Q1] Create an android application to demonstrate the working of implicit intent. Use uriparsing.

```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity"
  android:orientation="vertical">
  <TextView
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Implicit Intent"
    android:textSize="30dp"
    android:textAlignment="center"
    android:paddingBottom="10dp"/>
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/ed1"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter the url"
    android:textSize="20dp"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/btn1"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Submit"
    android:layout_gravity="center"
    android:layout_marginTop="150dp"/>
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.implicitintent;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText ed1;
  Button btn1;
```

Roll No:-115

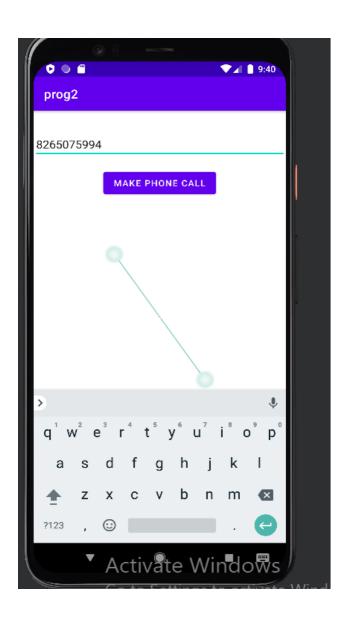
```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    ed1=findViewById(R.id.ed1);
    btn1=findViewById(R.id.btn1);
    btn1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
        @Override
        public void onClick(View view) {
            String url=ed1.getText().toString();
            Intent intent=new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW,Uri.parse(url));
            startActivity(intent);
        }
    });
}
Output:
```



Q2] Create an android application to demonstrate the working of implicit intent. Use PhoneCalling.

```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
< Relative Layout xmlns: android = "http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/phoneNumberEditText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter Phone Number"
    android:layout_marginTop="32dp"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/callButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Make Phone Call"
    android:layout_below="@id/phoneNumberEditText"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp" />
</RelativeLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.callprogram;
import android. Manifest;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.content.pm.PackageManager;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.app.ActivityCompat;
import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat;
import com.example.callprogram.R;
```

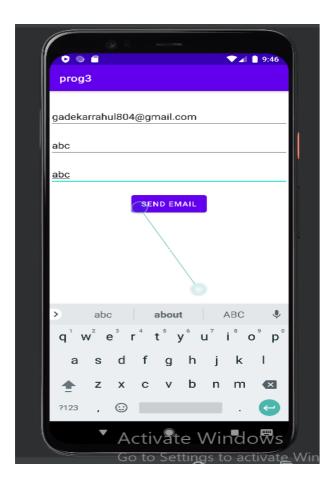
```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private static final int REQUEST CALL PERMISSION = 1;
  private EditText phoneNumberEditText;
  private Button callButton;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    phoneNumberEditText = findViewById(R.id.phoneNumberEditText);
    callButton = findViewById(R.id.callButton);
    callButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
      public void onClick(View v) {
         makePhoneCall();
    });
  }
  private void makePhoneCall() {
    String phoneNumber = phoneNumberEditText.getText().toString();
    if (!phoneNumber.isEmpty()) {
      String dial = "tel:" + phoneNumber;
      if (ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission.CALL_PHONE) !=
PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
         ActivityCompat.requestPermissions(this, new
String[]{Manifest.permission.CALL_PHONE}, REQUEST_CALL_PERMISSION);
       } else {
         Intent callIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION CALL);
         callIntent.setData(Uri.parse(dial));
         startActivity(callIntent);
    }
  }
```



