

(no-code)

and respond to about self, others, and classroom environment, using expressions

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Elaborations

- communicating with peers and the teacher using formal and informal simple greetings and expressions, for example, Wie geht's? Wie geht es Ihnen?
- exchanging information in written or spoken form about their family, hometown, pets and , for example, Hast du Geschwister? Ich habe einen Bruder und zwei Schwestern. Hast du ein Haustier? Wir haben einen Hund und vier Vögel. Wo wohnst du? Ich wohne in ... Was sind deine Hobbys? Ich mag ...
- using German expressions to support with peers and the teacher, for example, Ich verstehe; Ich weiß nicht; langsamer bitte; nochmal bitte
- asking and responding to relating to a learning or lesson, for example, Wie bitte? Ich verstehe das nicht. Welche Seite? Wie sagt man das auf Deutsch? Bist du fertig? Wer ist dran? Ich bin dran.
- using to about self in descriptive , for example, Ich habe eine Katze. Sie ist braun und frisst Fleisch.
- using common responses to frequently asked imitating and patterns, for example, Wie geht's? Gut, danke. Stimmt das? Ja, das stimmt.
- commenting constructively on own and others' learning, for example, Super! Tolle Arbeit! Gut gemacht! Danke
- apologising, making polite requests, including attracting attention and asking for assistance and permission, for example, Entschuldigung, Frau Lenz! Hilfe bitte! Darf ich bitte auf die Toilette gehen?
- asking and answering relating to concepts such as time, number, days of the week, months and seasons, for example, Wann spielst du Basketball? Am Montag. Wer hat im August Geburtstag? Welche Hobbys hast du? Wann ist es kalt in Deutschland? Im Dezember, im Winter

Students learn to:

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and class
using formulaic expressions

(AC9LG4C01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Speaking and listening

- Interacting

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Self-management

- Goal setting

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LG4C01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- listens actively to stay on topic in a small group discussion
- takes an active role in small group and whole-class discussion by volunteering ideas and opinions
- asks relevant questions for clarification or to find out others' ideas (e.g. "What do you think about that?")
- takes turns in interactions
- interacts using appropriate language in pairs or a small group to complete tasks
- interacts to extend and elaborate ideas in a discussion (e.g. provides an additional example)
- presents simple ideas clearly in group situations
- actively encourages or supports other speakers
- shows awareness of discussion conventions (e.g. uses appropriate language to express agreement and disagreement in class discussions)
- uses language to initiate interactions in a small group situation (e.g. "I have an idea")
- critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker
- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
- poses pertinent questions to make connections between a range of ideas
- uses open questions to prompt a speaker to provide more information
- clarifies task goals and negotiates roles in group learning

- monitors discussion to manage digression from the topic
- identifies and articulates the perspective of a speaker, to move a conversation forward

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4C01

communicating with peers and the teacher using formal and informal simple greetings and formulaic expressions, for example, Wie geht's? Wie geht es Ihnen?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

communicating with peers and the teacher using formal and informal simple greetings and formulaic expressions, for example, Wie geht's? Wie geht es Ihnen?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

exchanging information in modelled written or spoken form about their family, hometown, pets and activities, for example, Hast du Geschwister? Ich habe einen Bruder und zwei Schwestern. Hast du ein Haustier? Wir haben einen Hund und vier Vögel. Wo wohnst du? Ich wohne in ... Was sind deine Hobbys? Ich mag ...

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Goal setting

Personal and Social capability: Self-management: Goal setting

Content description

AC9LG4C01

using German expressions to support interaction with peers and the teacher, for example, Ich verstehe; Ich weiß nicht; langsamer bitte; nochmal bitte

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- collaboratively develop goals to improve learning
- plan for learning, by setting improvement goals
- select and use strategies to monitor own learning and refine goals to plan for further improvement

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

using German expressions to support interaction with peers and the teacher, for example, Ich verstehe; Ich weiß nicht; langsamer bitte; nochmal bitte

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

asking and responding to questions relating to a learning activity or lesson, for example, Wie bitte? Ich verstehe das nicht. Welche Seite? Wie sagt man das auf Deutsch? Bist du fertig? Wer ist dran? Ich bin dran.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

using modelled sentences to communicate about self in descriptive language, for example, Ich habe eine Katze. Sie ist braun und frisst Fleisch.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

using common responses to frequently asked questions imitating modelled intonation and stress patterns, for example, Wie geht's? Gut, danke. Stimmt das? Ja, das stimmt.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

commenting constructively on own and others' learning, for example, Super! Tolle Arbeit! Gut gemacht! Danke

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C01

commenting constructively on own and others' learning, for example, Super! Tolle Arbeit! Gut gemacht! Danke

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4C01

apologising, making polite requests, including attracting attention and asking for assistance and permission, for example, Entschuldigung, Frau Lenz! Hilfe bitte! Darf ich bitte auf die Toilette gehen?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

apologising, making polite requests, including attracting attention and asking for assistance and permission, for example, Entschuldigung, Frau Lenz! Hilfe bitte! Darf ich bitte auf die Toilette gehen?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C01

asking and answering questions relating to concepts such as time, number, days of the week, months and seasons, for example, Wann spielst du Basketball? Am Montag. Wer hat im August Geburtstag? Welche Hobbys hast du? Wann ist es kalt in Deutschland? Im Dezember, im Winter

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication

- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource – German language resource

German

Language support resource

The German Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: German. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 – language features and structures
- Part 2 – thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning German for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students' learning.

Download

Resource – WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of spoken German. They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English. They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C01

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and classroom environment, using formulaic expressions

AC9LG4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LG4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of German to form words and phrases

AC9LG4C02

participate in that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar and structures

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Elaborations

- participating in real or simulated situations such as choosing a present for a friend or role-playing a visit to a doctor's office, for example, Lara mag Puppen. Was kostet die Puppe? Was ist los? Mein Bein tut weh.
- collaborating with peers to prepare an item to perform for an , for example, a song in German or a modified fairytale play
- making matching card or digital games to play with peers, using German and English or images, for example, days of the week, months, seasons or vocabulary associated with weather
- following procedures and instructions with peers, guided by the teacher, for example, how to a Hampelmann or Lebkuchenhaus
- collaborating to a shared in German, for example, a digital photo story after a class or event such as a visit to a German restaurant
- with others to produce classroom signs, for example, Bitte mach die Tür zu! Hier sind die Scheren/Klebestifte/Stifte!
- planning and negotiating with peers to organise a class celebration such as a traditional festival from a German-speaking country or region or an end of term class party, Wer bringt was mit? Ich bringe ... mit.

