

# OAuth - Twitter

# Twitter Account

- Create a Twitter account.
- Next go to the Twitter developers page to register an application.
- <https://dev.twitter.com/>
-

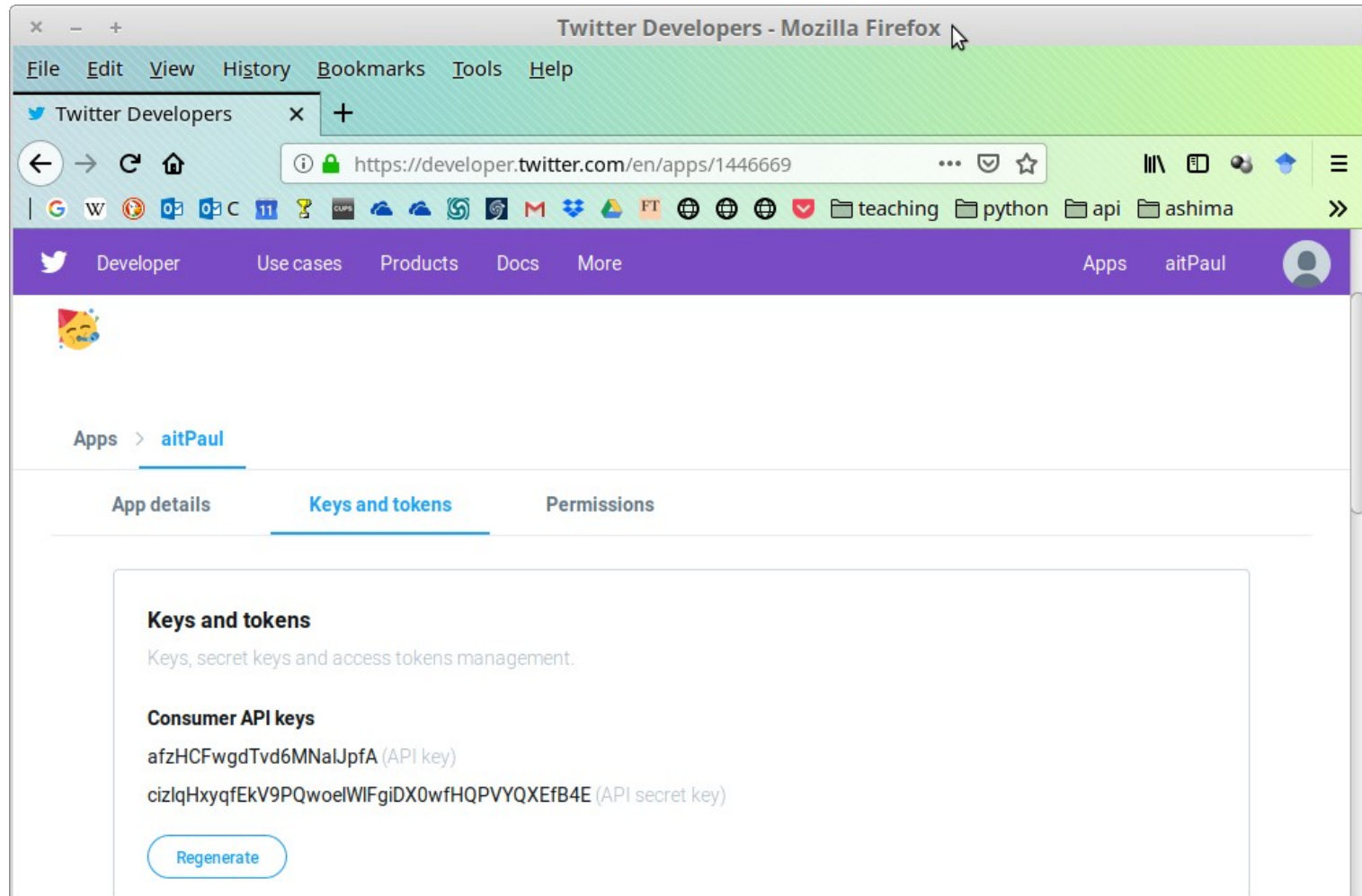
# Create an Application

➔ <https://dev.twitter.com/apps/new>

➔ Website

➔ [www.ait.ie/paul](http://www.ait.ie/paul)

# Application's OAuth Settings



# OAuth Settings - Client Credentials

- Consumer key
  - afzHCFwgdTvd6MNalJpfA
- Consumer secret
  - cizlqHxyqfEkV9PQwoelWlFgiDX0wfHQPVYQXEfB4E

