

```
In [ ]: ### unsupervised learning  
### Dimensionality reduction  
### Principal component analysis (PCA)
```

```
In [1]: import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [4]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [5]: from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
```

```
In [6]: cancer = load_breast_cancer()
```

```
In [7]: cancer.keys()
```

```
Out[7]: dict_keys(['data', 'target', 'frame', 'target_names', 'DESCR', 'feature_names', 'filename', 'data_module'])
```

```
In [8]: df = pd.DataFrame(cancer['data'], columns = cancer['feature_names'])
```

```
In [9]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>  
RangeIndex: 569 entries, 0 to 568  
Data columns (total 30 columns):  
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -  
0   mean radius                           569 non-null    float64  
1   mean texture                           569 non-null    float64  
2   mean perimeter                         569 non-null    float64  
3   mean area                             569 non-null    float64  
4   mean smoothness                       569 non-null    float64  
5   mean compactness                      569 non-null    float64  
6   mean concavity                        569 non-null    float64  
7   mean concave points                   569 non-null    float64  
8   mean symmetry                         569 non-null    float64  
9   mean fractal dimension                569 non-null    float64  
10  radius error                          569 non-null    float64  
11  texture error                         569 non-null    float64  
12  perimeter error                      569 non-null    float64  
13  area error                           569 non-null    float64  
14  smoothness error                     569 non-null    float64  
15  compactness error                    569 non-null    float64  
16  concavity error                      569 non-null    float64  
17  concave points error                 569 non-null    float64  
18  symmetry error                       569 non-null    float64  
19  fractal dimension error              569 non-null    float64  
20  worst radius                         569 non-null    float64  
21  worst texture                        569 non-null    float64  
22  worst perimeter                      569 non-null    float64  
23  worst area                           569 non-null    float64  
24  worst smoothness                     569 non-null    float64  
25  worst compactness                    569 non-null    float64  
26  worst concavity                      569 non-null    float64  
27  worst concave points                 569 non-null    float64  
28  worst symmetry                       569 non-null    float64  
29  worst fractal dimension              569 non-null    float64  
dtypes: float64(30)  
memory usage: 133.5 KB
```

Out[10]:

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mean symmetry	mean fractal dimension	...
0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	0.3001	0.14710	0.2419	0.07871	...
1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	0.0869	0.07017	0.1812	0.05667	...
2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	0.1974	0.12790	0.2069	0.05999	...
3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	0.2414	0.10520	0.2597	0.09744	...
4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	0.1980	0.10430	0.1809	0.05883	...

5 rows × 30 columns

In [13]:

```

### check null value

df.isna().sum()

```

Out[13]:

```

mean radius          0
mean texture         0
mean perimeter       0
mean area            0
mean smoothness      0
mean compactness     0
mean concavity       0
mean concave points  0
mean symmetry        0
mean fractal dimension 0
radius error         0
texture error        0
perimeter error      0
area error           0
smoothness error     0
compactness error    0
concavity error      0
concave points error 0
symmetry error       0
fractal dimension error 0
worst radius         0
worst texture        0
worst perimeter      0
worst area           0
worst smoothness     0
worst compactness    0
worst concavity      0
worst concave points 0
worst symmetry       0
worst fractal dimension 0
dtype: int64

```

In [11]:

```

### Make data into StanderedScal
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

```

In [12]:

```

new_data = StandardScaler()
new_data.fit(df)

```

Out[12]:

▼ StandardScaler

StandardScaler()

In [13]:

```

scaled_data = new_data.transform(df)

```

```
In [14]: scaled_data
```

```
Out[14]: array([[ 1.09706398, -2.07333501,  1.26993369, ...,  2.29607613,
                2.75062224,  1.93701461],
               [ 1.82982061, -0.35363241,  1.68595471, ...,  1.0870843 ,
               -0.24388967,  0.28118999],
               [ 1.57988811,  0.45618695,  1.56650313, ...,  1.95500035,
                1.152255  ,  0.20139121],
               ...,
               [ 0.70228425,  2.0455738 ,  0.67267578, ...,  0.41406869,
               -1.10454895, -0.31840916],
               [ 1.83834103,  2.33645719,  1.98252415, ...,  2.28998549,
                1.91908301,  2.21963528],
               [-1.80840125,  1.22179204, -1.81438851, ..., -1.74506282,
               -0.04813821, -0.75120669]])
```

```
In [15]: ### apply PCA model
         from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
In [16]: pca = PCA(n_components=5)
```

```
In [17]: pca.fit(scaled_data)
```

```
Out[17]: ▼      PCA
         PCA(n_components=5)
```

```
In [18]: x_pca = pca.transform(scaled_data)
```

```
In [19]: x_pca
```

```
Out[19]: array([[ 9.19283683,  1.94858307, -1.12316615,  3.63373081, -1.19511005],
               [ 2.3878018 , -3.76817174, -0.5292927 ,  1.11826393,  0.62177491],
               [ 5.73389628, -1.0751738 , -0.55174757,  0.91208256, -0.17708579],
               ...,
               [ 1.25617928, -1.90229671,  0.56273052, -2.08922698,  1.80999129],
               [10.37479406,  1.67201011, -1.87702933, -2.35603112, -0.03374194],
               [-5.4752433 , -0.67063679,  1.49044313, -2.29915733, -0.18470313]])
```

```
In [20]: ### shape befor apply PCA
         scaled_data.shape
```

```
Out[20]: (569, 30)
```

```
In [21]: ### shape after apply PCA
         x_pca.shape
```

```
Out[21]: (569, 5)
```

```
In [22]: df1 = pd.DataFrame(x_pca)
```

```
In [23]: df1
```

