Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad-431004 (MS) India

Department of Computer Science and Information Technology



NAAC Re-accredited 'A' Grade

Synopsis on

"Analysis of EMI on Product"

Submitted by

Mr. Shubham Dattatray Dhanwate

Guided By

Dr. Sonali B. Kulkarni

Assistant professor

Department of Computer Science & IT

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University

Aurangabad – 431004.



Department of Computer Science and Information Technology Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University, Aurangabad-431004 (MS) India

CERTIFICATE

This is certify that **Mr. Shubham Dattatray Dhanwate** have successfully complete Mini Project on "**Analysis of EMI on Product**" for the partial fulfillment of MSC Computer Science/ Information Technology Semester -II during 2022-2023. Hence certified.

Guide Head

Examiner

TABLE CONTENT

SR.NO	TOPIC NAME	PAGE NO.	REMARK
1.	ABTRACT	4	
2.	INTRODUCTION	5	
3.	PROBLEM STATMENT	6	
4.	OBJECTIVE	6	
5.	SIGNIFICANT OF STUDY	7	
6.	LITERATURE REVIEW	8	
7.	SYSTEM REQUIRMENT	9	
8.	METHODOLOGY	10	
9.	CONCLUSION	11	
10.	REFERENCE	12	

ABSTRACT

An equated monthly installment (EMI) is a type of payment made by borrowers to lenders on a monthly basis in a fixed amount. EMIs include both the interest and principal amounts. After a certain number of EMIs are made, the loan will be fully paid off. The analysis of electronic equated monthly installment (EMI) products involves an evaluation of the financial products offered by various electronic retailers and financial institutions. This analysis typically involves examining the terms and conditions of the EMI product, including interest rates, processing fees, and repayment periods. In addition to assessing the financial aspects of the product, the analysis may also consider factors such as customer experience, ease of use, and availability of customer support. The goal of this analysis is to provide consumers with a better understanding of the different EMI products available in the market and to help them make informed decisions about which product to choose based on their specific needs and financial situation. The insights generated from this analysis can also be useful for retailers and financial institutions to refine their product offerings and improve customer satisfaction.

INTRODUCTION

An equated monthly installment (EMI) is a type of payment made by borrowers tolenders on a monthly basis in a fixed amount. EMIs include both the interest and principal amounts.

Electronic Equated Monthly Installment (EMI) is a financial product offered by many electronic retailers, banks, and non-banking financial institutions that allow consumers to purchase electronic goods such as mobile phones, laptops, refrigerators, etc., on credit. The product enables customers to pay for the electronic goods in monthly installments over a fixed period, usually ranging from 6 to 24 months, along with the applicable interest rate. Analyzing the Electronic EMI product involves assessing the financial viability of the offering for both the consumers and the providers. It requires evaluating the terms and conditions of the product, such as the interest rates, repayment periods, prepayment penalties, and other fees and charges.

An analysis of the electronic EMI product will also require an assessment of the target market, including the demographics, income levels, and creditworthiness of the consumers. The analysis may involve market research to identify consumer preferences, expectations, and behavior towards such financial products. In addition, analyzing the Electronic EMI product involves evaluating the risks associated with offering the product, including credit risk, operational risk, and market risk. Financial modeling may be used to forecast cash flows, profitability, and risk-adjusted returns.

Overall, a thorough analysis of the Electronic EMI product requires a comprehensive understanding of the financial and market conditions, as well as the regulatory environment in which the product operates. The analysis aims to determine the product's sustainability, competitiveness, and profitability, as well as the potential risks and challenges associated with offering such a product.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

The problem statement for analysis of equated monthly instalment (EMI) product in the electronic market involves examining the factors that influence the sales and adoption of this product. The goal of the analysis is to identify the key drivers of EMI product sales, determine the market size, understand customer preferences, and analyze the competition.

The analysis should consider factors such as consumer demographics, disposable income, pricing, financing options, product features, and customer service. Additionally, it should also examine the impact of macroeconomic factors such as inflation, interest rates, and economic growth on the demand for EMI products.