Q3] Create an android application to demonstrate the working of implicit intent. Use Email.

```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/recipientEditText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Recipient Email Address"
    android:layout marginTop="32dp"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/subjectEditText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent
  android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Subject"
    android:layout_below="@+id/recipient
    EditText"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/bodyEditText"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Body"
    android:layout_below="@+id/subjectEditText"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    android:layout centerHorizontal="true" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/sendEmailButton"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Send Email"
    android:layout_below="@id/bodyEditText"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp" />
</RelativeLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
```

```
package com.example.emailprogram;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText recipientEditText;
  private EditText subjectEditText;
  private EditText bodyEditText;
  private Button sendEmailButton;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    recipientEditText = findViewById(R.id.recipientEditText);
    subjectEditText = findViewById(R.id.subjectEditText);
    bodyEditText = findViewById(R.id.bodyEditText);
    sendEmailButton = findViewById(R.id.sendEmailButton);
    sendEmailButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         sendEmail();
     });
  private void sendEmail() {
    String recipientEmail = recipientEditText.getText().toString().trim();
    String subject = subjectEditText.getText().toString();
    String body = bodyEditText.getText().toString();
    if (!recipientEmail.isEmpty()) {
       Intent emailIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION SEND);
       emailIntent.setType("text/plain");
       emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_EMAIL, new String[]{recipientEmail});
       emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_SUBJECT, subject);
       emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TEXT, body);
  }
```

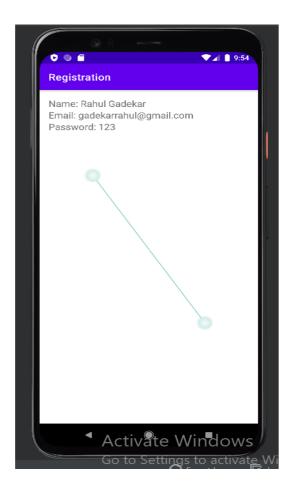


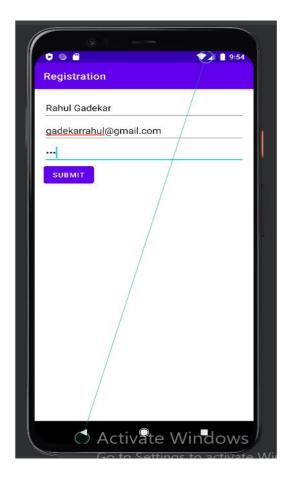
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```
XMLFile:-
package com.example.registration;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
    TextView textViewName = findViewById(R.id.textViewName);
    TextView textViewEmail = findViewById(R.id.textViewEmail);
    TextView textViewPassword = findViewById(R.id.textViewPassword);
    // Get the data passed from the first activity
    Intent intent = getIntent();
    String name = intent.getStringExtra("name");
    String email = intent.getStringExtra("email");
    String password = intent.getStringExtra("password");
    // Display the user credentials in the second activity
    textViewName.setText("Name: " + name);
    textViewEmail.setText("Email: " + email);
    textViewPassword.setText("Password: " + password);
}
Java File:-
package com.example.registration;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import com.example.registration.SecondActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText editTextName, editTextEmail, editTextPassword;
  private Button btnSubmit;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
    editTextName = findViewById(R.id.editTextName);
    editTextEmail = findViewById(R.id.editTextEmail);
    editTextPassword = findViewById(R.id.editTextPassword);
    btnSubmit = findViewById(R.id.btnSubmit);
    btnSubmit.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         String name = editTextName.getText().toString();
         String email = editTextEmail.getText().toString();
         String password = editTextPassword.getText().toString();
         // Create an intent to start the second activity
         Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
         // Pass the user credentials to the second activity
         intent.putExtra("name", name);
         intent.putExtra("email", email);
         intent.putExtra("password", password);
         // Start the second activity
         startActivity(intent);
       }
    });
}
package com.example.registration;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
    TextView textViewName = findViewById(R.id.textViewName);
    TextView textViewEmail = findViewById(R.id.textViewEmail);
    TextView textViewPassword = findViewById(R.id.textViewPassword);
    // Get the data passed from the first activity
    Intent intent = getIntent();
    String name = intent.getStringExtra("name");
    String email = intent.getStringExtra("email");
    String password = intent.getStringExtra("password");
```

