

INITIAL DIAGNOSIS

R51 ☐ Headaches
 R42 ☐ Dizziness
 S13.4XXA ☐ Sprain of Cervical Spine; Initial Encounter
 S23.3XXA ☐ Sprain of Thoracic Spine; Initial Encounter
 S33.5XXA ☐ Sprain of Lumbar Spine; Initial Encounter
 S33.6XXA ☐ Sprain of Sacroiliac Joint; Initial Encounter
 S16.1XXA ☐ Strain of muscle; Fascia and Tendon of the cervical region
 S39.012 ☐ Strain of muscle; Fascia and Tendon of the lumbar region
 S29.012 ☐ Strain of muscle; Fascia and Tendon of the thoracic region
 M50.20 ☐ Displacement of Cervical intervertebral disc
 M51.24 ☐ Displacement of Thoracic intervertebral disc
 M51.27 ☐ Displacement of lumbar intervertebral disc
 M99.00 ☐ Occipital Subluxation
 M99.01 ☐ Cervical Subluxation
 M99.02 ☐ Thoracic Subluxation
 M99.03 ☐ Lumbar Subluxation
 M99.04 ☐ Sacroiliac Subluxation
 M79.1 ☐ Myalgia and Myositis unspecified
 M54.12 ☐ Radiculopathy Cervical Region
 M54.14 ☐ Radiculopathy Thoracic Region
 M54.16 ☐ Radiculopathy Lumbar Region
 M54.2 ☐ Cervicalgia
 M54.4 ☐ Lumbalgia
 M54.6 ☐ Thoracalgia
 M62.49 ☐ Contracture of Muscle, unspecified site

Diagnostic Testing

The patient will be scheduled to undergo the following diagnostic tests, which are clinically necessary to form an effective treatment plan and confirm the initial diagnosis.

☐ X-Ray to rule fracture, dislocation, or bone pathology

☐ Cervical Spine

☐ Thoracic Spine

☐ Lumbar Spine

☐ R/L Shoulder

☐ R/L Knee

☐ R/L Ankle

Other: _____

☐ MRI magnetic resonance imaging to rule out suspected disc macro trauma. MRI would be able to determine the size, location, and severity of disc involvement and confirm if there is a neuroforaminal encroachment causing compression of nerve roots and/or spinal stenosis caused by herniated nucleus pulposus that may be compressing the spinal cord.

☐ Cervical Spine

☐ Thoracic Spine

☐ Lumbar Spine

Other: _____

☐ PFNCs testing of the Cervical/Lumbar Spine with associated upper/lower extremities to confirm origin of pain; and to guide and facilitate Chiropractic Manipulative Therapy