The output of the analysis should include insights into the target audience, the most effective marketing strategies, and recommendations for improving product features and customer service. Ultimately, the goal is to provide actionable insights to electronic retailers and manufacturers to optimize their EMI product offerings and increase sales.

OBJECTIVE

- i. Assessing customer adoption: This could involve analyzing the number of customers who have signed up for the product, their average transaction size, and frequency of use. Additionally, it would be useful to understand the reasons why customers are or are not using the product.
- ii. Comparing with competitors: It is crucial to compare the electronic EMI product with similar products offered by competitors. This analysis could include a comparison of pricing, features, benefits, and customer feedback.
- iii. Identifying areas of improvement: Based on the analysis of the electronic EMI product, it would be necessary to identify areas of improvement. This could include improving the user interface, streamlining the sign-up process, offering additional financing options, or improving customer support.

SIGNIFICANT OF STUDY

Consumer Protection: Analyzing the EMI products helps in ensuring that consumers are not subjected to unfair or deceptive practices. EMI products are often marketed to consumers as an affordable way to purchase expensive goods, but they can also be designed to exploit the customer's financial limitations, leading to high-interest rates, hidden fees, and unfavorable terms.

Financial Management: Analyzing EMI products can help individuals to better manage their finances by understanding how EMI payments work and how they can be used to their advantage. By comparing different EMI products and terms, consumers can choose the one that best suits their financial needs and constraints.

Business Strategy: Analyzing EMI products is important for businesses that offer these products as it helps in identifying opportunities for growth and expansion. Businesses can use this analysis to design and market EMI products that cater to specific segments of consumers, thereby increasing their customer base and revenue.

Economic Development: EMI products can help boost economic development by making expensive goods more accessible to a larger segment of consumers. Analyzing EMI products can help policymakers understand the impact of these products on the economy and design policies that encourage their adoption and expansion.

LITERATURE REVIEW

SR_NO	AUTHOR NAME	Publication (JOURNAL/Conference)	Year of publication
1	RAMAKRISHNAN RAMAN and DHANYA PRAMOD	Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology	31st July 2015 [1]
2	Saju Eapen Thomas and P R Wilson	IUP. All Rights Reserved.	2012 [2]
3	Dr. Saurabh Mishra	NEW MAN INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY STUDIES	12 DEC. 2014 [3]
4	Dr. Kishore Kumar Das	International Journal of Core Engineering & Management (IJCEM)	4, July 2015 [4]
5	Shailaja D and Prof. Ramesh O Olekar	International Journal of Research and Analytical Reviews (IJRAR)	February 2021 [5]
6	Mohammed A. M. Sadeeq and Abdulrahman Ihsan Abdulla	Technology Reports of Kansai University	5, June, 2020 [6]
7	Madiha Khan1, Shejuti Haque	Southeast University Journal of Arts and Social Sciences Southeast University Journal of Arts and Social Sciences,	1, June 2020 [7]
8	Dr. M.N. Mohamed Abusali Sheik	Science, Education and Innovations in the context of modern problems - SEI IMCRA - International Meetings and Conferences Research Association ISSN	October, 2022 [8]
9	Nagasimha Balakrishna Kanagal	Journal of Management and Marketing Research	12, June, 2012 [9]
10	P. Balachandra , S. Mahapatra, D. C. Baruah	International Bioenergy (Shanghai) Exhibition and Asian Bioenergy Conference	October 2015 [10]

SYSTEM REQUIREMENT

SOFTWARE

WEKA TOOL

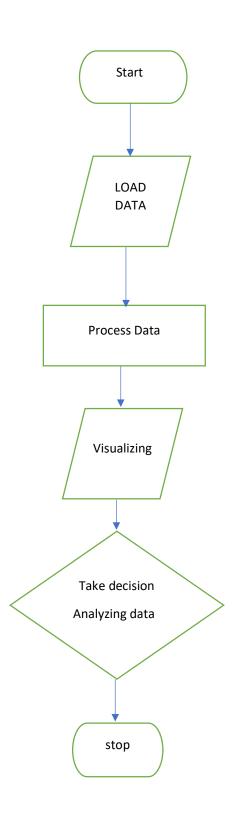
JUPYTER TOOL WITH PYTHON LANGUAGE

HARDWARE

MONITOR

KEYBOARD

MOUSE



METHODOLOGY(WORKFLOW)