Students learn to:

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar p modelled structures

(AC9LG4C02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Develop multiple perspectives

Speaking and listening

- Interacting

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Develop multiple perspectives

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Develop multiple perspectives

Social management

- Communication
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Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Resources

Work Samples

WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

Snapshot – Develop multiple perspectives

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Develop multiple perspectives

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify opinions on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, recognising reasons for different perspectives
- discuss different perspectives on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, describing how people's thinking and behaviour may be influenced by a range of factors
- examine how cultural beliefs or practices influence their own perspectives, and those of others, when discussing unfamiliar topics

Snapshot – Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- listens actively to stay on topic in a small group discussion
- takes an active role in small group and whole-class discussion by volunteering ideas and opinions
- asks relevant questions for clarification or to find out others' ideas (e.g. "What do you think about that?")
- takes turns in interactions
- interacts using appropriate language in pairs or a small group to complete tasks
- interacts to extend and elaborate ideas in a discussion (e.g. provides an additional example)
- presents simple ideas clearly in group situations
- actively encourages or supports other speakers
- shows awareness of discussion conventions (e.g. uses appropriate language to express agreement and disagreement in class discussions)
- uses language to initiate interactions in a small group situation (e.g. "I have an idea")
- critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker

- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
- poses pertinent questions to make connections between a range of ideas
- uses open questions to prompt a speaker to provide more information
- clarifies task goals and negotiates roles in group learning
- monitors discussion to manage digression from the topic
- identifies and articulates the perspective of a speaker, to move a conversation forward

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

participating in real or simulated situations such as choosing a present for a friend or role-playing a visit to a doctor's office, for example, Lara mag Puppen. Was kostet die Puppe? Was ist los? Mein Bein tut weh.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

participating in real or simulated situations such as choosing a present for a friend or role-playing a visit to a doctor's office, for example, Lara mag Puppen. Was kostet die Puppe? Was ist los? Mein Bein tut weh.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Develop multiple perspectives

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Develop multiple perspectives

Content description

AC9LG4C02

following procedures and instructions with peers, guided by the teacher, for example, how to create a Hampelmann or Lebkuchenhaus

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify opinions on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, recognising reasons for different perspectives
- discuss different perspectives on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, describing how people's thinking and behaviour may be influenced by a range of factors
- examine how cultural beliefs or practices influence their own perspectives, and those of others, when discussing unfamiliar topics

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

following procedures and instructions with peers, guided by the teacher, for example, how to create a Hampelmann or Lebkuchenhaus

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

following procedures and instructions with peers, guided by the teacher, for example, how to create a Hampelmann or Lebkuchenhaus

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities

- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Develop multiple perspectives

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Develop multiple perspectives

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify opinions on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, recognising reasons for different perspectives
- discuss different perspectives on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, describing how people's thinking and behaviour may be influenced by a range of factors
- examine how cultural beliefs or practices influence their own perspectives, and those of others, when discussing unfamiliar topics

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

interacting with others to produce classroom signs, for example, Bitte mach die Tür zu! Hier sind die Scheren/Klebestifte/Stifte!

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

interacting with others to produce classroom signs, for example, Bitte mach die Tür zu! Hier sind die Scheren/Klebestifte/Stifte!

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C02

planning and negotiating with peers to organise a class celebration such as a traditional festival from a German-speaking country or region or an end of term class party, Wer bringt was mit? Ich bringe ... mit.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LG4C02

planning and negotiating with peers to organise a class celebration such as a traditional festival from a German-speaking country or region or an end of term class party, Wer bringt was mit? Ich bringe ... mit.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Resource – WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds.■They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of spoken German.■They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings.■They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English.■They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of German

to form words and phrases

AC9LG4U02

recognise German language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LG4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and

-
-

Elaborations

- identifying points of information in short spoken with some unfamiliar , for example, the name and number on a recorded phone message, the age of a child interviewed, some items on a recorded shopping list
- constructing a timeline of the main events of a story using pictures, and/or simple
- responding to an informative or imaginative in various ways, such as describing what emotions they feel to a story or song, for example, Das macht mich glücklich/traurig/nervös.
- learning that First Nations Australian change according to connections and relationships between people, and giving examples of how this occurs in German
- collecting information from informative and creating a display with names and appropriate , for example, about different animal species, Der Löwe ist mutig und stark, Das Känguru ist schnell.
- viewing or to related to aspects of school life, such as timetables, canteen menus, extracurricular and sports, and comparing information about and practices across
- locating information about a person or from a written or spoken , to use in a format such as a Steckbrief
- working in groups to obtain and use factual information from related to other learning areas, for example, completing a simple science experiment, naming countries and significant land features, or calculating distances/speeds from a sport lesson
- finding examples of German used at home or in the community and creating a class collection or display, for example, products, labels or used in English advertisements, shop signs, recipe books or menus
- working with information to a graph, for example, Lieblingstiere, Lieblingssport, Lieblingsserie, Lieblingsmusik

Students learn to:

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spo

multimodal texts

(AC9LG4C03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Reading and viewing

- Understanding texts

Speaking and listening

- Listening

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Culture

- First Nations Australian societies are diverse and have distinct cultural expressions such as language, customs and beliefs. As First Nations Peoples of Australia, they have the right to maintain, control, protect and develop their cultural expressions, while also maintaining the right to control, protect and develop culture as Indigenous Cultural and Intellectual Property.

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Reflecting

- Transfer knowledge

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Reflecting

- Transfer knowledge

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

- Identify, process and evaluate information

Resources

Work Samples

WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts independently (see Text complexity)
- locates directly stated information
- recounts or describes sequenced ideas or information
- identifies a clearly evident main idea in a simple text
- listens to texts to engage with learning area content (e.g. a text about family histories)
- reads and views the content of texts and describes new or learnt information
- expresses an opinion or preference for a topic or text with a supporting reason

- draws obvious inferences by integrating print, visual and audio aspects of simple texts (e.g. uses images and key words to infer a character's job)
- identifies some differences between imaginative and informative texts (e.g. different styles of images in a fairy tale and instructions for a game)

Processes

- uses phonic knowledge, word recognition, sentence structure, punctuation and contextual knowledge to read simple texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition) (see Text complexity)
- reads high-frequency words in continuous text
- reads using sentence features such as word order and sentence boundary punctuation (e.g. question marks)
- pauses when meaning breaks down and attempts to self-correct
- uses visual and auditory cues to build meaning (e.g. colour, shape and size of images, sound effects)
- selects appropriate reading paths when reading simple texts and navigates simple screen-based texts for specific purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies key words and the meaning they carry (e.g. nouns, verbs)
- makes plausible interpretations of the meaning of unfamiliar words
- understands simple qualifying or emotive words
- uses context to understand homonyms

