(no-code)

and in familiar and some unfamiliar related to students' experiences, feelings and , their in response to others

•

Elaborations

- using appropriate when in different situations, for example, making enquiries, offering thanks and apologies, Disculpe ¿cómo puedo llegar al museo?, ¡Muchísimas gracias por su ayuda!, Lo siento mucho
- exchanging personal information about routines and past experiences and responding to key ideas in , for example, Desayuno a las 8 de la mañana. Voy a la escuela en tranvía. A mi amigo español le gusta el chocolate con nata. Yo fui a México en el 2017. ¿A qué hora desayunas? ¿Cómo vas a la escuela? ¿Qué le gusta a tu amigo? ¿Cuándo fuiste a México?
- engaging in informal conversations, for example, conversaciones con amistades o familiares such as ¡Qué pasa, tío! ¿Cómo te va?, Abuelita ¿Cómo te encuentras?
- developing skills by exchanging accounts of significant events or milestones, for example, El año pasado fui con mis padres al Museo Nacional y me encantó porque había muchas esculturas
- initiating and extending conversations and discussion, for example, using open-ended such as ¿Qué pasa? ¿Dónde pasarán las vacaciones? and , such as pero, entonces, cuando, también ...
- using examples to structure arguments and to explain or justify a position such as Lo importante es ..., A mí me parece que ..., for example, Pienso que debemos estudiar idiomas Indígenas porque son interesantes
- inviting others to give opinions, share their or make suggestions, for example, ¿Qué quieres comer?, ¿Estás de acuerdo? ¿Qué te parece esta película?
- with Spanish-speaking students in real or imagined, messaging/chatting in secure online environments or in person, to information about Australian places or events of interest, leisure and sports, wildlife and environment, for example, En Australia hay wombats, son animales grandes y nocturnos

Students learn to:

initiate and sustain exchanges in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts related to stexperiences, feelings and views, adjusting their language in response to others

(AC9LS8C01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Speaking and listening

Interacting

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Resources

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding
- select and use strategies for open, flexible and focused communication, including understanding how cultural perspectives and world views affect communication within, between and across cultural and linguistic groups
- apply communication strategies in culturally and linguistically diverse contexts, understanding how language and culture are interrelated or connected

Snapshot - Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LS8C01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- · critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker
- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
- poses pertinent questions to make connections between a range of ideas
- uses open questions to prompt a speaker to provide more information
- clarifies task goals and negotiates roles in group learning
- monitors discussion to manage digression from the topic
- identifies and articulates the perspective of a speaker, to move a conversation forward
- interacts within school context or the broader community, adjusting language and responses to suit purpose and audience
- synthesises ideas from group discussion into a common theme or hypothesis
- poses problems, hypothesises and formulates questions about abstract ideas in group situations
- restates different views and makes suggestions to negotiate agreement
- poses questions to clarify assumptions made by the speaker
- questions others to evaluate accuracy of thinking or problem-solving processes
- uses language to align the listener with personal position (e.g. "of course", "as you can imagine", "obviously")
- interacts strategically and confidently with a broad range of interactional partners
- gives an extended explanation and evaluation of a complex concept, issue or process
- justifies a personal stance, after analysis of arguments on a particular issue, using evidence and elaboration in a group situation
- uses language strategically to subtly align others to own perspective as appropriate to audience and purpose

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compressively

Content description

AC9LS8C01

using appropriate register when interacting in different situations, for example, making enquiries, offering thanks and apologies, Disculpe ¿cómo puedo llegar al museo?, ¡Muchísimas gracias por su ayuda!, Lo siento mucho

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding
- select and use strategies for open, flexible and focused communication, including understanding how cultural perspectives and world views affect communication within, between and across cultural and linguistic groups
- apply communication strategies in culturally and linguistically diverse contexts, understanding how language and culture are interrelated or connected

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

using appropriate register when interacting in different situations, for example, making enquiries, offering thanks and apologies, Disculpe ¿cómo puedo llegar al museo?, ¡Muchísimas gracias por su ayuda!, Lo siento mucho

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

exchanging personal information about routines and past experiences and responding to key ideas in questions, for example, Desayuno a las 8 de la mañana. Voy a la escuela en tranvía. A mi amigo español le gusta el chocolate con nata. Yo fui a México en el 2017. ¿A qué hora desayunas? ¿Cómo vas a la escuela? ¿Qué le gusta a tu amigo? ¿Cuándo fuiste a México?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

engaging in informal conversations, for example, conversaciones con amistades o familiares such as ¡Qué pasa, tío! ¿Cómo te va?, Abuelita ¿Cómo te encuentras?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

developing narrative skills by exchanging accounts of significant events or milestones, for example, El año pasado fui con mis padres al Museo Nacional y me encantó porque había muchas esculturas **Continuum extract**

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

initiating and extending conversations and discussion, for example, using open-ended questions such as ¿Qué pasa? ¿Dónde pasarán las vacaciones? and connectives, such as pero, entonces, cuando, también ...

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

using formulaic examples to structure arguments and to explain or justify a position such as Lo importante es ..., A mí me parece que ..., for example, Pienso que debemos estudiar idiomas Indígenas porque son interesantes

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

inviting others to give opinions, share their views or make suggestions, for example, ¿Qué quieres comer?, ¿Estás de acuerdo? ¿Qué te parece esta película?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C01

interacting with Spanish-speaking students in real or imagined contexts, messaging/chatting in secure online environments or in person, to convey information about Australian places or events of interest, leisure and sports activities, wildlife and environment, for example, En Australia hay wombats, son animales grandes y nocturnos

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Resource – Spanish language resource

Spanish

Language support resource

The Spanish Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: Spanish. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 language features and structures
- Part 2 thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning Spanish for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students' learning.

Download

AC9LS8C02

collaborate in that involve the of transaction, negotiation and problem-solving to plan projects and events

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Elaborations

- working together to produce class reference materials such as wall charts or visuals to display key vocabulary and structures used regularly in the classroom, and promote Spanish learning, for example, ¡No te rindas! ¡Estudia español!
- working with peers to produce signs/flyers and posters to promote sustainability and waste reduction within the school community, for example, using key vocabulary such as papel reciclado, tacho/cubo de reciclaje, basura, basura orgánica, papel, cartón
- planning and participating in learning experiences such as preparing a class outing or shopping

for a lunch, stating preferences, negotiating, considering alternatives and agreeing or disagreeing, using, for example, Prefiero ir a la playa, no al centro commercial. Tengo ganas de ir al cine ..., Estoy/no estoy de acuerdo ...

- planning and completing tasks that involve requesting, giving and following directions to real or virtual locations, for example, Sigue derecho por la calle Alta, toma el bús hasta el lago y gira a la izquierda, using resources such as secure, applications, street maps
- participating in situations that involve transactions and the of ideas and preferences, for example, role-play an airport scene where students buy souvenirs, snacks, toiletries and stationery, using , ¿cuánto cuesta? ¡qué caro/barato! ¿acepta tarjeta de crédito? ¿a qué hora es el próximo …?
- engaging in collaborative projects such as designing a class webpage or making a short video to share with others, for example, Mi comunidad or Nuestra escuela, deciding on content, dividing tasks and reflecting on what was done well and what could be improved
- combining group ideas and efforts to collaboratively solve issues that may relate to young people, such as time management, examination preparation, nutrition, etc., contributing and to others' and experiences and presenting or reporting back to the class
 Students learn to:

collaborate in activities that involve the language of transaction, negotiation and proto plan projects and events

(AC9LS8C02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Speaking and listening

Interacting

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Futures

• Sustainable futures require individuals to seek information, identify solutions, reflect on and evaluate past actions, and collaborate with and influence others as they work towards a desired change.

