

## Analysis of Online Book Store Record and Retrieving the Max. Profit using SQL



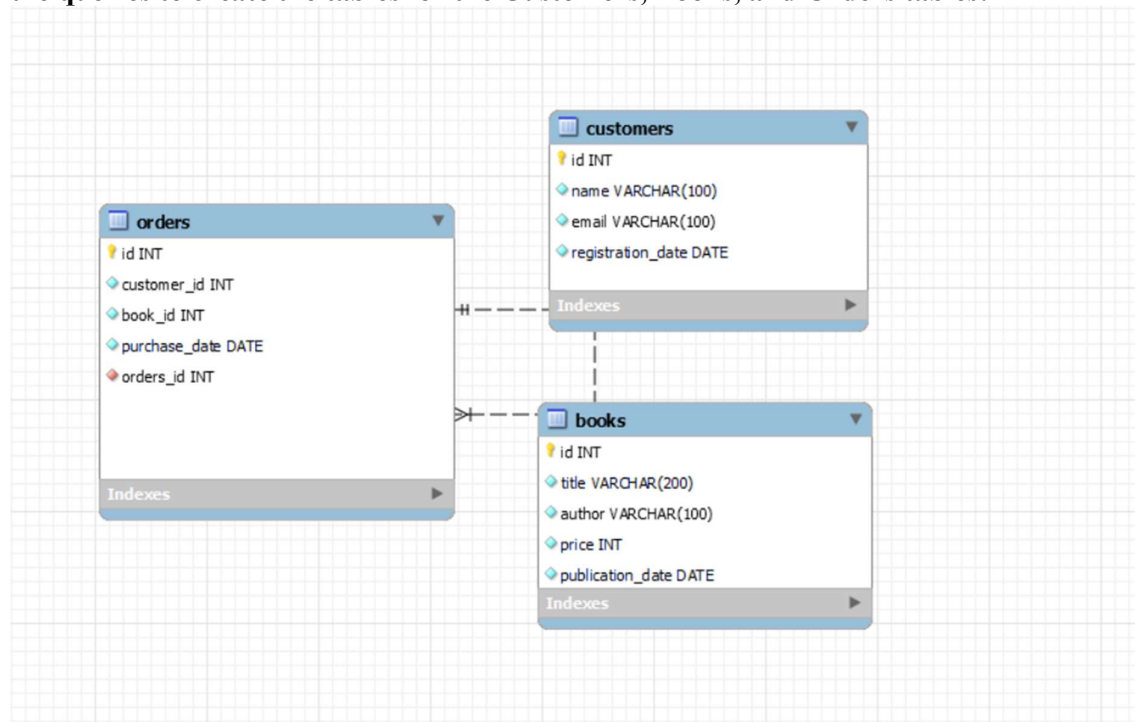
We have the following online bookstore record in the form of table :

**Customers:** This table contains the **customer's ID, name, email address,** and the **date** they registered.

**Books:** This table contains the **book's ID, title, author, price,** and the **date** it was published.

**Orders:** This table contains the **order's ID, customer ID, book ID,** and the **date** it was purchased.

the queries to create the tables for the Customers, Books, and Orders tables:



```
CREATE TABLE Customers (
  id int PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  registration_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Books (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
  author VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  price INT NOT NULL,
  publication_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
  id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  customer_id INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Customers(id),
  book_id INT NOT NULL REFERENCES Books(id),
  purchase_date DATE NOT NULL
);
```

```
INSERT INTO customers
(ID, name, email, registration_date)
values
(1999, "ADITYA", "ADITYA@gmail.com", "2023-02-20"),
(1458, "RAKUL", "RAKUL@gmail.com", "2023-02-20"),
(1459, "KUNAL", "KUNAL@gmail.com", "2023-02-01"),
(1460, "CHIRAG", "CHIRAG@gmail.com", "2023-02-05"),
(1985, "RAHUL", "RAHUL@gmail.com", "2023-02-07"),
(7896, "RUTUJA", "RUTUJA@gmail.com", "2023-02-08"),
(4563, "GAURI", "GAURI@gmail.com", "2023-02-10"),
(8520, "PRATIBHA", "PRATIBHA@gmail.com", "2023-01-22"),
(7412, "UDAY", "UDAY@gmail.com", "2023-02-01"),
(7530, "VISHAL", "VISHAL@gmail.com", "2022-02-05"),
(1590, "GAURAV", "GAURAV@gmail.com", "2022-08-22"),
(7562, "GAURANG", "GAURANG@gmail.com", "2021-01-23"),
(4561, "PRANAV", "PRANAV@gmail.com", "2022-02-20"),
(1852, "DHANASHRI", "DHANASHRI@gmail.com", "2023-02-20"),
(0145, "VISH", "VISH@gmail.com", "2021-02-20"),
(7584, "RUPALI", "RUPALI@gmail.com", "2020-02-20"),
(4896, "ROHIT", "ROHIT@gmail.com", "2021-04-20"),
(2154, "RITURAJ", "RITURAJ@gmail.com", "2023-01-20"),
(4578, "APURVA", "APURVA@gmail.com", "2022-07-20"),
(7555, "RAM", "RAM@gmail.com", "2022-02-20"),
(4488, "RAGHAV", "RAGHAV@gmail.com", "2020-02-20"),
(7485, "SONALI", "SONALI@gmail.com", "2022-10-20"),
(8574, "AMRUTA", "AMRUTA@gmail.com", "2023-08-20"),
(8754, "VISHWAJEET", "VISHWAJEET@gmail.com", "2023-02-19"),
(9898, "RUSHIKESH", "RUSHIKESH@gmail.com", "2023-02-18"),
```