# OAuth Settings – Access URLs

- ➔ Request URL

- ➔ [https://api.twitter.com/oauth/request\\_token](https://api.twitter.com/oauth/request_token)Authorize

- ➔ Authorize URL

- ➔ <https://api.twitter.com/oauth/authorize>

- ➔ Access URL

- ➔ [https://api.twitter.com/oauth/access\\_token](https://api.twitter.com/oauth/access_token)

- ➔

# Client Code

# oauth-signpost

- OAuth client library.
- <http://code.google.com/p/oauth-signpost/>
- API
  - <http://kaeppler.github.com/signpost/signpost-core-apidocs/index.html>



# Client

- Add jars
  - commons-codec-1.3.jar
  - signpost-core-1.2.1.1.jar

# [Scenario – Desktop Client]

1. Client asks for Request Credentials
2. Client asks user to go to Server (authorize URL) and get a PIN.
3. User logs on and gets PIN.
4. User enters it in to client.
5. Client requests access token (sends PIN)
6. Client requests resources.

# class TwitterClient

```
//System.getProperties().put("proxySet", "true");  
//System.getProperties().put("proxyHost", "192.168.8.3");  
//System.getProperties().put("proxyPort", "8080");  
  
DefaultOAuthConsumer consumer = new DefaultOAuthConsumer(  
    "afzHCFwgfTvd6MNaIJpfA",  
    "cizlqHxyqfEkV9PQvoelWlFgiDX0wfHQPvYQXEfB4E"  
);  
DefaultOAuthProvider provider = new DefaultOAuthProvider(  
    "http://twitter.com/oauth/request_token",  
    "http://twitter.com/oauth/access_token",  
    "http://twitter.com/oauth/authorize"  
);
```

# class TwitterClient

```
// token and tokenSecret for resource owner
String pin, token, tokenSecret;
// 1. Client asks for Request Credentials
String authUrl = provider.retrieveRequestToken(consumer,
        OAuth.OUT_OF_BAND);
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
// 2. Client asks user to go authorize URL and get a PIN.
System.out.println("Get your PIN code from " + authUrl + " and enter it.");
// 4. Read in the pin
pin = scanner.next();
// 5. requests access token (sends PIN)
provider.retrieveAccessToken(consumer, pin);
// Can obtain keys and secrets if you wish
// token = consumer.getToken();
// tokenSecret = consumer.getTokenSecret();
```