METHODOLOGY(WORKFLOW)

- 1. (Start)The dataset containing the product details such as price, installment amount, and other relevant variables.
- 2.Load data into the weka tool
- 3. Preprocess the data by removing any missing values or outliers
- 4. Visualizing loaded dataset.
- 5. Finally, analyze the results to understand the factors that influence the monthly installment amount and how to optimize it.
- 6.Done with final analysis.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this literature review has highlighted the key factors that influence customers' adoption and usage of electronic EMI products. Perceived usefulness and ease of use, perceived risk, demographic factors, perceived cost and benefit, and social influence are some of the critical factors that play a significant role in customers' adoption and usage of EMI products. These findings have important implications for marketers and financial institutions that offer EMI products. By addressing these factors, they can improve the adoption and usage of EMI products among customers.

REFERENCES

[1]RAMAKRISHNAN RAMAN and DHANYA PRAMOD, A STUDY ON USER PERCEPTION AND AWARENESSRELATED TO ONLINE PRIVACY DURING ONLINESHOPPING, "Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology", 31st July 2015.

[2]Saju Eapen Thomas and P R Wilson, Youth Consumerism and Consumption Status Products: A Study on the Prevalence of Social PressureAmong Students of Professional Courses, "Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology",2012.

[3]Dr. Saurabh Mishra, Purchasing priorities of online users and its impact on offline retailers," NEW MAN INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY STUDIES",12.DEC 2014.

[4]Dr.Kishore Kumar Das, Growth of E-Commerce in India, "International Journal Of Core Engineering & Management (IJCEM)",4,July2015.

[5]Shailaja D and Prof. Ramesh O Olekar, A Study on Mobile Banking services in India," International Journal of Research and Analytical Reviews (IJRAR)", February 2021.

[6] Mohammed A. M. Sadeeq and Abdulrahman Ihsan Abdulla, Impact of Electronic Commerce on Enterprise Business," Technology Reports of Kansai University",5, June, 2020.

[7] Madiha Khan1, Shejuti Haque, Impact of Buy Now- Pay Later Mechanism through Installment Payment Facility and Credit Card Usage on the Impulsive Purchase Decision of Consumers: Evidence from Dhaka City, "Southeast University Journal of Arts and Social Sciences", 1, June 2020.

[8]Dr. M.N. Mohamed Abusali Sheik, Science, CUSTOMER PERCEPTION AND SATISFACTION

TOWARDS BAJAJ EMI CARD – A VIEW," Education and Innovations in the context of modern

problems - SEI IMCRA - International Meetings and Conferences Research Association ISSN", October 2022.

[9] Nagasimha Balakrishna Kanagal, Promotions as market transactions, "Journal of Management and Marketing Research", 12, June 2012.

[10]P. Balachandra, S. Mahapatra, D. C. Baruah, EMI ON PRODUCT," International Bioenergy (Shanghai) Exhibition and Asian Bioenergy Conference", October 2015.

[11]TERRY WALTER, MARKETS PREDICTION PRODUCT, "The Journal of Futures Markets", 2000.

[12] Simester," Always leave home without it: A research note, Working paper, Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology", Cambridge, MA, 02139.

[13]Tokunaga, H. (1993). The use and abuse of consumer credit: Applications of psychological theory and research. "Journal of Economic Psychology", 14 (June), 285–316.

[14] Hammervoll, Trand (2005). 'Transactional and value creational sources of dependence', "Journal of Business to Business Marketing", vol. 12(4), pg 41-66.

[15]Trehan Mukesh and Ranju Trehan (2011) 'Advertising and Sales Management'. V K (India) Enterprises, New Delhi.

[16] Retailers stumble as traffic heads to e-commerce sites.

http://www.businessstandard.com/article/companies.