(2255,"NIKITA","NIKITA@gmail.com","2023-02-17"),  
 (2266,"SANVED","SANVED@gmail.com","2023-02-15"),  
 (9966,"RAJ","RAJ@gmail.com","2023-02-14"),  
 (6969,"VAISHNAVI","VAISHNAVI@gmail.com","2023-02-12"),  
 (6565,"ABHIJEET","ABHIJEET@gmail.com","2023-02-11"),  
 (6363,"ABHIMANUE","ABHIMANUE@gmail.com","2023-02-10"),  
 (3636,"AISHWARYA","AISHWARYA@gmail.com","2023-02-09"),  
 (3583,"AKANSHA","AKANSHA@gmail.com","2023-02-08"),  
 (3654,"AKASH","AKASH@gmail.com","2023-02-07"),  
 (3658,"AKSHAY","AKSHAY@gmail.com","2023-02-06"),  
 (3689,"ANKITA","ANKITA@gmail.com","2023-02-08"),  
 (3674,"ANUSHKA","ANUSHKA@gmail.com","2023-02-20"),  
 (3677,"BALAJI","BALAJI@gmail.com","2023-02-05"),  
 (3611,"BHAVANA","BHAVANA@gmail.com","2023-02-04"),  
 (3600,"BHUSHAN","BHUSHAN@gmail.com","2023-02-03"),  
 (3612,"CHAITANYA","CHAITANYA@gmail.com","2023-02-02"),  
 (3622,"CHETAN","CHETAN@gmail.com","2023-01-30"),  
 (3659,"VAIBHAV","VAIBHAV@gmail.com","2023-01-28"),  
 (2500,"DEEP","DEEP@gmail.com","2023-01-28"),  
 (2501,"DEEPAK","DEEPAK@gmail.com","2023-01-27"),  
 (2502,"DHEERAJ","DHEERAJ@gmail.com","2023-02-26"),  
 (5036,"DIKSHANT","DIKSHANT@gmail.com","2023-01-25"),  
 (2504,"DIPALI","DIPALI@gmail.com","2023-01-24"),  
 (2505,"GANESH","GANESH@gmail.com","2023-01-23"),  
 (2506,"GEETANJALI","GEETANJALI@gmail.com","2023-01-22"),  
 (2001,"GOKUL","GOKUL@gmail.com","2023-01-21"),  
 (2002,"GOPAL","GOPAL@gmail.com","2023-01-20"),  
 (2000,"HARSHAL","HARSHAL@gmail.com","2023-01-19"),  
 (2003,"HEMANT","HEMANT@gmail.com","2023-01-18"),  
 (2004,"ISHA","ISHA@gmail.com","2023-01-17"),  
 (2005,"JAGDISH","JAGDISH@gmail.com","2022-01-16"),  
 (8842,"JAVERIYA","JAVERIYA@gmail.com","2023-01-15"),  
 (8843,"JAYA","JAYA@gmail.com","2023-01-14"),  
 (8844,"JEYESH","JEYESH@gmail.com","2023-01-12"),  
 (8846,"KAJAL","KAJAL@gmail.com","2023-01-11"),  
 (88874,"KANCHAN","KANCHAN@gmail.com","2023-01-10"),  
 (0213,"KARTIK","KARTIK@gmail.com","2023-01-09"),  
 (8968,"KEDAR","KEDAR@gmail.com","2023-02-08"),  
 (0148,"KIRAN","KIRAN@gmail.com","2023-01-05"),  
 (7474,"KISHOR","KISHOR@gmail.com","2023-01-04"),  
 (7410,"KOMAL","KOMAL@gmail.com","2023-02-03"),  
 (7445,"LAKHAN","LAKHAN@gmail.com","2023-01-02"),  
 (7411,"LAVANYA","LAVANYA@gmail.com","2023-01-01"),  
 (7416,"MADHU","MADHU@gmail.com","2022-10-24"),  
 (7419,"MOHINI","MOHINI@gmail.com","2022-10-26"),  
 (7488,"NIKHIL","NIKHIL@gmail.com","2022-11-24"),  
 (3597,"NAINA","NAINA@gmail.com","2023-11-21"),  
 (3976,"NILESH","NILESH@gmail.com","202-11-20"),  
 (7569,"NILKANTH","NILKANTH@gmail.com","2023-02-20"),  
 (9998,"PANKAJ","PANKAJ@gmail.com","2023-02-20"),

```
(9999,"PARESH","PARESH@gmail.com","2023-02-20"),
(88883,"PRANALI","PRANALI@gmail.com","2023-02-20"),
(1113,"PRASAD","PRASAD@gmail.com","2022-01-07");
```

### # 1. List all the customers and their details.

```
SELECT id, name, email, registration_date FROM customers;
select * from customers;
```

The screenshot shows a database management tool interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons and a 'Limit to 1000 rows' dropdown. Below the toolbar, a SQL query is entered in a text area: `SELECT * FROM customers;`. The results are displayed in a 'Result Grid' below the query. The grid has columns for 'id', 'name', 'email', and 'registration\_date'. The data is listed in rows, with some rows highlighted in blue. The email addresses are displayed as hyperlinks. At the bottom of the interface, there's an 'Output' section.

id	name	email	registration_date
145	VIHAN	<a href="mailto:VISH@gmail.com">VISH@gmail.com</a>	2021-02-20
148	KIRAN	<a href="mailto:KIRAN@gmail.com">KIRAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-05
213	KARTIK	<a href="mailto:KARTIK@gmail.com">KARTIK@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-09
1113	PRASAD	<a href="mailto:PRASAD@gmail.com">PRASAD@gmail.com</a>	2022-01-07
1457	SHUBHAM	<a href="mailto:shubham@gmail.com">shubham@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1458	RAKUL	<a href="mailto:RAKUL@gmail.com">RAKUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1459	KUNAL	<a href="mailto:KUNAL@gmail.com">KUNAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-01
1460	CHIRAG	<a href="mailto:CHIRAG@gmail.com">CHIRAG@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-05
1590	GAURAV	<a href="mailto:GAURAV@gmail.com">GAURAV@gmail.com</a>	2022-08-22
1852	DHANASHRI	<a href="mailto:DHANASHRI@gmail.com">DHANASHRI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1985	RAHUL	<a href="mailto:RAHUL@gmail.com">RAHUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-07
1999	ADITYA	<a href="mailto:ADITYA@gmail.com">ADITYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
2000	HARSHAL	<a href="mailto:HARSHAL@gmail.com">HARSHAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-19
2001	GOKUL	<a href="mailto:GOKUL@gmail.com">GOKUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-21
2002	GOPAL	<a href="mailto:GOPAL@gmail.com">GOPAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-20

id	name	Email	Registration_date
145	VIHAN	<a href="mailto:VISH@gmail.com">VISH@gmail.com</a>	2021-02-20
148	KIRAN	<a href="mailto:KIRAN@gmail.com">KIRAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-05
213	KARTIK	<a href="mailto:KARTIK@gmail.com">KARTIK@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-09
1113	PRASAD	<a href="mailto:PRASAD@gmail.com">PRASAD@gmail.com</a>	2022-01-07
1457	SHUBHAM	<a href="mailto:shubham@gmail.com">shubham@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1458	RAKUL	<a href="mailto:RAKUL@gmail.com">RAKUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1459	KUNAL	<a href="mailto:KUNAL@gmail.com">KUNAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-01
1460	CHIRAG	<a href="mailto:CHIRAG@gmail.com">CHIRAG@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-05
1590	GAURAV	<a href="mailto:GAURAV@gmail.com">GAURAV@gmail.com</a>	2022-08-22
1852	DHANASHRI	<a href="mailto:DHANASHRI@gmail.com">DHANASHRI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
1985	RAHUL	<a href="mailto:RAHUL@gmail.com">RAHUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-07
1999	ADITYA	<a href="mailto:ADITYA@gmail.com">ADITYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
2000	HARSHAL	<a href="mailto:HARSHAL@gmail.com">HARSHAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-19
2001	GOKUL	<a href="mailto:GOKUL@gmail.com">GOKUL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-21
2002	GOPAL	<a href="mailto:GOPAL@gmail.com">GOPAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-20