# class TwitterClient

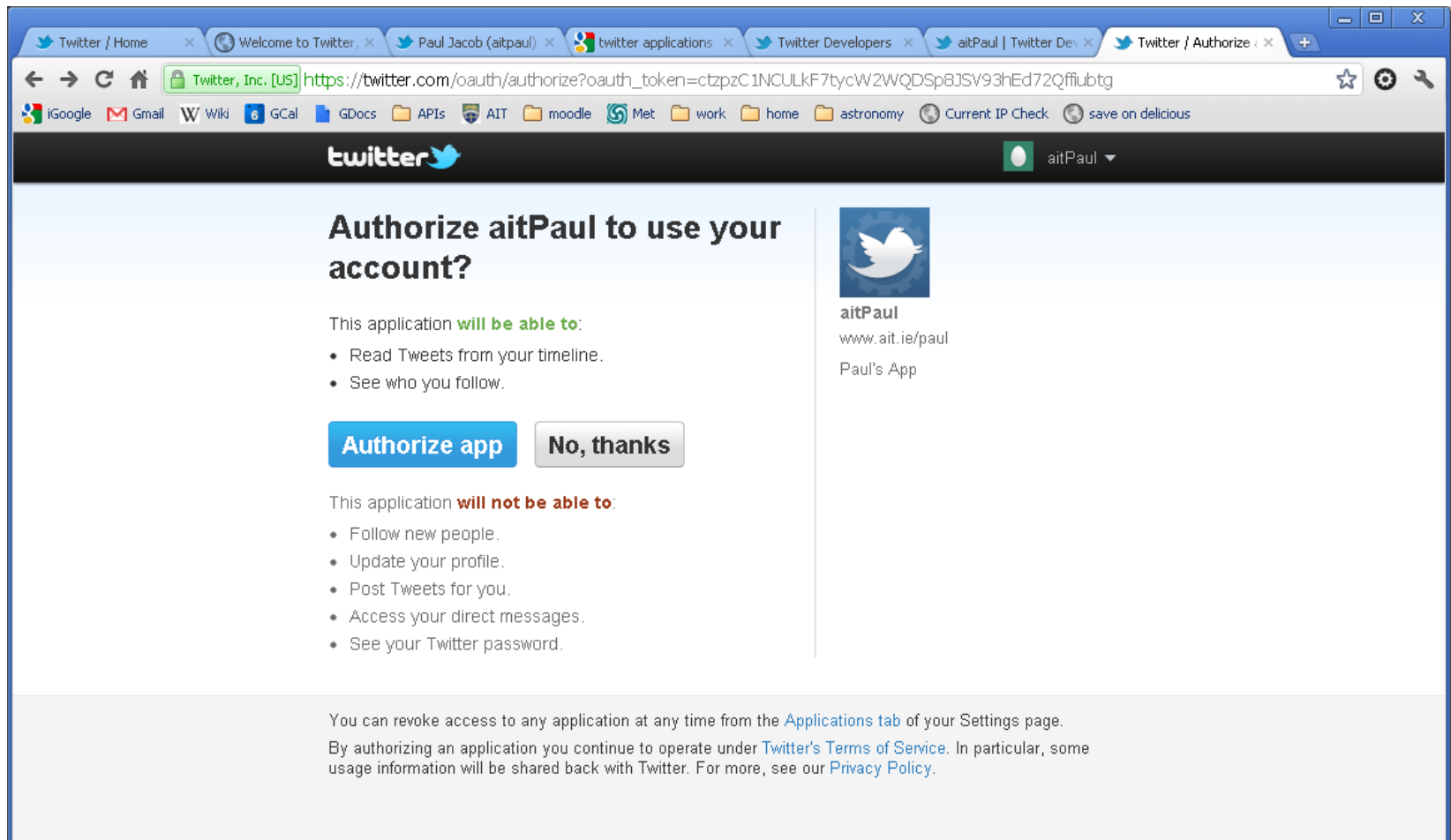
**// 6. requests resource (signs the request)**

```
URLConnection connection = new URL(  
    "http://api.twitter.com/1/statuses/home_timeline.json")  
    .openConnection();  
consumer.sign(connection);
```

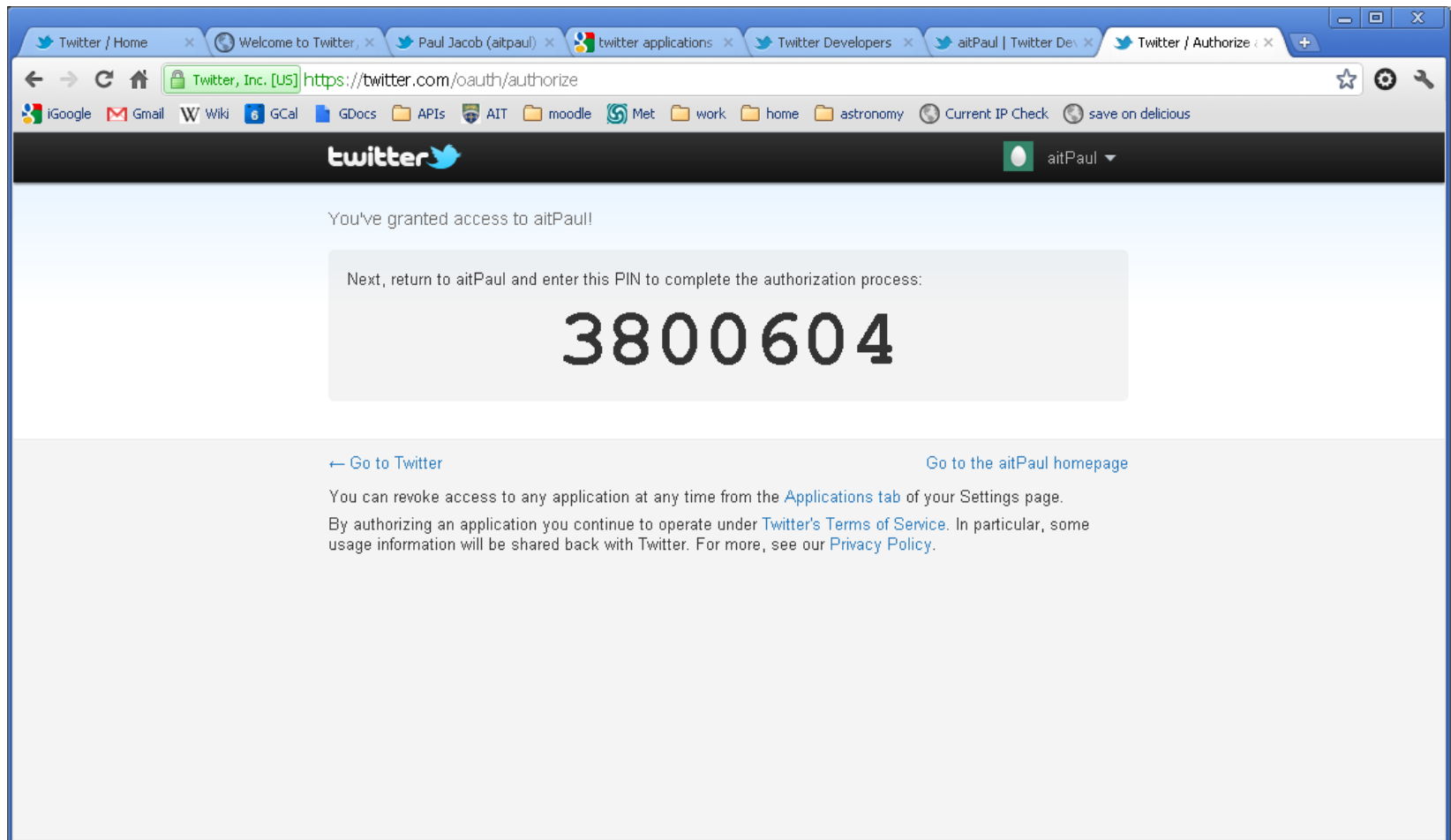
**// read response from input stream and print it out**

```
Scanner r = new Scanner(connection.getInputStream());  
String line;  
while (r.hasNext()) {  
    line = r.nextLine() ;  
    System.out.println(line);  
}
```