```
// Display the user credentials in the second activity
textViewName.setText("Name: " + name);
textViewEmail.setText("Email: " + email);
textViewPassword.setText("Password: " + password);
}
```





Q5]Create an android application to demonstrate the working of bundle class, where createfirst activity as student marksheet and display the content result on second activity and display congratulation on third activity or try again on third activity. Use bundle concept.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/markEditText1"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter Mark 1"
    android:inputType="number" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/markEditText2"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:hint="Enter Mark 2"
    android:inputType="number" />
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/markEditText3"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter Mark 3"
    android:inputType="number" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/calculateButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Calculate Result" />
</LinearLayout>
Java Code:
package com.example.studentmarksheet;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText markEditText1, markEditText2, markEditText3;
  private Button calculateButton;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    markEditText1 = findViewById(R.id.markEditText1);
    markEditText2 = findViewById(R.id.markEditText2);
    markEditText3 = findViewById(R.id.markEditText3);
    calculateButton = findViewById(R.id.calculateButton);
    calculateButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         int mark1 = Integer.parseInt(markEditText1.getText().toString());
         int mark2 = Integer.parseInt(markEditText2.getText().toString());
         int mark3 = Integer.parseInt(markEditText3.getText().toString());
         int totalMarks = mark1 + mark2 + mark3;
         int averageMarks = totalMarks / 3;
         String result;
         if (averageMarks >= 60) {
            result = "Pass";
         } else {
            result = "Fail";
         Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, ResultActivity.class);
         intent.putExtra("RESULT", result);
         startActivity(intent);
```

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```
});
  }
}
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".ResultActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/resultText"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Result will be displayed here" />
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/proceedButton"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Proceed" />
</LinearLayout>
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/finalMessage"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Congratulations or Try Again message will be displayed here" />
</LinearLayout>
package com.example.studentmarksheet;
import android.content.Intent;
```

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class FinalActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView finalMessage;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_final);
    finalMessage = findViewById(R.id.finalMessage);
    Intent intent = getIntent();
    String result = intent.getStringExtra("RESULT");
    if (result != null) {
       if (result.equals("Pass")) {
         finalMessage.setText("Congratulations!");
       } else {
         finalMessage.setText("Try Again.");
     } else {
       finalMessage.setText("Result is not available.");
  }
```

}

Q6] Create an android application to demonstrate working of simple adapter

```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="List View With Simple Array"
    android:backgroundTint="@color/teal_700"
    android:background="@color/teal 700"
    android:textSize="20dp"
    />
  <ListView
    android:id="@+id/listView"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.listview;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    String[] items = {"DSA", "JAVA", "Android", "C++", "Python"};
    ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(this,
android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, items);
    ListView listView = findViewById(R.id.listView);
    listView.setAdapter(adapter);
```

}



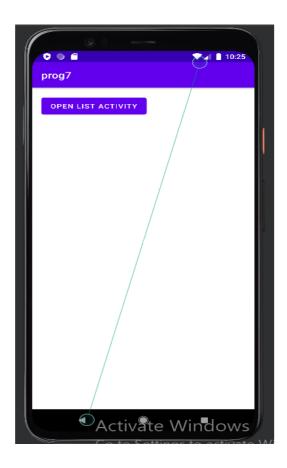
Q7] Create an android application to demonstrate the working of custom adapter usestring.xml resource file.