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Resources

Snapshot - Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LS8C02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker
- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
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- restates different views and makes suggestions to negotiate agreement
- poses questions to clarify assumptions made by the speaker
- questions others to evaluate accuracy of thinking or problem-solving processes
- uses language to align the listener with personal position (e.g. "of course", "as you can imagine", "obviously")
- interacts strategically and confidently with a broad range of interactional partners
- gives an extended explanation and evaluation of a complex concept, issue or process
- justifies a personal stance, after analysis of arguments on a particular issue, using evidence and elaboration in a group situation
- uses language strategically to subtly align others to own perspective as appropriate to audience and purpose

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LS8C02

Continuum extract

- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs
- appreciate diverse perspectives in a range of collaborative contexts, and demonstrate negotiation skills to improve ways of working and outputs
- devise strategies for collaborative work and outputs in a range of contexts, building on the perspectives, experiences and capabilities of group members

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

working together to produce class reference materials such as wall charts or visuals to display key vocabulary and structures used regularly in the classroom, and promote Spanish learning, for example, ¡No te rindas! ¡Estudia español!

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration Content description

AC9LS8C02

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

working with peers to produce bilingual signs/flyers and posters to promote sustainability and waste reduction within the school community, for example, using key vocabulary such as papel reciclado, tacho/cubo de reciclaje, basura, basura orgánica, papel, cartón

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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration Content description

AC9LS8C02

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Continuum extract

- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs
- appreciate diverse perspectives in a range of collaborative contexts, and demonstrate negotiation

skills to improve ways of working and outputs

• devise strategies for collaborative work and outputs in a range of contexts, building on the perspectives, experiences and capabilities of group members

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

planning and participating in learning experiences such as preparing a class outing or shopping for a lunch, stating preferences, negotiating, considering alternatives and agreeing or disagreeing, using modelled language, for example, Prefiero ir a la playa, no al centro commercial. Tengo ganas de ir al cine ..., Estoy/no estoy de acuerdo ...

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration Content description

AC9LS8C02

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

planning and completing tasks that involve requesting, giving and following directions to real or virtual locations, for example, Sigue derecho por la calle Alta, toma el bús hasta el lago y gira a la izquierda, using resources such as secure digital tools, applications, street maps

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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration Content description

AC9LS8C02

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- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs
- appreciate diverse perspectives in a range of collaborative contexts, and demonstrate negotiation skills to improve ways of working and outputs
- devise strategies for collaborative work and outputs in a range of contexts, building on the perspectives, experiences and capabilities of group members

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

participating in situations that involve transactions and the exchange of ideas and preferences, for example, role-play an airport scene where students buy souvenirs, snacks, toiletries and stationery, using phrases, ¿cuánto cuesta? ¡qué caro/barato! ¿acepta tarjeta de crédito? ¿a qué hora es el próximo ...?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration Content description

AC9LS8C02

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Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C02

engaging in collaborative projects such as designing a class webpage or making a short video to share with others, for example, Mi comunidad or Nuestra escuela, deciding on content, dividing tasks and reflecting on what was done well and what could be improved

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LS8C02

engaging in collaborative projects such as designing a class webpage or making a short video to share with others, for example, Mi comunidad or Nuestra escuela, deciding on content, dividing tasks and reflecting on what was done well and what could be improved

Continuum extract

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- appreciate diverse perspectives in a range of collaborative contexts, and demonstrate negotiation skills to improve ways of working and outputs
- devise strategies for collaborative work and outputs in a range of contexts, building on the perspectives, experiences and capabilities of group members

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LS8C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs
- appreciate diverse perspectives in a range of collaborative contexts, and demonstrate negotiation skills to improve ways of working and outputs
- devise strategies for collaborative work and outputs in a range of contexts, building on the perspectives, experiences and capabilities of group members

AC9LS8C03

interpret information, ideas and opinions in a range of spoken, written and , and respond appropriately to cultural , and

Elaborations

- to or about topics of interest to young people, for example, la música, el cine, la televisión, el medio ambiente, la identidad, la tecnología; and sharing opinions or feelings, for example, En mi opinión, la película estuvo ... No estoy de acuerdo con el autor, El autor tiene razón, No me interesa, Pienso que la televisión es necesaria para la comunicación, Creo que la tecnología es muy importante
- exchanging personal preferences and in relation to , and events encountered in imaginative , for example, Prefiero el robot femenino ..., No estoy de acuerdo con ...
- responding to different expressions of humour in from Spanish-speaking communities and comparing these to Australian expressions of humour, for example, using popular images/graphics to discuss and meaning, such as comida rápida image of hot dog running, furioso angry bear
- to, or viewing First Nations Australian stories in English and responding to them in spoken or written Spanish
- exchanging videos or blogs with a Spanish-speaking class or student, comparing aspects of their

community and such as school, local landmarks, fiestas and traditions, and presenting the information in new ways

- accessing a range of sources of information and evaluating their reliability and, for example, comparing data or factual content from a news report with information on social media, checking multiple sources to establish validity and bias, and deciding what facts to include in informative
- to reports such as weather, sporting results, a concert line-up, and creating an audio or message to invite their friend to an event, incorporating information from the (s) to persuade their friend to come, for example, El Real Madrid ganó el sábado 3 a 0. ¿Vamos a verlos este fin de semana? Estará soleado el sábado/hará sol el sábado

Students learn to:

interpret information, ideas and opinions in a range of spoken, written and multimorespond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience

(AC9LS8C03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Reading and viewing

Understanding texts

Speaking and listening

Listening

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

People

• The significant and ongoing contributions of First Nations Australians and their histories and cultures are acknowledged locally, nationally and globally.

Inquiring

Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Resources

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LS8C03

Continuum extract

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual

information and digital sources

• evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot – Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LS8C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies the main themes or concepts in complex texts by synthesising key ideas or information
- summarises the text, identifying key details only
- draws inferences, synthesising clues and evidence across a text
- builds meaning by actively linking ideas from a number of texts or a range of digital sources
- distils information from a number of texts according to task and purpose (e.g. uses graphic organisers)
- identifies different interpretations of the text citing evidence from a text
- evaluates language features for relevance to purpose and audience
- analyses texts that have more than one purpose and explains how parts of the text support a particular purpose
- analyses the use of language appropriate to different types of texts (e.g. compare the use of pun in imaginative and persuasive texts)
- identifies techniques used to obscure author's purpose (e.g. inclusion or omission of content)