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts and some elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- scans texts to locate specific information in an elementary print text
- recounts or describes the most relevant details from a text
- tracks ideas or information throughout the text
- identifies main idea by synthesising information across a simple text
- identifies the arguments in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of elementary informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. uses verbs and dot points to identify a set of instructions)
- explains how inferences are drawn using background knowledge or language features (e.g. infers character's feelings from actions)
- makes connections between texts (e.g. compares 2 versions of a well-known story)
- integrates new learning from reading with current knowledge (e.g. "I know that insects have wings but I didn't know all insects have six legs")
- predicts the content and purpose of a text based on a range of text features

Processes

- uses a bank of phonic knowledge and word recognition skills and grammatical and contextual knowledge to read simple and elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- recognises when meaning breaks down, pauses and uses phonic knowledge, contextual knowledge, and strategies such as repeating words, re-reading and reading on to self-correct (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- identifies parts of text used to answer literal and inferential questions
- uses cohesive devices to connect ideas or events (e.g. tracks pronoun referencing) (see Grammar)
- uses phrasing and punctuation to support reading for meaning (e.g. noun, verb and adjectival groups) (see Fluency and Grammar)
- identifies common features in similar texts (e.g. photographs in informative texts)

Vocabulary

- uses morphological knowledge to explain words (e.g. "help" [base] + "less" [suffix] = "helpless")
- interprets language devices (e.g. exaggeration or repetition)
- interprets simple imagery (e.g. simile, onomatopoeia)
- uses context and grammar knowledge to understand unfamiliar words (e.g. the word "vast" in the phrase "vast desert")
- identifies words that state opinions (e.g. "I think")
- understands the use of common idiomatic or colloquial language in texts (e.g. "get your head around it")

Comprehension

- reads and views elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- locates information or details embedded in the text
- identifies the main idea in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of a broad range of informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. advertisements, diary entry)
- draws inferences and identifies supporting evidence in the text
- monitors the development of ideas using language and visual features (e.g. topic sentences, key verbs, graphs)
- recognises that texts can present different points of view
- distinguishes between fact and opinion in texts
- compares and contrasts texts on the same topic to identify how authors represent the same ideas differently

Processes

- integrates phonic knowledge, word recognition skills, grammatical and contextual knowledge to read elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition and Fluency)
- identifies language features that signal purpose in an elementary text (e.g. diagrams, dialogue)
- uses strategies to predict and confirm meaning (e.g. uses sentence structure to predict how ideas will be developed)
- navigates texts using common signposting devices such as headings, subheadings, paragraphs, navigation bars and links

Vocabulary

- interprets creative use of figurative language (e.g. metaphor, simile, onomatopoeia)
- interprets unfamiliar words using grammatical knowledge, morphological knowledge and etymological knowledge
- describes the language and visual features of texts using metalanguage (e.g. grammatical terms such as "cohesion", "tense", "noun groups/phrases")
- recognises how synonyms are used to enhance a text (e.g. "transport", "carry", "transfer")
- draws on knowledge of word origin to work out meaning of discipline-specific terms (e.g. "universe")
- recognises how evaluative and modal words are used to influence the reader (e.g. "important", "should", "dirty")

Snapshot – Listening

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Listening

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- responds to simple and elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- recalls specific information from a spoken text (e.g. recalls a message from a school assembly announcement)
- answers literal and simple inferential questions from a text they have listened to
- infers obvious meaning from a simple, spoken text (e.g. identifies character's job as a sales assistant from dialogue with a shopper)
- experiments with a small range of listening strategies (e.g. asks speaker to repeat information, if unclear)
- uses learnt vocabulary and simple adjectives to recount key ideas from heard text
- responds to elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- listens purposefully to texts to identify specific learning area content
- recalls specific information from a learning area text
- attends to sequence when recounting ideas
- infers meaning that may be less obvious (e.g. infers beach context from hearing background sounds of seagulls and surf)
- describes tone and intonation of spoken text (e.g. "she spoke with an angry tone")
- retells a familiar story with some possible minor adaptations
- selects appropriate listening strategies (e.g. asking questions to elicit extra information,

rephrasing others' contributions to check own comprehension)

- listens for cohesive vocabulary to support comprehension (e.g. listens for temporal connectives such as "first", "then", "finally" and conjunctions such as "also" to identify next section in text)
- responds to moderately complex texts (see Text complexity)
- responds to texts with unfamiliar content
- identifies main ideas of a spoken text using supporting details
- identifies purpose and intended audience of a spoken text
- infers layered meaning from texts (e.g. musical overlay that creates mood)
- asks relevant questions to extend understanding
- describes language and audio features of the text

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

responding to an informative or imaginative text in various ways, such as describing what emotions they feel listening to a story or song, for example, Das macht mich glücklich/traurig/nervös.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study

- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

collecting information from informative texts and creating a display with names and appropriate adjectives, for example, about different animal species, Der Löwe ist mutig und stark, Das Känguru ist schnell.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Transfer knowledge

Critical and Creative Thinking: Reflecting: Transfer knowledge

Content description

AC9LG4C03

collecting information from informative texts and creating a display with names and appropriate adjectives, for example, about different animal species, Der Löwe ist mutig und stark, Das Känguru ist schnell.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use ideas and information from a previous experience to inform similar learning experiences
- use aspects of knowledge and skills gained in one setting to inform learning in a new setting or context
- apply aspects of knowledge and skills gained in one context to a new or unrelated context to achieve a specific purpose

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

locating information about a person or character from a written or spoken text, to use in a modelled format such as a Steckbrief

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Transfer knowledge

Critical and Creative Thinking: Reflecting: Transfer knowledge

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use ideas and information from a previous experience to inform similar learning experiences
- use aspects of knowledge and skills gained in one setting to inform learning in a new setting or context
- apply aspects of knowledge and skills gained in one context to a new or unrelated context to achieve a specific purpose

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources

- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LG4C03

working with information to create a graph, for example, Lieblingstiere, Lieblingssport, Lieblingsserie, Lieblingsmusik

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

AC9LG4C04

develop strategies to comprehend and German in familiar to cultural meaning

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Elaborations

- recognising that there are similarities and differences between German and English ways of showing politeness or formality, for example, the use of family names after Frau and Herr , responding to danke schön with bitte schön , using Sie in an appropriate
- simple in German and English, noticing similarities, differences and challenges
- recognising that there are different and/or multiple that ideas across , for example, Karneval, Fasching, Fastnacht, das Christkind, der Weihnachtsmann
- matching parallel expressions such as Hi/Tag , morning tea/ Kaffeepause and Bless you/ Gesundheit
- using cultural in familiar , for example, counting starting with your thumb
- discovering how their own use influences expectations about German use, for example, wanting to use one for 'you', and not expecting to capitalise all

