**MAVEN**

* Build is two step process --> 1st compilation, 2nd assembling
* compilation : raw source code -> object files i.e class files
* assembly : creating jar/war/ear files from object files
* converting .java files into .class files in java we call it as compilation

then we need to assemble all object files so that we have final product(output)

for java assembly file’s extension would be (jar,war,ear)

* jar --> (java archive)
* war --> creating for web application (web archive )
* ear --> to provide license for web application (enterprise archive)

build management is a process of compiling and assembling the code

**ADVANTAGES:**

* repetitive tasks can be eliminated
* we can track history
* old tool of java was ANT (open source)
* maven is java based tool
* maven takes care of entire project --> it divides project into several objects so that functionality would be easy

**maven follows set of standard:**

* it provides lifecycle
* maven takes care of dependencies --> java code sometimes need other dependencies which can be handled by maven
* maven called as project management tool
* maven is not just a build tool it is super set of various features like dependencies management tool
* every project have build confg files which contains info about what to do ,how to do and all complete details of that project

that confg file we called it as "pom.xml"

* maven needs some plugin to perform some actions like compilation ,creating delivery or deleting files etc.
* in maven executable is mvn just like in git we have git
* instruction we passing in maven we call is goal
* so we are giving goal which tell maven what maven has to do

mvn -> goals ->plugins -> task (jar) jar files are nothing but maven plugins

if particular plugin is not present locally then it downloads plugin from apache maven remote repository

**MAVEN build follows a lifecycle:**

**default lifecycle of maven:**

- generate-source/generate-resource (list )

- compile

- test

- package (assembling(creating deliverable war files ))

- install (copying deliverable from other project) --> suppose you have two projects (A and B)--> for both project there are two different delivery files like for A it would be A.jar and for B it would be B.jar --> suppose for creating B.jar file the project might need A.jar file then what maven does it search for A.jar locally but its not available then maven goes to remote repo but again its not available there also --> so A.jar is organization based or project based file its not available locally as well as remote --> so to use A.jar for creating B.jar maven uses install

- deploy

# there also clean and site not part of lifecycle

clean delete runtime files

maven follows directory layout

workspace

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src/main/ --> under this path there should be all java files present

/java --> all java files present

/resources --> all dependencies or library present

/confg -->

src/test/ --> all test files present here which tests all java files present in src/main

ex.

src/main

/java/1.java

/resources

src/test

/java/1\_test.java -->which tests 1.java file in /src/main/java folder

/resources

in the same way entire project will be designed

for java project you will see /src/main

pom.xml

Day2

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group : organization

artifact id : namepf project

version : to identify releases we user version

major , minor ,maintainance release (these are the 3 numbers and combination of 3 number we call as version)

GAV = groupid:artiactid:version

Install MAVEN

maven comes as distrubtor --> download file and extraxt

binary and scource zip file of maven

java must be installed if u use maven

JAVA\_HOME --> which points jaava

if you typr java -version --> output 1.7.0\_79 -->1=major release,7=minor release,0=path ,\_79=build

#%JAVA\_HOME%

environment varibale is nothing but the value we are storing at particular location and reuse

make sure you set environment variable for maven

M2\_HOME (MAVEN Installed path)

for windows --> this pc --> properties --> adv ssytem setting --> advance --> env varibale --> add new --> value as M2\_HOME and path will be of maven dir

M2 env varibl which shoud be pointing to bin folder in maven folder

PATH=%PATH%;%M2%

mvn archetype:generate

MAVEN Repository

1) Dependencies are downloaded from repository

- via http

2) Downloaded dependencies are cached in local repository

- usually found on ${user.home}/.m2/repository

3) Repository folloes a simple dir structure

- {Grpid}/{artifactid}/{version}/{artifactid}-{version}.jar

- groupif'.'is replaced with '/'

4) maven central is primary community repo

- http://repo1.maven.org/maven2

what is POM ..?

POM stands for project object model

As a fundamental unit of work in maven , POM is an XML file that contains information about project and confg details used by maven to build a project

#Describes a project

- Name and Version

- Artifact Type

- Source code locations

- Dependencies

- plugins

- profiles (Alternate builf cnofigurations )

#users XML by default

- not the way bant users xml

MAVEN Installation

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prerequisit is install JAVA first

1) http://maven.apache.org --> click Download Button --> click Get Maven --> download required zip file (apache-maven-3.8.1.zip)

2) extract this in C drive

3) set env varibale --> this pc -->right click --> properties --> adavance setting --> env varibales --> add new M2\_MAVEN and give value of folder where maven extracted (C:\Users\apache-maven-3.8.1)

4) set another varibale --> select path and edit and add new in existing --> C:\Users\apache-maven-3.8.1\bin

5) check in cmd mvn --version if you do not get output restart pc