Processes

- uses processes such as predicting, confirming predictions, monitoring, and connecting relevant elements of the text to build or repair meaning
- uses knowledge of a broader range of cohesive devices to track meaning (e.g. word associations) (see Grammar)
- selects reading or viewing strategies appropriate to reading purpose (e.g. scans text for evidence)
- judiciously selects texts for learning area tasks and purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies language used to create tone or atmosphere
- analyses language and visual features in texts using metalanguage (e.g. cohesion, interpretation, figurative)
- applies knowledge of base words and word origins to understand the meaning of unfamiliar, discipline-specific words
- uses a range of context and grammatical cues to understand unfamiliar words
- interprets complex figurative language (e.g. euphemisms, hyperbole)

Comprehension

- reads and views complex or some highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- interprets abstract concepts integrating complex ideas
- analyses how language features are used to support the point of view in a text (e.g. the strategic use of images such as a cartoon in an editorial)
- draws inferences using evidence from the text and discounting possible inferences that are not supported by the text
- applies and articulates criteria to evaluate the language structures and features for relevance to purpose and audience
- evaluates the reasoning and evidence in a persuasive text
- explains how context (e.g. time, place, situation) influences interpretations of a text
- analyses the author's perspectives in complex or some highly complex texts
- analyses the techniques authors use to position readers
- recognises when ideas or evidence have been omitted from a text to position the reader

Processes

- automatically integrates a range of processes such as predicting, confirming predictions, monitoring and connecting relevant elements of the text, to build meaning
- describes how sophisticated cohesive devices establish patterns of meaning (e.g. "class" "subclass")
- navigates extended texts including complex digital texts

Vocabulary

- demonstrates an understanding of nuances and subtleties in words of similar meaning (e.g. "frustrated", "discouraged", "baffled")
- verifies interpretations of unfamiliar words using grammatical and contextual cues

Comprehension

- reads and views highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- interprets symbolism in texts, providing evidence to justify interpretation
- judiciously selects and synthesises evidence from multiple texts to support ideas and arguments
- analyses the credibility and validity of primary and secondary sources
- evaluates the use of devices such as analogy, irony, rhetoric and satire, and how they contribute to an author's individual style
- analyses the cumulative impact of use of language features and vocabulary across texts
- explains assumptions, beliefs and implicit values in texts (e.g. "economic growth is always desirable")
- evaluates the social, moral and ethical positions taken in texts

Processes

- strategically adjusts the processes of reading and viewing to build meaning according to the demands of tasks and texts
- identifies subtle contradictions and inconsistencies in texts

Vocabulary

- interprets complex, formal and impersonal language in academic texts
- uses lexical cues to interpret unfamiliar vocabulary
- demonstrates self-reliance in exploration and application of word learning strategies

Snapshot – Listening

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Listening

Content description

AC9LS8C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- responds to moderately complex texts (see Text complexity)
- responds to texts with unfamiliar content
- identifies main ideas of a spoken text using supporting details
- identifies purpose and intended audience of a spoken text
- infers layered meaning from texts (e.g. musical overlay that creates mood)
- asks relevant questions to extend understanding
- describes language and audio features of the text
- responds to complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies and analyses how spoken language is used for different effects
- explains the use of intonation, pausing, rhythm and phrasing to give emphasis and weight to ideas
- selects appropriate listening strategies for planned and unplanned situations (e.g. records and organises information from a text in a table or with detailed notes)
- explains how vocabulary is used for impact on the target audience
- responds to highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies and paraphrases key points of a speaker's arguments
- describes how listening skills should be applied, according to purpose
- evaluates strategies used by the speaker to elicit emotional responses
- explains any shift in direction, line of argument or purpose made by the speaker
- adopts and re-uses complex abstractions heard in texts
- explains how speakers' language can be inclusive or alienating (e.g. a speaker using language which is only readily understood by certain user groups such as teenagers or people involved in

particular pastimes)

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

AC9LS8C03

listening to or reading about topics of interest to young people, for example, la música, el cine, la televisión, el medio ambiente, la identidad, la tecnología; and sharing opinions or feelings, for example, En mi opinión, la película estuvo ... No estoy de acuerdo con el autor, El autor tiene razón, No me interesa, Pienso que la televisión es necesaria para la comunicación, Creo que la tecnología es muy importante

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot - Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description AC9LS8C03

exchanging personal preferences and perspectives in relation to characters, attitudes and events encountered in imaginative texts, for example, Prefiero el robot femenino ..., No estoy de acuerdo con

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate informatic Content description

AC9LS8C03

responding to different expressions of humour in texts from Spanish-speaking communities and comparing these to Australian expressions of humour, for example, using popular images/graphics to discuss context and meaning, such as comida rápida – image of hot dog running, furioso – angry bear

Continuum extract

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study

- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

AC9LS8C03

exchanging videos or blogs with a Spanish-speaking class or student, comparing aspects of their community and culture such as school, local landmarks, fiestas and traditions, and presenting the information in new ways

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot - Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LS8C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

AC9LS8C03

listening to reports such as weather, sporting results, a concert line-up, and creating an audio or text message to invite their friend to an event, incorporating information from the text(s) to persuade their friend to come, for example, El Real Madrid ganó el sábado 3 a 0. ¿Vamos a verlos este fin de semana? Estará soleado el sábado/hará sol el sábado

Continuum extract

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- evaluate the accuracy, validity and relevance of the information and opinion to the topic of study
- identify and clarify significant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources

• evaluate the information selected to determine bias and reliability

AC9LS8C04

interpret and non-verbal, spoken and written to meaning in Spanish in familiar and some unfamiliar cultural

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Elaborations

- comparing own of a with classmates, commenting on similarities and differences between versions, considering possible reasons for these, and preparing a collaborative secure online whole-class version
- creating informative responses to cultural representations of Spanish-speaking communities in Australia, such as The Spanish Film Festival, community fiestas or artists' exhibitions, explaining particular or images in terms of cultural associations, for example, in vlogs, critical reviews or secure social media posts
- short messages or , reflecting on challenges associated with transferring meaning from one to another, for example, Mañana voy a estrenar mi vestido, ¿Te gustó la sobremesa? No me tomes el pelo. Me costó un ojo de la cara. Es un trabajo papaya.
- viewing material of Spanish speakers discussing their and, then responding to these discussions, incorporating their own personal and opinions in a digital presentation
- selecting and explaining individual or in Spanish whose meaning can be affected by , for example, Tengo una pila de cosas para hacer, La pila del celular se ha acabado
- presenting information gathered from different types of and modes of presentation to an overview of a particular topic of interest such as a celebrity, popular, school uniforms, saving water, endangered species

Students learn to:

interpret and adjust non-verbal, spoken and written language to convey meaning in in familiar and some unfamiliar cultural contexts

(AC9LS8C04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Navigating intercultural contexts

Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Reading and viewing

Understanding texts

Speaking and listening

Listening

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Analysing

· Interpret concepts and problems

Analysing

Interpret concepts and problems

Analysing

Interpret concepts and problems

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Analysing

· Interpret concepts and problems

Analysing

Interpret concepts and problems

Resources

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity
- modify responses to unfamiliar intercultural exchanges to negotiate and sustain interactions that develop mutual understanding
- apply learning to the challenges and benefits of interacting in a culturally diverse society, adapting thinking and behaviour to develop mutual understanding