Students learn to:

develop strategies to comprehend and adjust German language in familiar contexts meaning

(AC9LG4C04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Navigating intercultural contexts

- Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Reading and viewing

- Understanding texts

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Navigating intercultural contexts

- Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Analysing

- Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Navigating intercultural contexts

- Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

- Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

- Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Resources

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts independently (see Text complexity)
- locates directly stated information
- recounts or describes sequenced ideas or information
- identifies a clearly evident main idea in a simple text
- listens to texts to engage with learning area content (e.g. a text about family histories)
- reads and views the content of texts and describes new or learnt information
- expresses an opinion or preference for a topic or text with a supporting reason
- draws obvious inferences by integrating print, visual and audio aspects of simple texts (e.g. uses images and key words to infer a character's job)
- identifies some differences between imaginative and informative texts (e.g. different styles of images in a fairy tale and instructions for a game)

Processes

- uses phonic knowledge, word recognition, sentence structure, punctuation and contextual knowledge to read simple texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition) (see Text complexity)
- reads high-frequency words in continuous text
- reads using sentence features such as word order and sentence boundary punctuation (e.g. question marks)
- pauses when meaning breaks down and attempts to self-correct
- uses visual and auditory cues to build meaning (e.g. colour, shape and size of images, sound effects)
- selects appropriate reading paths when reading simple texts and navigates simple screen-based texts for specific purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies key words and the meaning they carry (e.g. nouns, verbs)
- makes plausible interpretations of the meaning of unfamiliar words
- understands simple qualifying or emotive words
- uses context to understand homonyms

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts and some elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- scans texts to locate specific information in an elementary print text
- recounts or describes the most relevant details from a text
- tracks ideas or information throughout the text
- identifies main idea by synthesising information across a simple text
- identifies the arguments in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of elementary informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. uses verbs and dot points to identify a set of instructions)
- explains how inferences are drawn using background knowledge or language features (e.g. infers character's feelings from actions)
- makes connections between texts (e.g. compares 2 versions of a well-known story)
- integrates new learning from reading with current knowledge (e.g. "I know that insects have wings but I didn't know all insects have six legs")
- predicts the content and purpose of a text based on a range of text features

Processes

- uses a bank of phonic knowledge and word recognition skills and grammatical and contextual knowledge to read simple and elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- recognises when meaning breaks down, pauses and uses phonic knowledge, contextual knowledge, and strategies such as repeating words, re-reading and reading on to self-correct (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- identifies parts of text used to answer literal and inferential questions
- uses cohesive devices to connect ideas or events (e.g. tracks pronoun referencing) (see Grammar)
- uses phrasing and punctuation to support reading for meaning (e.g. noun, verb and adjectival groups) (see Fluency and Grammar)
- identifies common features in similar texts (e.g. photographs in informative texts)

Vocabulary

- uses morphological knowledge to explain words (e.g. "help" [base] + "less" [suffix] = "helpless")
- interprets language devices (e.g. exaggeration or repetition)
- interprets simple imagery (e.g. simile, onomatopoeia)
- uses context and grammar knowledge to understand unfamiliar words (e.g. the word "vast" in the phrase "vast desert")
- identifies words that state opinions (e.g. "I think")
- understands the use of common idiomatic or colloquial language in texts (e.g. "get your head around it")

Comprehension

- reads and views elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- locates information or details embedded in the text
- identifies the main idea in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of a broad range of informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. advertisements, diary entry)
- draws inferences and identifies supporting evidence in the text
- monitors the development of ideas using language and visual features (e.g. topic sentences, key verbs, graphs)
- recognises that texts can present different points of view
- distinguishes between fact and opinion in texts
- compares and contrasts texts on the same topic to identify how authors represent the same ideas differently

Processes

- integrates phonic knowledge, word recognition skills, grammatical and contextual knowledge to read elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition and Fluency)
- identifies language features that signal purpose in an elementary text (e.g. diagrams, dialogue)
- uses strategies to predict and confirm meaning (e.g. uses sentence structure to predict how ideas will be developed)
- navigates texts using common signposting devices such as headings, subheadings, paragraphs, navigation bars and links

Vocabulary

- interprets creative use of figurative language (e.g. metaphor, simile, onomatopoeia)
- interprets unfamiliar words using grammatical knowledge, morphological knowledge and etymological knowledge
- describes the language and visual features of texts using metalanguage (e.g. grammatical terms such as "cohesion", "tense", "noun groups/phrases")
- recognises how synonyms are used to enhance a text (e.g. "transport", "carry", "transfer")
- draws on knowledge of word origin to work out meaning of discipline-specific terms (e.g. "universe")
- recognises how evaluative and modal words are used to influence the reader (e.g. "important", "should", "dirty")

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Content description

AC9LG4C04

recognising that there are similarities and differences between German and English ways of showing politeness or formality, for example, the use of family names after Frau and Herr, responding to danke schön with bitte schön, using Sie in an appropriate context

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the main parts of a concept or problem and describe how these relate to each other
- identify and prioritise significant elements and relationships within a concept or problem
- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Content description

AC9LG4C04

recognising that there are different and/or multiple words that communicate ideas across cultures,

for example, Karneval, Fasching, Fastnacht, das Christkind, der Weihnachtsmann

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Content description

AC9LG4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

AC9LG4C05

and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and using expressions, simple and and textual

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-

Elaborations

- creating and illustrating short imaginative or informative , such as using secure to produce Mein Traumhaus , and annotating the presentation, for example, Mein Schloss ist sehr alt, groß und schön. Es ist rosa und lila
- sharing an item (Schultüte, Zuckertüte, etc.), relating to German-speaking communities' and through the school newsletter, at a school assembly or in a library display, or displaying links to digitally-produced student items such as movies or photo-text collages
- designing simple written and correspondence such as invitations or greeting cards in print or digital form, incorporating expressions, simple and , and textual , for example, an invitation to Grandparents' Day at school
- creating simple descriptions in German and matching them to appropriate First Nations locations in their local area or elsewhere in Australia
- producing and presenting illustrated or using a structure, for example, an acrostic poem based on their first name or Elfchen (an 11-word poem) about a family member or pet
- using structures and picture prompts to retell the basic plot of a , or making simple summary statements, for example, Der König und die Königin sind im Schloss.

