Practical=8

Name: shubham shivraj Suryawanshi

Reg. No:2020BIT004

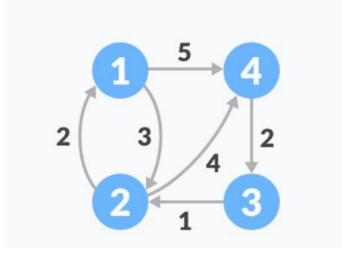
Write a Program to implement, Floyd-Warshall Knapsack problem Write a Algorithm with complete Simulation

1) Floyd-Warshall

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define nV 4
#define INF 999
void printMatrix(int matrix[][nV]);
void floydWarshall(int graph[][nV]) {
int matrix[nV][nV], i, j, k;
for (i = 0; i < nV; i++)
  for (j = 0; j < nV; j++)
   matrix[i][j] = graph[i][j];
for (k = 0; k < nV; k++) {
  for (i = 0; i < nV; i++) {
   for (j = 0; j < nV; j++) {
    if (matrix[i][k] + matrix[k][j] < matrix[i][j])</pre>
     matrix[i][j] = matrix[i][k] + matrix[k][j];
   }
 }
printMatrix(matrix);
void printMatrix(int matrix[][nV]) {
for (int i = 0; i < nV; i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < nV; j++) {
   if (matrix[i][j] == INF)
    printf("%4s", "INF");
    printf("%4d", matrix[i][j]);
  printf("\n");
int main() {
int graph[nV][nV] = \{\{0, 3, INF, 5\},\
       {2, 0, INF, 4},
       {INF, 1, 0, INF},
       {INF, INF, 2, 0}};
floydWarshall(graph);
}}Output:
```

```
0 3 7 5
2 0 6 4
3 1 0 5
5 3 2 0
PS D:\Assignments TY\DAA\Codes\output> []
```

Simulation:



2) Knapsack problem

```
#include <stdio.h>
int max(int a, int b) { return (a > b) ? a : b; }
int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n)
{
  if (n == 0 | | W == 0)
    return 0;
  if (wt[n-1] > W)
    return knapSack(W, wt, val, n - 1);
  else
    return max(
      val[n - 1]
         + knapSack(W - wt[n - 1], wt, val, n - 1),
       knapSack(W, wt, val, n - 1));
}
int main()
{
  int profit[] = { 60, 100, 120 };
  int weight[] = { 10, 20, 30 };
  int W = 50;
  int n = sizeof(profit) / sizeof(profit[0]);
  printf("%d", knapSack(W, weight, profit, n));
  return 0;
}Output:
```

```
PS D:\Assignments TY\DAA\Codes\output> & .\'Knapsack.exe'

220
PS D:\Assignments TY\DAA\Codes\output> 

(i) Compiled successfully!
```

Simulation:

