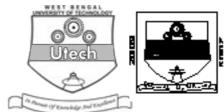
ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY (SEMESTER - 6)

CS/B.PHARM/SEM-6/PT-610A/09



1.	Signature of Invigilator				a:	Anna (y	Emily.	and Explica-	r	<u> 12-3</u>	<u> </u>	-2-1
2.	Signature of the Officer-in-Charge	o. [
	Roll No. of the Candidate											

CS/B.PHARM/SEM-6/PT-610A/09 ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, JUNE – 2009 ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY (SEMESTER - 6)

Time: 3 Hours [Full Marks: 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES:

- 1. This Booklet is a Question-cum-Answer Booklet. The Booklet consists of **32 pages**. The questions of this concerned subject commence from Page No. 3.
- 2. a) In **Group A**, Questions are of Multiple Choice type. You have to write the correct choice in the box provided **against each question**.
 - b) For **Groups B** & **C** you have to answer the questions in the space provided marked 'Answer Sheet'. Questions of **Group B** are Short answer type. Questions of **Group C** are Long answer type. Write on both sides of the paper.
- 3. **Fill in your Roll No. in the box** provided as in your Admit Card before answering the questions.
- 4. Read the instructions given inside carefully before answering.

Group A

- 5. You should not forget to write the corresponding question numbers while answering.
- 6. Do not write your name or put any special mark in the booklet that may disclose your identity, which will render you liable to disqualification. Any candidate found copying will be subject to Disciplinary Action under the relevant rules.
- 7. Use of Mobile Phone and Programmable Calculator is totally prohibited in the examination hall.
- 8. You should return the booklet to the invigilator at the end of the examination and should not take any page of this booklet with you outside the examination hall, **which will lead to disqualification**.
- 9. Rough work, if necessary is to be done in this booklet only and cross it through.

No additional sheets are to be used and no loose paper will be provided

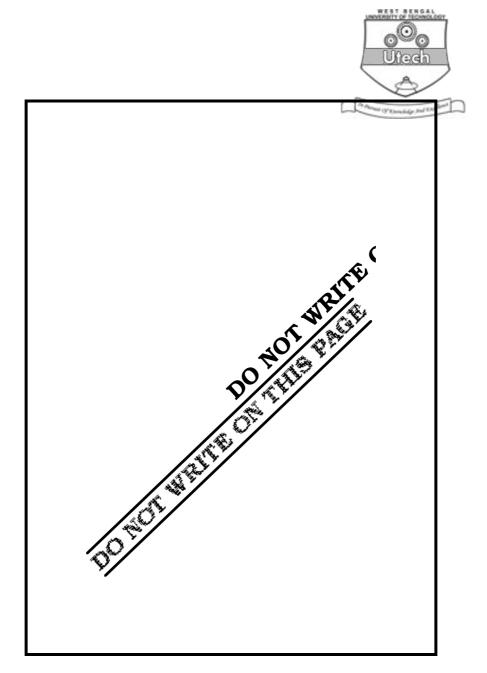
FOR OFFICE USE / EVALUATION ONLY

Marks Obtained

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Question													Total	Examiner's
Number													Marks	Signature
Marks														
Obtained														

Head-Examiner/Co-Ordinator/Scrutineer





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ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, JUNE - 2009 ADVANCED PHARMACOGNOSY SEMESTER - 6

Time: 3 Hours [Full Marks: 70

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

Choo	se the	e correct alternatives for any ten	of the	following:	$10 \times 1 = 10$			
i)	Rf value in chromatography means							
	a)	Relative to front	b)	Refraction factor				
	c)	Readymade factor	d)	Record factor.				
ii)	Out	of the following solvents which o	ne pos	sesses maximum polarity	?			
	a)	Di-ethyl ether	b)	n-propanol				
	c)	Acetone	d)	Methanol.				
iii)	Libbe	ermann-Burchard's test is done	for ide	ntification of				
	a)	Carbohydrate	b)	Protein				
	c)	Volatile oil	d)	Triterpenes and Steroids.				
iv)	Volat	ile oils are generally composed o	of					
	a)	Alkaloids	b)	Mono and sesquiterpenes				
	c)	Polyphenolic compounds	d)	Glyceryl ester of fatty acid	ds.			
v)	Silica	α gel G is composed of						
	a)	Silica gel with iodine	b)	Silica gel with barium chlo	oride			
	c)	Silica gel and calcium sulphate	d)	Silica gel with binder.				

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vi)	Who	developed Homeopathic system		edicine ?	
	a)	Bentham and Hooker	b)	Swede Linnaeus	
	c)	Voehl. Tschirch	d)	Samuel Hahnemann.	
vii)	Wha	at is deterioration?			
	a)	Addition of one article to anoth	ıer		
	b)	Improvement in the quality of	the dru	ıg	
	c)	Impairment in the quality of the	ıe drug	3	
	d)	Substitution.			
viii)	Wha	at is the ratio of adsorbent and	water t	o form a slurry of silicagel G fo	or TLC ?
	a)	1:2	b)	1:1	
	c)	1:1.5	d)	1:3.	
ix)	Wha	at is silicagel <i>GF</i> ?			
	a)	Silicagel G without binder			
	b)	Silicagel G with binder			
	c)	Silicagel G with binder and flu	.orosce	nt indicator	

Silicagel G without binder and fluoroscent indicator.

x) What do you mean by Morphology?

a) Description of the form

b) Study of the form of a object

c) Fracture of the drug

d) All of these.

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d)



- xi) Which equation is used for calculating stomatal index?
 - a) $\frac{S}{E+S} \times 100$

b) $\frac{E}{S+S} \times 100$

c) $\frac{E}{E+E} \times 100$

- d) $\frac{E+S}{S} \times 100$.
- xii) What do you mean by deterioration?
 - a) Debasement

b) Impairment

c) Admixture

d) Spoilage.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following questions.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. What do you mean by adulteration and deterioration of herbal drugs? Explain various factors affecting / influencing the deterioration of herbal drugs. 2 + 3
- 3. Explain pharmacological screening of herbal drugs with an example.
- 4. Write short notes on maceration.
- 5. Enumerate the basic difference between TLC and HPTLC. What are the detecting agents for the identification of TLC chromatogram? 3+2
- 6. What do you mean by pyrexia? How is it induced in rat model? Explore the model for evaluation antipyretic effect of crude phytoextracts. 1 + 2 + 2

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following questions.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. Write in details about the effect of solvents and solvent mixtures in the preparation of phytopharmaceuticals from natural sources.
- 8. Write short notes on the following:

 $2 \times 7^{\frac{1}{2}}$

- a) Sampling procedure
- b) Drug discovery from natural products.

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5

5

- 9. a) What do you mean by extraction? Explain the basic principle involved in extraction. 2 + 5
 - b) What are the pre-extraction operations to be carried out for crude drugs?
 - c) Write a note on treatment of dry residue after extraction.
- 10. Write a note on Indigenous system of medicines with emphasis on Ayurveda.
- 11. a) Explain the principle involved in thin layer chromatography.
 - b) Explain the preparation and activation of TLC plates. 5
 - c) Write a note on detecting or visualizing agents used in TLC.
- 12. What factors control the microbial contamination of herbal products? Mention the type of contaminants and the tests to be undertaken for their detection. Suggest suitable measures to be taken to eradicate such problems to get quality products. 4 + 5 + 6

END