- creating and presenting a using German , for example, a puppet play involving die Maus from Die Sendung mit der Maus meeting a current Australian fictional or an Igel meeting an echidna
- acting out a with a repetitive plot and/or dialogue, and adapting aspects of the story, for example, Die kleine Raupe Nimmersatt or another well-known story from German-speaking countries or regions'

Students learn to:

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal text expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions

(AC9LG4C05)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Writing

- Creating texts

Speaking and listening

- Speaking

Social management

- Communication

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Country/Place

- First Nations communities of Australia maintain a deep connection to, and responsibility for, Country/Place and have holistic values and belief systems that are connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways.

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 – Das bin ich! (This is me!)

WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

Snapshot – Creating texts

Literacy: Writing: Creating texts

Content description

AC9LG4C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- writes ideas in sentence fragments or a simple sentence (e.g. "I am 6.")
- explains the purpose and audience of familiar imaginative and informative texts
- creates short texts in different forms such as a simple recount
- combines visuals with written text where appropriate
- reads back own writing word by word
- talks about own text and describes subject matter and images

Text forms and features

- writes some appropriate letter combinations to represent less familiar words (see Spelling and Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- writes with noun-verb agreement (e.g. "I am"), articles (e.g. "a man") and personal pronouns (e.g. "my mum") (see Grammar)
- writes from left to right using spaces between attempted words
- uses basic noun groups/phrases (e.g. "my house") (see Grammar)
- uses some sentence punctuation (e.g. capital letters at the beginning of a text)

Vocabulary

- writes simple familiar words (e.g. "saw", "food", "they")
- includes some learning area vocabulary in own texts (e.g. "season")
- uses taught high-frequency words

Crafting ideas

- creates a text including 2 or 3 related ideas for a familiar purpose such as recounting an event, telling a story, expressing thoughts, feelings and opinions
- includes beginning structural features (e.g. statement of an opinion, a heading, description of an event linked to time and place)
- creates texts for learning area purposes (e.g. labelling a simple diagram, ordering events on a timeline)

Text forms and features

- writes simple sentences made up of basic verb groups, noun groups and phrases (e.g. "We visited my aunty's house last week.")
- writes compound sentences using common conjunctions (e.g. "My house is big but the garden is small.")
- makes plausible attempts to write unfamiliar words phonetically (e.g. "enjɪn" for "engine") (see Spelling)
- uses capital letters correctly to indicate proper nouns (see Punctuation)
- uses capital letters at the start and full stops at the end of sentences (see Punctuation)
- spells some high-frequency words correctly (see Spelling)
- uses appropriate key words to represent simple concepts (e.g. "aunty", "sister", "cousin" in a text about family)

Vocabulary

- uses adjectives to add meaning by describing qualities or features (e.g. "small", "long", "red") (see Grammar)
- uses words in own writing adopted from other writers
- uses simple words to add clarity to ideas (e.g. modifying and qualifying words such as "very")

Crafting ideas

- creates texts for a range of purposes such as observing and describing, providing reasons, expressing thoughts and feelings about a topic
- includes 4 or more simply stated and clearly connected ideas (e.g. introduces a topic and includes one or 2 facts; states an opinion with a reason; gives a recount of an event)
- includes a simple introduction to orient the reader (e.g. states a fact to introduce a report; states an opinion to introduce an argument; introduces a character to begin a narrative)
- writes ideas appropriate to a task or topic in sequenced sentences (e.g. writes informative texts with all the facts related to the topic)
- selects and discards ideas to make texts suitable for familiar audiences and purposes

Text forms and features

- writes simple, compound and some complex sentences related to a topic using a broader range of conjunctions (e.g. "and", "but", "so", "because", "when") (see Grammar)
- maintains tense within a sentence (see Grammar)

- selects images to complement writing
- spells many high-frequency words correctly (see Spelling)
- uses sentence punctuation correctly (e.g. !, ?) (see Punctuation)
- uses noun groups/phrases to add detail (e.g. "the tomato plant in the pot") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of simple cohesive devices such as pronoun referencing and sequencing connectives
- uses adverbs to give precise meaning to verbs (e.g. "talking loudly") (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

- uses a range of qualifying words (e.g. "every day"; "action movie")
- selects more specific adjectives (e.g. "giant" for "tall"; "golden" for "yellow")
- uses learning area topic vocabulary (e.g. "natural")
- uses common homophones correctly (e.g. "two", "too", "to")
- uses common idiomatic and colloquial phrases (e.g. "a piece of cake")

Snapshot – Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LG4C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates short texts using a few connected sentences, on familiar and learnt topics (e.g. retells a familiar story or describes a process)
- speaks audibly and clearly to a familiar audience (e.g. own class)
- uses some extended sentences
- organises key ideas in logical sequence
- provides some supporting details
- expresses causal relationships (e.g. "when the egg cracked, the chicken came out")
- provides simple justifications (e.g. "I chose cherries because they are red.")
- uses some varying intonation or volume for emphasis
- regulates pace with pausing

Vocabulary

- uses some precise vocabulary from learning areas
- uses connectives to sequence ideas (e.g. "first", "then", "next", "finally") (see Grammar)
- uses vocabulary to express cause and effect (e.g. "The excursion was cancelled because it rained.")
- uses some modal language to influence or persuade (e.g. "should", "will") (see Grammar)

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts for a range of purposes across learning areas (e.g. explains how the mathematics problem was solved)
- uses complex sentence constructions including relative clauses (e.g. "The boy who drew the picture got a prize.") (see Grammar)
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- elaborates on ideas using a short sequence of sentences
- incorporates learnt content into spoken text
- sequences ideas and events appropriately
- uses mainly correct grammatical constructions (e.g. pronoun references; noun-verb agreement)
- varies volume and intonation to suit purpose and audience
- plans and delivers spoken presentations using appropriate structure and language
- includes video and audio enhancements to spoken texts, where appropriate (e.g. includes slides or pictures in a spoken presentation)

Vocabulary

- experiments with vocabulary drawn from a variety of sources
- uses adverbials to give more precise meaning to verbs (e.g. talking loudly) (see Grammar)
- uses a range of vocabulary to indicate connections (e.g. consequences)
- uses conditional vocabulary to expand upon ideas (e.g. "If Goldilocks ate all the porridge the

bears would be hungry.")

Crafting ideas

- creates detailed spoken texts on a broad range of learning area topics
- includes details and elaborations to expand ideas
- uses connectives to signal a change in relationship (e.g. "however", "although", "on the other hand") or to show causal relationships (e.g. "due to", "since") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of expressions to introduce an alternative point of view (e.g. "in my opinion", "he did not agree with")
- rehearses spoken text to accommodate time and technology
- controls tone, volume, pitch and pace to suit content and audience
- uses technologies or audio and visual features to enhance spoken text (e.g. videos a spoken presentation with music, sound effect enhancements)

Vocabulary

- uses a broader range of more complex noun groups/phrases to expand description (e.g. "protective, outer covering")
- selects more specific and precise words to replace general words (e.g. uses "difficult" or "challenging" for "hard")
- uses some rhetorical devices (e.g. "don't you agree?")