# Authorization



# Granted Authorization



# DefaultOAuthConsumer

```
DefaultOAuthConsumer(  
    String consumerKey, String consumerSecret)
```

```
DefaultOAuthProvider(String requestTokenEndpointUrl,  
    String accessTokenEndpointUrl,  
    String authorizationWebsiteUrl)
```



# retrieveRequestToken()

```
def authUrl = provider.retrieveRequestToken(  
    consumer, OAuth.OUT_OF_BAND)
```

- Passes
  - consumer credentials.
  - Callback URL for notification OR
  - OAuth.OUT\_OF\_BAND if none.
- Returns the URL to which the user must be sent in order to authorize the consumer.

# retrieveAccessToken()

```
provider.retrieveAccessToken(consumer, pin)
```

- ➔ If a callback was provided previously, then pin is unnecessary.
- Consumer (application) will have been provided with a request token.

# getToken() & getTokenSecret()

```
token = consumer.getToken()  
tokenSecret = consumer.getTokenSecret()
```

- Retrieves the access token and access token secret.
- (This is not necessary. Just if you want to see them.)

# Sign the request

```
def request = new URL(  
    "http://api.twitter.com/1/statuses/home_timeline.json")  
    .openConnection()  
    consumer.sign(request)
```

- This is the request for resources.
- It must be signed, demonstrating that you have the access token secret.