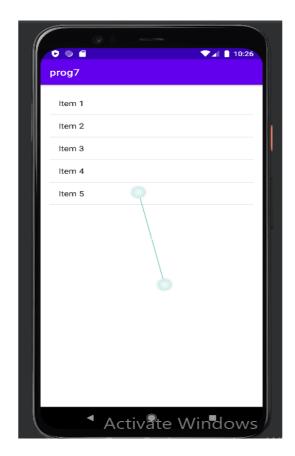
```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/nameEditText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:hint="Enter your name" />
  <Spinner
    android:id="@+id/pizzaTypeSpinner"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    android:entries="@array/pizza_types"/>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/submitButton"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Submit" />
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.pizzaordering;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.AdapterView;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Spinner;
```

```
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import com.example.pizzaordering.OrderSummaryActivity;
import com.example.pizzaordering.R;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText nameEditText;
  private Spinner pizzaTypeSpinner;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    nameEditText = findViewById(R.id.nameEditText);
    pizzaTypeSpinner = findViewById(R.id.pizzaTypeSpinner);
    // Create an ArrayAdapter using the string array and a default spinner layout
    ArrayAdapter<CharSequence> adapter = ArrayAdapter.createFromResource(
         this,
         R.array.pizza_types,
         android.R.layout.simple_spinner_item
    );
    // Specify the layout to use when the list of choices appears
    adapter.setDropDownViewResource(android.R.layout.simple_spinner_dropdown_item);
    // Apply the adapter to the spinner
    pizzaTypeSpinner.setAdapter(adapter);
    // Set a hint for the spinner
    pizzaTypeSpinner.setPrompt("Select pizza type");
    Button submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
    submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         String name = nameEditText.getText().toString();
         String pizzaType = pizzaTypeSpinner.getSelectedItem().toString();
          Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, OrderSummaryActivity.class);
                               intent.putExtra("name", name);
         intent.putExtra("pizzaType", pizzaType);
     }); startActivity(intent);
  }
}
```

```
arrays.xml:
```

```
<resources>
    <string-array name="pizza_types">
        <item>Cheese Pizza</item>
        <item>Pepperoni Pizza</item>
        <item>Veggie Pizza</item>
        <!-- Add more pizza types as needed -->
        </string-array>
</resources>
```





Q8] Create an android application to implement Alert dialog box , where create a quiz of at least 5 MCQ and display the result on alert box and after click on positive button of alert Box display toast successful.

Activity_main.xml:

