 55, 77]
3
List after updating= [2, 3, 4, 1, 6, 9, 11, 55, 77]
4
List after updating= [2, 3, 1, 4, 6, 9, 11, 55, 77]
5
List after updating= [2, 1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 55, 77]
6
List after updating= [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 55, 77]
7
[1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 55, 77]
```

## 19. Python Program for Merge Sort

```
In [35]: list1=[5,2,4,9,6,3,2,12]
        def merge(list1):
            # list1=[5,2,4,9,6,3,2,12]
            if len(list1)<=1:
                return list1

            m=len(list1)//2
            left=list1[:m]
            right=list1[m:]

            print(f"left={left}, right= {right}")

            left=merge(left)
            right=merge(right)
            return merged_list(left,right)

        def merged_list(a,b):
            list2=[]
            i=j=0
            while i<len(a) and j<len(b):
                if a[i]<=b[j]:
                    list2.append(a[i])
                    i=i+1
                else:
                    list2.append(b[j])
                    j=j+1

            while i<len(a):
                list2.append(a[i])
                i=i+1
            while j<len(b):
                list2.append(b[j])
                j=j+1
            print(list2)
            return list2

        result=merge(list1)
        print("sorted list will be= ",result)

left=[5, 2, 4, 9], right=[6, 3, 2, 12]
left=[5, 2], right=[4, 9]
left=[5], right=[2]
[2, 5]
left=[4], right=[9]
[4, 9]
[2, 4, 5, 9]
left=[6, 3], right=[2, 12]
left=[6], right=[3]
[3, 6]
left=[2], right=[12]
[2, 12]
[2, 3, 6, 12]
[2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 12]
sorted list will be= [2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 12]
```

## 20. Python Program for QuickSortSort

```
In [7]: def quicksort(l1):
        fix=0
        start=1
        end=len(l1)-1

        while start<len(l1) and end>1 and start<=end:
            if l1[start]<=l1[fix]:
                l1[start]=l1[fix]
                elif l1[end]>=l1[fix]:
                    end-=1
            else:
                l1[start],l1[end]=l1[end],l1[start]

            if start>end:
                l1[fix],l1[end]=l1[end],l1[fix]
            print(f"List after Quick sorting= ",l1)

l1=[15,9,12,45,7]
quicksort(l1)
# This is not the complete ans. currently i don't know the logic

List after Quick sorting= : [7, 9, 12, 15, 45]
```

In [ ]: