



ulimit

ulimit [-HSTabcdefilmnpqrstuvx [limit]]

资源是有限的, 合理限制, 合理使用

- ▶ Provides control over the resources available to the shell and to processes started by it, on systems that allow such control.
- ▶ The -H and -S options specify that the hard or soft limit is set for the given resource.
- A hard limit cannot be increased by a non-root user once it is set; a soft limit may be increased up to the value of the hard limit. If neither -H nor -S is specified, both the soft and hard limits are set. The value of limit can be a number in the unit specified for the resource or one of the special values hard, soft, or unlimited, which stand for the current hard limit, the current soft limit, and no limit, respectively.
- ▶ If limit is omitted, the current value of the soft limit of the resource is printed, unless the -H option is given.
- ▶ When more than one resource is specified, the limit name and unit are printed before the value.

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参数和示例

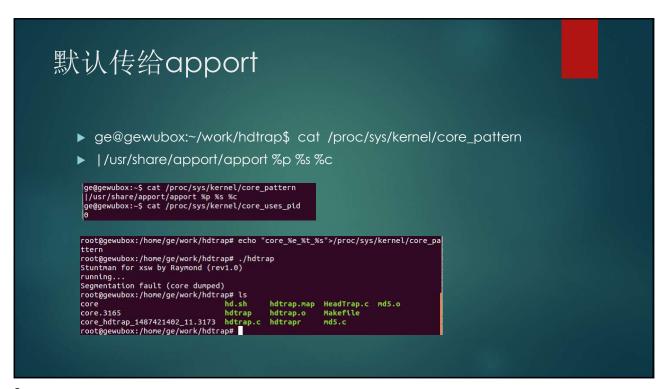
ulimit [-HSTabcdefilmnpqrstuvx [limit]]

| 选项 [options] | 含义 | 例子 |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|
| -H | 设置硬资源限制,一旦设置不能增加。 | ulimit – Hs 64;限制硬资源,线程栈大小为 64K。 |
| -S | 设置软资源限制,设置后可以增加,但是不能 超过硬资源设置。 | ulimit – Sn 32; 限制软资源,32 个文件描述符。 |
| -a | 显示当前所有的 limit 信息。 | ulimit – a;显示当前所有的 limit 信息。 |
| -C | 最大的 core 文件的大小, 以 blocks 为单位。 | ulimit – c unlimited; 对生成的 core 文件的大小不进行限制。 |
| -d | 进程最大的数据段的大小,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit -d unlimited;对进程的数据段大小不进行限制。 |
| II-T | 进程可以创建文件的最大值,以 blocks 为单位。 | ulimit - f 2048;限制进程可以创建的最大文件大小为 2048 blocks。 |
| -1 | 最大可加锁内存大小,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit – I 32;限制最大可加锁内存大小为 32 Kbytes。 |
| -m | 最大内存大小,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit – m unlimited;对最大内存不进行限制。 |
| -n | 可以打开最大文件描述符的数量。 | ulimit – n 128;限制最大可以使用 128 个文件描述符。 |
| -p | 管道缓冲区的大小,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit – p 512; 限制管道缓冲区的大小为 512 Kbytes。 |
| -S | 线程栈大小,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit – s 512; 限制线程栈的大小为 512 Kbytes。 |
| -† | 最大的 CPU 占用时间,以秒为单位。 | ulimit – t unlimited;对最大的 CPU 占用时间不进行限制。 |
| -U | 用户最大可用的进程数。 | ulimit – u 64;限制用户最多可以使用 64 个进程。 |
| -V | 进程最大可用的虚拟内存,以 Kbytes 为单位。 | ulimit - v 200000; 限制最大可用的虚拟内存为 200000 Kbytes |

\$ ulimit -c unlimited ge@gewubox:~/work/hdtrap\$ ulimit -c unlimited ge@gewubox:~/work/hdtrap\$./hdtrap Stuntman for xsw by Raymond (rev1.0) running... Segmentation fault (core dumped) ge@gewubox:~/work/hdtrap\$ ll total 328 drwxrwxr-x 2 ge ge 4096 Feb 17 11:35 ./ drwxrwxr-x 8 ge ge 4096 Jan 7 14:16 ../ -rw------ 1 ge ge 253952 Feb 17 11:35 core -rwxrwxr-x 1 ge ge 34 Jan 7 14:16 hd.sh*