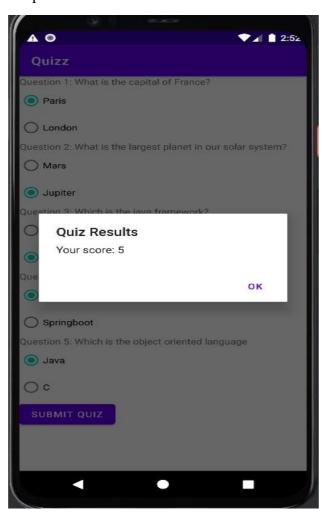
```
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical">
  <!-- Question 1 -->
  <TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Question 1: What is the capital of France?" />
  <RadioGroup
    android:id="@+id/radio_group_question1"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/option1_question1"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Paris" />
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/option2_question1"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="London" />
  </RadioGroup>
  <!-- Question 2 -->
  <TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Question 2: What is the largest planet in our solar system?" />
  < Radio Group
    android:id="@+id/radio_group_question2"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/option1_question2"
```

```
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Mars" />
  < Radio Button
    android:id="@+id/option2_question2"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Jupiter" />
</RadioGroup>
<TextView
  android:layout_width="wrap_content"
  android:layout_height="wrap_content"
  android:text="Question 3: Which is the java framework?" />
<RadioGroup
  android:id="@+id/radio_group_question3"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="wrap_content">
  < Radio Button
    android:id="@+id/option1_question3"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:text="Django" />
  < Radio Button
    android:id="@+id/option2_question3"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Springboot" />
</RadioGroup>
<TextView
  android:layout_width="wrap_content"
  android:layout_height="wrap_content"
  android:text="Question 4: Which is the python framework?" />
< Radio Group
  android:id="@+id/radio_group_question4"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="wrap_content">
  <RadioButton
    android:id="@+id/option1_question4"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Django" />
```

```
<RadioButton
       android:id="@+id/option2_question4"
       android:layout width="wrap content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Springboot" />
  </RadioGroup>
  <TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Question 5: Which is the object oriented language" />
  <RadioGroup
    android:id="@+id/radio_group_question5"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
    <RadioButton
       android:id="@+id/option1_question5"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Java" />
    < Radio Button
       android:id="@+id/option2_question5"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="C" />
  </RadioGroup>
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/submit_button"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Submit Quiz" />
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.quizz;
import android.app.AlertDialog;
import android.content.DialogInterface;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.RadioGroup;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private int score = 0;
  private RadioGroup question1RadioGroup;
  private RadioGroup question2RadioGroup;
  private RadioGroup question3RadioGroup;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    question1RadioGroup = findViewById(R.id.radio_group_question1);
    question2RadioGroup = findViewById(R.id.radio_group_question2);
    question3RadioGroup = findViewById(R.id.radio_group_question3);
    Button submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submit_button);
    submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         calculateScore();
         showScoreDialog(score);
     });
  }
  private void calculateScore() {
    // Question 1: Check the selected answer and update the score
    int selectedAnswer1 = question1RadioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
    if (selectedAnswer1 == R.id.option1_question1) {
       score++;
     }
    // Question 2: Check the selected answer and update the score
    int selectedAnswer2 = question2RadioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
    if (selectedAnswer2 == R.id.option2_question2) {
       score++;
    int selectedAnswer3 = question3RadioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
    if (selectedAnswer3 == R.id.option2 question3) {
       score++;
    int selectedAnswer4 = question3RadioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
    if (selectedAnswer4 == R.id.option2_question3) {
       score++;
     }
    int selectedAnswer5 = question3RadioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
    if (selectedAnswer5 == R.id.option2_question3) {
       score++;
     }
```

```
}
  private void showScoreDialog(int score) {
    AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(this);
    builder.setTitle("Quiz Results");
    builder.setMessage("Your score: " + score);
    builder.setPositiveButton("OK", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
         dialog.dismiss();
         // Display a thank you message when the dialog is dismissed
         Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(), "Thank you!",
Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
     });
    AlertDialog dialog = builder.create();
    dialog.show();
  }
}
```



Q9] Create an android application to implement Date Picker dialog box

```
Activity_main.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <EditText
    android:id="@+id/dateEditText"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:hint="Select Date"
    android:focusable="false"
    android:clickable="true"
    android:inputType="none" />
  <Button
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Pick Date"
    android:id="@+id/pickDateButton"/>
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.datepickerdialog;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.app.DatePickerDialog;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.DatePicker;
import android.widget.EditText;
import java.util.Calendar;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText dateEditText;
  private Button pickDateButton;
  private Calendar calendar;
  private int year, month, day;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

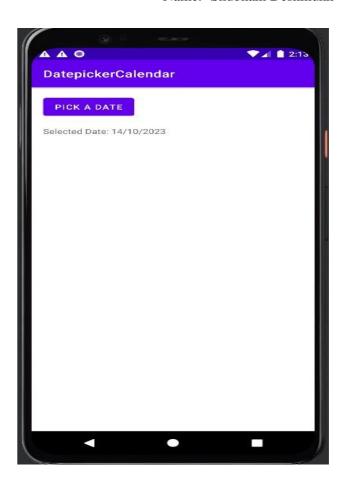
```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    dateEditText = findViewById(R.id.dateEditText);
    pickDateButton = findViewById(R.id.pickDateButton);
    calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
    year = calendar.get(Calendar.YEAR);
    month = calendar.get(Calendar.MONTH);
    day = calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH);
    pickDateButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         showDatePickerDialog();
     });
  private void showDatePickerDialog() {
    DatePickerDialog datePickerDialog = new DatePickerDialog(this,
         new DatePickerDialog.OnDateSetListener() {
            @Override
           public void onDateSet(DatePicker view, int selectedYear, int selectedMonth, int
selectedDay) {
              year = selectedYear;
              month = selectedMonth;
              day = selectedDay;
              dateEditText.setText(year + "-" + (month + 1) + "-" + day);
         }, year, month, day);
    datePickerDialog.show();
  }
}
Output:
```



Q10] Create an android application to implement Date Picker using Calendar class.