2003	HEMANT	<a href="mailto:HEMANT@gmail.com">HEMANT@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-18
2004	ISHA	<a href="mailto:ISHA@gmail.com">ISHA@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-17
2005	JAGDISH	<a href="mailto:JAGDISH@gmail.com">JAGDISH@gmail.com</a>	2022-01-16
2154	RITURAJ	<a href="mailto:RITURAJ@gmail.com">RITURAJ@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-20
2255	NIKITA	<a href="mailto:NIKITA@gmail.com">NIKITA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-17
2266	SANVED	<a href="mailto:SANVED@gmail.com">SANVED@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-15
2500	DEEP	<a href="mailto:DEEP@gmail.com">DEEP@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-28
2501	DEEPAK	<a href="mailto:DEEPAK@gmail.com">DEEPAK@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-27
2502	DHEERAJ	<a href="mailto:DHEERAJ@gmail.com">DHEERAJ@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-26
2504	DIPALI	<a href="mailto:DIPALI@gmail.com">DIPALI@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-24
2505	GANESH	<a href="mailto:GANESH@gmail.com">GANESH@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-23
2506	GEETANJALI	<a href="mailto:GEETANJALI@gmail.com">GEETANJALI@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-22
3583	AKANSHA	<a href="mailto:AKANSHA@gmail.com">AKANSHA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-08
3597	NAINA	<a href="mailto:NAINA@gmail.com">NAINA@gmail.com</a>	2023-11-21
3600	BHUSHAN	<a href="mailto:BHUSHAN@gmail.com">BHUSHAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-03
3611	BHAVANA	<a href="mailto:BHAVANA@gmail.com">BHAVANA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-04
3612	CHAITANYA	<a href="mailto:CHAITANYA@gmail.com">CHAITANYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-02
3622	CHETAN	<a href="mailto:CHETAN@gmail.com">CHETAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-30
3636	AISHWARYA	<a href="mailto:AISHWARYA@gmail.com">AISHWARYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-09
3654	AKASH	<a href="mailto:AKASH@gmail.com">AKASH@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-07
3658	AKSHAY	<a href="mailto:AKSHAY@gmail.com">AKSHAY@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-06
3659	VAIBHAV	<a href="mailto:VAIBHAV@gmail.com">VAIBHAV@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-28
3674	ANUSHKA	<a href="mailto:ANUSHKA@gmail.com">ANUSHKA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
3677	BALAJI	<a href="mailto:BALAJI@gmail.com">BALAJI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-05
3689	ANKITA	<a href="mailto:ANKITA@gmail.com">ANKITA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-08
3976	NILESH	<a href="mailto:NILESH@gmail.com">NILESH@gmail.com</a>	0202-11-20
4488	RAGHAV	<a href="mailto:RAGHAV@gmail.com">RAGHAV@gmail.com</a>	2020-02-20
4561	PRANAV	<a href="mailto:PRANAV@gmail.com">PRANAV@gmail.com</a>	2022-02-20
4563	GAURI	<a href="mailto:GAURI@gmail.com">GAURI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-10
4578	APURVA	<a href="mailto:APURVA@gmail.com">APURVA@gmail.com</a>	2022-07-20
4896	ROHIT	<a href="mailto:ROHIT@gmail.com">ROHIT@gmail.com</a>	2021-04-20
5036	DIKSHANT	<a href="mailto:DIKSHANT@gmail.com">DIKSHANT@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-25
6363	ABHIMANUE	<a href="mailto:ABHIMANUE@gmail.com">ABHIMANUE@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-10
6565	ABHIJEET	<a href="mailto:ABHIJEET@gmail.com">ABHIJEET@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-11
6969	VAISHNAVI	<a href="mailto:VAISHNAVI@gmail.com">VAISHNAVI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-12
7410	KOMAL	<a href="mailto:KOMAL@gmail.com">KOMAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-03
7411	LAVANYA	<a href="mailto:LAVANYA@gmail.com">LAVANYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-01
7412	UDAY	<a href="mailto:UDAY@gmail.com">UDAY@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-01
7416	MADHU	<a href="mailto:MADHU@gmail.com">MADHU@gmail.com</a>	2022-10-24



7419	MOHINI	<a href="mailto:MOHINI@gmail.com">MOHINI@gmail.com</a>	2022-10-26
7445	LAKHAN	<a href="mailto:LAKHAN@gmail.com">LAKHAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-02
7474	KISHOR	<a href="mailto:KISHOR@gmail.com">KISHOR@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-04
7485	SONALI	<a href="mailto:SONALI@gmail.com">SONALI@gmail.com</a>	2022-10-20
7488	NIKHIL	<a href="mailto:NIKHIL@gmail.com">NIKHIL@gmail.com</a>	2022-11-24
7530	VISHAL	<a href="mailto:VISHAL@gmail.com">VISHAL@gmail.com</a>	2022-02-05
7555	RAM	<a href="mailto:RAM@gmail.com">RAM@gmail.com</a>	2022-02-20
7562	GAURANG	<a href="mailto:GAURANG@gmail.com">GAURANG@gmail.com</a>	2021-01-23
7569	NILKANTH	<a href="mailto:NILKANTH@gmail.com">NILKANTH@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
7584	RUPALI	<a href="mailto:RUPALI@gmail.com">RUPALI@gmail.com</a>	2020-02-20
7896	RUTUJA	<a href="mailto:RUTUJA@gmail.com">RUTUJA@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-08
8520	PRATIBHA	<a href="mailto:PRATIBHA@gmail.com">PRATIBHA@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-22
8574	AMRUTA	<a href="mailto:AMRUTA@gmail.com">AMRUTA@gmail.com</a>	2023-08-20
8754	VISHWAJEET	<a href="mailto:VISHWAJEET@gmail.com">VISHWAJEET@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-19
8842	JAVERIYA	<a href="mailto:JAVERIYA@gmail.com">JAVERIYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-15
8843	JAYA	<a href="mailto:JAYA@gmail.com">JAYA@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-14
8844	JEYESH	<a href="mailto:JEYESH@gmail.com">JEYESH@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-12
8846	KAJAL	<a href="mailto:KAJAL@gmail.com">KAJAL@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-11
8968	KEDAR	<a href="mailto:KEDAR@gmail.com">KEDAR@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-08
9137	PRAKASH	<a href="mailto:PRAKASH@GMAIL.COM">PRAKASH@GMAIL.COM</a>	2020-11-30
9785	abhay	<a href="mailto:abhay@gmail.com">abhay@gmail.com</a>	2019-08-25
9898	RUSHIKESH	<a href="mailto:RUSHIKESH@gmail.com">RUSHIKESH@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-18
9966	RAJ	<a href="mailto:RAJ@gmail.com">RAJ@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-14
9998	PANKAJ	<a href="mailto:PANKAJ@gmail.com">PANKAJ@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20
88874	KANCHAN	<a href="mailto:KANCHAN@gmail.com">KANCHAN@gmail.com</a>	2023-01-10
88883	PRANALI	<a href="mailto:PRANALI@gmail.com">PRANALI@gmail.com</a>	2023-02-20

INSERT INTO BOOKS(

ID, title, author, price,publication\_date)

values

(0001,"DATA SCIENCE HANDBOOK","FIELD CADY",3553,"2022-08-12"),  
 (0003,"INTRODUCING DATA SCIENCE","DAVY CIELEN",835,"2022-07-20"),  
 (0004,"MACHINE LEARNING USING PYTHON","DR THAREJA",605,"2022-03-10"),  
 (0005,"HAND ON DATA SCIENCE","FRANKY KANE",2619,"2022-04-12"),  
 (0006,"Data Science for Business Professionals","FIELD CADY",805,"2023-01-12"),  
 (0008,"DATA SCIENCE WITH JUPYTER","PRATEEK GUPTA",539,"2022-08-12"),  
 (0009,"ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE","J PAUL",1499,"2022-08-12"),  
 (0010,"PYTHON FOR DATA SCIENCE DUMMIES","LUCA MASARON",740,"2022-08-12"),  
 (0011,"DATA SCIENCE ON GOOGLE PLATFORM","VALLIAPPA LAKSHMANAN",1225,"2022-11-22");

## # 2. List all the books in the database and their authors.

**SELECT title, author FROM books;**

**select \* from books;**

The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, there's a toolbar with various icons and a text input field containing the query: `SELECT * FROM books;`. Below the query, a 'Result Grid' displays the data. The grid has columns for 'id', 'title', 'author', 'price', and 'publication\_date'. The data is as follows:

	id	title	author	price	publication_date
1	1	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	FIELD_CADY	3553	2022-08-12
3	3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	DAVY CIELEN	835	2022-07-20
4	4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	DR_THAREJA	605	2022-03-10
5	5	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	FRANKY_KANE	2619	2022-04-12
6	6	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals	FIELD_CADY	805	2023-01-12
8	8	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	PRATEEK_GUPTA	539	2022-08-12
9	9	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	J_PAUL	1499	2022-08-12
10	10	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	LUCA_MASARON	740	2022-08-12
11	11	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	VALLIAPPA_LAKSHMANAN	1225	2022-11-22
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

**INSERT INTO ORDERS(  
ID, customer\_ID, book\_ID, purchase\_date)  
values**

(111,1999,005,"2023-02-20"),  
(112,1458,004,"2023-02-20"),  
(113,1459,001,"2023-02-01"),  
(114,1460,004,"2023-02-05"),  
(115,1985,008,"2023-02-07"),  
(116,7896,001,"2023-02-08"),  
(117,4563,003,"2023-02-10"),  
(118,8520,004,"2023-01-22"),  
(119,7412,010,"2023-02-01"),  
(120,7530,011,"2022-02-05"),  
(121,1590,011,"2022-08-22"),  
(122,7562,011,"2021-01-23"),  
(123,4561,010,"2022-02-20"),  
(124,1852,010,"2023-02-20"),  
(125,0145,003,"2021-02-20"),  
(126,7584,003,"2020-02-20"),  
(127,4896,003,"2021-04-20"),  
(128,2154,003,"2023-01-20"),  
(129,4578,009,"2022-07-20"),  
(130,7555,009,"2022-02-20"),  
(131,4488,009,"2020-02-20"),  
(132,7485,009,"2022-10-20"),  
(133,8574,001,"2023-08-20"),

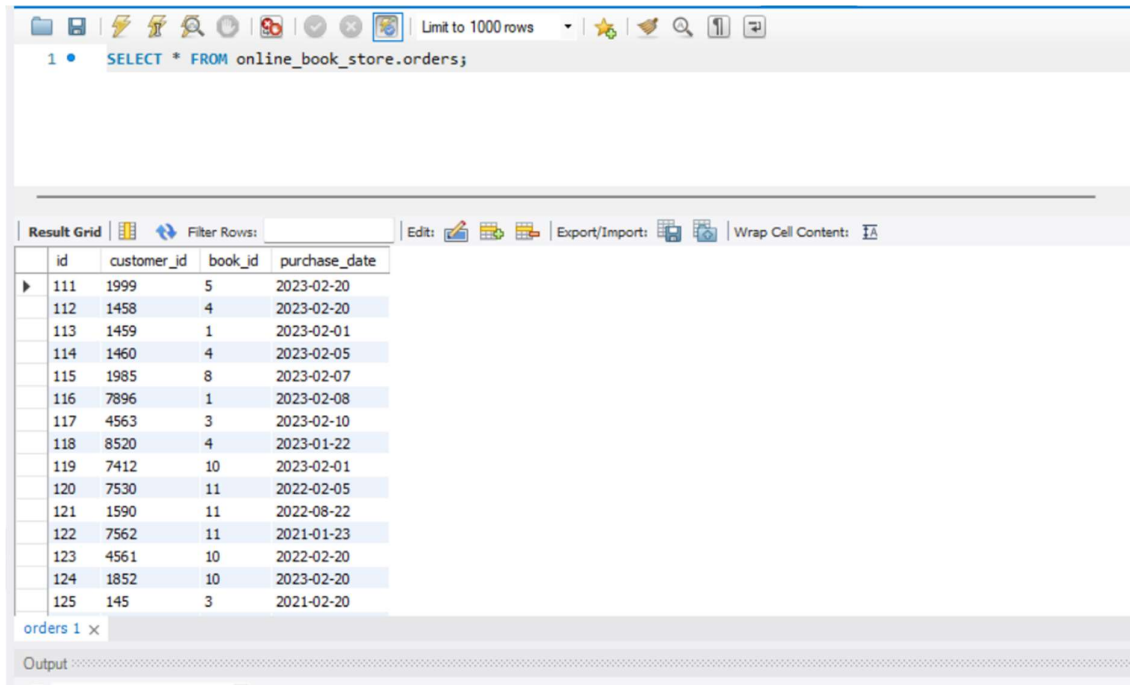
(134,8754,001,"2023-02-19"),  
(135,9898,001,"2023-02-18"),  
(136,2255,003,"2023-02-17"),  
(137,2266,001,"2023-02-15"),  
(138,9966,004,"2023-02-14"),  
(139,6969,004,"2023-02-12"),  
(140,6565,004,"2023-02-11"),  
(141,6363,001,"2023-02-10"),  
(142,3636,001,"2023-02-09"),  
(143,3583,001,"2023-02-08"),  
(144,3654,003,"2023-02-07"),  
(145,3658,003,"2023-02-06"),  
(146,3689,003,"2023-02-08"),  
(147,3674,003,"2023-02-20"),  
(148,3677,003,"2023-02-05"),  
(149,3611,004,"2023-02-04"),  
(150,3600,004,"2023-02-03"),  
(151,3612,005,"2023-02-02"),  
(152,3622,005,"2023-01-30"),  
(153,3659,005,"2023-01-28"),  
(155,2500,005,"2023-01-28"),  
(156,2501,005,"2023-01-27"),  
(157,2502,005,"2023-02-26"),  
(158,5036,005,"2023-01-25"),  
(159,2504,009,"2023-01-24"),  
(160,2505,009,"2023-01-23"),  
(161,2506,009,"2023-01-22"),  
(162,2001,009,"2023-01-21"),  
(163,2002,009,"2023-01-20"),  
(164,2000,001,"2023-01-19"),  
(165,2003,001,"2023-01-18"),  
(166,2004,001,"2023-01-17"),  
(167,2005,003,"2022-01-16"),  
(168,8842,001,"2023-01-15"),  
(169,8843,003,"2023-01-14"),  
(170,8844,004,"2023-01-12"),  
(171,8846,004,"2023-01-11"),  
(172,88874,004,"2023-01-10"),  
(173,0213,005,"2023-01-09"),  
(174,8968,005,"2023-02-08"),  
(175,0148,005,"2023-01-05"),  
(176,474,005,"2023-01-04"),  
(177,7410,006,"2023-02-03"),  
(178,7445,006,"2023-01-02"),  
(179,7411,006,"2023-01-01"),  
(180,7416,008,"2022-10-24"),  
(181,7419,006,"2022-10-26"),  
(182,7488,008,"2022-11-24"),  
(183,3597,008,"2023-11-21"),  
(184,3976,010,"202-11-20"),



```
(185,7569,011,"2023-02-20"),
(186,9998,011,"2023-02-20"),
(187,9999,011,"2023-02-20"),
(188,88883,011,"2023-02-20"),
(189,1113,010,"2022-01-07");
```

### # 3. List all the orders and their details.

```
SELECT * FROM orders;
```



id	customer_id	book_id	purchase_date
111	1999	5	2023-02-20
112	1458	4	2023-02-20
113	1459	1	2023-02-01
114	1460	4	2023-02-05
115	1985	8	2023-02-07
116	7896	1	2023-02-08
117	4563	3	2023-02-10
118	8520	4	2023-01-22
119	7412	10	2023-02-01
120	7530	11	2022-02-05
121	1590	11	2022-08-22
122	7562	11	2021-01-23
123	4561	10	2022-02-20
124	1852	10	2023-02-20
125	145	3	2021-02-20

id	Customer_id	Book_id	Purchase_date
111	1999	5	2023-02-20
112	1458	4	2023-02-20
113	1459	1	2023-02-01
114	1460	4	2023-02-05
115	1985	8	2023-02-07
116	7896	1	2023-02-08
117	4563	3	2023-02-10
118	8520	4	2023-01-22
119	7412	10	2023-02-01
120	7530	11	2022-02-05
121	1590	11	2022-08-22
122	7562	11	2021-01-23
123	4561	10	2022-02-20

124	1852	10	2023-02-20
125	145	3	2021-02-20
126	7584	3	2020-02-20
127	4896	3	2021-04-20
128	2154	3	2023-01-20
129	4578	9	2022-07-20
130	7555	9	2022-02-20
131	4488	9	2020-02-20
132	7485	9	2022-10-20
133	8574	1	2023-08-20
134	8754	1	2023-02-19
135	9898	1	2023-02-18
136	2255	3	2023-02-17
137	2266	1	2023-02-15
138	9966	4	2023-02-14
139	6969	4	2023-02-12
140	6565	4	2023-02-11
141	6363	1	2023-02-10
142	3636	1	2023-02-09
143	3583	1	2023-02-08
144	3654	3	2023-02-07
145	3658	3	2023-02-06
146	3689	3	2023-02-08
147	3674	3	2023-02-20
148	3677	3	2023-02-05
149	3611	4	2023-02-04
150	3600	4	2023-02-03
151	3612	5	2023-02-02
152	3622	5	2023-01-30
153	3659	5	2023-01-28
155	2500	5	2023-01-28
156	2501	5	2023-01-27
157	2502	5	2023-02-26
158	5036	5	2023-01-25
159	2504	9	2023-01-24
160	2505	9	2023-01-23
161	2506	9	2023-01-22
162	2001	9	2023-01-21
163	2002	9	2023-01-20