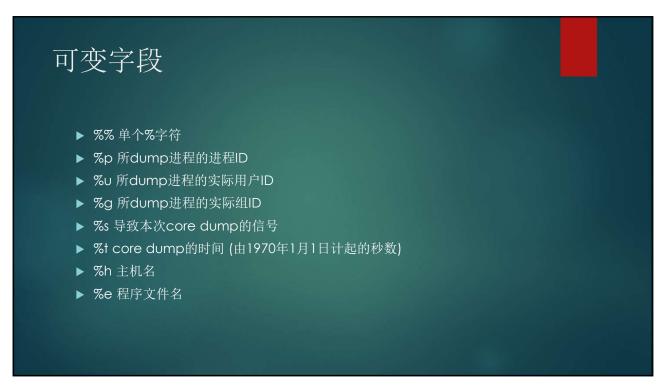
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CORE_pattern Description Des



```
定制文件名

root@gewubox:/home/ge/work/hdtrap# echo "core_%e_%t_%s">/proc/sys/kernel/core_pattern
root@gewubox:/home/ge/work/hdtrap# ./hdtrap
Stuntman for xsw by Raymond (rev1.0)
running...
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
root@gewubox:/home/ge/work/hdtrap# ls
core hd.sh hdtrap.map HeadTrap.c md5.0
core.3165
core hdtrap_1487421492_11.3173 hdtrap.c hdtrap. Makeftle
core_hdtrap_1487421492_11.3173 hdtrap.c hdtrapr md5.c
```



持久化

- ▶ 放入配置文件
- /etc/sysctl.conf
- kernel.core_pattern = %e.core.%p
- ▶ 并保存退出,执行sysctl -p使其生效

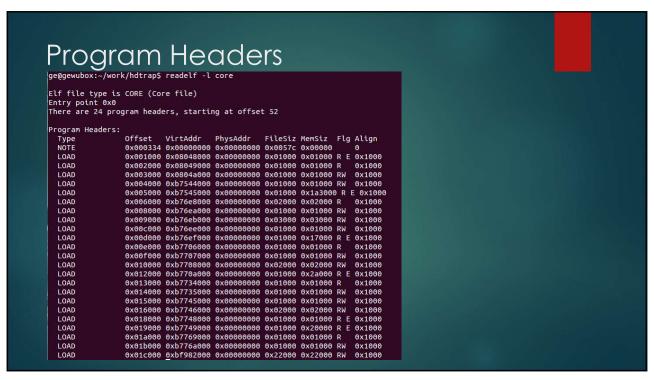
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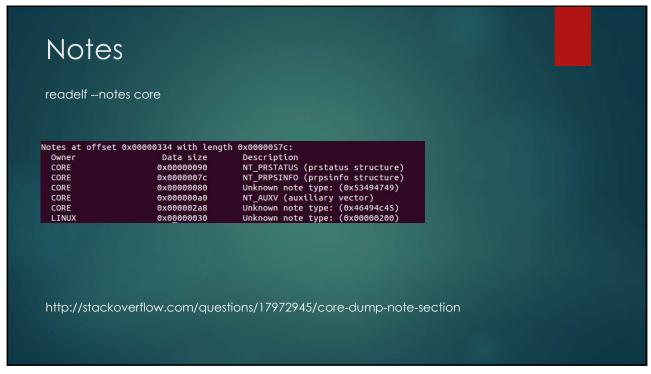
持久化ulimit设置

- ▶ #vi /etc/profile 然后,在profile中添加:
- ▶ ulimit -c 1073741824
- ▶ 或者ulimit -c unlimited

```
if [ -d /etc/profile.d ]; then
  for i in /etc/profile.d/*.sh; do
    if [ -r $i ]; then
        . $i
    fi
    done
    done
    unset i
ulimit -c unlimited
ulimit unlimited
```







```
ge@gewubox:-/work/hdtrap$ sudo apt-get install elfutils
Reading package lists... Done
Bullding dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
    libasmi libdwi
The following extra packages will be installed:
    elfutils libasmi libdwi
0 upgraded, 3 nexly installed, 0 to renove and 366 not upgraded.
Need to get 559 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1,414 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]? Y
Get:1 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates/nain libdwi 1386 0.152-1ubuntu3.1 [18.4 kB]
Get:2 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates/nain libdwi 1386 0.152-1ubuntu3.1 [214 kB]
Get:3 http://cn.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates/universe elfutils 1386 0.152-1ubuntu3.1 [326 kB]
Fetched 559 kB in 05 (619 kB/s)
selecting previously unselected package libasmi.
(Reading database ... 146523 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking libasmi (from .../libasmi 0.152-1ubuntu3.1, 1386.deb) ...
selecting previously unselected package libdwi.
Unpacking libdwi (from .../libdwi 0.152-1ubuntu3.1, 1386.deb) ...
selecting previously unselected package elfutils.
Unpacking libdwi (0.152-1ubuntu3.1) ...
Setting up libasmi (0.152-1ubuntu3.1) ...
setting up libasmi (0.152-1ubuntu3.1) ...
Setting up libasmi (0.152-1ubuntu3.1) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin ...
Idconfig deferred processing now taking place
```