```
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/pickDateButton"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Pick a Date" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/displayDateText"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"
    android:text=""/>
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.datepickercalendar;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.app.DatePickerDialog;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.DatePicker;
import android.widget.TextView;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.Locale;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private Button pickDateButton;
  private TextView displayDateText;
  private Calendar calendar;
```

```
@Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    pickDateButton = findViewById(R.id.pickDateButton);
    displayDateText = findViewById(R.id.displayDateText);
    calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
    pickDateButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View v) {
         int year = calendar.get(Calendar.YEAR);
         int month = calendar.get(Calendar.MONTH);
         int day = calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH);
         // Create a DatePickerDialog to pick a date
         DatePickerDialog datePickerDialog = new DatePickerDialog(
              MainActivity.this,
              new DatePickerDialog.OnDateSetListener() {
                @Override
                public void onDateSet(DatePicker view, int year, int month, int
dayOfMonth) {
                   calendar.set(Calendar.YEAR, year);
                   calendar.set(Calendar.MONTH, month);
                   calendar.set(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH, dayOfMonth);
                   updateDisplayDate();
                }
              },
              year, month, day
         );
         datePickerDialog.show();
     });
  }
  private void updateDisplayDate() {
    SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/MM/yyyy", Locale. US);
    String formattedDate = sdf.format(calendar.getTime());
    displayDateText.setText("Selected Date: " + formattedDate);
  }
}
```



Q11] Create an android application to implement Time picker.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <Button
    android:id="@+id/pickTimeButton"
    android:layout width="wrap content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Pick a Time" />
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/displayTimeText"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout marginTop="16dp"
    android:text=""/>
</LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java:
package com.example.timepicker;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.app.TimePickerDialog;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.TimePicker;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.Locale;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private Button pickTimeButton;
  private TextView displayTimeText;
  private Calendar calendar;
```

```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
  super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
  setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
  pickTimeButton = findViewById(R.id.pickTimeButton);
  displayTimeText = findViewById(R.id.displayTimeText);
  calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
  pickTimeButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
    public void onClick(View v) {
       int hour = calendar.get(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY);
       int minute = calendar.get(Calendar.MINUTE);
       // Create a TimePickerDialog to pick a time
       TimePickerDialog timePickerDialog = new TimePickerDialog(
           MainActivity.this,
           new TimePickerDialog.OnTimeSetListener() {
              @Override
              public void onTimeSet(TimePicker view, int hourOfDay, int minute) {
                calendar.set(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY, hourOfDay);
                calendar.set(Calendar.MINUTE, minute);
                updateDisplayTime();
              }
           hour, minute, false
       );
       timePickerDialog.show();
  });
private void updateDisplayTime() {
  SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("hh:mm a", Locale. US);
  String formattedTime = sdf.format(calendar.getTime());
  displayTimeText.setText("Selected Time: " + formattedTime);
}
```

}



Q12] Create an android application to demonstrate working of Option Menu for famous countries.

```
package com.example.menubar;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.Menu;
import android.view.MenuItem;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class OptionMenuBar extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_option_menu_bar);
  }
  @Override
  public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
    getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.option_menubar,menu);
    return true;
  }
  @Override
  public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(@NonNull MenuItem item) {
    int item_id= item.getItemId();
    switch(item_id){
       case R.id.india:
         Toast.makeText(this, "India is selected", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
         return true:
       case R.id.brazil:
         Toast.makeText(this, "Brazil is selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
         return true;
       case R.id.france:
         Toast.makeText(this,"France is selected",Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
         return true;
       default:
         return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item);
```

