



# INTRO TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING CHEATSHEET

## Hello world

```
print("Hello world!")
```

## Using variable

```
msg = "Hello world!"  
print(msg)
```

## Math operators in Python

x + y	Sum of x and y
x - y	Difference of x and y
-x	Changed sign of x
x * y	Product of x and y
x / y	Quotient of x and y
x // y	Quotient floor division of x and y
x % y	Remainder of x / y
x ** y	x to the power of y

## Operators precedence

1	()	Parentheses
2	**	Exponent
3	*	Multiplication
4	/	Division
5	+	Addition
6	-	Subtraction

## Increase the value of a number by 1

```
number = 5  
number += 1
```

## Compound assignment

y += 2	Add then assign value
y -= 2	Subtract then assign value
y *= 2	Multiply then assign value
y /= 2	Divide then assign value
y //= 2	Floor divide then assign value
y **= 2	Increase to the power then assign value
y %= 2	Return remainder then assign value

## Boolean: True & False

```
a = 6 ; b = 7 ; c = 42
```

a == 6	True
a == 7	False
a == 6 and b == 7	True
a == 7 and b == 7	False
not a == 7 and b == 7	True
a == 7 or b == 7	True
a == 7 or b == 6	False
not (a == 7 and b == 6)	True
not a == 7 and b == 6	False
a == b	False

## Boolean 'and' operator

True and True	True
True and False	False
False and True	False
False and False	False

## Boolean 'not' operator

not True	False
not False	True

## Boolean 'or' operator

True or True	True
True or False	True
False or True	True
False or False	False

## String concatenation

```
first_name = "John"  
last_name = "Doe"  
full_name = first_name + " " + last_name  
full_name = f"My full name is {first_name}  
{last_name}"  
print(full_name)
```

## List (mutable)

```
cars = ['honda', 'toyota', 'benz']
```

## Get first item in the list

```
first = cars[0]
```

## Get second item in the list

```
second = cars[1]
```

## Get last item in the list

```
last = cars[-1]
```

## Changing an element in the list

```
cars[0] = 'suzuki'  
print(cars)
```

## Adding item to the end of the list

```
cars = []  
cars.append('honda')  
cars.append('toyota')  
cars.append('benz')
```

## Adding item to a specific position of the list

```
cars.insert(3, 'lambo')
```

## Remove an item based on index position

```
del cars[2]
```

## Remove an item based on its value

```
cars.remove('honda')
```

## Find the length of the list

```
len(cars)
```

## Sort a list permanently

```
random_numbers = [7,2,4,25,3,18]  
random_numbers.sort()
```

## Sort a list permanently in reverse order

```
random_numbers.sort(reverse = True)
```

## Sort a list temporarily

```
print(sorted(random_numbers))
```

## Sort a list temporarily in reverse order

```
print(sorted(random_numbers, reverse=True))
```

## Reversing the order of the list

```
random_numbers.reverse()
```

## Make a list of 1 to 10

```
numbers = list(range(1,11))
```

## Create a list of cubic values of 1 to 10

```
cubes = []  
for x in range(1,11):  
    cubes.append(x**3)
```

## List comprehensions

```
cubes = [x**3 for x in rand(1,11)]
```

#### Slicing a list

```
students = ['sidik', 'sofia', 'ha', 'gabriel']
first_two = students[:2]
last_three = students[1:]
entire_list = students[:]
```

#### Copying a list

```
students_copy = students
```

#### Looping through a list

```
for car in cars:
    print(car)
```

#### Print the numbers 0 to 1000

```
for number in range(1001):
    print(number)
```

#### Print the numbers 500 to 1000

```
for number in range(500,1001):
    print(number)
```

#### Find min value of a list

```
ages = [93, 99, 66, 17, 85, 1, 35, 82, 2, 77]
youngest = min(ages)
```

#### Find max value of a list

```
ages = [93, 99, 66, 17, 85, 1, 35, 82, 2, 77]
oldest = max(ages)
```

#### Find sum of all values in a list

```
ages = [93, 99, 66, 17, 85, 1, 35, 82, 2, 77]
total_years = sum(ages)
```

#### Tuples (immutable)

```
dimensions = (1280,800)
```

#### Looping through a tuple

```
for dimension in dimensions:
    print(dimension)
```

#### Conditionals operators

equals	x == 18
not equal	x != 18
greater than	x > 18
greater or equal to	x >= 18
less than	x < 18
less than or equal to	x <= 18

#### Check for value in list

```
"sidik" in students      True
"happyfeet" in students  False
```

#### 'if' statements

```
if age >= 18:
    print("Let's go drinking!")
```

#### 'if-elif-else' statements

```
if age < 4:
    price = 0
elif age > 21:
    price = 45
else:
    price = 30
```

#### Dictionaries

```
profile = {'name': 'long', 'age':21, 'school':'sis'}
```

#### Accessing dictionaries value using key

```
print(profile['name'])
print(profile['school'])
print('My age is ' + profile['age'])
```

#### Adding a new key-value pair

```
profile = {'name':'long', 'age':18, 'school':'sis'}
profile['major'] = 'analytics'
print(profile)
```

#### Adding key-value pair to empty dictionaries

```
profile = {}
profile['name'] = 'long'
profile['age'] = 21
profile['school'] = 'sis'
profile['major'] = 'analytics'
```

#### Deleting key-value pair

```
del profile['major']
```

#### Looping through key-value of the dictionaries

```
favourite_numbers ={'long':21,'sidik':19,'sofia':65}

for name, number in favourite_numbers.items():
    print(f"{name}'s favourite number is {number}")
```

#### Looping through keys of dictionaries

```
for name in favourite_numbers.keys():
    print(name + " is a key")
```

#### Looping through values of dictionaries

```
for number in favourite_numbers.values():
    print(str(number) + " is a fav number")
```

#### 'while' loop

```
current_value = 1
while current_value <= 5:
    print(current_value)
    current_value += 1
```

#### Infinite loop

```
while True:
    print("I love programming!")
```

#### Break out of infinite loop if count > 5

```
count = 0
while True:
    print("I love programming!")
    count += 1
    if count > 5:
        break
```



SMU BIA

## INTRO TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING CHEATSHEET