Mini Project

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Class:SE COMPS B3 Grade: Sign:

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Problem:-Simulation for Booths Algorithm.

Abstract: Booth's Algorithm is used for Multiplication of two numbers. The main purpose is to produce a multiplier with simulation and to maximize the speed in which the multiplier performs the calculation. The simulation algorithm can be analysed by using algorithm analysis measures. In the field of Digital Signal Processing and graphics applications, multiplication is an important and computationally intensive operation. The efficiency of the multiplier has always been a critical issue and, therefore, the subject of many research projects and papers. Booth algorithm is a crucial improvement in the design of signed binary multiplication. This simulation of Booth's algorithm using python tkinter can multiply signed integers and provides each steps as well as the answer in decimal as well as binary.

Program:

```
from tkinter import *
import tkinter.messagebox
import time
from PIL import Image, ImageTk
def convert_to_binary(n, z):
    return ("{0:0%db}" %int(z)).format(n)

def convert_to_integer(b):
    return int(b,2)

def bit_flip(a,z):
    a = convert_to_binary(a,z)
    b = ""
    for w in a:
```

```
if w == '1':
       w = '0'
     else:
       w = '1'
     b = b + w
  return b
def get_twos_complement(b,z):
  w = bit_flip(b,z)
  one = convert\_to\_binary(1,z)
  a = add_binary(w, one,z)
  a = a[-z:]
  return a
def add_binary(a, b, z):
  return convert_to_binary(int(a, 2) + int(b, 2),z)
def getRMB(a):
  return a[len(a)-1:]
def right_shift(A,z):
  A = convert\_to\_integer(A)
  b = convert\_to\_binary(A >> 1, z*2)
  return b
def calculate():
       def leftclick(event):
```

```
a=t1.get()
              b=t2.get()
              z=t3.get()
              a=int(a)
              b=int(b)
              z=int(z)
              A = convert\_to\_binary(0,z)
              B = ""
             q = ""
              B_Comp = ""
              if(a < 0): #For Negative Number
                     a *= -1
                     B = get\_twos\_complement(a,z)
                     B_Comp = convert_to_binary(a.z)
              else:
                     B = convert\_to\_binary(a,z)
                     B_Comp = get_twos_complement(a,z)
              if(b<0): #For Negative Number
                     b *= -1
                     q = get\_twos\_complement(b,z)
              else:
                     q = convert\_to\_binary(b,z)
              q1 = '0'
              result="******* Binary Multiplication using Booth's
Algorithm*************
              Label(root,text=result,fg='orange',font='times 20').grid(row=5,sticky=W)
              result="A="+A+"="+str(convert_to_integer(A))+"
                                                                              \mathbf{M} =
"+B+"="+str(convert_to_integer(B))
```

```
Label(root,text=result).grid(row=6,sticky=W)
              result="M_Comp = "+B_Comp+"="+str(convert_to_integer(B_Comp))+"
q = "+q+"="+str(convert_to_integer(q))
              Label(root,text=result).grid(row=7,sticky=W)
              count = z
              print(count)
              step = 1
              i=9
              result=" A
                                                             OPERATIONS\n"
                              M
q-1
              Label(root,text=result).place(x=20,y=90)
              result=A+"
                                                         "+q1+"
                                    "+q+"
                                                                         "+B+"
Initialize\n"
              T.insert(END, result)
              while(count>0):
                      q0 = getRMB(q)
                      #For the cases where q0 and q-1 are both 0 or 1
                      if ((q0 == '0') \text{ and } (q1 == '0')) \text{ or } ((q0 == '1') \text{ and } (q1 == '1')):
                             result=A+"
                                                  "+q+"
                                                                        "+q1+"
opcode="+q0+q1+"\n"
                             T.insert(END, result)
                             i=i+1
                             c = A + q + q1
                             c = right\_shift(c,z)
                             c = A[0] + c
                             A = c[:z]
                             q = c[z:2*z]
                             q1 = c[len(c)-1]
                             result=A+"
                                                 "+q+"
                                                                        "+q1+"
Arithmetic Right Shift\n"
                             T.insert(END, result)
```

```
-----\n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                 #For the cases where q0 is 0 and q-1 is 1
                 elif (q0 == '0') and (q1 == '1'):
                       result=A+"
                                   "+q+"