Snapshot - Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies the main themes or concepts in complex texts by synthesising key ideas or information
- summarises the text, identifying key details only
- draws inferences, synthesising clues and evidence across a text
- builds meaning by actively linking ideas from a number of texts or a range of digital sources
- distils information from a number of texts according to task and purpose (e.g. uses graphic organisers)
- identifies different interpretations of the text citing evidence from a text
- evaluates language features for relevance to purpose and audience
- analyses texts that have more than one purpose and explains how parts of the text support a particular purpose
- analyses the use of language appropriate to different types of texts (e.g. compare the use of pun in imaginative and persuasive texts)
- identifies techniques used to obscure author's purpose (e.g. inclusion or omission of content)

Processes

- uses processes such as predicting, confirming predictions, monitoring, and connecting relevant elements of the text to build or repair meaning
- uses knowledge of a broader range of cohesive devices to track meaning (e.g. word associations) (see Grammar)
- selects reading or viewing strategies appropriate to reading purpose (e.g. scans text for evidence)
- judiciously selects texts for learning area tasks and purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies language used to create tone or atmosphere
- analyses language and visual features in texts using metalanguage (e.g. cohesion, interpretation, figurative)
- applies knowledge of base words and word origins to understand the meaning of unfamiliar, discipline-specific words
- uses a range of context and grammatical cues to understand unfamiliar words
- interprets complex figurative language (e.g. euphemisms, hyperbole)

Comprehension

- reads and views complex or some highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- interprets abstract concepts integrating complex ideas
- analyses how language features are used to support the point of view in a text (e.g. the strategic use of images such as a cartoon in an editorial)
- draws inferences using evidence from the text and discounting possible inferences that are not

supported by the text

- applies and articulates criteria to evaluate the language structures and features for relevance to purpose and audience
- evaluates the reasoning and evidence in a persuasive text
- explains how context (e.g. time, place, situation) influences interpretations of a text
- analyses the author's perspectives in complex or some highly complex texts
- analyses the techniques authors use to position readers
- recognises when ideas or evidence have been omitted from a text to position the reader

Processes

- automatically integrates a range of processes such as predicting, confirming predictions, monitoring and connecting relevant elements of the text, to build meaning
- describes how sophisticated cohesive devices establish patterns of meaning (e.g. "class" "subclass")
- navigates extended texts including complex digital texts

Vocabulary

- demonstrates an understanding of nuances and subtleties in words of similar meaning (e.g. "frustrated", "discouraged", "baffled")
- verifies interpretations of unfamiliar words using grammatical and contextual cues

Comprehension

- reads and views highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- interprets symbolism in texts, providing evidence to justify interpretation
- judiciously selects and synthesises evidence from multiple texts to support ideas and arguments
- analyses the credibility and validity of primary and secondary sources
- evaluates the use of devices such as analogy, irony, rhetoric and satire, and how they contribute to an author's individual style
- analyses the cumulative impact of use of language features and vocabulary across texts
- explains assumptions, beliefs and implicit values in texts (e.g. "economic growth is always desirable")
- evaluates the social, moral and ethical positions taken in texts

Processes

- strategically adjusts the processes of reading and viewing to build meaning according to the demands of tasks and texts
- identifies subtle contradictions and inconsistencies in texts

Vocabulary

- interprets complex, formal and impersonal language in academic texts
- uses lexical cues to interpret unfamiliar vocabulary
- demonstrates self-reliance in exploration and application of word learning strategies

Snapshot – Listening

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Listening

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- responds to moderately complex texts (see Text complexity)
- responds to texts with unfamiliar content
- identifies main ideas of a spoken text using supporting details
- identifies purpose and intended audience of a spoken text
- infers layered meaning from texts (e.g. musical overlay that creates mood)
- · asks relevant questions to extend understanding
- describes language and audio features of the text
- responds to complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies and analyses how spoken language is used for different effects
- explains the use of intonation, pausing, rhythm and phrasing to give emphasis and weight to ideas
- selects appropriate listening strategies for planned and unplanned situations (e.g. records and

organises information from a text in a table or with detailed notes)

- explains how vocabulary is used for impact on the target audience
- responds to highly complex texts (see Text complexity)
- identifies and paraphrases key points of a speaker's arguments
- describes how listening skills should be applied, according to purpose
- evaluates strategies used by the speaker to elicit emotional responses
- explains any shift in direction, line of argument or purpose made by the speaker
- adopts and re-uses complex abstractions heard in texts
- explains how speakers' language can be inclusive or alienating (e.g. a speaker using language which is only readily understood by certain user groups such as teenagers or people involved in particular pastimes)

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems Content description

AC9LS8C04

creating informative responses to cultural representations of Spanish-speaking communities in Australia, such as The Spanish Film Festival, community fiestas or artists' exhibitions, explaining particular language or images in terms of cultural associations, for example, in vlogs, critical reviews or secure social media posts

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems Content description

AC9LS8C04

interpreting short messages or communications, reflecting on challenges associated with transferring meaning from one language to another, for example, Mañana voy a estrenar mi vestido, ¿Te gustó la sobremesa? No me tomes el pelo. Me costó un ojo de la cara. Es un trabajo papaya.

Continuum extract

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot - Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot - Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8C04

selecting and explaining individual words or phrases in Spanish whose meaning can be affected by context, for example, Tengo una pila de cosas para hacer, La pila del celular se ha acabado

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

AC9LS8C05

and present spoken, written and, informative and imaginative for specific, selecting vocabulary, expressions, grammatical structures, features and appropriate to type and

Elaborations

- designing a digital poster or electronic brochure to advertise a social event in their local community related to lifestyles, social and cultural events or environmental issues
- using to a slideshow with audio about a planned 7-day trip to a Spanish-speaking country or region, including famous places to visit, cultural events to attend and foods to eat, for example, attending the Inti Raymi in Cuzco, Peru or visiting the Spanish region of Galicia during San Juan/San Xoan
- reporting on own and others' experiences of events such as a school camp, a concert or playing a new computer game, for example, Mi amiga disfrutó el campamento ...
- creating a print or digital poster in Spanish to promote travel to a significant cultural location

on a First Nations, including what to see and do

- menus, recipes or programs for Spanish-themed events, with key information in Spanish and explanatory footnotes or glossaries in English, for class parties, cooking sessions, cultural celebrations, for example, instructions to make a piñata
- creating subtitles, captions or commentaries for such as brochures, slide show presentations or video clips that inform the school community, for example, open day/night, aspects of Spanish-speaking, or details of the Festival de Viña del Mar
- creating cartoons, role-plays or short stories about a past event in their own life or a dream for the future, to share in class or for a secure online wider, for example, sueño con ser bailarina
- using recording and digital presentation software to , perform or record imaginative , for example, a short play or film
- preparing a biographical account of an influential figure in own life, for example, creating a profile of a grandparent or sports coach
- using up-to-date and emerging terms relating to pop, technology and media when creating, for example, Chateo con mis amigos. No suelo bloguear porque tuitear es más rápido. En las redes, normalmente blogueo porque me encanta la música y me gusta mucho rapear. Students learn to:

create and present spoken, written and multimodal, informative and imaginative tex purposes, selecting vocabulary, expressions, grammatical structures, features and appropriate to text type and context

(AC9LS8C05)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Speaking and listening

Speaking

Writing

- Creating texts
- Creating texts

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Futures

• Sustainable futures require individuals to seek information, identify solutions, reflect on and evaluate past actions, and collaborate with and influence others as they work towards a desired change.