164	2000	1	2023-01-19
165	2003	1	2023-01-18
166	2004	1	2023-01-17
167	2005	3	2022-01-16
168	8842	1	2023-01-15
169	8843	3	2023-01-14
170	8844	4	2023-01-12
171	8846	4	2023-01-11
172	88874	4	2023-01-10
173	213	5	2023-01-09
174	8968	5	2023-02-08
175	148	5	2023-01-05
176	474	5	2023-01-04
177	7410	6	2023-02-03
178	7445	6	2023-01-02
179	7411	6	2023-01-01
180	7416	8	2022-10-24
181	7419	6	2022-10-26
182	7488	8	2022-11-24
183	3597	8	2023-11-21
184	3976	10	0202-11-20
185	7569	11	2023-02-20
186	9998	11	2023-02-20
187	9999	11	2023-02-20
188	88883	11	2023-02-20
189	1113	10	2022-01-07

# 4. List all the customers who have made an order.

SELECT customers.id, customers.name FROM customers  
JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer\_id;

221  
222 # 4. List all the customers details who have made an order.  
223 • SELECT customers.id, customers.name, customers.email FROM customers  
224 JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer\_id;  
225

id	name	email
1999	ADITYA	ADITYA@gmail.com
1458	RAKUL	RAKUL@gmail.com
1459	KUNAL	KUNAL@gmail.com
1460	CHIRAG	CHIRAG@gmail.com
1985	RAHUL	RAHUL@gmail.com
7896	RUTUJA	RUTUJA@gmail.com
4563	GAURI	GAURI@gmail.com
8520	PRATIBHA	PRATIBHA@gmail.com
7412	UDAY	UDAY@gmail.com
7530	VISHAL	VISHAL@gmail.com
1590	GAURAV	GAURAV@gmail.com
7562	GAURANG	GAURANG@gmail.com
4561	PRANAV	PRANAV@gmail.com
1852	DHANASHRI	DHANASHRI@gmail.com
145	VIHAN	VISH@gmail.com

Result 61 x

-- after inserting all data we found that there was one customer who visited bookstore but not on record.

# 5. add the details of customer whose name is "abhay".

insert into customers

(ID, name, email, registration\_date)

values

(9085,"ayush","ayush@gmail.com","2019-08-03");

Select \* from customers;

```

228 # 5. add the details of customer whose name is "abhay".
229 • insert into customers
230 (ID, name, email, registration_date)
231 values
232 (9085,"ayush","yush@gmail.com","2019-08-03");
233 • select * from customers;
234
235 # 6. update the name of customer as " " whose name where mentioned as " " where id is " ".

```

Result Grid

id	name	email	registration_date
8754	VISHWAJEET	VISHWAJEET@gmail.com	2023-02-19
8842	JAVERIYA	JAVERIYA@gmail.com	2023-01-15
8843	JAYA	JAYA@gmail.com	2023-01-14
8844	JEYESH	JEYESH@gmail.com	2023-01-12
8846	KAJAL	KAJAL@gmail.com	2023-01-11
8968	KEDAR	KEDAR@gmail.com	2023-02-08
9085	ayush	yush@gmail.com	2019-08-03
9137	PRAKASH	PRAKASH@GMAIL.COM	2020-11-30
9785	abhay	abhay@gmail.com	2019-08-25
9898	RUSHIKESH	RUSHIKESH@gmail.com	2023-02-18
9966	RAJ	RAJ@gmail.com	2023-02-14

customers 62 x

# 6. update the name of customer as " VARUN "where id is " 145".

UPDATE CUSTOMERS

SET name = "VARUN"

WHERE id = 145;

select \* from customers;

```

235 # 6. update the name of customer as "VARUN" whose id is "145".
236 • UPDATE CUSTOMERS
237 SET name = "VARUN"
238 WHERE id = 145;
239 • select * from customers;
240

```

Result Grid

id	name	email	registration_date
145	VARUN	VISH@gmail.com	2021-02-20
148	KIRAN	KIRAN@gmail.com	2023-01-05
213	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-01-09
1113	PRASAD	PRASAD@gmail.com	2022-01-07
1457	SHUBHAM	shubham@gmail.com	2023-02-20
1458	RAKUL	RAKUL@gmail.com	2023-02-20
1459	KUNAL	KUNAL@gmail.com	2023-02-01
1460	CHIRAG	CHIRAG@gmail.com	2023-02-05
1590	GAURAV	GAURAV@gmail.com	2022-08-22
1852	DHANASHRI	DHANASHRI@gmail.com	2023-02-20
1985	RAHUL	RAHUL@gmail.com	2023-02-07

customers 63 x

-- after analysing table we found that customer name "paresh" had not visited bookstore.

# 7. delete record of customer having their name as paresh.

delete from customers

where name = "paresh";

select \* from customers;

```

240
241 -- after analysing table we found that customer name "paresh" had not visited bookstore.
242 # 7. delete record of customer having their name as paresh.
243 • delete from customers
244   where name = "paresh";
245 • select * from customers;
246

```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:				
Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content: IA				
	id	name	email	registration_date
▶	145	VARUN	VISH@gmail.com	2021-02-20
	148	KIRAN	KIRAN@gmail.com	2023-01-05
	213	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-01-09
	1113	PRASAD	PRASAD@gmail.com	2022-01-07
	1457	SHUBHAM	shubham@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1458	RAKUL	RAKUL@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1459	KUNAL	KUNAL@gmail.com	2023-02-01
	1460	CHIRAG	CHIRAG@gmail.com	2023-02-05
	1590	GAURAV	GAURAV@gmail.com	2022-08-22
	1852	DHANASHRI	DHANASHRI@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1985	RAHUL	RAHUL@gmail.com	2023-02-07
	1988	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-02-20

customers 63 x

-- after retriving all data, we found that there should be a column name "gender" in customer.

# 8. add a new column name "gender" in customers table:

alter table customers

add column gender varchar(10);

select \* from customers;

```

247 -- after retriving all data, we found that there should be a column name "gender" in customer.
248 # 8. add a new column name "gender" in customers table:
249 • alter table customers
250   add column gender varchar(10);
251 • select * from customers;
252
253 # 9. delete column gender as we have no data available.

```

Result Grid					
Filter Rows:					
Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content: IA					
	id	name	email	registration_date	gender
▶	145	VARUN	VISH@gmail.com	2021-02-20	NULL
	148	KIRAN	KIRAN@gmail.com	2023-01-05	NULL
	213	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-01-09	NULL
	1113	PRASAD	PRASAD@gmail.com	2022-01-07	NULL
	1457	SHUBHAM	shubham@gmail.com	2023-02-20	NULL
	1458	RAKUL	RAKUL@gmail.com	2023-02-20	NULL
	1459	KUNAL	KUNAL@gmail.com	2023-02-01	NULL
	1460	CHIRAG	CHIRAG@gmail.com	2023-02-05	NULL
	1590	GAURAV	GAURAV@gmail.com	2022-08-22	NULL
	1852	DHANASHRI	DHANASHRI@gmail.com	2023-02-20	NULL
	1985	RAHUL	RAHUL@gmail.com	2023-02-07	NULL
	1988	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-02-20	NULL

customers 64 x

# 9. delete column gender as we have no data available.

alter table customers

drop column gender;

```

252
253 # 9. delete column gender as we have no data available.
254 • alter table customers
255 drop column gender;
256 • SELECT * FROM CUSTOMERS;
257
258 # 10. find the book ordered by chirag and on which date
259 • SELECT books.title,orders.id,customers.name,orders.purchase_date FROM orders

```

Result Grid

	id	name	email	registration_date
▶	145	VARUN	VISH@gmail.com	2021-02-20
	148	KIRAN	KIRAN@gmail.com	2023-01-05
	213	KARTIK	KARTIK@gmail.com	2023-01-09
	1113	PRASAD	PRASAD@gmail.com	2022-01-07
	1457	SHUBHAM	shubham@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1458	RAKUL	RAKUL@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1459	KUNAL	KUNAL@gmail.com	2023-02-01
	1460	CHIRAG	CHIRAG@gmail.com	2023-02-05
	1590	GAURAV	GAURAV@gmail.com	2022-08-22
	1852	DHANASHRI	DHANASHRI@gmail.com	2023-02-20
	1985	RAHUL	RAHUL@gmail.com	2023-02-07

CUSTOMERS 65 x

Output

# 10. find the book ordered by chirag and on which date

SELECT books.title,orders.id,customers.name,orders.purchase\_date FROM orders

JOIN customers ON orders.customer\_id = customers.id

JOIN books ON orders.book\_id = books.id

where customers.name = "chirag";

```

257
258 # 10. find the book ordered by chirag and on which date
259 • SELECT books.title,orders.id,customers.name,orders.purchase_date FROM orders
260 JOIN customers ON orders.customer_id = customers.id
261 JOIN books ON orders.book_id = books.id
262 where customers.name = "chirag";
263

```

Result Grid

	title	id	name	purchase_date
▶	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	114	CHIRAG	2023-02-05



### # 11. List all the orders along with the customer and book details.

```
SELECT orders.id, customers.name, books.title, orders.purchase_date FROM orders
JOIN customers ON orders.customer_id = customers.id
JOIN books ON orders.book_id = books.id;
```

```
264 # 11. List all the orders along with the customer and book details.
265 • SELECT orders.id, customers.name, books.title, orders.purchase_date FROM orders
266 JOIN customers ON orders.customer_id = customers.id
267 JOIN books ON orders.book_id = books.id;
268
269 # 12. Retrieve all the books details whose price is below 1000
```

id	name	title	purchase_date
111	ADITYA	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2023-02-20
112	RAKUL	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	2023-02-20
113	KUNAL	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	2023-02-01
114	CHIRAG	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	2023-02-05
115	RAHUL	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	2023-02-07
116	RUTUJA	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	2023-02-08
117	GAURI	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	2023-02-10
118	PRATIBHA	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	2023-01-22
119	UDAY	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	2023-02-01
120	VISHAL	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2022-02-05
121	GAURAV	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2022-08-22

### # 12. Retrieve all the books details whose price is below 1000

```
select books.id,books.title,books.price from books
where price <1000;
```

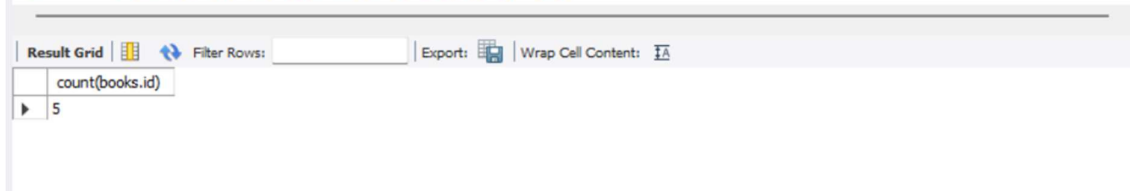
```
268
269 # 12. Retrieve all the books details whose price is below 1000
270 • select books.id,books.title,books.price from books
271 where price <1000;
272
```

id	title	price
3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	835
4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	605
6	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals	805
8	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	539
10	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	740
NULL	NULL	NULL

**# 13. Retrieve the no. of books whose price is below 1000**

```
select count(books.id) from books
where price <1000;
```

```
273 # 13. Retrieve the no. of books whose price is below 1000
274 • select count(books.id) from books
275 where price <1000;
276
277 # 14. retrieve the book which is ordered by rahul
```

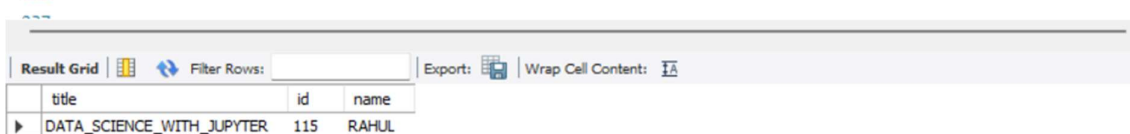


count(books.id)
5

**# 14. retrieve the book which is ordered by rahul**

```
select books.title,orders.id,customers.name from customers
join orders on orders.customer_id=customers.id
join books on orders.book_id=books.id
where name = "rahul";
```

```
230
231 # 6. retrieve the book which is ordered by rahul
232 • select books.title,orders.id,customers.name from customers
233 join orders on orders.customer_id=customers.id
234 join books on orders.book_id=books.id
235 where name = "rahul";
236
237
```

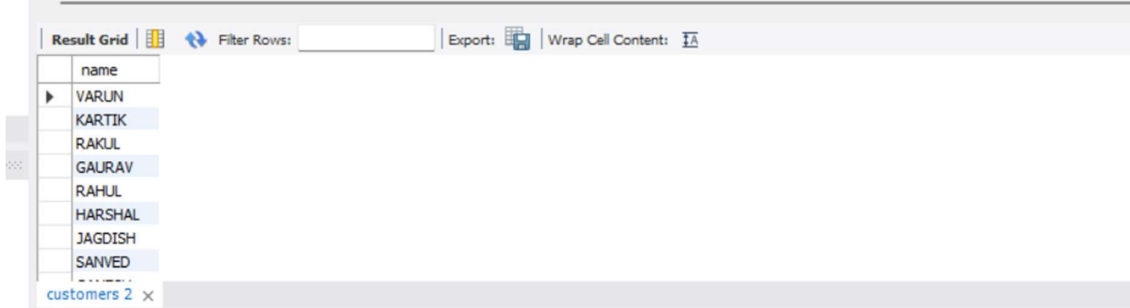


title	id	name
DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	115	RAHUL

**# 15. retrieve the customers whose name start with their 2nd letter as "a".**

```
select customers.name from customers
where name like "_a%";
```

```
291 # 18. retrieve the customers whose name start with their 2nd letter as "a".
292 • select customers.name from customers
293 where name like "_a%";
294
```



name
VARUN
KARTIK
RAKUL
GAURAV
RAHUL
HARSHAL
JAGDISH
SANVED

**# 16. retrieve the name of book whose name ending with "handbook".**

**select books.title from books where  
title like "%handbook";**

```

295 # 19. retrieve the name of book whose name ending with "handbook".
296 • select books.title from books where
297     title like "%handbook";
298

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

title
DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK

**# 17. retrieve the name of book which is booked by rahul,vishal,rutuja,gauri;**

**select books.title,customers.name from customers  
join orders on orders.customer\_id=customers.id  
join books on orders.book\_id=books.id  
where customers.name in("rahul","vishal","rutuja","gauri") ;**

```

243 # 8. retrieve the name of book which is booked by rahul,vishal,rutuja,gauri;
244 • select books.title,customers.name from customers
245     join orders on orders.customer_id=customers.id
246     join books on orders.book_id=books.id
247     where customers.name in("rahul","vishal","rutuja","gauri") ;
248

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

title	name
DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	RAHUL
DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	RUTUJA
INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	GAURI
DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	VISHAL

**# 18. retrieve the name of book which is having lowest price.**

**select books.title,books.price from books  
order by price asc limit 1;**

```

329
330
331 # 24. retrieve the name of book which is having lowest price.
332 • select books.title,books.price from books
333     order by price asc limit 1;
334

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#) | Fetch rows: [↗](#)

title	price
DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	539

**# 19. retrieve the name of book which is having highest price.**

```
select books.title,books.price from books
order by price desc limit 1;
```

-- or

```
select books.title,max(books.price) from books
group by books.title limit 1;
```

```

334
335 # 25. retrieve the name of book which is having highest price.
336 • select books.title,books.price from books
337   order by price desc limit 1;
338   -- or
339 • select books.title,max(books.price) from books
340   group by books.title limit 1;
341

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	title	price
▶	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553

**# 20. Retrieve the name of book which is having 3rd highest values.**

```
select books.title,books.price from books
order by price desc limit 1 OFFSET 2 ;
```

```

342 # 26. Retrieve the name of book which is having 3rd highest values.
343 • select books.title,books.price from books
344   order by price desc limit 1 OFFSET 2 ;
345

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	title	price
▶	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499

**# 21. retrieve the books details by increasing their values by rs.100 on each book.**

```
select books.title,books.price as "old price",price+100 as "new price"
from books;
```

```

257 # 11. retrieve the books details by increasing their values by rs.100 on each book.
258 • select books.title,books.price as "old price",price+100 as "new price"
259   from books;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

	title	old price	new price
▶	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553	3653
	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	835	935
	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	605	705
	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2619	2719
	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals	805	905
	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	539	639
	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499	1599
	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	740	840
	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	1225	1325

Result 10 x

## # 22. retrieve the total revenue collected before increasing price.

**select sum(books.price) from books;**

```

254 # 10. retrieve the total revenue collected before increasing price.
255 • select sum(books.price) from books;
256

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

sum(books.price)
12420

## # 23. retrieve total revenue profit after increasing price on book

**select sum(books.price+100)-sum(books.price) from books;**

```

261 # 12. retrieve total revenue profit after increasing price on book
262 • select sum(books.price+100)-sum(books.price) from books;
263

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

sum(books.price+100)-sum(books.price)
900

## # 24. retrieve the total revenue collected in terms of percentage after increasing price on a book

**select ((sum(books.price+100)-sum(books.price))/(sum(books.price))\*100) as "total\_profit\_gained\_after\_increasing\_price" from books;**

```

263 # 13. retrieve the total revenue collected in terms of percentage after increasing price on a book
264 • select ((sum(books.price+100)-sum(books.price))/(sum(books.price))*100) as "total_profit_gained_after_increasing_price" from books;
265
266

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

total_profit_gained_after_increasing_price
7.2464

## # 25. notifying the future price increase in particular books

**select books.title,books.price,price+100,**

**case books.title**

**when "ARTIFICIAL\_INTELLIGENCE" then "price will be increase by 150"**

when "MACHINE\_LEARNING\_USING\_PYTHON" then "price will be increase by 200"  
 else "price = price +100"  
 end as "remarks" from books;

```

266
267 # 14. notifying the future price increase in particular books
268 • select books.title,books.price,price+100,
269 case books.title
270 when "ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE" then "price will be increase by 150"
271 when "MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON" then "price will be increase by 200"
272 else "price = price +100"
273 end as "remarks" from books;
274

```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>				
Export:  Wrap Cell Content:				
	title	price	price+100	remarks
▶	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553	3653	price = price +100
	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	835	935	price = price +100
	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	605	705	price will be increase by 200
	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2619	2719	price = price +100
	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals	805	905	price = price +100
	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	539	639	price = price +100
	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499	1599	price will be increase by 150
	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	740	840	price = price +100
	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	1225	1325	price = price +100

Result 15 ×

# 26. List all the books that have been ordered.

SELECT DISTINCT books.id, books.title,books.price FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book\_id;

```

346 # 27. List all the books that have been ordered.
347 • SELECT distinct(books.id), books.title,books.price FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id;
348

```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export:  Wrap Cell Content:		
	id	title
▶	5	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE
	4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON
	1	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK
	8	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER
	3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE
	10	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES
	11	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM
	9	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE
	6	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals

Result 17 ×



**# 27. retrieve the total number of customers who ordered book.**

```
select count(customers.id) from customers
join orders on orders.customer_id=customers.id;
```

```
348
349 # 28. retrieve the total number of customers who ordered book.
350 • select count(customers.id) from customers
351 join orders on orders.customer_id=customers.id;
352
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	count(customers.id)			
▶	76			

**# 28. Calculate the total number of orders made.**

```
SELECT COUNT(id) AS total_orders FROM orders;
```

```
353 # 29. Calculate the total number of orders made.
354 • SELECT COUNT(id) AS total_orders FROM orders;
355
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	total_orders			
▶	78			

**# 29. Calculate the total revenue generated by the bookstore.**

```
SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id =
orders.book_id;
```

```
355
356 # 30. Calculate the total revenue generated by the bookstore.
357 • SELECT SUM(price) AS total_revenue FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id;
358
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	total_revenue			
▶	126269			

**# 30. List all the books that have been ordered more than once.**

```
select books.id,books.title,count(orders.book_id) as total_book_ordered from books
join orders on orders.book_id=books.id
group by books.id,books.title having count(book_id)>1;
```

```
6
7 # 30. List all the books that have been ordered more than once.
8 select books.id,books.title,count(orders.book_id) as total_book_ordered from books
9 join orders on orders.book_id=books.id
10 group by books.id,books.title having count(book_id)>1;
11
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [A](#)

	id	title	total_book_ordered
▶	5	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	12
	4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	11
	1	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	13
	8	DATA_SCIENCE_WITH_JUPYTER	4
	3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	13
	10	PYTHON_FOR_DATA_SCIENCE_DUMMIES	5
	11	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	7
	9	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	9
	6	Data_Science_for_Business_Professionals	4

Result 1 x

**# 31. list all the books whose price is greater than 1000 and less than 3000**

```
select books.title,books.price from books
where price>1000 and price<3000;
```

```
7
8 # 31. list all the books whose price is greater than 1000 and less than 3000
9 • select books.title,books.price from books
10 where price>1000 and price<3000;
11
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [A](#)

	title	price
▶	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2619
	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	1225

### # 32. list all the books whose price is between 1000 and 3000

```
select books.title,books.price from books
where price between 1000 and 3000;
```

```

6
7  # 32. list all the books whose price is between 1000 and 3000
8  •  select books.title,books.price from books
9     where price between 1000 and 3000;
10
11

```

title	price
HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2619
ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	1225

### # 33. List the top 5 best-selling books.

```
SELECT books.id, books.title, COUNT(orders.book_id) AS num_orders FROM books
JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id GROUP BY books.id, books.title ORDER
BY num_orders DESC LIMIT 5;
```

```

7  # 33. List the top 5 best-selling books.
8  •  SELECT books.id, books.title, COUNT(orders.book_id) AS num_orders FROM books
9     JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id GROUP BY books.id, books.title ORDER BY num_orders DESC LIMIT 5;
10
11

```

id	title	num_orders
1	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	13
3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	13
5	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	12
4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	11
9	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	9

### # 34. List the customers who have ordered a specific book by providing the book ID = 011.

```
SELECT customers.name,books.title,orders.purchase_date FROM customers
JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer_id
join books ON orders.book_id=books.id WHERE orders.book_id = "011";
```

```

6
7 # 34. List the customers who have ordered a specific book by providing the book ID = 011.
8 • SELECT customers.name,books.title,orders.purchase_date FROM customers
9 JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer_id
10 join books ON orders.book_id=books.id WHERE orders.book_id = "011";
11

```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
Export:   Wrap Cell Content:			
	name	title	purchase_date
▶	VISHAL	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2022-02-05
	GAURAV	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2022-08-22
	GAURANG	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2021-01-23
	NILKANTH	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2023-02-20
	PANKAJ	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2023-02-20
	PRANALI	DATA_SCIENCE_ON_GOOGLE_PLATFORM	2023-02-20

