

## **All-in-One Microbial Test**

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Patient Name	Copper	Health Status	NA	Sample ID	Mi000146
Owner's Name	NA	Ordered By	NA	Sample Type	Skin, rt lateral
Gender	M, Neutered	Email	NA	Received Date	NA
Breed	NA	Hospital	NA	Report Date	9/3/2021
Age	10yrs	Location	NA		
Species	Canine	Account Number	NA		

# **Potential Clinically Relevant Microbes Detected:**

Listed are those bacteria and fungi detected in the specimen that are of potential clinical relevance. Results from this report should be considered together with clinical data gathered by the veterinarian (physical examination, medical history, cytology, etc.) as the microbes detected may or may not be the cause of the clinical condition. For a comprehensive list of all microorganisms detected in this specimen see page 3 of this report. The purpose of Significance is to highlight those species that are above the expected range for the average clinically healthy dog.

#### 1. Bacteria

Species Detected	Relative Abundance (%)	Cells per sample	Reference Range	Significance
Staphylococcus pseudintermedius [1]	99.71	2400000	0-64674	<ul><li>High</li></ul>

#### 2. Fungi

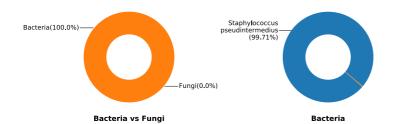
Species Detected	Relative Abundance (%)	Cells per sample	Reference Range	Significance
<u>Alternaria sp</u>	19.79	23	0-141	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>
Candida melibiosica	1.61	1	0-0	High
Candida tropicalis	1.59	1	0-4	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>
Acremonium hyalinulum	1.28	1	0-0	High

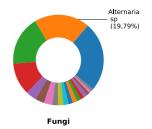
#### Abbreviation Kev:

- Normal. Species detected within the reference range of clinically healthy dogs.
- Intermediate. Species detected outside the reference range of clinically healthy dogs.
- High. Species detected significantly higher than the reference range of clinically healthy dogs.

## **Microbial Overview:**

Charts below depict *Bacteria vs Fungi:* an overview of the microbiome, *Bacteria:* the relative abundance of all clinically relevant species detected relative to the rest of the microbiome for bacteria, and *Fungi:* the relative abundance of all clinically relevant species detected relative to the rest of the microbiome for fungi. Each color represents a different species. The larger the size of the colored segment, the more abundant that specific species is in the specimen. The purpose of these graphs is to highlight if any clinically relevant organism is overgrown in the sample.





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## **Antibiotic Resistance Panel for Detected Clinically Relevant Microbes**

The sample was screened for the presence of antibiotic resistance genes and intrinsic resistances of clinically relevant microorganisms. For this analysis more than 90 antibiotic resistance genes were screened.

The **cautious** use of any antibiotic drug is highly reccommended. Please follow the guidelines for antimicrobial stewardship in veterinary practice.

Antibiotics	Drug Tiers Follow Guidelines*	Staphylococcus pseudintermedius (99.71%)	Suggested Dose for All Pathogens**	Drug Delivery
Cefazolin		G	15 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	IV, SC
Cephalothin		G	4-20 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	PO
Cephalexin		F	22 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Cefadroxil		F	22 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Cefoxitin		G	15 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	IV, SC
Penicillin		F	8–10 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	PO
Penicillin G		F		
Oxacillin		F	22 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	IV
Ampicillin		F	22 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	IV, SC
Amoxicillin		F	22 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	PO
Clavamox	1st Line	G	13.75 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Gentamicin	Antibiotics for Common	G	6 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	IV, SC
Tobramycin	Infections.	F		IV/Topical Use
Neomycin		F		Topical Use
Clindamycin		F	5.5 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Lincomycin		F	15-25 mg/kg, q 24hrs	PO
Doxycycline		F	5 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Minocycline		G	10 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Tetracycline		F	20 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Sulfonamide		G	30 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Trimethoprim		F	15-30 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Metronidazole		F	10 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	IV
Cefovecin		G	8 mg/kg, once	SC
Cefpodoxime		G	5 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Ceftiofur		F	2.2 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	SC
Timentin	2nd Line	F		Topical Use
Azithromycin	Use Caution to Avoid	F	5 mg/kg q 12 hrs	PO
Orbifloxacin	Resistance.	F	2.5-7.5 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Chloramphenicol		G	35 mg/kg q 8 hrs	PO
Florfenicol		F	20 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Amikacin		G	15 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	IV, SC
Rifampin		NR	5-10 mg/kg, q 12 hrs	PO
Imipenem		F	10 or 20 mg/kg, q 8 hrs	
Levofloxacin**		F	10-30 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	IV/PO
Marbofloxacin		G	2.75-5.5 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Pradofloxacin****		G	3.0 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Enrofloxacin	3rd Line	G	5 mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Ciprofloxacin***	Last Resort Options.	F		Topical Use
Nitrofurantoin	-	G	4.4-5mg/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Colistin**		F	8-9g/kg, q 24 hrs	PO
Ceftazidime		G	3-30 mg/kg, q 6-8 hrs	IV
Mupirocin		F		Topical Use
Piperacillin		G	80-100 mg/kg, 30min q 8 hrs	IV
Ticarcillin		F	3.1 g, q4-6 hrs	IV

This table lists antibiotic sensitivities/resistances for the indicated bacteria based on detection of specific antibiotic resistance genes and naturally occurring, or intrinsic, resistance to specific antibiotics previously identified for that organism. To receive a list of the antibiotic resistance genes detected as well as intrinsic resistances for additional organisms not listed here, please contact MiDOG<sup>®</sup> customer support.

## Abbreviation Key:

F

G

NR

Not Recommended (Due to either Intrinsic Resistance, or Resistance Gene Detection, or < 10% Effectiveness in Antibiogram Studies)

Poor Performance (< 50% Effectiveness in Antibiogram Studies)

Fair Performance (<75% Effectiveness in Antibiogram Studies)

 ${\tt Good\ Performance\ (>75\%\ Effectiveness\ in\ Antibiogram\ Studies)}$ 

No Literature Information Available

#### PO = Oral, By Mouth.

 ${
m IV}={
m Intravenous}$  Injection. Injections involving direct injection into the vein.

SC = Subcutaneous Injection. The medication delivered to the tissues between the skin and the muscle.

TU = Topical Use

- \* Reference: Antimicrobial Resistance and Stewardship Initiative University of Minnesota, Antibiotic Drug Tiers and Selection List for Companion Animals.
- \*\* Dosis may vary based on patient species and/or type of infection. Reference at: www.midogtest.com/antibiotics
- \*\*\* Variable bioavailability in canine patients
- \*\*\*\* Contraindicated in canine patients



## **Supplemental Data on Microbial Composition**

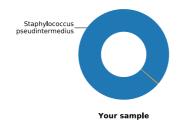
**Patient Name** 

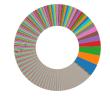
## **Bacterial Analysis**

Charts below depict the relative abundance of all detected bacterial species. Each color represents a different bacterial species. The larger the size of the colored segment, the more abundant that specific species is in the specimen.

Copper

NA





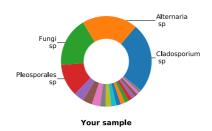
Clinically Healthy Reference

The table below lists all bacterial species detected in the specimen within the limit of detection. The absolute and relative abundances of each species is shown.

Species Detected	Relative Abundance (%)	Cells per sample	Reference Range	Significance
Staphylococcus pseudintermedius	99.71	2400000	0-64674	<ul><li>High</li></ul>

## **Fungal Analysis**

Charts below depict the relative abundance of all detected fungal species. Each color represents a different fungal species. The larger the size of the colored segment, the more abundant that specific species is in the specimen.





**Clinically Healthy Reference** 

The table below lists all fungal species detected in the specimen within the limit of detection. The absolute and relative abundances of each species is shown.

Species Detected	Relative Abundance (%)	Cells per sample	Reference Range	Significance
Cladosporium sp	24.92	29	0-406	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>
<u>Alternaria sp</u>	19.79	23	0-141	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>
Fungi sp	17.67	21	0-1462	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>
<u>Pleosporales sp</u>	11.57	13	0-40	<ul><li>Normal</li></ul>

## **Abbreviation Key:**

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- High. Species detected significantly higher than the reference range of clinically healthy dogs.

Patient Name Owner's Name Copper NA Ordered By Account Number NA NA

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## References

- 1. Pierezan, F., Olivry, T., Paps, J. S., Lawhon, S. D., Wu, J., Steiner, J. M., et al. The skin microbiome in allergen-induced canine atopic dermatitis. (2016) Veterinary Dermatology, 27(5):332-e82
- 2. Morrissey I., Moyaert H., de Jong A., El Garch F., Klein U., Ludwig C., Thiry J., Youala, M. Antimicrobial susceptibility monitoring of bacterial pathogens isolated from reiratory tract infections in dogs and cats across Europe: ComPath results.(2016) Veterinary microbiology, 191:44-51
- 3. Rodrigues Hoffmann A, Patterson AP, Diesel A et al. The skin microbiome in healthy and allergic dogs. (2014) PLoS One, 9: e8197

## **Method**

The MiDOG® All-in-One Microbial Test is a targeted, Next-generation DNA sequencing testing service able to identify molecular signatures unique to the identity and character of a specific microorganism. This test relies on safeguarded preservation and transport of collected samples, thorough extraction of DNA from all microbes present in the specimen, select amplification of microbial DNA followed by Next-generation DNA sequencing using the latest technologies from Illumina (Illumina, Inc., San Diego, CA). Data handling is done via curated microbial databases to accurately align DNA sequences to ensure precise and accurate (species-level) identification of all bacteria and fungi present in the specimen.

### When no Bacterial or Fungal Species are Detected

When no bacterial or fungal species are detected in this test, this result may be due to a very low microbial load and/or low concentration of microbial DNA in the sample provided. In this case, we recommend re-sampling the area of interest and re-submitting specimen for analysis.

## **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this MiDOG<sup>®</sup> report is intended only to be factor for use in a diagnosis and treatment regime for the canine patient. As with any diagnosis or treatment regime, you should use clinical discretion with each canine patient based on a complete evaluation of the canine patient, including history, physical presentation and complete laboratory data, including confirmatory tests. All test results should be evaluated in the context of the patients individual clinical presentation. The information in the MiDOG<sup>®</sup> report has not been evaluated by the FDA.

**Customer Support** 

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