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Country/Place

• First Nations communities of Australia maintain a deep connection to, and responsibility for, Country/Place and have holistic values and belief systems that are connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways.

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Social management

Communication

Creating and exchanging

Create, communicate and collaborate

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Social management

Communication

Creating and exchanging

· Create, communicate and collaborate

Social management

Communication

Resources

Snapshot - Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select and control a variety of features in appropriate digital tools to create content and communicate and collaborate with trusted groups
- select and control advanced features of appropriate digital tools to independently create content and effectively communicate and collaborate with wider groups
- select and control the features of digital tools to purposefully create content and effectively communicate and collaborate, inclusive of diverse groups

Snapshot – Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts responsive to audience and a broad range of learning area topics, clearly articulating words and ideas
- organises more complex ideas or concepts logically, selecting details to accentuate key points
- speaks audibly and coherently to a less familiar audience for a sustained period
- shows increasing awareness of audience by moderating length, content and delivery of spoken texts
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- does research to prepare spoken texts
- uses a range of technology, and audio and visual resources to engage audience and enhance content

Vocabulary

- varies vocabulary to add interest and to describe with greater precision (e.g. uses topic-specific noun groups/phrases such as "exploitation of resources") (see Grammar)
- uses language creatively (e.g. "the moon shines bravely")
- uses sensory vocabulary to engage the audience (e.g. "a gasp of dismay")
- uses technical vocabulary to demonstrate topic knowledge (e.g. "deforestation")
- consistently uses a range of synonyms to add variety and precision to spoken text
- uses abstractions (e.g. "freedom", "fairness")

Crafting ideas

 creates spoken texts which explore and interpret concepts drawn from research or learning area content

- selects voice appropriate to purpose (e.g. third person to create distance and authority or first person to achieve personal connection)
- develops complex ideas or a central theme across a spoken text
- uses language features according to purpose, to impact the audience (e.g. uses more complex connectives such as "consequently", "accordingly" to explain)
- rephrases or clarifies to repair or refine meaning
- uses language structures and features appropriate to learning area content
- uses technologies and visual and audio resources to enhance meaning and effect in presentations

Vocabulary

- selects vocabulary to intensify and sharpen the focus (e.g. "scarcely", "absolutely", "real", "simply")
- uses a range of evaluative language to express opinions or convey emotion (e.g. "significant benefits", "devastating consequences")
- uses a range of emotive language appropriate to topic, purpose and audience
- uses rich, evocative, descriptive language
- uses figurative language (e.g. "hungry for success")

Crafting ideas

- creates complex and creative spoken texts which analyse and evaluate issues drawn from research or learning area content
- includes a range of alternative viewpoints in spoken texts, where appropriate
- controls and manipulates a sophisticated range of language features to affect the audience
- uses a range of rhetorical devices and humour to engage an audience
- references and quotes authorities or statistics to add authority (e.g. "according to a recent OECD report")
- delivers spoken text flexibly, allowing for questions and maintaining the flow of ideas

Snapshot – Creating texts

Literacy: Writing: Creating texts

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates informative texts that describe, explain and document (e.g. describe an artwork, document the materials and explain why it was created)
- selects structural elements to comprehensively and accurately represent the information (e.g. a fact sheet includes an opening statement, labelled diagrams and text boxes)
- orients the reader to the topic or concept using a definition or classification
- develops ideas with details and examples
- uses ideas derived from research
- uses written and visual supporting evidence

Text forms and features

- uses cohesive devices to link concepts across texts (e.g. uses lexical cohesion such as word associations and synonyms)
- uses cohesive devices to express cause and effect (e.g. uses text connectives such as "therefore", "subsequently")
- includes salient visual and audio features to expand on written information (e.g. creates graphs and other technical diagrams from authentic data)
- uses language to compare (e.g. "alternatively", "whereas")
- uses formatting appropriately to reference and label graphics

Vocabulary

- uses a range of learnt, technical and discipline-specific terms (e.g. "adapt", "survive")
- uses more sophisticated words to express cause and effect (e.g. "therefore", "subsequently")

Crafting ideas

• creates informative texts to explain and analyse (e.g. analyses how artists use visual conventions

in artworks)

- creates texts to compare and contrast phenomena (e.g. identify the similarities and differences between species of animals)
- orients the reader clearly to the topic or concept (e.g. using a definition or classification in the opening paragraph)
- intentionally selects structural elements for effect (e.g. includes an effective conclusion that synthesises complex ideas)
- uses evidence and research including digital resources to expand upon information and elaborate concepts

Text forms and features

- varies sentence structure for effect (see Grammar)
- judiciously uses language, visual and audio features to emotionally or intellectually affect the reader
- uses more elaborate noun groups/phrases that include classifying adjectives and specific nouns (e.g. "mineral component of sedimentary rocks")
- creates cohesive flow by condensing previous information into a summarising noun (e.g. "A series of tumultuous events culminated in the outbreak of WWI modern history's turning point.")
- uses passive voice and nominalisation to write succinctly (e.g. "the results were analysed") (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

- uses discipline-specific terminology to provide accurate and explicit information (e.g. "discipline metalanguage")
- uses a range of synonyms for frequently occurring words, in a longer text (e.g. "repair", "fix", "remedy")
- uses vocabulary to indicate and describe relationships (e.g. "additionally", "similarly")

Crafting ideas

- creates sustained, informative texts that precisely explain, analyse and evaluate concepts or abstract entities
- uses structural features flexibly to organise ideas strategically (e.g. includes a defined, cogent conclusion or summation)
- creates texts with forms and features combined strategically for purpose (e.g. describes a historical event from the perspective of a secondary source)
- uses evidence and references
- creates succinct short-answer explanatory texts as well as complex, multi-staged extended texts

Text forms and features

- maintains tone appropriate to the audience
- uses extended noun groups/phrases including adjectival phrases (e.g. "a sturdy construction with modern design features") (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

• uses complex abstractions (e.g. "economic", "sociocultural")

Snapshot – Creating texts

Literacy: Writing: Creating texts

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates imaginative texts that experiment with textual features (e.g. reinterprets or creates alternative versions of songs or stories)
- selects structural elements to suit the purpose (e.g. uses a series of events to build a complication, includes an ending that resolves the complication)
- uses ideas that support a less familiar underpinning theme or concept (e.g. survival or heroism)
- uses actions and events to develop the character
- orients the reader to the imaginary premise (e.g. character/s and situation and may pre-empt the

conclusion)

• creates a cohesive text by integrating narrative elements (e.g. character, setting and events)

Text forms and features

- uses cohesive devices to develop ideas across the text (e.g. uses lexical cohesion such as word associations and synonyms
- includes salient visual and audio features to enhance the text
- intentionally tightens a text by leaving out words that can be readily inferred from the context (e.g. "Kokou must be hungry. But he was not [hungry].")
- selects a point of view appropriate to the purpose and audience
- uses figurative devices such as personification and metaphor (e.g. "the fairy lights danced along the street")

Vocabulary

- uses vivid and less predictable vocabulary to affect the reader (e.g. "stroll", "prowl" for "walk")
- uses words to create imagery (e.g. "the wind whistled and swirled around her")
- uses vocabulary to evoke humour (e.g. pun)