Div:-B

```
}
option_menu.xml:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
   <item
     android:title="India"
     android:id="@+id/india"
     />
   <item
     android:title="Brazil"
     android:id="@+id/brazil"
     />
   <item
     android:title="France"
     android:id="@+id/france"
     />
</menu>
```



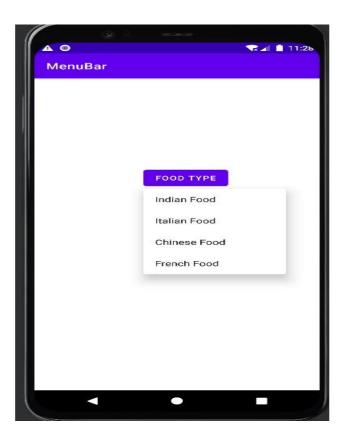
Q13] Create an android application to demonstrate working of popup menu for menu of food

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".PopupMenuBar"
  <Button
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/btn1"
    android:text="Food Type"
    android:layout_marginTop="200dp"
    android:layout_marginLeft="150dp"/>
</LinearLayout>
package com.example.menubar;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.PopupMenu;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class PopupMenuBar extends AppCompatActivity {
  Button btn1:
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_popup_menu_bar);
    btn1=findViewById(R.id.btn1);
    btn1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
       @Override
       public void onClick(View view) {
         PopupMenu popupMenu=new PopupMenu(PopupMenuBar.this,btn1);
popupMenu.getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.popup_menu,popupMenu.getMenu());
         popupMenu.setOnMenuItemClickListener(new
PopupMenu.OnMenuItemClickListener() {
           @Override
           public boolean onMenuItemClick(MenuItem menuItem) {
Toast.makeText(PopupMenuBar.this,menuItem.getTitle(),Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
             return true;
```

});

```
}
}
}

});
popupMenu.show();
```



Q14]Create an android application to demonstrate working of Context Menu for all fileoptions

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout height="match parent"
  tools:context=".ContextMenuBar">
  <ListView
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout height="match parent"
    android:id="@+id/fileslist"
    />
</LinearLayout>
package com.example.menubar;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.ContextMenu;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
public class ContextMenuBar extends AppCompatActivity {
  ListView file list;
  String[] files={"PDF","DOCS","HTML","PPT","ZIP"};
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_context_menu_bar);
    file_list=(ListView) findViewById(R.id.fileslist);
    ArrayAdapter<String> adapter=new ArrayAdapter<>(this,
android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1,files);
    file_list.setAdapter(adapter);
    registerForContextMenu(file_list);
  @Override
  public void onCreateContextMenu(ContextMenu menu, View v,
ContextMenuInfo menuInfo) {
    super.onCreateContextMenu(menu, v, menuInfo);
    getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.context_menu,menu);
```

}}



Q15] Create an android application to implement rating bar.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout width="match parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  tools:context=".MainActivity">
  <TextView
    android:id="@+id/txt1"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Rating Bar Example"
    android:textSize="30dp"
    android:textAlignment="center"
    android:paddingBottom="30dp"/>
  < Rating Bar
    android:id="@+id/rating"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:layout_below="@+id/txt1"
    android:layout centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="50dp"
    />
  <Button
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:id="@+id/btn1"
    android:text="Submit"
    android:layout_below="@+id/rating"
    android:layout_centerHorizontal="true"
    android:layout_marginTop="40dp"/>
</RelativeLayout>
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.RatingBar;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
```

```
RatingBar rating;
Button btn1;
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    rating=findViewById(R.id.rating);
    btn1=findViewById(R.id.btn1);
    btn1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
        @Override
        public void onClick(View view) {
            String star= String.valueOf(rating.getRating());

Toast.makeText(getApplicationContext(),star+"Rating",Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
        }
    });
}
```