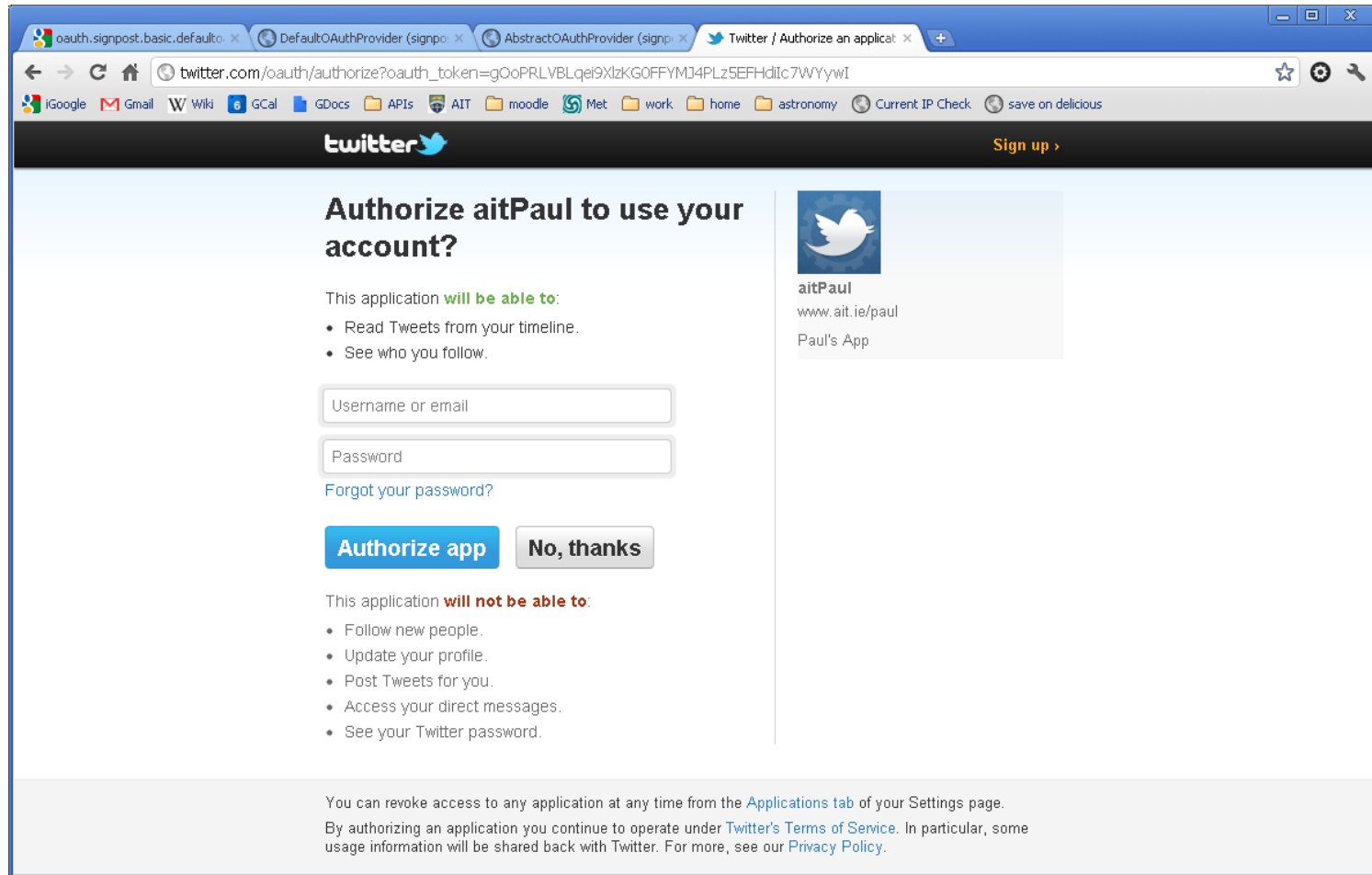
# Read the Response

```
Scanner r = new Scanner
            (connection.getInputStream());
String line;
while (r.hasNext()) {
    line = r.nextLine() ;
    System.out.println(line);
}
```

# Program Running

- ➔ Get your PIN code from [http://twitter.com/oauth/authorize?oauth\\_token=g1tqGMkroEq61ZeZ7uZrdDcL8u6SfXOqpuQPPN4kYY](http://twitter.com/oauth/authorize?oauth_token=g1tqGMkroEq61ZeZ7uZrdDcL8u6SfXOqpuQPPN4kYY) and enter it.

# Resource Owner Authorization



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the Twitter OAuth authorization page. The browser's address bar displays the URL: `twitter.com/oauth/authorize?oauth_token=gOoPRLVBLqei9XlzkG0FFYMJ4PLz5EFHdIc7WYywi`. The page title is "Authorize aitPaul to use your account?". The main content area lists the permissions the application will be able to use: "Read Tweets from your timeline" and "See who you follow". Below this, there are input fields for "Username or email" and "Password", and a link for "Forgot your password?". Two buttons are present: "Authorize app" (in blue) and "No, thanks" (in grey). To the right, the application's profile is shown with the Twitter logo, the name "aitPaul", the website "www.ait.ie/paul", and the description "Paul's App". At the bottom, a disclaimer states: "You can revoke access to any application at any time from the Applications tab of your Settings page. By authorizing an application you continue to operate under Twitter's Terms of Service. In particular, some usage information will be shared back with Twitter. For more, see our Privacy Policy."

twitter

Sign up >

## Authorize aitPaul to use your account?

This application **will be able to**:

- Read Tweets from your timeline.
- See who you follow.