Crafting ideas

- creates imaginative texts with less predictable features to emotionally and intellectually engage the reader (e.g. writes to convey character perspective)
- includes relevant, rich, evocative description
- uses literary techniques such as dialogue and vivid description, to carry the plot, develop character and create a sense of place and atmosphere
- intentionally selects structural features (e.g. includes an unpredictable ending or circular plot)
- generates, selects and crafts ideas to support a theme
- selects text form or type to effectively support ideas (e.g. adventure story, short video which provides a fictional representation of a real event)

Text forms and features

- uses language features to engage reader (e.g. uses sensory imagery to build atmosphere)
- uses a range of figurative devices to effectively impact the reader (e.g. well-crafted metaphor)
- includes visual and audio resources to evoke mood or atmosphere of text
- varies sentence structure for effect (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

- uses words that create connotations (e.g. "startled", "dismayed")
- uses language that evokes an emotional response (e.g. "a piercing scream echoed through the valley")

Crafting ideas

- creates sustained texts that develop more abstract themes or concepts in imaginative ways
- uses structural features flexibly to organise ideas strategically (e.g. deliberate repetition to reinforce a point or create a rhythmic flow)
- develops an imaginative text around a theme or social issue

Text forms and features

- uses stylistic features for effect (e.g. narrates from an omniscient point of view)
- uses recurring imagery for cohesion
- uses language to create humour (e.g. irony, satire)
- uses complementary noun and verb groups (e.g. "Through narrowed eyes she scrutinised the haggard face.") (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

- uses vocabulary for precision (e.g. "shrouded" for "covered")
- uses figurative language to create subtle and complex meaning (e.g. "offering a silent prayer to the deaf sky")

Snapshot - Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select and control a variety of features in appropriate digital tools to create content and communicate and collaborate with trusted groups
- select and control advanced features of appropriate digital tools to independently create content and effectively communicate and collaborate with wider groups
- select and control the features of digital tools to purposefully create content and effectively communicate and collaborate, inclusive of diverse groups

Snapshot – Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate Content description

AC9LS8C05

using digital tools to create a slideshow with audio about a planned 7-day trip to a Spanish-speaking country or region, including famous places to visit, cultural events to attend and foods to eat, for example, attending the Inti Raymi in Cuzco, Peru or visiting the Spanish region of Galicia during San Juan/San Xoan

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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- select and control advanced features of appropriate digital tools to independently create content and effectively communicate and collaborate with wider groups
- select and control the features of digital tools to purposefully create content and effectively communicate and collaborate, inclusive of diverse groups

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C05

using digital tools to create a slideshow with audio about a planned 7-day trip to a Spanish-speaking country or region, including famous places to visit, cultural events to attend and foods to eat, for example, attending the Inti Raymi in Cuzco, Peru or visiting the Spanish region of Galicia during San Juan/San Xoan

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8C05

reporting on own and others' experiences of events such as a school camp, a concert or playing a new computer game, for example, Mi amiga disfrutó el campamento ...

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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Snapshot - Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate Content description

AC9LS8C05

composing bilingual menus, recipes or programs for Spanish-themed events, with key information in Spanish and explanatory footnotes or glossaries in English, for class parties, cooking sessions, cultural celebrations, for example, instructions to make a piñata

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select and control a variety of features in appropriate digital tools to create content and communicate and collaborate with trusted groups
- select and control advanced features of appropriate digital tools to independently create content and effectively communicate and collaborate with wider groups
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8C05

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Snapshot - Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate Content description

AC9LS8C05

creating subtitles, captions or commentaries for texts such as brochures, slide show presentations or video clips that inform the school community, for example, open day/night, aspects of Spanish-speaking cultures, or details of the Festival de Viña del Mar

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8C05

creating cartoons, role-plays or short stories about a past event in their own life or a dream for the future, to share in class or for a secure online wider audience, for example, sueño con ser bailarina

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Create, communicate and collaborate

Digital Literacy: Creating and exchanging: Create, communicate and collaborate Content description

AC9LS8C05

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Snapshot - Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8C05

Continuum extract

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and

barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication

• devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

AC9LS8U01

apply knowledge of of spoken Spanish to enhance, and to respond to and in familiar and some unfamiliar

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Elaborations

- distinguishing nuances in of some according to combinations, for example, jardín, garage, gente, agua and gas, and the double II and rr compared with the single I and r
- using the of the Spanish, including, and, to increase and enhance expression, for example, No compro nunca en esa tienda versus ¿No compró nunca en esa tienda?
- recognising where to place in extended , for example, Vámonos ya para el concierto de Rosalía. Ven aquí y te enseñaremos a bailar salsa.
- recognising that written Spanish has only 3 double combinations, cc, Il and rr, for example, acción, llover, corrección
- applying rules to common tongue twisters such as Tres tristes tigres tragaban trigo en un trigal Students learn to:

apply knowledge of conventions of spoken Spanish to enhance fluency, and to respect texts in familiar and some unfamiliar contexts

(AC9LS8U01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Speaking and listening

Speaking

Social management

Communication

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Resources

Snapshot - Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LS8U01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts responsive to audience and a broad range of learning area topics, clearly articulating words and ideas
- organises more complex ideas or concepts logically, selecting details to accentuate key points

- speaks audibly and coherently to a less familiar audience for a sustained period
- shows increasing awareness of audience by moderating length, content and delivery of spoken texts
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- · does research to prepare spoken texts
- uses a range of technology, and audio and visual resources to engage audience and enhance content **Vocabulary**
- varies vocabulary to add interest and to describe with greater precision (e.g. uses topic-specific noun groups/phrases such as "exploitation of resources") (see Grammar)
- uses language creatively (e.g. "the moon shines bravely")
- uses sensory vocabulary to engage the audience (e.g. "a gasp of dismay")
- uses technical vocabulary to demonstrate topic knowledge (e.g. "deforestation")
- consistently uses a range of synonyms to add variety and precision to spoken text
- uses abstractions (e.g. "freedom", "fairness")

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts which explore and interpret concepts drawn from research or learning area content
- selects voice appropriate to purpose (e.g. third person to create distance and authority or first person to achieve personal connection)
- develops complex ideas or a central theme across a spoken text
- uses language features according to purpose, to impact the audience (e.g. uses more complex connectives such as "consequently", "accordingly" to explain)
- rephrases or clarifies to repair or refine meaning
- uses language structures and features appropriate to learning area content
- uses technologies and visual and audio resources to enhance meaning and effect in presentations

Vocabulary

- selects vocabulary to intensify and sharpen the focus (e.g. "scarcely", "absolutely", "real", "simply")
- uses a range of evaluative language to express opinions or convey emotion (e.g. "significant benefits", "devastating consequences")
- uses a range of emotive language appropriate to topic, purpose and audience
- uses rich, evocative, descriptive language
- uses figurative language (e.g. "hungry for success")

Crafting ideas

- creates complex and creative spoken texts which analyse and evaluate issues drawn from research or learning area content
- includes a range of alternative viewpoints in spoken texts, where appropriate
- controls and manipulates a sophisticated range of language features to affect the audience
- uses a range of rhetorical devices and humour to engage an audience
- references and quotes authorities or statistics to add authority (e.g. "according to a recent OECD report")
- · delivers spoken text flexibly, allowing for questions and maintaining the flow of ideas