                                                       "+q1+"
opcode="+q0+q1+"\n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                       i=i+1
                       A = add\_binary(A, B, z)
                       A = A[-z:]
                       c = A + q + q1
                       result=A+"
                                      "+q+"
                                                        "+q1+"
A=A+M n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                       c = right\_shift(c,z)
                       c = A[0] + c
                       A = c[:z]
                       q = c[z:2*z]
                       q1 = c[len(c)-1]
                       result=A+"
                                    "+q+"
                                                       "+q1+"
Arithmetic Right Shift \n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                       result="-----
                         -----\n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                       #For the cases where q0 is 1 and q-1 is 0
                 elif (q0 == '1') and (q1 == '0'):
                       result=A+"
                                  "+q+"
                                                        "+q1+"
opcode="+q0+q1+"\n"
                       T.insert(END, result)
                       i=i+1
```

```
A = add\_binary(A, B\_Comp, z)
                             A = A[-z:]
                             c = A + q + q1
                             result=A+" "+q+"
                                                                        "+q1+"
A=A-M \setminus n"
                             T.insert(END, result)
                             c = right\_shift(c,z)
                             c = A[0] + c
                             A = c[:z]
                             q = c[z:2*z]
                             q1 = c[len(c)-1]
                                              "+q+"
                                                                       "+q1+"
                             result=A+"
Arithmetic Right Shift\n"
                             T.insert(END, result)
                             T.insert(END, result)
                      count-=1
                      step+=1
                      result="
                                                     The Result in binary form is
"+(A+q)+"\backslash n"
                      Label(root,text=result,fg="red",font='times 20').place(x=0,y=560)
                      res = ""
                      a=A+q
                      if a[0] == '1':
                             i = convert_to_integer(a)
                             b = bit_flip(i,z)
                             one = convert\_to\_binary(1,z)
                             res = add\_binary(b, one,z)
                      else:
                             res = a
```

```
value = convert_to_integer(res)
                     if a[0] == '1':
                            value*=-1
                     result="
                                                       The Result in Decimal form is
"+str(value)+"\n"
                     Label(root,text=result,fg="red",font='times 20').place(x=0,y=600)
       root=Tk()
       root.title("BOOTH'S ALGORITHM")
       root.geometry('1000x900')
       T = Text(root, height=25, width=150)
       T.place(x=10,y=130)
       root.bind("<Button-1>",leftclick)
def quits():
       answer=tkinter.messagebox.askquestion("Quit","Do You Want To Quit")
       if answer=='yes':
              root.quit()
root=Tk()
root.title("BOOTH'S ALGORITHM")
root.geometry('500x500')
image = Image.open("booths.png")
photo = ImageTk.PhotoImage(image)
label = Label(image=photo)
label.image = photo # keep a reference!
label.place(x=0,y=0)
11=Label(root,text="MULTIPLICAND",font='times 15',fg='purple',bg='white')
12=Label(root,text="MULTIPLIER",font='times 15',fg='purple',bg='white')
13=Label(root,text="ENTER THE NO OF BITS",font='times 15',fg='purple',bg='white')
t1=Entry(root,bg='purple',fg='white',font='times 15')
t2=Entry(root,bg='purple',fg='white',font='times 15')
```

```
t3=Entry(root,bg='purple',fg='white',font='times 15')
b3=Button(root,text="Calculate",font='times 15',command=calculate)
b2=Button(root,text="Exit",font='times 15',command=quits)
11.grid(row=1,sticky=W)
12.grid(row=2,sticky=W)
13.grid(row=3,sticky=W)
t1.place(x=150,y=0)
```

$$t2.place(x=150,y=30)$$

$$b3.place(x=0,y=90)$$

root.mainloop()

Output:-



******* Binary Multiplication using Booth's Algorithm********

Α	q	q-1	M OPERATIONS		
00000 00000 00000	00110 00110 00011	0 0	00111	Initialize opcode=00 Arithmetic Right Shift	
00000 11001 11100	00011 00011 10001	0 0 1		opcode=10 A=A-M Arithmetic Right Shift	
11100 11110	10001 01000	1 1		opcode=11 Arithmetic Right Shift	
11110 00101 00010	01000 01000 10100	1 1 0		opcode=01 A=A+M Arithmetic Right Shift	
00010 00001	10100 01010	0 0		opcode=00 Arithmetic Right Shift	

The Result in binary form is 0000101010

The Result in Decimal form is 42