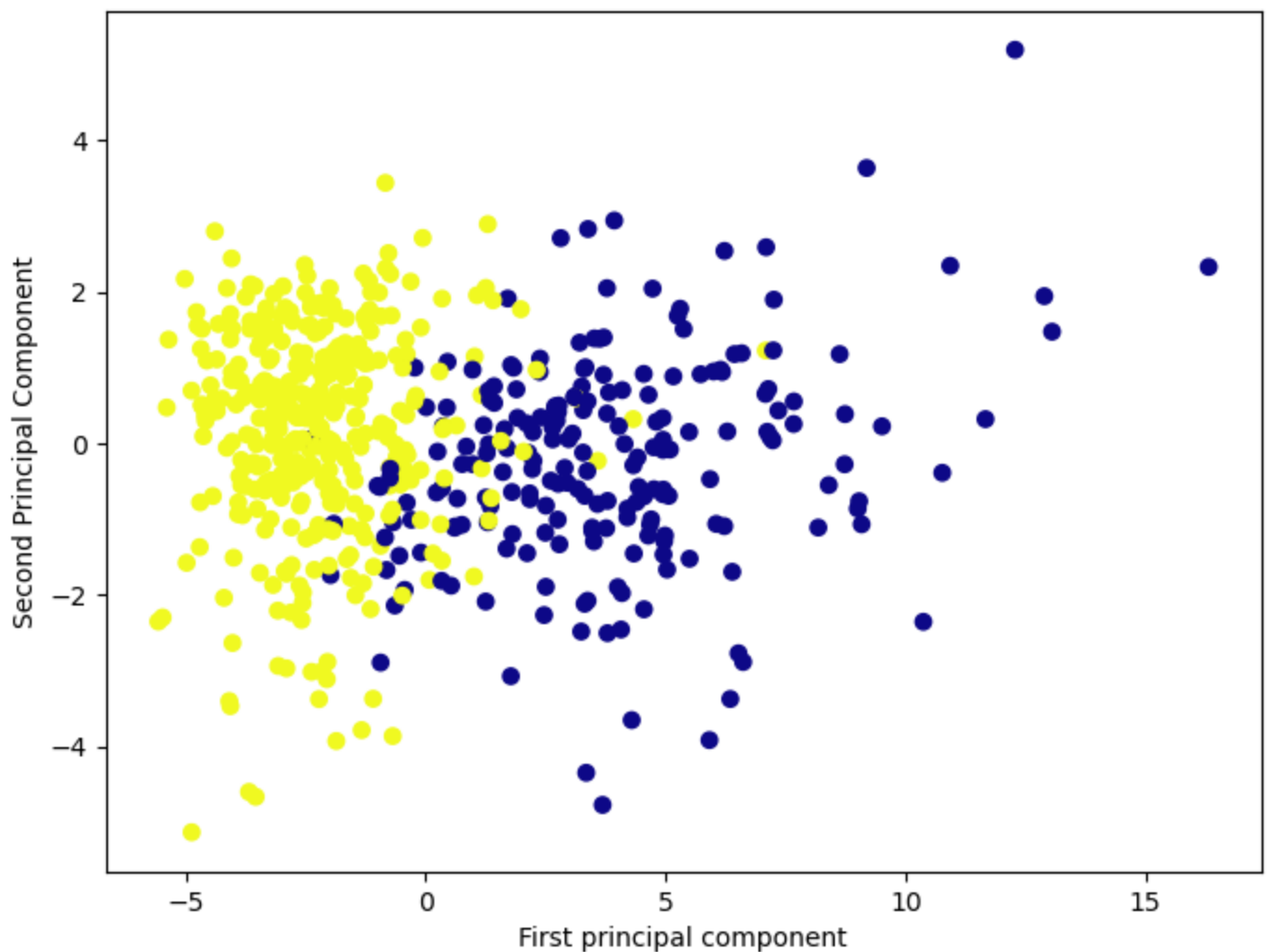
```
Out[23]:
```

	0	1	2	3	4
0	9.192837	1.948583	-1.123166	3.633731	-1.195110
1	2.387802	-3.768172	-0.529293	1.118264	0.621775
2	5.733896	-1.075174	-0.551748	0.912083	-0.177086
3	7.122953	10.275589	-3.232790	0.152547	-2.960878
4	3.935302	-1.948072	1.389767	2.940639	0.546747
...
564	6.439315	-3.576817	2.459487	1.177314	-0.074824
565	3.793382	-3.584048	2.088476	-2.506028	-0.510723
566	1.256179	-1.902297	0.562731	-2.089227	1.809991
567	10.374794	1.672010	-1.877029	-2.356031	-0.033742
568	-5.475243	-0.670637	1.490443	-2.299157	-0.184703

569 rows × 5 columns

```
In [26]: ### scatter plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
plt.scatter(x_pca[:,0] ,x_pca[:,3] ,c = cancer['target'] ,cmap = 'plasma')
plt.xlabel("First principal component")
plt.ylabel("Second Principal Component")
```

```
Out[26]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Second Principal Component')
```



In []: