

CODE

```
import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
import os
# from IPython.display import Image
import easyocr

def minist_training():
    """
    Does the training from the MNIST dataset
    :return: None
    """
    mnist = tf.keras.datasets.mnist
    (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
    print(x_train.shape)
    x_train = tf.keras.utils.normalize(x_train, axis=1)
    x_test = tf.keras.utils.normalize(x_test, axis=1)
    model = tf.keras.models.Sequential()
    model.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)))
    model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation=tf.nn.relu))
    model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation=tf.nn.relu))
    model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=10, activation=tf.nn.softmax))
    model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                  metrics=['accuracy'])
    model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=3)
    accuracy, loss = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
    print(accuracy)
    print(loss)
    model.save('digits.model')
    return model
```

```
def predict_using_trained():
```

```
    """
```

```
    Takes the images that are present in the trained folder and uses the mnist training to
    predict the numbers
```

```
    :return: None
```

```
    """
```

```
    model = mnist_training()
```

```
    cur_wd = os.getcwd()
```

```
    path = cur_wd + "\\\" + \"Trained\"
```

```
    print(path)
```

```
    imgs = os.listdir(path)
```

```
    for cur_img in range(1,len(imgs)+1):
```

```
        os.chdir(path)
```

```
        img = cv.imread(f'{cur_img}.png')[:, :, 0]
```

```
        img = np.invert(np.array([img]))
```

```
        prediction = model.predict(img)
```

```
        print(f'The result is probably:{np.argmax(prediction)}')
```

```
        plt.imshow(img[0], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
```

```
    plt.show()
```

```
    os.chdir('..')
```

```
def easy_ocr():
```

```
    """
```

```
    This module uses the easy ocr library to predict the output
```

```
    :return: None
```

```
    """
```

```
    reader = easyocr.Reader(['en','hi'])
```

```
    cur_wd = os.getcwd()
```

```
    path = cur_wd + "\\\" + \"EasyOCR\"
```

```
    imgs = os.listdir(path)
```

```
    for cur_img in range(1,len(imgs)+1):
```

```
        os.chdir(path)
```

```
        pre_img = cur_img
```

```
        img = cv.imread(f'{cur_img}.png')[:, :, 0]
```

```
        img = np.invert(np.array([img]))
```

```
        plt.imshow(img[0], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
```

```
plt.show()
output = reader.readtext(f'{cur_img}.png')
tup1 = output[0]
print(f" Predicted Words / characters are : {tup1[1]} ", end=" ")
print(f" Accuracy: {tup1[2]*100} ",end= "\n")
print(output)
os.chdir('..')
```

```
if __name__=="__main__":
print("\n Executing the pre trained function \n")
predict_using_trained()
print("\n Executing the easy ocr function \n")
easy_ocr()
```