### # 35. List the customers who have not made any orders.

**SELECT id, name, email, registration\_date FROM customers WHERE id not IN ( SELECT customer\_id FROM orders );**

```

7
8 # 35. List the customers who have not made any orders.
9 • SELECT id, name, email, registration_date FROM customers WHERE id not IN ( SELECT customer_id FROM orders );
10
11

```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
Edit:   Export/Import:   Wrap Cell Content:			
	id	name	email
▶	1457	SHUBHAM	shubham@gmail.com
	7474	KISHOR	KISHOR@gmail.com
	9085	ayush	yush@gmail.com
	9137	PRAKASH	PRAKASH@GMAIL.COM
	9785	abhay	abhay@gmail.com
•	NULL	NULL	NULL

### # 36. List the books that have not been ordered.

**SELECT books.id, books.title, books.author FROM books WHERE books.id NOT IN ( SELECT DISTINCT book\_id FROM orders );**

```

9
10 # 36. List the books that have not been ordered.
11 • SELECT books.id, books.title, books.author FROM books WHERE books.id NOT IN ( SELECT DISTINCT book_id FROM orders );
12

```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows:		
Edit:   Export/Import:   Wrap Cell Content:		
	id	title
•	NULL	NULL

**# 37. Calculate the average price of all the books in the database.**

**SELECT AVG(price) AS avg\_price FROM books;**

```

9
10 # 37. Calculate the average price of all the books in the database.
11 • SELECT AVG(price) AS avg_price FROM books;
12

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	avg_price
▶	1380.0000

**# 38. Calculate the total number of customers who have made an order.**

**SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer\_id) AS num\_customers FROM orders;**

```

9
10 # 38. Calculate the total number of customers who have made an order.
11 • SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer_id) AS num_customers FROM orders;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	num_customers
▶	78

**# 39. List the top 5 customers who have spent the most money.**

**SELECT customers.id, customers.name, SUM(books.price) AS total\_spent FROM**  
**customers**  
**JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer\_id**  
**JOIN books ON orders.book\_id = books.id GROUP BY customers.id, customers.name**  
**ORDER BY total\_spent DESC LIMIT 5;**

```

10 # 39. List the top 5 customers who have spent the most money.
11 • SELECT customers.id, customers.name, SUM(books.price) AS total_spent FROM customers
12 JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer_id
13 JOIN books ON orders.book_id = books.id GROUP BY customers.id, customers.name ORDER BY total_spent DESC LIMIT 5;
14

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows: |

	id	name	total_spent
▶	8574	AMRUTA	3553
	1459	KUNAL	3553
	8754	VISHWAJEET	3553
	9898	RUSHIKESH	3553
	7896	RUTUJA	3553

#### # 40. List the top 5 authors who have sold the most books.

```
SELECT books.author, books.title, COUNT(orders.book_id) AS num_books_sold
FROM books
JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id
join customers on orders.customer_id=customers.id
GROUP BY books.author, books.title ORDER BY num_books_sold DESC LIMIT 5;
```

9

10 # 40. List the top 5 authors who have sold the most books.

11 • SELECT books.author, books.title, COUNT(orders.book\_id) AS num\_books\_sold FROM books

12 JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book\_id

13 join customers on orders.customer\_id=customers.id

14 GROUP BY books.author, books.title ORDER BY num\_books\_sold DESC LIMIT 5;

15

author	title	num_books_sold
FIELD_CADY	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	13
DAVY_CIELEN	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	13
FRANKY_KANE	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	11
DR_THAREJA	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	11
J_PAUL	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	9

#### # 41. List the customers who have ordered more than 3 books.

```
SELECT customers.id, customers.name, COUNT(orders.book_id) AS
num_books_ordered FROM customers JOIN orders ON customers.id =
orders.customer_id GROUP BY customers.id, customers.name HAVING
COUNT(orders.book_id) > 1;
```

13

14 # 41. List the customers who have ordered more than 3 books.

15 • SELECT customers.id, customers.name, COUNT(orders.book\_id) AS num\_books\_ordered FROM customers

16 JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer\_id

17 GROUP BY customers.id, customers.name

18 HAVING COUNT(orders.book\_id) > 1;

author	title	num_books_sold
FIELD_CADY	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	13
DAVY_CIELEN	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	13
FRANKY_KANE	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	11
DR_THAREJA	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	11
J_PAUL	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	9



#### # 42. List the books that have been ordered more than 10 times.

**SELECT** books.id, books.title, COUNT(orders.book\_id) AS num\_orders **FROM** books  
**JOIN** orders **ON** books.id = orders.book\_id **GROUP BY** books.id, books.title **HAVING**  
COUNT(orders.book\_id) > 10;

```
--
13
14 # 42. List the books that have been ordered more than 10 times.
15 • SELECT books.id, books.title, COUNT(orders.book_id) AS num_orders FROM books
16 JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id GROUP BY books.id, books.title HAVING COUNT(orders.book_id) > 10;
17
```

	id	title	num_orders
▶	5	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	12
	4	MACHINE_LEARNING_USING_PYTHON	11
	1	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	13
	3	INTRODUCING_DATA_SCIENCE	13

#### # 43. List the customers who have ordered a book with a price higher than the average book price.

**SELECT** customers.id, customers.name, books.title, books.price **FROM** customers  
**JOIN** orders **ON** customers.id = orders.customer\_id  
**JOIN** books **ON** orders.book\_id = books.id  
**WHERE** books.price > ( **SELECT** AVG(price) **FROM** books );

```
12
13 # 43. List the customers who have ordered a book with a price higher than the average book price.
14 • SELECT customers.id, customers.name, books.title, books.price FROM customers
15 JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.customer_id
16 JOIN books ON orders.book_id = books.id
17 WHERE books.price > ( SELECT AVG(price) FROM books );
18
```

	id	name	title	price
▶	1999	ADITYA	HAND_ON_DATA_SCIENCE	2619
	1459	KUNAL	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553
	7896	RUTUJA	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553
	4578	APURVA	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
	7555	RAM	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
	4488	RAGHAV	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
	7485	SONALI	ARTIFICIAL_INTELLIGENCE	1499
	8574	AMRUTA	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553
	8754	VISHWAJEET	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553
	9898	RUSHIKESH	DATA_SCIENCE_HANDBOOK	3553

#### # 44. List the books that have not been ordered.

**SELECT** id, title **FROM** books **WHERE** id **NOT IN** ( **SELECT** book\_id **FROM** orders  
);

```
15
16 # 44. List the books that have not been ordered.
17 • SELECT id, title FROM books WHERE id NOT IN ( SELECT book_id FROM orders );
18
```

	id	title
•	NULL	NULL

#### # 45. List the authors who have never sold any books.

**SELECT author FROM books WHERE author NOT IN ( SELECT author FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book\_id GROUP BY author );**

```

14
15
16 # 45. List the authors who have never sold any books.
17 • SELECT author FROM books WHERE author NOT IN ( SELECT author FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id GROUP BY author );
18

```

author
--------

#### # 46. Calculate the total revenue generated by the bookstore per author.

**SELECT books.author, SUM(books.price) AS total\_revenue FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book\_id GROUP BY books.author;**

```

14
15
16 # 45. List the authors who have never sold any books.
17 • SELECT author FROM books WHERE author NOT IN ( SELECT author FROM books JOIN orders ON books.id = orders.book_id GROUP BY author );
18
19

```

author
--------

#### # 47. Calculate the average number of books ordered per customer.

**SELECT AVG(num\_books\_ordered) AS avg\_num\_books\_ordered FROM ( SELECT customer\_id, COUNT(book\_id) AS num\_books\_ordered FROM orders GROUP BY customer\_id ) subquery;**

```

12
13
14
15
16 # 47. Calculate the average number of books ordered per customer.
17 • SELECT AVG(num_books_ordered) AS avg_num_books_ordered FROM ( SELECT customer_id, COUNT(book_id) AS num_books_ordered FROM orders GROUP BY customer_id ) subquery;
18

```

avg_num_books_ordered
1.0000