(no-code)

and respond to about self, others, and classroom environment, using expressions

Elaborations

- learning common ways to join and maintain a conversation, for example, by asking a , ■■ ■■■ and requesting, for example, ■■ ■ ■■■.
- initiating conversation through , for example, ■■■■? ■■■■■?
- using simple descriptive and supporting resources to introduce family members and friends, for example, identifying relationships
- participating in real or simulated situations such as borrowing and lending stationery items using simple Korean expressions, for example,
- exchanging simple correspondence such as notes, invitations or birthday cards in print or secure digital form, for example, ■■ ■■ ■■■ | / ■■■, ■■ ■■■■? / ■■■■ Students learn to:

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and class using formulaic expressions

(AC9LK4C01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Speaking and listening

Interacting

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ ■■ (My future career)

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Com responsively

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot - Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- listens actively to stay on topic in a small group discussion
- takes an active role in small group and whole-class discussion by volunteering ideas and opinions
- asks relevant questions for clarification or to find out others' ideas (e.g. "What do you think about that?")
- takes turns in interactions
- interacts using appropriate language in pairs or a small group to complete tasks
- interacts to extend and elaborate ideas in a discussion (e.g. provides an additional example)
- presents simple ideas clearly in group situations
- actively encourages or supports other speakers
- shows awareness of discussion conventions (e.g. uses appropriate language to express agreement and disagreement in class discussions)
- uses language to initiate interactions in a small group situation (e.g. "I have an idea")
- · critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker
- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
- poses pertinent questions to make connections between a range of ideas
- uses open questions to prompt a speaker to provide more information
- clarifies task goals and negotiates roles in group learning
- monitors discussion to manage digression from the topic
- identifies and articulates the perspective of a speaker, to move a conversation forward

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource - Korean language resource

Korean

Language support resource

The Korean Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: Korean. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 language features and structures
- Part 2 thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning Korean for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students' learning. Download

Resource – WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal world. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of Korean language. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C01

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and classroom environment, using formulaic expressions

AC9LK4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4C04

develop strategies to comprehend and adjust Korean language in familiar contexts to convey cultural meaning

AC9LK4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple sentences, modelled textual conventions, and hangeul with support

AC9LK4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of Korean to form words and phrases

AC9LK4U02

recognise Korean language conventions, hangeul, simple grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LK4C02

participate in that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar and structures

Elaborations

- collaborating with peers in group, for example, taking turns to ask in number or guessing games
- in shared such as games, role-plays and chants/, for example, students taking turns role-playing the teacher and giving classroom commands
- participating in shared or group , taking turns to read, and discussing about the content

- making matching cards or digital games to play with peers, using Korean and English or images regarding topics such as days of the week, months, seasons or vocabulary associated with weather, for example, summer, summer,
- following instructions given in Korean, for example, **EXEM**, **EXEM**, **EXEM**, **EXEM**, **EXEM** to complete a task such as making a craft item with peers
- contributing to presentations such as developing part of a presentation of a Korean item for a class show and tell, or creating part of a digital presentation about some aspects of a significant cultural event or celebration, for example,
- complimenting and encouraging peers while planning an , for example,
- creating a class profile with information collected from peers, for example, creating a chart or database to identify favourite sports, food or colours

Students learn to:

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar p modelled structures

(AC9LK4C02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

• Develop multiple perspectives

Speaking and listening

Interacting

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

• Develop multiple perspectives

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Social management

- Communication
- Collaboration

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

WS04 - ■■ ■■ (Fundraising for the school fair)

Snapshot - Develop multiple perspectives

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Deve perspectives

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify opinions on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, recognising reasons for different perspectives
- discuss different perspectives on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, describing how people's thinking and behaviour may be influenced by a range of factors
- examine how cultural beliefs or practices influence their own perspectives, and those of others, when discussing unfamiliar topics

Snapshot - Interacting

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Interacting

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- listens actively to stay on topic in a small group discussion
- takes an active role in small group and whole-class discussion by volunteering ideas and opinions
- asks relevant questions for clarification or to find out others' ideas (e.g. "What do you think about that?")
- takes turns in interactions
- interacts using appropriate language in pairs or a small group to complete tasks
- interacts to extend and elaborate ideas in a discussion (e.g. provides an additional example)
- presents simple ideas clearly in group situations
- actively encourages or supports other speakers
- shows awareness of discussion conventions (e.g. uses appropriate language to express agreement and disagreement in class discussions)
- uses language to initiate interactions in a small group situation (e.g. "I have an idea")
- critically evaluate ideas and claims made by a speaker
- explains new learning from interacting with others
- appropriately presents an alternative point to the previous speaker
- initiates interactions confidently in group and whole-class discussions
- poses pertinent questions to make connections between a range of ideas
- uses open questions to prompt a speaker to provide more information
- clarifies task goals and negotiates roles in group learning
- monitors discussion to manage digression from the topic
- identifies and articulates the perspective of a speaker, to move a conversation forward

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

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- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Snapshot – Develop multiple perspectives

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Deve perspectives

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify opinions on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, recognising reasons for different perspectives
- discuss different perspectives on familiar topics and intercultural experiences, describing how people's thinking and behaviour may be influenced by a range of factors
- examine how cultural beliefs or practices influence their own perspectives, and those of others, when discussing unfamiliar topics