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

creating and illustrating short imaginative or informative texts, such as using secure digital tools to produce Mein Traumhaus , and annotating the presentation, for example, Mein Schloss ist sehr alt, groß und schön. Es ist rosa und lila

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

sharing an item (Schultüte, Zuckertüte, etc.), relating to German-speaking communities' language and culture through the school newsletter, at a school assembly or in a library display, or displaying links to digitally-produced student items such as movies or photo-text collages

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

producing and presenting illustrated or multimodal texts using a modelled structure, for example, an acrostic poem based on their first name or Elfchen (an 11-word poem) about a family member or pet

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

using modelled structures and picture prompts to retell the basic plot of a narrative, or making simple summary statements, for example, Der König und die Königin sind im Schloss.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

creating and presenting a performance using modelled German language, for example, a puppet play involving die Maus from Die Sendung mit der Maus meeting a current Australian fictional character or an Igel meeting an echidna

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4C05

acting out a text with a repetitive plot and/or dialogue, and adapting aspects of the story, for example, Die kleine Raupe Nimmersatt or another well-known story from German-speaking countries or regions' culture

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource – WS01 – Das bin ich! (This is me!)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal world. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of German language. They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English. They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U02

recognise German language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LG4U01

recognise and use combinations of sounds, and patterns of German to form and

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-

Elaborations

- recognising and using the Umlaut and to pronounce and familiar German , including differences in of with and without an Umlaut such as der Bruder, die Brüder
- developing , phrasing and skills by singing, reciting poetry or a short aloud
- understanding and practising sounds in German that are different from English sounds, for example, Wasser , where w sounds like an English v and Vater where v sounds like an English f and such as ja, rot, singen, Sport, zwei
- understanding that patterns different meanings, as in the distinction between statements, and exclamations, for example, Du bist acht. Du bist acht? Du bist acht!
- identifying differences in regional and to begin understanding variation across German-speaking communities, for example, in everyday greetings
- comparing the and vocal effects in German and English versions of a favourite story such as Rotkäppchen or in a game such as Wie spät ist es Herr Wolf?
- applying learnt memory aids such as ‘when E and I go walking, the second one does the talking’, for example Reise, Riese

Students learn to:

recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation to form words and phrases

(AC9LG4U01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Speaking and listening

- Speaking

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

Snapshot – Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Explore cultures on interactions

Content description

AC9LG4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- describe how their cultural identities influence interactions with others
- understand how cultural and linguistic diversity affect interactions within their community
- examine the influence of cultural and linguistic diversity on familiar interactions, and identify opportunities or challenges for relationship-building

Snapshot – Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LG4U01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates short texts using a few connected sentences, on familiar and learnt topics (e.g. retells a familiar story or describes a process)
- speaks audibly and clearly to a familiar audience (e.g. own class)
- uses some extended sentences
- organises key ideas in logical sequence
- provides some supporting details
- expresses causal relationships (e.g. "when the egg cracked, the chicken came out")
- provides simple justifications (e.g. "I chose cherries because they are red.")
- uses some varying intonation or volume for emphasis
- regulates pace with pausing

Vocabulary

- uses some precise vocabulary from learning areas
- uses connectives to sequence ideas (e.g. "first", "then", "next", "finally") (see Grammar)

- uses vocabulary to express cause and effect (e.g. "The excursion was cancelled because it rained.")
- uses some modal language to influence or persuade (e.g. "should", "will") (see Grammar)

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts for a range of purposes across learning areas (e.g. explains how the mathematics problem was solved)
- uses complex sentence constructions including relative clauses (e.g. "The boy who drew the picture got a prize.") (see Grammar)
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- elaborates on ideas using a short sequence of sentences
- incorporates learnt content into spoken text
- sequences ideas and events appropriately
- uses mainly correct grammatical constructions (e.g. pronoun references; noun-verb agreement)
- varies volume and intonation to suit purpose and audience
- plans and delivers spoken presentations using appropriate structure and language
- includes video and audio enhancements to spoken texts, where appropriate (e.g. includes slides or pictures in a spoken presentation)

Vocabulary

- experiments with vocabulary drawn from a variety of sources
- uses adverbials to give more precise meaning to verbs (e.g. talking loudly) (see Grammar)
- uses a range of vocabulary to indicate connections (e.g. consequences)
- uses conditional vocabulary to expand upon ideas (e.g. "If Goldilocks ate all the porridge the bears would be hungry.")

Crafting ideas

- creates detailed spoken texts on a broad range of learning area topics
- includes details and elaborations to expand ideas
- uses connectives to signal a change in relationship (e.g. "however", "although", "on the other hand") or to show causal relationships (e.g. "due to", "since") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of expressions to introduce an alternative point of view (e.g. "in my opinion", "he did not agree with")
- rehearses spoken text to accommodate time and technology
- controls tone, volume, pitch and pace to suit content and audience
- uses technologies or audio and visual features to enhance spoken text (e.g. videos a spoken presentation with music, sound effect enhancements)

Vocabulary

- uses a broader range of more complex noun groups/phrases to expand description (e.g. "protective, outer covering")
- selects more specific and precise words to replace general words (e.g. uses "difficult" or "challenging" for "hard")
- uses some rhetorical devices (e.g. "don't you agree?")

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

recognising and using the Umlaut and Eszett to pronounce and write familiar German words, including differences in pronunciation of words with and without an Umlaut such as der Bruder, die Brüder

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

understanding and practising sounds in German words that are different from English sounds, for example, Wasser, where w sounds like an English v and Vater where v sounds like an English f and words such as ja, rot, singen, Sport, zwei

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

understanding that intonation patterns create different meanings, as in the distinction between statements, questions and exclamations, for example, Du bist acht. Du bist acht? Du bist acht!

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Explore cultures on interactions

Content description

AC9LG4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- describe how their cultural identities influence interactions with others
- understand how cultural and linguistic diversity affect interactions within their community
- examine the influence of cultural and linguistic diversity on familiar interactions, and identify opportunities or challenges for relationship-building

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

comparing the rhythms and vocal effects in German and English versions of a favourite story such as Rotkäppchen or in a game such as Wie spät ist es Herr Wolf?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U01

applying learnt memory aids such as ‘when E and I go walking, the second one does the talking’, for example Reise, Riese

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource – German language resource

German

Language support resource

The German Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: German. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 – language features and structures
- Part 2 – thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning German for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students’ learning.

