

# ML Assignment

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## Ques 3 Gaussian Naive Bayes

- 1) Implementation is in the python file
- 2) Evaluation Metrics

Accuracy

0.9814814814814815

Confusion Matrix

[[23 0 0]

[ 1 18 0]

[ 0 0 12]]

F1-score

0.9753639417693168

Classwise F1 score value

Class 0 0.9787234042553191

Class 1 0.9473684210526315

Class 2 1.0

The model gives good enough accuracy.

- 3) For inbuilt model, the values of each evaluation metric come out to be same

Accuracy

0.9814814814814815

Confusion Matrix

```
[[23 0 0]
```

```
[ 1 18 0]
```

```
[ 0 0 12]]
```

F1-score

0.9753639417693168

Classwise F1 score value

Class 0 0.9787234042553191

Class 1 0.9473684210526315

Class 2 1.0

Matches with the implementation

## ML Assignment

4.) Mean squared error =  $\frac{1}{n} \epsilon^T \epsilon$

$$= \frac{1}{n} (Y - X\beta)^T (Y - X\beta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} (Y^T - \beta^T X^T) (Y - X\beta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} (Y^T Y - \beta^T X^T Y + \beta^T X^T X \beta - Y^T X \beta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} (Y^T Y - 2 \beta^T X^T Y + \beta^T X^T X \beta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} ($$

$$\nabla \text{MSE} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n} (0 - 2 X^T Y + 2 X^T X \beta)$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta^* = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$$

$$= \underline{\underline{(X^T X)^{-1} (X^T Y)}}$$

$$X \rightarrow n \times k$$

$$Y \rightarrow n \times 1$$

$$X^T X \rightarrow (k \times n) (n \times k)$$

$$\Downarrow$$
  

$$k \times k$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1}$$

$$X^T Y$$
  

$$\downarrow \quad \searrow$$
  

$$k \times n \quad n \times 1$$

$$(k \times k) (k \times n) (n \times 1)$$

$$\Downarrow$$
  

$$k \times 1$$

$\Downarrow$  dimension match

Conditions :

- ①  $X^T X$  has to be invertible for solution of  $\beta^*$ .

$$5) \quad Y = 50 + 20X_1 + 0.02X_2 + 35X_3 + 0.01X_4 - 10X_5$$

$$\text{Female} - \text{male} = 35 - 10 [1] \text{ GPA}$$

$$\text{GPA} \uparrow \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{< 0}}$$

"  
Male > female for high  
GPA value

(C)

$$a.) \quad Y = 50 + 20 \times 3.5 + 0.02 \times 115 \\ + 35 \times 1 + 0.01 \times 115 \times 3.5 \\ - 10 \times 1 \times 2.5$$

8.05

$$= 163.05 - 35 + 0.4025$$

$$= 128.05 + 4.025 = 132.075 \text{ thousand dollars}$$

salary

$$\begin{array}{r} 115 \\ \times 35 \\ \hline 575 \\ 3450 \\ \hline 4025 \end{array}$$

3.) False since the interaction term (CPA multiplied by IQ) can be large, and the smaller coefficient when multiplied with this product value will result in a good amount of contribution.