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

• use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication

- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

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The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
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Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

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The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Collaboration

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Collaboration

Content description

AC9LK4C02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- participate cooperatively in groups on common tasks and activities
- perform designated roles within groups, appreciating everyone's contributions to a shared outcome
- coordinate contributions of group members, suggesting improvements to ways of working and collaborative outputs

Resource – WS04 - ■■ ■■ (Fundraising for the school fair)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LK4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple sentences, modelled textual conventions, and hangeul with support

AC9LK4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of Korean to form words and phrases

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and

Elaborations

- compiling information and reporting information, for example, surveying peers and making a shared class graph to identify favourite sports, food or colours
- collecting information from various sources, including online resources such as interviews, surveys or brochures, and reporting on it using different media such as drawings, posters, captioned photos or secure digital formats
- learning that First Nations Australian change according to connections and relationships between people, and giving examples of how this occurs in Korean
- obtaining and using factual information from print, digital or related to other learning areas, for example, following a simple science experiment, naming countries and significant land features, or recording distances using geography skills
- stories or and playing mime games to represent key or vocabulary in the story
- watching segments of television programs or everyday without sound and identifying or guessing what is happening by focusing on movement and , for example, watching an apology and identifying and practising the matching
- to, and viewing such as traditional Korean tales, for example, **BERN** or **BERN**, in different formats including digital, and giving a personal response in Korean, for example, **BERN**, **BE**

ullet to, and viewing stories and responding to about , ideas and events, for example, illustrating and captioning aspects of the

Students learn to:

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spo multimodal texts

(AC9LK4C03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Reading and viewing

Understanding texts

Speaking and listening

Listening

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Culture

• First Nations Australian societies are diverse and have distinct cultural expressions such as language, customs and beliefs. As First Nations Peoples of Australia, they have the right to maintain, control, protect and develop their cultural expressions, while also maintaining the right to control, protect and develop culture as Indigenous Cultural and Intellectual Property.

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Inquiring

• Identify, process and evaluate information

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

WS02 - ■■ ■■■ (Korean classrooms)

WS03 - Hangeul

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LK4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot - Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LK4C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts independently (see Text complexity)
- locates directly stated information
- recounts or describes sequenced ideas or information
- identifies a clearly evident main idea in a simple text
- listens to texts to engage with learning area content (e.g. a text about family histories)
- reads and views the content of texts and describes new or learnt information
- expresses an opinion or preference for a topic or text with a supporting reason
- draws obvious inferences by integrating print, visual and audio aspects of simple texts (e.g. uses images and key words to infer a character's job)
- identifies some differences between imaginative and informative texts (e.g. different styles of images in a fairy tale and instructions for a game)

Processes

- uses phonic knowledge, word recognition, sentence structure, punctuation and contextual knowledge to read simple texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition) (see Text complexity)
- reads high-frequency words in continuous text
- reads using sentence features such as word order and sentence boundary punctuation (e.g. question marks)
- pauses when meaning breaks down and attempts to self-correct
- uses visual and auditory cues to build meaning (e.g. colour, shape and size of images, sound effects)
- selects appropriate reading paths when reading simple texts and navigates simple screen-based texts for specific purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies key words and the meaning they carry (e.g. nouns, verbs)
- makes plausible interpretations of the meaning of unfamiliar words
- understands simple qualifying or emotive words
- uses context to understand homonyms

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts and some elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- scans texts to locate specific information in an elementary print text
- recounts or describes the most relevant details from a text
- tracks ideas or information throughout the text
- identifies main idea by synthesising information across a simple text
- identifies the arguments in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of elementary informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. uses verbs and dot points to identify a set of instructions)
- explains how inferences are drawn using background knowledge or language features (e.g. infers character's feelings from actions)
- makes connections between texts (e.g. compares 2 versions of a well-known story)
- integrates new learning from reading with current knowledge (e.g. "I know that insects have wings but I didn't know all insects have six legs")
- predicts the content and purpose of a text based on a range of text features

Processes

- uses a bank of phonic knowledge and word recognition skills and grammatical and contextual knowledge to read simple and elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- recognises when meaning breaks down, pauses and uses phonic knowledge, contextual knowledge, and strategies such as repeating words, re-reading and reading on to self-correct (see Phonic knowledge

and word recognition)

- identifies parts of text used to answer literal and inferential questions
- uses cohesive devices to connect ideas or events (e.g. tracks pronoun referencing) (see Grammar)
- uses phrasing and punctuation to support reading for meaning (e.g. noun, verb and adjectival groups) (see Fluency and Grammar)
- identifies common features in similar texts (e.g. photographs in informative texts)

Vocabulary

- uses morphological knowledge to explain words (e.g. "help" [base] + "less" [suffix] = "helpless")
- interprets language devices (e.g. exaggeration or repetition)
- interprets simple imagery (e.g. simile, onomatopoeia)
- uses context and grammar knowledge to understand unfamiliar words (e.g. the word "vast" in the phrase "vast desert")
- identifies words that state opinions (e.g. "I think")
- understands the use of common idiomatic or colloquial language in texts (e.g. "get your head around it")