有请GDB

```
ge@gewubox:-/work/hdtrap$ gdb ./hdtrap core
GNU gdb (Ubuntu/Linaro 7.4-2012.04-0ubuntu2.1) 7.4-2012.04
Copyright (C) 2012 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying"
and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "i686-linux-gnu".
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<http://bugs.launchpad.net/gdb-linaro/>...
Reading symbols from /home/ge/work/hdtrap/hdtrap...done.
[New LWP 3067]

warning: Can't read pathname for load map: Input/output error.
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/l386-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".
Core was generated by './hdtrap'.
Program terminated with signal 11, Segmentation fault.
#0 0x08048930 in calc_md5 (data=0x8048a00 "testing data-xxxxxxxx", nLen=20, md5=0x0) at md5.c:7

md5[0] = A;
(gdb) | |
```

▶ gdb program core debug coredump core produced by program

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另一种方法

```
ge@gewubox:~/work/hdtrap$ gdb -c core
GNU gdb (Ubuntu/Linaro 7.4-2012.04-0ubuntu2.1) 7.4-2012.04
Copyright (C) 2012 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLV3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying"
and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "i686-linux-gnu".
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<a href="http://bugs.launchpad.net/gdb-linaro/">http://bugs.launchpad.net/gdb-linaro/</a>
[New LWP 3067]
Core was generated by `./hdtrap'.
Program terminated with signal 11, Segmentation fault.
#0 0x08048930 in ?? ()
```

(gdb) file ./hdtrap

Reading symbols from /home/ge/work/hdtrap/hdtrap...done. (gdb) bt

- #0 0x08048930 in calc_md5 (data=0x8048a00 "testing data-xxxxxxxx", nLen=20, md5=0x0) at md5.c:7
- #1 0x08048698 in get_file_id (filename=0x8048abe "filea", fileid=0xbf9a25c0) at hdtrap.c:27
- #2 0x0804891d in main (argc=1, argv=0xbf9a2674) at hdtrap.c:115

```
When a process is dumped, all anonymous memory is written to a core file as long as the size of the core file isn't limited. But sometimes we don't want to dump some memory segments, for example, huge shared memory. Conversely, sometimes we want to save file-backed memory segments into a core file, not only the individual files.

/proc/<pid>/coredump_filter allows you to customize which memory segments will be dumped when the /proc/<pid>/coredump_filter allows you to customize which memory segments will be dumped when the /process is dumped. coredump_filter is a bitmask of memory types. If a bit of the bitmask is set, memory segments of the corresponding memory type are dumped, otherwise they are not dumped.

The following 7 memory types are supported:
    (bit 0) anonymous private memory
    (bit 1) file-backed private memory
    (bit 2) file-backed shared memory
    (bit 3) file-backed shared memory
    (bit 4) ELF header pages in file-backed private memory areas (it is effective only if the bit 2 is cleared)
    (bit 5) hugetlb private memory
    (bit 6) hugetlb shared memory
    Note that MMIO pages such as frame buffer are never dumped and vDSO pages are always dumped regardless of the bitmask status.

Note bit 0-4 doesn't effect any hugetlb memory, hugetlb memory are only effected by bit 5-6.
```

```
/* Combine sets LEFT and RIGHT by logical AND and place result in DEST. */
int
sigandset (dest, left, right)
    sigset_t *dest;
    const sigset_t *left;
    const sigset_t *right;
{
    if (dest == NULL | | left == NULL | | right == NULL)
    {
        __set_errno (EINVAL);
        return _1;
    }
    return _sigandset (dest, left, right);
}
```

近乎完美的栈回溯

Core was generated by `./geheap64'.
Program terminated with signal SIGABRT, Aborted.

#0 0x00007f50ca489428 in _GI_raise (sig=sig@entry=6) at ../sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/raise.c:54 54 ../sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/raise.c: No such file or directory.

#0 0x00007f50ca489428 in __Gl_raise (sig=sig@entry=6) at ../sysdeps/unix/sysv/linux/raise.c:54

#1 0x00007f50ca48b02a in __GI_abort () at abort.c:89

#2 0x00007f50ca4cb7ea in __libc_message (do_abort=do_abort@entry=2,

fmt=fmt@entry=0x7f50ca5e4ed8 "*** Error in `%s': %s: 0x%s ***\n")

at ../sysdeps/posix/libc_fatal.c:175

#3 0x00007f50ca4d437a in malloc_printerr (ar_ptr=<optimized out>, ptr=<optimized out>,

str=0x7f50ca5e4fa0 "double free or corruption (fasttop)", action=3) at malloc.c:5006 #4 _int_free (av=<optimized out>, p=<optimized out>, have_lock=0) at malloc.c:3867