Username or email

Password

[Forgot your password?](#)

**Authorize app** **No, thanks**

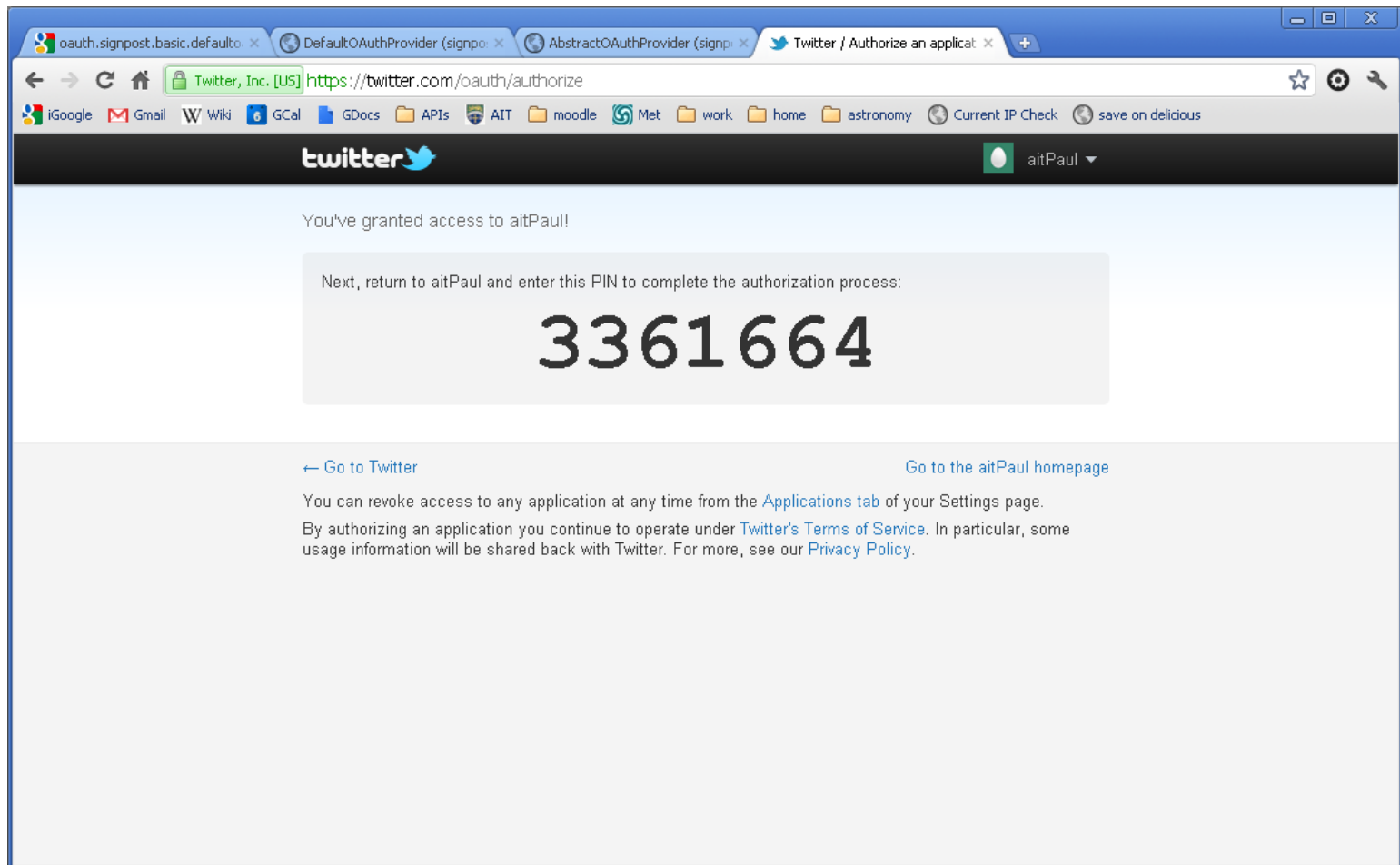
This application **will not be able to**:

- Follow new people.
- Update your profile.
- Post Tweets for you.
- Access your direct messages.
- See your Twitter password.

You can revoke access to any application at any time from the [Applications tab](#) of your Settings page.

By authorizing an application you continue to operate under [Twitter's Terms of Service](#). In particular, some usage information will be shared back with Twitter. For more, see our [Privacy Policy](#).

# Get the PIN





# Output of Resources (Tweets)

3361664

```
[{"in_reply_to_user_id":null,  
  "favorited":false,"place":null,  
  "created_at":"Fri Jan 06 14:06:06 +0000 2012"  
  .....
```