Comprehension

- reads and views elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- · locates information or details embedded in the text
- identifies the main idea in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of a broad range of informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. advertisements, diary entry)
- draws inferences and identifies supporting evidence in the text
- monitors the development of ideas using language and visual features (e.g. topic sentences, key verbs, graphs)
- recognises that texts can present different points of view
- distinguishes between fact and opinion in texts
- compares and contrasts texts on the same topic to identify how authors represent the same ideas differently

Processes

- integrates phonic knowledge, word recognition skills, grammatical and contextual knowledge to read elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition and Fluency)
- identifies language features that signal purpose in an elementary text (e.g. diagrams, dialogue)
- uses strategies to predict and confirm meaning (e.g. uses sentence structure to predict how ideas will be developed)
- navigates texts using common signposting devices such as headings, subheadings, paragraphs, navigation bars and links

Vocabulary

- interprets creative use of figurative language (e.g. metaphor, simile, onomatopoeia)
- interprets unfamiliar words using grammatical knowledge, morphological knowledge and etymological knowledge
- describes the language and visual features of texts using metalanguage (e.g. grammatical terms such as "cohesion", "tense", "noun groups/phrases")
- recognises how synonyms are used to enhance a text (e.g. "transport", "carry", "transfer")
- draws on knowledge of word origin to work out meaning of discipline-specific terms (e.g. "universe")
- recognises how evaluative and modal words are used to influence the reader (e.g. "important", "should", "dirty")

Snapshot – Listening

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Listening

Content description

AC9LK4C03

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

- responds to simple and elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- recalls specific information from a spoken text (e.g. recalls a message from a school assembly

announcement)

- answers literal and simple inferential questions from a text they have listened to
- infers obvious meaning from a simple, spoken text (e.g. identifies character's job as a sales assistant from dialogue with a shopper)
- experiments with a small range of listening strategies (e.g. asks speaker to repeat information, if unclear)
- uses learnt vocabulary and simple adjectives to recount key ideas from heard text
- responds to elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- listens purposefully to texts to identify specific learning area content
- recalls specific information from a learning area text
- attends to sequence when recounting ideas
- infers meaning that may be less obvious (e.g. infers beach context from hearing background sounds of seagulls and surf)
- describes tone and intonation of spoken text (e.g. "she spoke with an angry tone")
- retells a familiar story with some possible minor adaptations
- selects appropriate listening strategies (e.g. asking questions to elicit extra information, rephrasing others' contributions to check own comprehension)
- listens for cohesive vocabulary to support comprehension (e.g. listens for temporal connectives such as "first", "then", "finally" and conjunctions such as "also" to identify next section in text)
- responds to moderately complex texts (see Text complexity)
- responds to texts with unfamiliar content
- identifies main ideas of a spoken text using supporting details
- identifies purpose and intended audience of a spoken text
- infers layered meaning from texts (e.g. musical overlay that creates mood)
- · asks relevant questions to extend understanding
- describes language and audio features of the text

Snapshot - Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LK4C03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and explore relevant information from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- identify and explain similarities and differences in selected information
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- condense and combine selected information related to the topic of study
- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LK4C03

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Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

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Snapshot - Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

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Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

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Snapshot – Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

Content description

AC9LK4C03

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and digital sources

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Snapshot - Identify, process and evaluate information

Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate informatic Content description

AC9LK4C03

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Critical and Creative Thinking: Inquiring: Identify, process and evaluate information

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- identify and examine relevant information and opinion from a range of sources, including visual information and digital sources
- compare information and opinion that can be verified against claims based on personal preference

Resource – WS02 - ■■ ■■■ (Korean classrooms)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4U04

identify connections between Korean language and cultural practices

Resource - WS03 - Hangeul

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4U02

recognise Korean language conventions, hangeul, simple grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LK4C04

develop strategies to comprehend and Korean in familiar to cultural meaning

Elaborations

- participating appropriately in familiar situations (greetings, self-introductions, etc.) and identifying the different uses of in specific, for example, using polite informal forms ■■ ■■■■ and with the teacher and ■■ ■■■■ and with peers
- translating Korean such as 'please knock', **TENT**, understanding how meaning changes when translated into English and how some Korean expressions demonstrate cultural differences
- producing lists or flashcards by identifying known Korean or expressions and relating them to English equivalents and vice versa, noticing that direct sometimes does not work
- discovering individual and expressions which may be interpreted differently by people who do not know Korean , for example,
- watching in Korean and identifying appropriate that accompany, for example, passing objects with both hands to show respect to a teacher or visitor to the school
- identifying that change their meaning such as home/house, depending on its , for example, ■■ ■■ "I'm going home", versus ■■ ■■■■ "This is our house"
- reflecting on where cultural elements are embedded in use in Korean, for example, bowing when saying **EMBER**? and comparing this with equivalent and ways of using in English Students learn to:

develop strategies to comprehend and adjust Korean language in familiar contexts meaning

(AC9LK4C04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Navigating intercultural contexts

· Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Reading and viewing

Understanding texts

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Navigating intercultural contexts

Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

· Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

· Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Navigating intercultural contexts

Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

Snapshot - Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural

Content description

AC9LK4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Understanding texts

Literacy: Reading and viewing: Understanding texts

Content description

AC9LK4C04

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts independently (see Text complexity)
- locates directly stated information
- recounts or describes sequenced ideas or information
- identifies a clearly evident main idea in a simple text
- listens to texts to engage with learning area content (e.g. a text about family histories)
- reads and views the content of texts and describes new or learnt information
- expresses an opinion or preference for a topic or text with a supporting reason
- draws obvious inferences by integrating print, visual and audio aspects of simple texts (e.g. uses images and key words to infer a character's job)
- identifies some differences between imaginative and informative texts (e.g. different styles of images in a fairy tale and instructions for a game)

Processes

- uses phonic knowledge, word recognition, sentence structure, punctuation and contextual knowledge to read simple texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition) (see Text complexity)
- reads high-frequency words in continuous text
- reads using sentence features such as word order and sentence boundary punctuation (e.g. question marks)
- pauses when meaning breaks down and attempts to self-correct
- uses visual and auditory cues to build meaning (e.g. colour, shape and size of images, sound effects)
- selects appropriate reading paths when reading simple texts and navigates simple screen-based texts for specific purposes

Vocabulary

- identifies key words and the meaning they carry (e.g. nouns, verbs)
- makes plausible interpretations of the meaning of unfamiliar words
- understands simple qualifying or emotive words
- uses context to understand homonyms

Comprehension

- reads and views simple texts and some elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- scans texts to locate specific information in an elementary print text
- recounts or describes the most relevant details from a text
- tracks ideas or information throughout the text
- identifies main idea by synthesising information across a simple text
- identifies the arguments in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of elementary informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g. uses verbs and dot points to identify a set of instructions)
- explains how inferences are drawn using background knowledge or language features (e.g. infers character's feelings from actions)
- makes connections between texts (e.g. compares 2 versions of a well-known story)
- integrates new learning from reading with current knowledge (e.g. "I know that insects have wings but I didn't know all insects have six legs")
- predicts the content and purpose of a text based on a range of text features

Processes

- uses a bank of phonic knowledge and word recognition skills and grammatical and contextual knowledge to read simple and elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- recognises when meaning breaks down, pauses and uses phonic knowledge, contextual knowledge, and strategies such as repeating words, re-reading and reading on to self-correct (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- identifies parts of text used to answer literal and inferential questions
- uses cohesive devices to connect ideas or events (e.g. tracks pronoun referencing) (see Grammar)
- uses phrasing and punctuation to support reading for meaning (e.g. noun, verb and adjectival groups) (see Fluency and Grammar)
- identifies common features in similar texts (e.g. photographs in informative texts)

Vocabulary

- uses morphological knowledge to explain words (e.g. "help" [base] + "less" [suffix] = "helpless")
- interprets language devices (e.g. exaggeration or repetition)
- interprets simple imagery (e.g. simile, onomatopoeia)
- uses context and grammar knowledge to understand unfamiliar words (e.g. the word "vast" in the phrase "vast desert")
- identifies words that state opinions (e.g. "I think")
- understands the use of common idiomatic or colloquial language in texts (e.g. "get your head around it")

Comprehension

- reads and views elementary texts (see Text complexity)
- locates information or details embedded in the text
- identifies the main idea in an elementary text
- identifies the purpose of a broad range of informative, imaginative and persuasive texts (e.g.

advertisements, diary entry)

- draws inferences and identifies supporting evidence in the text
- monitors the development of ideas using language and visual features (e.g. topic sentences, key verbs, graphs)
- recognises that texts can present different points of view
- · distinguishes between fact and opinion in texts
- compares and contrasts texts on the same topic to identify how authors represent the same ideas differently

Processes

- integrates phonic knowledge, word recognition skills, grammatical and contextual knowledge to read elementary texts (see Phonic knowledge and word recognition and Fluency)
- identifies language features that signal purpose in an elementary text (e.g. diagrams, dialogue)
- uses strategies to predict and confirm meaning (e.g. uses sentence structure to predict how ideas will be developed)
- navigates texts using common signposting devices such as headings, subheadings, paragraphs, navigation bars and links

Vocabulary

- interprets creative use of figurative language (e.g. metaphor, simile, onomatopoeia)
- interprets unfamiliar words using grammatical knowledge, morphological knowledge and etymological knowledge
- describes the language and visual features of texts using metalanguage (e.g. grammatical terms such as "cohesion", "tense", "noun groups/phrases")
- recognises how synonyms are used to enhance a text (e.g. "transport", "carry", "transfer")
- draws on knowledge of word origin to work out meaning of discipline-specific terms (e.g. "universe")
- recognises how evaluative and modal words are used to influence the reader (e.g. "important", "should", "dirty")

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural Content description

AC9LK4C04

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- consider different responses to intercultural exchanges, practising ways to show respect and develop empathy
- use perspective-taking to develop understanding, examining how familiar intercultural exchanges influence thinking and behaviour
- modify interactions in unfamiliar intercultural exchanges, demonstrating respect for, and understanding of, cultural diversity

Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural

Content description

AC9LK4C04

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Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural Content description

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Snapshot - Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural

Content description

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Snapshot – Adapt in intercultural exchanges

Intercultural Understanding: Navigating intercultural contexts: Adapt in intercultural

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AC9LK4C05

and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and using expressions, simple, textual, and hangeul with support

Elaborations

- presenting information on topics of possible interest to similar-aged Korean-speaking peers, for example, creating a presentation about popular sports or pets in Australia
- creating individual such as comics, diary entries and short stories, using to express own ideas and real or imagined experience, for example, developing a comic with Korean dialogue about going shopping to buy a friend's birthday gift
- creating and illustrating short informative , for example, creating a caption for a hand-drawn picture **EXECUTE EXECUTE EXECUTE**.
- creating simple descriptions in Korean and matching them to appropriate First Nations locations in their local area or elsewhere in Australia
- creating a profile using spoken, written or digital forms of Korean to identify their role/s or membership/s in groups such as friends, family, class and school, accompanied with illustrations using appropriate labels, for example,
- creating and performing alternative versions of stories or action songs, using , and to animate , or using drawings or story maps to visual , for example, changing the ending of
- producing and presenting picture/digital books or short scripted plays or animations that use

favourite Korean and expressions, for example, ■■, ■■ ■■■■, ■■ ■■■, ■■?

- , modifying and completing own versions of skits, chants and songs with teacher guidance and , for example, reinventing the Possum Magic book as Tiger Magic , or telling the story of a real or imagined trip around Korea
- designing simple written and correspondence (invitations, greeting cards, etc.) in print or digital form, for example, a Parents' Day card incorporating expressions, simple and, and textual

Students learn to:

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal text expressions, simple sentences, modelled textual conventions, and hangeul with su

(AC9LK4C05)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Writing

Creating texts

Speaking and listening

Speaking

Social management

Communication

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Country/Place

• First Nations communities of Australia maintain a deep connection to, and responsibility for, Country/Place and have holistic values and belief systems that are connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways.

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ ■■ (My future career)

WS04 - ■■ ■■ (Fundraising for the school fair)

Snapshot - Creating texts

Literacy: Writing: Creating texts

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- writes ideas in sentence fragments or a simple sentence (e.g. "I am 6.")
- explains the purpose and audience of familiar imaginative and informative texts
- creates short texts in different forms such as a simple recount
- combines visuals with written text where appropriate
- reads back own writing word by word
- talks about own text and describes subject matter and images

Text forms and features

- writes some appropriate letter combinations to represent less familiar words (see Spelling and Phonic knowledge and word recognition)
- writes with noun-verb agreement (e.g. "I am"), articles (e.g. "a man") and personal pronouns (e.g. "my mum") (see Grammar)
- writes from left to right using spaces between attempted words
- uses basic noun groups/phrases (e.g. "my house") (see Grammar)
- uses some sentence punctuation (e.g. capital letters at the beginning of a text)

Vocabulary

- writes simple familiar words (e.g. "saw", "food", "they")
- includes some learning area vocabulary in own texts (e.g. "season")
- uses taught high-frequency words

Crafting ideas

- creates a text including 2 or 3 related ideas for a familiar purpose such as recounting an event, telling a story, expressing thoughts, feelings and opinions
- includes beginning structural features (e.g. statement of an opinion, a heading, description of an event linked to time and place)
- creates texts for learning area purposes (e.g. labelling a simple diagram, ordering events on a timeline)

Text forms and features

- writes simple sentences made up of basic verb groups, noun groups and phrases (e.g. "We visited my aunty's house last week.")
- writes compound sentences using common conjunctions (e.g. "My house is big but the garden is small.")
- makes plausible attempts to write unfamiliar words phonetically (e.g. "enjn" for "engine") (see Spelling)
- uses capital letters correctly to indicate proper nouns (see Punctuation)
- uses capital letters at the start and full stops at the end of sentences (see Punctuation)
- spells some high-frequency words correctly (see Spelling)
- uses appropriate key words to represent simple concepts (e.g. "aunty", "sister", "cousin" in a text about family)

Vocabulary

- uses adjectives to add meaning by describing qualities or features (e.g. "small", "long", "red") (see Grammar)
- uses words in own writing adopted from other writers
- uses simple words to add clarity to ideas (e.g. modifying and qualifying words such as "very")

Crafting ideas

- creates texts for a range of purposes such as observing and describing, providing reasons, expressing thoughts and feelings about a topic
- includes 4 or more simply stated and clearly connected ideas (e.g. introduces a topic and includes one or 2 facts; states an opinion with a reason; gives a recount of an event)
- includes a simple introduction to orient the reader (e.g. states a fact to introduce a report; states an opinion to introduce an argument; introduces a character to begin a narrative)
- writes ideas appropriate to a task or topic in sequenced sentences (e.g. writes informative texts with all the facts related to the topic)
- selects and discards ideas to make texts suitable for familiar audiences and purposes

Text forms and features

- writes simple, compound and some complex sentences related to a topic using a broader range of conjunctions (e.g. "and", "but", "so", "because", "when") (see Grammar)
- maintains tense within a sentence (see Grammar)
- selects images to complement writing
- spells many high-frequency words correctly (see Spelling)
- uses sentence punctuation correctly (e.g. !, ?) (see Punctuation)
- uses noun groups/phrases to add detail (e.g. "the tomato plant in the pot") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of simple cohesive devices such as pronoun referencing and sequencing connectives
- uses adverbs to give precise meaning to verbs (e.g. "talking loudly") (see Grammar)