Download

Resource – WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds.■They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key

items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of spoken German.■They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings.■They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English.■They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of German to form words and phrases

AC9LG4U02

recognise German language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

Resource – WS03 - Shoppen (Shopping)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of spoken German. They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English. They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C01

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and classroom environment, using formulaic expressions

AC9LG4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LG4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of German to form words and phrases

AC9LG4U02

recognise German , grammatical structures and basic in familiar and

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Elaborations

- using phonic knowledge to spell and some unfamiliar containing, for example, ch, r, th, u and z and such as sch
- applying spelling rules for high-frequency and punctuation in , for example, full stops, exclamation marks and marks
- comparing pluralisation of in German and English, for example, der Apfel/die Äpfel , and gaining an awareness of terms referring to quantities such as mehr, viel/e, nichts and kein/e
- recognising that indefinite/definite and possessive agree with the gender of the they precede, der Bruder, ein Bruder, mein Bruder dein Bruder
- applying capitalisation when
- understanding and using to refer to people, for example, ich, du, er, sie (singular); wir, ihr, sie (); Sie heißt Anna. Sie heißen Ben und Sarah.
- using gern/nicht gern in to express likes, dislikes and preferences, for example, Ich spiele gern Fußball, Ich esse nicht gern Erbsen
- locating events in time such as days, months and seasons, for example, Er spielt am Freitag Basketball. Ich spiele im Winter Fußball.
- recognising ordinal numbers for the date, for example, Heute ist der dritte Juli, Er hat am 7. August Geburtstag and noticing differences in punctuation
- using the correct form associated with a or , for example, Ich singe gern. Singst du gern? Die Lehrerin singt ein Lied. Mein Freund und ich sprechen Englisch.
- using present forms of irregular such as haben and sein , and recognising similarities to the English 'to have' and 'to be'
- joining , and using und, oder and aber and using common time , for example, heute, dann and zuerst
- understanding and formulating using + inversion, for example, Magst du Sport?
- understanding an increasing range of , for example, woher, welcher and wie viel
- understanding the location or origin of a person or object using isolated such as auf, aus, hinter, in, neben and unter

Students learn to:

recognise German language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax contexts

(AC9LG4U02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Writing

- Grammar

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Social management

- Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 – Das bin ich! (This is me!)

WS02 - Unser Wetterbericht (Our weather report)

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Grammar

Literacy: Writing: Grammar

Content description

AC9LG4U02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Grammatical accuracy

- uses articles a, an and the with varying accuracy (e.g. "a dog", "a apple")
- writes comprehensible sentences that contain some misuse of prepositions (e.g. "mine is different than/then yours"), pronouns (e.g. "me and him went swimming") and adverbs (e.g. "we walked quick")

Group and word level

- uses pronouns to represent participants (e.g. "she", "we", "them")
- uses a small range of adjectives to build description in basic noun groups (e.g. "the little dog")
- uses common and proper nouns

- uses single verbs or simple verb groups with subject-verb agreement (e.g. "they are playing")
- uses predominantly simple present, continuous and past tense to represent processes (e.g. "I play", "I am playing", "I played")

Sentence level

- writes coherent simple sentences to express an idea or event

Whole text level

- sequences sentences to reflect a logical flow of ideas
- uses common cohesive devices such as simple pronoun reference when the referent is close to the pronoun (e.g. "I have a bird. It can talk.")
- uses basic text connectives repetitively (e.g. "and", "then")

Grammatical accuracy

- writes comprehensible sentences that may contain inaccuracies such as misuse of prepositions (e.g. "they should of waited") and past tense irregular verbs (e.g. "he goed to the shop")

Group and word level

- uses simple adverbials to give details such as time, place and manner (e.g. "in the afternoon", "nearby", "quickly")
- uses simple present, past and future tenses accurately to represent processes
- uses adjectives in noun groups/phrases to build more accurate descriptions of participants (e.g. "the spotted dog")
- uses a broader range of prepositions to indicate direction or position (e.g. "across", "towards", "through")
- uses articles accurately (e.g. "a", "an", "the")

Sentence level

- writes simple sentences correctly
- writes compound sentences to make connections between ideas using coordinating conjunctions (e.g. "and", "but", "so")

Whole text level

- writes a few sentences about a related idea
- groups related ideas into paragraphs

Grammatical accuracy

- writes generally accurate simple, compound and complex sentences with few run-on sentences and dangling clauses (e.g. "Because he was afraid.")

Group and word level

- uses a wide range of verbs and verb groups (e.g. uses thinking, feeling and perceiving verbs to represent inner processes; uses saying verbs to represent interaction)
- employs a range of tenses to represent processes
- maintains subject-verb agreement in simple and compound sentences
- uses adjectives in noun groups/phrases to include details of participants, give opinion and classify (e.g. "that naughty, little cattle dog")
- uses adverbials to present more surrounding details for time, place, manner and reason

Sentence level

- writes simple and compound sentences correctly including a range of sentence types (e.g. command, question, exclamation)
- writes complex sentences using conjunctions (e.g. "when", "because")

Whole text level

- uses cohesive devices (e.g. word groups – repetition, synonyms and antonyms; signposting devices – headings and subheadings; text connectives – "however", "on the other hand", "therefore")
- uses determiners to support cohesion (e.g. "this hat", "those apples")
- uses well-structured paragraphs with topic sentences

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

using phonic knowledge to spell and write some unfamiliar words containing, for example, ch, r, th, u and z and consonant clusters such as sch

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

comparing pluralisation of nouns in German and English, for example, der Apfel/die Äpfel, and gaining an awareness of terms referring to quantities such as mehr, viel/e, nichts and kein/e

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

recognising that indefinite/definite articles and possessive adjectives agree with the gender of the noun they precede, der Bruder, ein Bruder, mein Bruder dein Bruder

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

understanding and using pronouns to refer to people, for example, ich, du, er, sie (singular); wir, ihr, sie (plural); Sie heißt Anna. Sie heißen Ben und Sarah.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

using gern/nicht gern in modelled sentences to express likes, dislikes and preferences, for example, Ich spiele gern Fußball, Ich esse nicht gern Erbsen

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

locating events in time such as days, months and seasons, for example, Er spielt am Freitag Basketball. Ich spiele im Winter Fußball.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

recognising ordinal numbers for the date, for example, Heute ist der dritte Juli, Er hat am 7. August Geburtstag and noticing differences in punctuation

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

using the correct verb form associated with a noun or pronoun, for example, Ich singe gern. Singst du gern? Die Lehrerin singt ein Lied. Mein Freund und ich sprechen Englisch.

