SC402- Introduction to Cryptography Assignment 1

1. Use exhaustive key search to decrypt the following ciphertext, which was encrypted using a *Shift Cipher*:

BEEAKFYDJXUQYHYJIQRYHTYJIQFBQDUYJIIKFUHCQD.

- 2. Determine the number of keys in an Affine Cipher over \mathbb{Z}_m for m=30,100 and 1225.
- 3. List all the invertible elements in \mathbb{Z}_m for m=28,33 and 35.
- 4. (a) Suppose that π is the following permutation of $\{1, \ldots, 8\}$:

Compute the permutation π^{-1} .

(b) Decrypt the following ciphertext, for a Permutation Cipher with m=8, which was encrypted using the key π :

TGEEMNELNNTDROEOAAHDOETCSHAEIRLM.

5. Suppose we are told that the plaintext

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yields the ciphertext

RUPOTENTOIFV

where the Hill Cipher is used (but m is not specified). Determine the encryption matrix.

6. An Affine-Hill Cipher is the following modification of a Hill Cipher: Let m be a positive integer, and define $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{C} = (\mathbb{Z}_{26})^m$. In this cryptosystem, a key K consists of a pair (L, b), where L is an $m \times m$ invertible matrix over \mathbb{Z}_{26} , and $b \in (\mathbb{Z}_{26})^m$. For $x = (x_1, \ldots, x_m) \in \mathcal{P}$ and $K = (L, b) \in \mathcal{K}$, we compute $y = e_K(x) = (y_1, \ldots, y_m)$ by means of the formula y = xL + b. Hence, if $L = (\ell_{i,j})$ and $b = (b_1, \ldots, b_m)$, then

$$(y_1, \dots, y_m) = (x_1, \dots, x_m) \begin{pmatrix} \ell_{1,1} & \ell_{1,2} & \dots & \ell_{1,m} \\ \ell_{2,1} & \ell_{2,2} & \dots & \ell_{2,m} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \ell_{m,1} & \ell_{m,2} & \dots & \ell_{m,m} \end{pmatrix} + (b_1, \dots, b_m).$$

Suppose Oscar has learned that the plaintext

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is encrypted to give the ciphertext

DSRMSIOPLXLJBZULLM

and Oscar also knows that m=3. Determine the key, showing all computations.

7. Decrypt the following ciphertext, obtained from the *Autokey Cipher*, by using exhaustive key search:

MALVVMAFBHBUQPTSOXALTGVWWRG.