Vocabulary

- uses a range of qualifying words (e.g. "every day"; "action movie")
- selects more specific adjectives (e.g. "giant" for "tall"; "golden" for "yellow")
- uses learning area topic vocabulary (e.g. "natural")
- uses common homophones correctly (e.g. "two", "too", "to")
- uses common idiomatic and colloquial phrases (e.g. "a piece of cake")

Snapshot – Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates short texts using a few connected sentences, on familiar and learnt topics (e.g. retells a familiar story or describes a process)
- speaks audibly and clearly to a familiar audience (e.g. own class)
- uses some extended sentences
- organises key ideas in logical sequence
- provides some supporting details
- expresses causal relationships (e.g. "when the egg cracked, the chicken came out")
- provides simple justifications (e.g. "I chose cherries because they are red.")
- uses some varying intonation or volume for emphasis
- regulates pace with pausing

Vocabulary

- uses some precise vocabulary from learning areas
- uses connectives to sequence ideas (e.g. "first", "then", "next", "finally") (see Grammar)
- uses vocabulary to express cause and effect (e.g. "The excursion was cancelled because it rained.")
- uses some modal language to influence or persuade (e.g. "should", "will") (see Grammar)

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts for a range of purposes across learning areas (e.g. explains how the mathematics problem was solved)
- uses complex sentence constructions including relative clauses (e.g. "The boy who drew the picture got a prize.") (see Grammar)
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- elaborates on ideas using a short sequence of sentences
- incorporates learnt content into spoken text
- sequences ideas and events appropriately
- uses mainly correct grammatical constructions (e.g. pronoun references; noun-verb agreement)
- varies volume and intonation to suit purpose and audience
- plans and delivers spoken presentations using appropriate structure and language
- includes video and audio enhancements to spoken texts, where appropriate (e.g. includes slides or pictures in a spoken presentation)

Vocabulary

experiments with vocabulary drawn from a variety of sources

- uses adverbials to give more precise meaning to verbs (e.g. talking loudly) (see Grammar)
- uses a range of vocabulary to indicate connections (e.g. consequences)
- uses conditional vocabulary to expand upon ideas (e.g. "If Goldilocks ate all the porridge the bears would be hungry.")

Crafting ideas

- creates detailed spoken texts on a broad range of learning area topics
- includes details and elaborations to expand ideas
- uses connectives to signal a change in relationship (e.g. "however", "although", "on the other hand") or to show causal relationships (e.g. "due to", "since") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of expressions to introduce an alternative point of view (e.g. "in my opinion", "he did not agree with")
- rehearses spoken text to accommodate time and technology
- controls tone, volume, pitch and pace to suit content and audience
- uses technologies or audio and visual features to enhance spoken text (e.g. videos a spoken presentation with music, sound effect enhancements)

Vocabulary

- uses a broader range of more complex noun groups/phrases to expand description (e.g. "protective, outer covering")
- selects more specific and precise words to replace general words (e.g. uses "difficult" or "challenging" for "hard")
- uses some rhetorical devices (e.g. "don't you agree?")

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Continuum extract

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- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

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- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

composing, modifying and completing own versions of skits, chants and songs with teacher guidance and scaffolding, for example, reinventing the Possum Magic book as Tiger Magic, or telling the story of a real or imagined trip around Korea

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4C05

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

AC9LK4U01

recognise and use combinations of hangeul sounds, and patterns of Korean to form and

•

Elaborations

- practising sets of hangeul and using chants, songs and games, for example, Bingo and Tic Tac Toe
- discriminating between sounds in Korean, for example, **\\B**/\B/\B, **\B**/\B/\B, **\B**/\B, **\B**/\B, **\B**/\B,
- imitating, for example, using rising at the end of a,
- identifying how and are used in spoken, written and , for example, ■■■; ■■■; ■■■?
- experimenting with hangeul and to construct and deconstruct, for example, + ■=■, + + ■=■,

 understanding that some are pronounced differently, depending on where they are located, for example, ■ in ■■is pronounced as s and ■ in ■ is pronounced as t

recognise and use modelled combinations of hangeul sounds, pronunciation and ir Korean to form words and phrases

(AC9LK4U01)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

• Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Speaking and listening

Speaking

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Social management

Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

WS04 - ■■ ■■ (Fundraising for the school fair)

Snapshot – Explore the influence of cultures on interactions

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Explore cultures on interactions

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- describe how their cultural identities influence interactions with others
- understand how cultural and linguistic diversity affect interactions within their community

• examine the influence of cultural and linguistic diversity on familiar interactions, and identify opportunities or challenges for relationship-building

Snapshot - Speaking

Literacy: Speaking and listening: Speaking

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Crafting ideas

- creates short texts using a few connected sentences, on familiar and learnt topics (e.g. retells a familiar story or describes a process)
- speaks audibly and clearly to a familiar audience (e.g. own class)
- uses some extended sentences
- organises key ideas in logical sequence
- provides some supporting details
- expresses causal relationships (e.g. "when the egg cracked, the chicken came out")
- provides simple justifications (e.g. "I chose cherries because they are red.")
- uses some varying intonation or volume for emphasis
- · regulates pace with pausing