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

distinguishing nuances in pronunciation of some consonants according to vowel combinations, for example, jardín, garage, gente, agua and gas, and the double consonants II and rr compared with the single I and r

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

using the rhythms of the Spanish language, including intonation, tone and stress, to increase fluency and enhance expression, for example, No compro nunca en esa tienda versus ¿No compró nunca en esa tienda?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

recognising where to place stress in extended sentences, for example, Vámonos ya para el concierto de Rosalía. Ven aquí y te enseñaremos a bailar salsa.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

recognising that written Spanish has only 3 double consonant combinations, cc, ll and rr, for example, acción, llover, corrección

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U01

applying pronunciation rules to common tongue twisters such as Tres tristes tigres tragaban trigo en un trigal

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Resource – Spanish language resource

Spanish

Language support resource

The Spanish Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: Spanish. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 language features and structures
- Part 2 thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning Spanish for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students' learning.

Download

AC9LS8U02

apply understanding of grammatical structures and expressions to compose and respond to

Elaborations

- conjugating common regular and high-frequency irregular such as ir, tener, ser, haber in the present, preterite and present perfect, for example, Voy a la escuela todos los días, fui a la escuela el año pasado, he ido a la escuela durante dos trimestres
- using present, past and immediate future followed by , for example, Debemos dormir bien, quiero ir a casa, no pudo comer, me gustaría celebrar contigo, vamos a jugar al baloncesto
- expanding their use of cohesive devices such as sin embargo, además, to compound and link ideas, for example, Los estudiantes son inteligentes sin embargo no estudian todos los días.
- using to describe people and aspects of the environment, for example, Mi tía es generosa y agradable, Los Andes son más altos que los Pirineos. Lo más/menos importante es ...
- expressing quantity, for example, miles de personas, mucha gente, varios libros, tanto dinero, pocas ideas, bastante calor, algunos amigos
- using to modify the meaning of and , for example, Él nadó rápido. Nosotros casi nunca entrenamos especialmente cuando hace demasiado calor.
- indicating possession by using de followed by a or , for example, El carro de mi mamá, Las camisas

de mi hermano, Las profesoras de la escuela tienen vacaciones de verano Students learn to:

apply understanding of grammatical structures and expressions to compose and re

(AC9LS8U02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Writing

Grammar

Social management

Communication

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Resources

Snapshot – Grammar

Literacy: Writing: Grammar

Content description

AC9LS8U02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Grammatical accuracy

• makes few grammatical errors, such as inappropriate tense selections or lack of agreement between subject and verb

Group and word level

- uses an extended range of verbs and verb groups for a particular effect (e.g. characterisation "howls", "was trembling"; and expressing causality "results in")
- adjusts tense in a text if required (e.g. uses simple present tense to represent "timeless" happenings (e.g. "bears hibernate in winter") and uses continuous present tense when referring to an ongoing event (e.g. "bears are becoming extinct")
- creates elaborated noun groups to build richer description by extending the noun group/phrase (e.g. "that naughty, little cattle dog, with the crooked tail, that ran away last week")
- uses possessive pronouns (e.g. "his", "hers", "theirs") and relative pronouns (e.g. "who", "which", "whom")
- uses adverbials to represent a greater range of circumstances (e.g. time "subsequently"; place "in their environment"; manner "excitedly"; reason "due to several factors")

Sentence level

• selects simple, compound and complex sentences to express and connect ideas, occasionally manipulating the structure for emphasis, clarity or effect

• uses subordinating conjunctions (e.g. "even though" in "Even though a storm was predicted, the search and rescue mission still went ahead.")

Whole text level

• uses cohesive devices to alert the reader about how the text is unfolding (e.g. foreshadowing the key points at the beginning, reinforcing the key points with topic sentences, and linking back to key points in the conclusion)

Grammatical accuracy

• writes well-structured texts, rarely making grammatical errors

Group and word level

- presents elaborated verb groups that capture nuances and complex expressions of time and probability (e.g. "he was thought to have been arriving late"; "the errors could be attributed to faulty equipment")
- selects from succinct noun groups/phrases through to highly elaborated noun groups/phrases for effect, clarity or complexity of description
- uses nominalisations to create concise noun groups/phrases
- intentionally uses a wide array of adverbials to represent a greater variety of circumstances (e.g. "with whom?" "to what extent?" "how much?" "in what role?" "by what means?" "in what manner?" "compared to what?")
- maintains subject-verb agreement in complex sentences

Sentence level

- crafts both compact and lengthy sentences with challenging structures, such as embedded/relative clauses, non-finite clauses, interrupting clauses, nominalisations, passive voice
- makes more sophisticated connections between ideas by creating complex sentences expressing relationships of cause, reason, concession

Whole text level

• uses a wide range of cohesive devices such as text connectives that link sentences and paragraphs, and patterns of meaning (e.g. part–whole, class–subclass, compare–contrast, cause and effect)

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

conjugating common regular verbs and high-frequency irregular verbs such as ir, tener, ser, haber in the present, preterite and present perfect tenses, for example, Voy a la escuela todos los días, fui a la escuela el año pasado, he ido a la escuela durante dos trimestres

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LS8U02

using present, past and immediate future tense verbs followed by infinitive, for example, Debemos dormir bien, quiero ir a casa, no pudo comer, me gustaría celebrar contigo, vamos a jugar al baloncesto

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

expanding their use of cohesive devices such as sin embargo, además, to create compound sentences and link ideas, for example, Los estudiantes son inteligentes sin embargo no estudian todos los días.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

using adjectives to describe people and aspects of the environment, for example, Mi tía es generosa y agradable, Los Andes son más altos que los Pirineos. Lo más/menos importante es ...

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

expressing quantity, for example, miles de personas, mucha gente, varios libros, tanto dinero, pocas ideas, bastante calor, algunos amigos

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

using adverbs to modify the meaning of verbs and adjectives, for example, Él nadó rápido. Nosotros casi nunca entrenamos especialmente cuando hace demasiado calor.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication
- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

Snapshot - Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LS8U02

indicating possession by using de followed by a pronoun or noun, for example, El carro de mi mamá, Las camisas de mi hermano, Las profesoras de la escuela tienen vacaciones de verano

Continuum extract

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- demonstrate communication skills in a range of contexts, responding to the enablers of, and barriers to, effective verbal and non-verbal communication
- devise strategies that apply effective verbal and non-verbal communication in response to feedback

AC9LS8U03

reflect on similarities and differences between Spanish and English and features, using

