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Home

**Coding Arena** 

Compile & Run

Submissions

Graphs

Feedback

**Coding Arena** 

<C\*deVita/>

Change Default Language ▼

05 34

**Time Left** 

hr

34 U4

Α

В

C

D

Е

F

G

Н

**Rules & Regulations** 

**Launch Code Editor** 

**Notifications** 

Status messages

Problem: Identify bases in which a given number representation is prime

We are familiar with base 10 (also called decimal) representation of numbers. For example, 234 is  $2 \times 100 + 3 \times 10 + 4$ . Numbers can be represented in any base, B. Here, any number is expressed as  $n_1, n_2, \ldots, n_k$  representing the value  $n_k + B n_{k+1}$ 

 $+.... + n_1 B^{k-1}$  . Note than all  $0 \le n_i < B$ 

The number 10 in decimal representation has value 2 in base 2 representation and value 3 in base 3 representation. Both 2 and 3 are primes even though the decimal representation has a value that is not prime.

Given a representation  $\alpha$   $\beta$  where  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  can be 0, 1, 2,...9, A, B,... Z, where A has value 10, B has value 11, and so on up to Z has value 36 (in decimal), we need to find all bases (in the range 2 to 36) in which  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  is a prime number. For example, 2J in base 20 is 2 x 20 + 19 = 59, a prime number.

#### **Input Format:**

T an integer indicating the number of test cases

T lines each containing a string of length 2; characters in the string would be from the set 0, 1, 2, ...9, A, B, ..., Z

#### **Output Format:**

## Output

T lines each line containing a space separated list of numbers (in the range 2-36) in which the given string has prime value or NONE if no such base exists.

## Constraints

None

# Example 1

Input 1 A0

Output NONE

Explanation

The string A0 is not a valid representation in the bases 2 to 10. In bases from 11 to 36, its value is 10 times the base, and is not a prime. Hence NONE is the output.

## Example 2

Input 1 21

Output

20 21 24 26 27 30 32 35

## Explanation

This representation 2J is not valid in bases 2 through 19.

Value of '21' in base 20: 59, which is prime \*
Value of '21' in base 21: 61, which is prime \*
Value of '21' in base 22: 63, which is not prime
Value of '21' in base 23: 65, which is not prime
Value of '21' in base 23: 65, which is not prime
Value of '21' in base 25: 69, which is not prime.
Value of '21' in base 25: 69, which is not prime.
Value of '21' in base 26: 71, which is prime \*
Value of '21' in base 27: 73, which is prime \*
Value of '21' in base 28: 75, which is not prime
Value of '21' in base 30: 79, which is prime \*
Value of '21' in base 31: 81, which is not prime
Value of '21' in base 32: 83, which is prime \*

Value of '2J' in base 33: 85, which is not prime Value of '2J' in base 34: 87, which is not prime Value of '2J' in base 35: 89, which is prime \* Value of '2J' in base 36: 91, which is not prime

Hence the bases in which '2J' is prime are 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 30, 32 and 35.

Please do not use package and namespace in your code. For object oriented languages your code should be written in one

Participants submitting solutions in C language should not use functions from <conio.h>/<process.h> as these files do not exist in gcc

## Note:

For C and C++, return type of main() function should be int.

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## **Submit Answer**

- I , **DEEPAK PATEL** confirm that the answer submitted is my own.
- $\hfill \square$  I would like to provide attribution to the following sources.





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