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

using present tense forms of irregular verbs such as haben and sein , and recognising similarities to the English verbs 'to have' and 'to be'

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

joining words, phrases and sentences using und, oder and aber and using common time phrases, for example, heute, dann and zuerst

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U02

understanding and formulating questions using subject+verb inversion, for example, Magst du Sport?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

understanding and formulating questions using subject+verb inversion, for example, Magst du Sport?

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

understanding an increasing range of question words, for example, woher, welcher and wie viel

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LG4U02

understanding the location or origin of a person or object using isolated prepositions such as auf, aus, hinter, in, neben and unter

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource – WS01 – Das bin ich! (This is me!)

By the end of Year 4, students use German language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal world. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of German language. They demonstrate understanding that German has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in German and make comparisons between German and English. They understand that the German language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LG4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences modelled textual conventions

AC9LG4U02

recognise German language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LG4U03

recognise familiar German and compare with those of English, in known

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Elaborations

- comparing and matching key in German and English, for example, names for German-speaking countries and some cities, Deutschland , Germany, Wien , Vienna; names for animals, der Hund , dog, die Katze , cat; names for family members, die Mutter , mother, der Bruder , brother; and names for leisure , Musik hören , listen to music, schwimmen , swimming
- classifying a range of German such as fairytales, recipes, instructions, advertisements, greeting cards, maps or songs, according to their (s) such as to entertain, describe or instruct, and discussing and justifying their choices in English
- comparing the features of different types of German and English such as songs, a picture storybook, a cookbook or a comic, and identifying how different textual elements such as title, layout, and images can combine to make meaning
- comparing wall calendars from a German-speaking country and Australia in terms of structure, public holidays, pictorial representation of seasons, and cultural influences
- to the way animal sounds are expressed in German, such as in Die Bremer Stadtmusikanten , and comparing them with English and other represented within the classroom, for example, Ein Hahn macht, kikeriki, ein Hund macht, wau wau

Students learn to:

recognise familiar German language features and compare with those of English, in

(AC9LG4U03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Analysing

- Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Analysing

- Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Analysing

- Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Resources

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the main parts of a concept or problem and describe how these relate to each other
- identify and prioritise significant elements and relationships within a concept or problem
- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

comparing and matching key words in German and English, for example, names for German-speaking countries and some cities, Deutschland , Germany, Wien , Vienna; names for animals, der Hund , dog, die Katze , cat; names for family members, die Mutter , mother, der Bruder , brother; and names for leisure activities, Musik hören , listen to music, schwimmen , swimming

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the main parts of a concept or problem and describe how these relate to each other
- identify and prioritise significant elements and relationships within a concept or problem
- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
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Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LG4U03

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- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

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- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

Continuum extract

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- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U03

listening to the way animal sounds are expressed in German, such as in Die Bremer Stadtmusikanten , and comparing them with English and other languages represented within the classroom, for example, Ein Hahn macht, kikeriki, ein Hund macht, wau wau

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
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- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

AC9LG4U04

identify connections between German and cultural practices

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Elaborations

- recognising that carries cultural ideas, for example, Sommerbeginn , which is officially 1 December in Australia but 21/22 June in Europe; hitzefrei , 'heat-free', referring to the practice of dismissing students early from school if a certain temperature is reached or forecast
- exploring cultural practices and related to foods in German-speaking countries, for example, Abendbrot and Spaghettieis
- identifying ways in which German and , for example, types of food such as Sauerkraut , types of sausage, Gummibärchen , influence the lives of Australians
- exploring representations of information used in cultural expressions of First Nations Australians and making connections with those of German and , for example, discovering different regional used by First Nations groups to identify themselves, such as Zenadth Kes, Koori, Koorie, Noongar and Nunga, and finding out if similar identification occurs in German-speaking cultural groups
- recognising that politeness and formality may be communicated differently in German-speaking

communities, for example, the use of Frau/Herr Schmidt and the use of du/Sie

- recognising that German is an official language of multiple countries and regions, including the 'DACHL' countries (Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Liechtenstein), Belgium, Luxembourg and South Tyrol, and identifying their locations on a world map
- learning about the school system in German-speaking countries where the Grundschule is generally for Year Levels 1 to 4
- recognising traits and comparing them with familiar stories in English, for example, the wolf in Rotkäppchen

Students learn to:

Identify connections between German language and cultural practices

(AC9LG4U04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Culture

- First Nations Australian societies are diverse and have distinct cultural expressions such as language, customs and beliefs. As First Nations Peoples of Australia, they have the right to maintain, control, protect and develop their cultural expressions, while also maintaining the right to control, protect and develop culture as Indigenous Cultural and Intellectual Property.

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

- Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

- Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Resources

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and

linguistic groups respond

- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
- describe the similarities and differences in beliefs, values and cultural practices in the community, sharing how belonging grows
- examine how beliefs, values and cultural practices convey meaning and influence people's sense of identity and belonging

Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

recognising that language carries cultural ideas, for example, Sommerbeginn , which is officially 1 December in Australia but 21/22 June in Europe; hitzefrei , 'heat-free', referring to the practice of dismissing students early from school if a certain temperature is reached or forecast

Continuum extract

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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

exploring cultural practices and language related to foods in German-speaking countries, for example, Abendbrot and Spaghettieis

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
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- examine how beliefs, values and cultural practices convey meaning and influence people's sense of identity and belonging

Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

identifying ways in which German language and culture, for example, types of food such as Sauerkraut , types of sausage, Gummibärchen , influence the lives of Australians

Continuum extract

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- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

recognising that politeness and formality may be communicated differently in German-speaking communities, for example, the use of Frau/Herr Schmidt and the use of du/Sie

Continuum extract

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- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
- describe the similarities and differences in beliefs, values and cultural practices in the community, sharing how belonging grows
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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

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- describe the similarities and differences in beliefs, values and cultural practices in the community, sharing how belonging grows
- examine how beliefs, values and cultural practices convey meaning and influence people's sense of identity and belonging

Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

learning about the school system in German-speaking countries where the Grundschule is generally for Year Levels 1 to 4

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
- describe the similarities and differences in beliefs, values and cultural practices in the community, sharing how belonging grows
- examine how beliefs, values and cultural practices convey meaning and influence people's sense of identity and belonging

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Communicate responsively

Content description

AC9LG4U04

recognising character traits and values and comparing them with familiar stories in English, for example, the wolf in Rotkäppchen

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LG4U04

recognising character traits and values and comparing them with familiar stories in English, for example, the wolf in Rotkäppchen

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- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
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