#5 0x00007f50ca4d853c in __Gl__libc_free (mem=<optimized out>) at malloc.c:2968

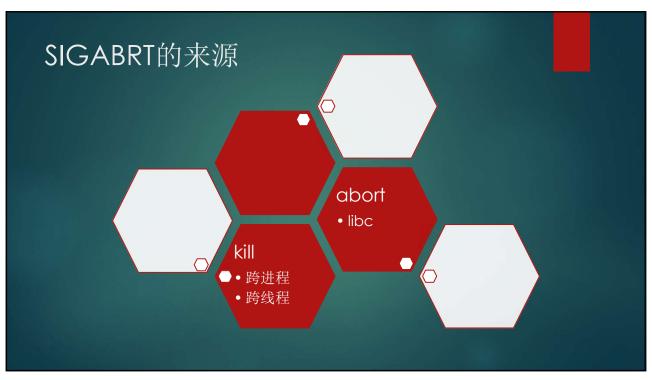
#6 0x0000000004007d3 in main (argc=1, argv=0x7ffd4fbe3238) at geheap.c:42

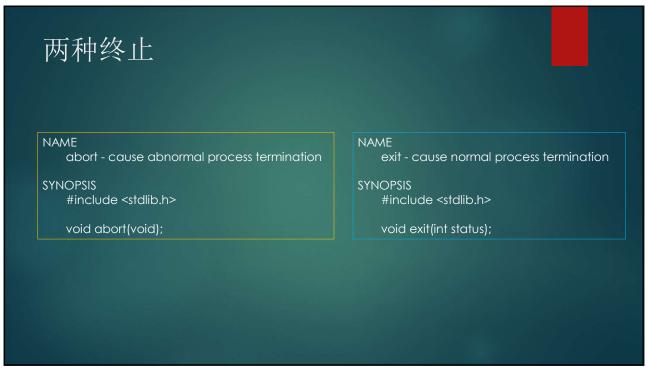
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x64 CALL Convention

| calling | Windows (Microsoft Visual C++, GCC, Intel C++ Compiler, Delphi), UEF L | RDX/XMM1, | RTL (C) ^{[2} ¹ | Caller | Stack aligned on 16 bytes. 32 bytes shadow space on stack. The specified 8 registers can only be used for parameters 1 through 4.For C++ classes, the hidden "this" parameter is the first parameter, and is passed in RCX [22]. |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|--------|--|
| vectorcall | Windows (Microsoft Visual C++) | RCX/XMM0, RDX/XMM1, R8/XMM2, R9/XMM3 + XMM0- XMM5/YMM0-YMM5 | RTL (C) | Caller | [23] |
| System V AMD64 ABI | Solaris, Linux, BSD, OS X (GCC, Intel C++ Compiler) | RDI, RSI, RDX, RCX, R8, R9, XMM0–7 | RTL (C) | Caller | Stack aligned on 16 bytes boundary. 128 bytes <u>red zone</u> below stack. The kernel interface uses RDI, RSI, RDX, R10, R8 and R9. |

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X86_calling_conventions







```
归去
                                                          (gdb) info registers
                                                                    0x0 0
                                                          eax
                                                                    0xa192585
                                                          есх
(gdb) disassemble
                                                                    0x6 6
                                                         edx
Dump of assembler code for function __kernel_vsyscall:
                                                                    0xa192585
                                                         ebx
 0xf7fd8dc0<+0>: push %ecx
                                                                    0xffffcbd80xffffcbd8
                                                         esp
 0xf7fd8dc1<+1>: push %edx
 0xf7fd8dc2 <+2>: push %ebp
0xf7fd8dc3 <+3>: mov %esp,%ebp
                                                         ebp
                                                                    0xffffce98
                                                                                0xffffce98
                                                                   0xf7fb7000 -134516736
                                                                   0xffffcc94 -13164
 0xf7fd8dc5 <+5>: sysenter
0xf7fd8dc7 <+7>: int $0x80
                                                         edi
                                                                   0xf7fd8dc9
                                                                                 0xf7fd8dc9
                                                         eip
                                                         <__kernel_vsyscall+9>
=> 0xf7fd8dc9 <+9>: pop %ebp
                                                                             [ PF SF IF ]
                                                                    0x286
 0xf7fd8dca <+10>: pop %edx
                                                         eflags
                                                                   0x23 35
 0xf7fd8dcb <+11>:pop %ecx
                                                                  0x2b
                                                                         43
 0xf7fd8dcc <+12>: ret
                                                                   0x2b 43
                                                                   0x2b
                                                                         43
                                                                  0x00
                                                                         99
                                                                   0x63
                                                          gs
```