Vocabulary

- uses some precise vocabulary from learning areas
- uses connectives to sequence ideas (e.g. "first", "then", "next", "finally") (see Grammar)
- uses vocabulary to express cause and effect (e.g. "The excursion was cancelled because it rained.")
- uses some modal language to influence or persuade (e.g. "should", "will") (see Grammar)

Crafting ideas

- creates spoken texts for a range of purposes across learning areas (e.g. explains how the mathematics problem was solved)
- uses complex sentence constructions including relative clauses (e.g. "The boy who drew the picture got a prize.") (see Grammar)
- adjusts register according to purpose and audience
- elaborates on ideas using a short sequence of sentences
- incorporates learnt content into spoken text
- sequences ideas and events appropriately
- uses mainly correct grammatical constructions (e.g. pronoun references; noun-verb agreement)
- varies volume and intonation to suit purpose and audience
- plans and delivers spoken presentations using appropriate structure and language
- includes video and audio enhancements to spoken texts, where appropriate (e.g. includes slides or pictures in a spoken presentation)

Vocabulary

- experiments with vocabulary drawn from a variety of sources
- uses adverbials to give more precise meaning to verbs (e.g. talking loudly) (see Grammar)
- uses a range of vocabulary to indicate connections (e.g. consequences)
- uses conditional vocabulary to expand upon ideas (e.g. "If Goldilocks ate all the porridge the bears would be hungry.")

Crafting ideas

- creates detailed spoken texts on a broad range of learning area topics
- includes details and elaborations to expand ideas
- uses connectives to signal a change in relationship (e.g. "however", "although", "on the other hand") or to show causal relationships (e.g. "due to", "since") (see Grammar)
- uses a range of expressions to introduce an alternative point of view (e.g. "in my opinion", "he did not agree with")
- rehearses spoken text to accommodate time and technology
- controls tone, volume, pitch and pace to suit content and audience

• uses technologies or audio and visual features to enhance spoken text (e.g. videos a spoken presentation with music, sound effect enhancements)

Vocabulary

- uses a broader range of more complex noun groups/phrases to expand description (e.g. "protective, outer covering")
- selects more specific and precise words to replace general words (e.g. uses "difficult" or "challenging" for "hard")
- uses some rhetorical devices (e.g. "don't you agree?")

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U01

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others

• apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication Content description

AC9LK4U01

understanding that some consonants are pronounced differently, depending on where they are located, for example, ■ in ■■is pronounced as s and ■ in ■ is pronounced as t

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource - Korean language resource

Korean

Language support resource

The Korean Language support resource was developed to support teachers as they plan teaching and learning programs to implement the Australian Curriculum: Korean. It is optional and includes illustrative examples of language and language use.

Introduction

The resource provides suggestions for sequential development in 2 parts:

- Part 1 language features and structures
- Part 2 thematic contexts for language use.

The content is presented in 3 broad levels: beginner, intermediate and advanced, and is independent of the year bands and sequences in the curriculum and the time spent on task.

Teachers can use suggestions in the resource to adapt curriculum content to meet the diverse language needs and learning backgrounds of students at different entry points into second language learning. For example, if a Year 5 student is learning Korean for the first time, a teacher can use the cognitive demand of the Years 5 and 6 curriculum achievement standards and content descriptions combined with beginner language features and structures, and/or thematic contexts.

Language features and structures

Part 1 provides language features and structures that are neither exhaustive nor mutually exclusive across the 3 different levels. Beginner, intermediate and advanced levels demonstrate how a particular feature or structure could be developed at different stages of a continuum of second language learning.

Thematic contexts for language use

Part 2 provides examples of thematic contexts for language use at beginner, intermediate and advanced levels. They are designed to give teachers ideas about how to support a progression of learning related to contexts and concepts of language use. Teachers are encouraged to adapt these to allow for student agency and to meet the needs, abilities and interests of their students, using the approaches, methodologies and pedagogies that best suit their students' learning.

Download

Resource – WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal world. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts.

Students imitate sound combinations and rhythms of Korean language. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and

make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C01

initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and classroom environment, using formulaic expressions

AC9LK4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4C04

develop strategies to comprehend and adjust Korean language in familiar contexts to convey cultural meaning

AC9LK4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple sentences, modelled textual conventions, and hangeul with support

AC9LK4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of Korean to form words and phrases

AC9LK4U02

recognise Korean language conventions, hangeul, simple grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

Resource – WS04 - ■■ ■■ (Fundraising for the school fair)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C02

participate in activities that involve planning with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures

AC9LK4C05

create and present informative and imaginative spoken, written and multimodal texts using formulaic expressions, simple sentences, modelled textual conventions, and hangeul with support

AC9LK4U01

recognise and use modelled combinations of hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of Korean to form words and phrases

AC9LK4U02

recognise Korean, hangeul, simple grammatical structures and basic in familiar and