•

Elaborations

- reflecting on appropriate to different types of, such as descriptive in documentaries, reflective in diary and journal entries, and persuasive in advertisements, and compare these with English
- collecting examples of online and print advertisements, and identifying and analysing the and grammatical structures used to persuade potential consumers in both Spanish and English, for example, 'End of season sale', ¡Compre en los almacenes 'La Moda', no se arrepentirá!, ¡Pague menos y lleve más!
- understanding and comparing textual elements, in Spanish and English, that provide coherence at a whole level, for example, cohesive devices, introductions and summaries, linked paragraphs, and sequencing of ideas, por lo tanto ..., en primer lugar ...
- comparing Spanish and English structure, for example, the omission of the in Spanish, Simón busca la información en la red, la necesita para su trabajo
- collecting Spanish and English, for example, fascinante /fascinating, arquitectura /architecture, doctor /doctor, enciclopedia /encyclopedia, cancelar /cancel, bicicleta /bicycle
- identifying Spanish borrowed from different across time and through political, historical and social changes, such as of Arabic origin that start with the al-, for example, almanaque, alcachofa, algodón, algebra and alcohol, and some common interjections such as ¡hola!, ¡ojalá! and ¡olé! also derived from Arabic
- understanding the of several types of in Spanish and comparing these with English, for example, the use of abbreviations in messages, tq = te quiero , greetings in telephone conversations, Aquí, Hola, ¿Sí? ¿Aló? , typical for greeting cards, Muchas felicidades por ..., in menus, entrada, platos de fondo/primer plato/segundo plato, postres, menú del día Students learn to:

reflect on similarities and differences between Spanish and English language struct features, using metalanguage

(AC9LS8U03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Resources

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area
- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding
- select and use strategies for open, flexible and focused communication, including understanding how cultural perspectives and world views affect communication within, between and across cultural and linguistic groups
- apply communication strategies in culturally and linguistically diverse contexts, understanding how language and culture are interrelated or connected

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

collecting examples of online and print advertisements, and identifying and analysing the language features and grammatical structures used to persuade potential consumers in both Spanish and English, for example, 'End of season sale', ¡Compre en los almacenes 'La Moda', no se arrepentirá!, ¡Paque menos y lleve más!

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

understanding and comparing textual elements, in Spanish and English, that provide coherence at a whole text level, for example, cohesive devices, introductions and summaries, linked paragraphs, and sequencing of ideas, por lo tanto ..., en primer lugar ...

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Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems Content description

AC9LS8U03

comparing Spanish and English sentence structure, for example, the omission of the subject in Spanish, Simón busca la información en la red, la necesita para su trabajo

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• identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

- identify the relevant aspects of a concept or problem, recognising gaps or missing elements necessary for understanding by using approaches and strategies suitable for the context
- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

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Snapshot - Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems Content description

AC9LS8U03

collecting Spanish and English cognates, for example, fascinante /fascinating, arquitectura /architecture, doctor /doctor, enciclopedia /encyclopedia, cancelar /cancel, bicicleta /bicycle

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- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

identifying Spanish words borrowed from different languages across time and through political, historical and social changes, such as words of Arabic origin that start with the prefix al-, for example, almanaque, alcachofa, algodón, algebra and alcohol, and some common interjections such as ¡hola!, ¡ojalá! and ¡olé! also derived from Arabic

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U03

understanding the conventions of several types of texts in Spanish and comparing these with English, for example, the use of abbreviations in text messages, tq = te quiero , formulaic greetings in telephone conversations, Aquí, Hola, ¿Sí? ¿Aló? , typical phrases for greeting cards, Muchas felicidades por ..., language in menus, entrada, platos de fondo/primer plato/segundo plato, postres, menú del día

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- apply communication strategies in culturally and linguistically diverse contexts, understanding how language and culture are interrelated or connected

AC9LS8U04

reflect on and explain how is shaped by (s), (s), , and

•

Elaborations

- recognising that and cultural practices are interconnected, for example, identifying the religious origins or connotations of many common Spanish names such as Jesús María, Dolores, and expressions such as ¡Qué Dios te bendiga!; and changes reflecting social such as the adoption of some feminine forms of professional titles, for example, la doctora/el doctor, la abogada/el abogado, la jefa/el iefe
- comparing elements of , for example, and use of personal space and in different cultural , and such as physical greetings, proximity when and the use of 'sorry' in English compared with Spanish
- identifying levels of formality in spoken and written and considering what these reveal about social relationships and , such as reflection of status, authority, respect or intimacy, for example, Perdone que le interrumpa, Presidenta. ¿Podría ...? Disculpe, ¿podría decirme ...? Eres el amor de mi vida ...
- examining, in Spanish or English, how First Nations Australian have strong connections to locations, and how these can be compared with variations across Spanish-speaking countries and regions
- recognising that many Spanish-speaking countries have co-official Spanish and how this is an important aspect of , for example, Guaraní in Paraguay, Catalan, Galician and Basque/Euskera in Spain, and Quiché in Guatemala
- noticing components of Spanish that reflect cultural histories and influences, for example, technological and scientific terms derived from classical Latin and Greek, continente, vegetación, bacteria, biología, protocolo and mecánico
- understanding the nature of the distribution of Spanish speakers across the world, including countries such as United States and the Philippines where the Spanish and have an important presence, for example, the development of Spanglish as a and influence on Tagalog/Filipino
- examining variation in relation to vocabulary and grammatical forms in Spanish-speaking communities compared with Spanish-speaking in Spain, for example, 'strawberries' are fresas in Spain and frutillas in Argentina; 'bus' is colectivo in Venezuela, ómnibus in Peru, camión in Mexico and guagua in Cuba; and the use of the vos in Central America/Argentina/Uruguay
- considering the value of the influence of Spanish and (s), including food, film, fashion, music and dance, on the English and other, for example, churros, tortilla, pupusas, tapas, salsa, flamenco

Students learn to:

reflect on and explain how identity is shaped by language(s), culture(s), attitudes, b

values

(AC9LS8U04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Country/Place

• First Nations communities of Australia maintain a deep connection to, and responsibility for, Country/Place and have holistic values and belief systems that are connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Analysing

• Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

• Communicate responsively

Resources

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8U04

Continuum extract

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- identify the objective and subjective aspects of a complex concept or problem, with sensitivity to context

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

recognising that language and cultural practices are interconnected, for example, identifying the religious origins or connotations of many common Spanish names such as Jesús María, Dolores , and expressions such as ¡Qué Dios te bendiga! ; and changes reflecting social values such as the adoption of some feminine forms of professional titles, for example, la doctora/el doctor, la abogada/el abogado, la jefa/el jefe

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Snapshot - Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

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AC9LS8U04

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

identifying levels of formality in spoken and written texts and considering what these reveal about social relationships and processes, such as reflection of status, authority, respect or intimacy, for example, Perdone que le interrumpa, Presidenta. ¿Podría ...? Disculpe, ¿podría decirme ...? Eres el amor de mi vida ...

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

noticing components of Spanish language that reflect cultural histories and influences, for example, technological and scientific terms derived from classical Latin and Greek, continente, vegetación, bacteria, biología, protocolo and mecánico

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Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

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Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LS8U04

examining language variation in relation to vocabulary and grammatical forms in Spanish-speaking communities compared with Spanish-speaking in Spain, for example, 'strawberries' are fresas in Spain and frutillas in Argentina; 'bus' is colectivo in Venezuela, ómnibus in Peru, camión in Mexico and guagua in Cuba; and the use of the pronoun vos in Central America/Argentina/Uruguay

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LS8U04

considering the value of the influence of Spanish language and culture(s), including food, film, fashion, music and dance, on the English language and other cultures, for example, churros, tortilla, pupusas, tapas, salsa, flamenco

Continuum extract

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