Elaborations

- constructing simple on topics of personal interest with an —■/■■ ending, with support such as modelling, or , for example, ■■ ■■■ ■■■
- using number expressions with appropriate counters, for example, ■, ■■, ■, ■ ■, ■
- using common action and descriptive to describe and experiences in daily life, for example, ■■,

- using $-(\blacksquare)\blacksquare\blacksquare$ for different types of such as statements, , requests or commands, and recognising the meaning embedded in $-\blacksquare$ -
- using the first-person and to refer to self in a manner appropriate to
- using and understanding differences in meaning by using the structure of / + marker/particle, for example, ■■, ■■■, ■■■, ■■■
- asking simple about a person, object or number using basic such as ■■/■■, ■■/■ or ■, for example,

___, **__ __**, **__**

- understanding that **\B**, **\B** and **\B** are demonstrative, and that they replace other as in, for example, **\B \B \B \B**?
- using some as part of , for example, ■■/■■/■■■ ■ ? ■■■■■■.
- recognising that ■■ means 'my' when used with certain , for example, ■■ ■■, ■■ ■■, and sharing their ideas/experience about such use

Students learn to:

recognise Korean language conventions, hangeul, simple grammatical structures a familiar texts and contexts

(AC9LK4U02)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Writing

Grammar

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

• Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

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Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Social management

Communication

Resources

Work Samples

WS01 - ■ ■■ (My future career)

WS03 - Hangeul

Snapshot - Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Grammar

Literacy: Writing: Grammar

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Learning progression extract

The following learning progression extract shows the alignment of the learning progression with this content.

Grammatical accuracy

- uses articles a, an and the with varying accuracy (e.g. "a dog", "a apple")
- writes comprehensible sentences that contain some misuse of prepositions (e.g. "mine is different than/then yours"), pronouns (e.g. "me and him went swimming") and adverbs (e.g. "we walked quick")

Group and word level

- uses pronouns to represent participants (e.g. "she", "we", "them")
- uses a small range of adjectives to build description in basic noun groups (e.g. "the little dog")
- uses common and proper nouns

- uses single verbs or simple verb groups with subject-verb agreement (e.g. "they are playing")
- uses predominantly simple present, continuous and past tense to represent processes (e.g. "I play", "I am playing", "I played")

Sentence level

• writes coherent simple sentences to express an idea or event

Whole text level

- sequences sentences to reflect a logical flow of ideas
- uses common cohesive devices such as simple pronoun reference when the referent is close to the pronoun (e.g. "I have a bird. It can talk.")
- uses basic text connectives repetitively (e.g. "and", "then")

Grammatical accuracy

• writes comprehensible sentences that may contain inaccuracies such as misuse of prepositions (e.g. "they should of waited") and past tense irregular verbs (e.g. "he goed to the shop")

Group and word level

- uses simple adverbials to give details such as time, place and manner (e.g. "in the afternoon", "nearby", "quickly")
- uses simple present, past and future tenses accurately to represent processes
- uses adjectives in noun groups/phrases to build more accurate descriptions of participants (e.g. "the spotted dog")
- uses a broader range of prepositions to indicate direction or position (e.g. "across", "towards", "through")
- uses articles accurately (e.g. "a", "an", "the")

Sentence level

- · writes simple sentences correctly
- writes compound sentences to make connections between ideas using coordinating conjunctions (e.g. "and", "but", "so")

Whole text level

- · writes a few sentences about a related idea
- groups related ideas into paragraphs

Grammatical accuracy

• writes generally accurate simple, compound and complex sentences with few run-on sentences and dangling clauses (e.g. "Because he was afraid.")

Group and word level

- uses a wide range of verbs and verb groups (e.g. uses thinking, feeling and perceiving verbs to represent inner processes; uses saying verbs to represent interaction)
- employs a range of tenses to represent processes
- maintains subject-verb agreement in simple and compound sentences
- uses adjectives in noun groups/phrases to include details of participants, give opinion and classify (e.g. "that naughty, little cattle dog")
- uses adverbials to present more surrounding details for time, place, manner and reason

Sentence level

- writes simple and compound sentences correctly including a range of sentence types (e.g. command, question, exclamation)
- writes complex sentences using conjunctions (e.g. "when", "because")

Whole text level

- uses cohesive devices (e.g. word groups repetition, synonyms and antonyms; signposting devices headings and subheadings; text connectives "however", "on the other hand", "therefore")
- uses determiners to support cohesion (e.g. "this hat", "those apples")
- uses well-structured paragraphs with topic sentences

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

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Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Continuum extract

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- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

Snapshot – Communication

Personal and Social capability: Social management: Communication

Content description

AC9LK4U02

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- use a range of skills to enhance verbal and non-verbal communication
- apply verbal and non-verbal communication skills when responding to others
- apply skills to address factors that influence verbal and non-verbal communication

Resource – WS03 - Hangeul

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4U02

recognise Korean language conventions, hangeul, simple grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts

AC9LK4U03

recognise familiar Korean and compare with those of English, in known

.

Elaborations

analysing typically associated with particular, for example, the use of imperatives in games,

- recognising Korean in such as signage and labels, and producing their equivalents in English
- exploring the importance of politeness being explicitly expressed in Korean and comparing this with English, for example,
- understanding different aspects of Korean and English and such as naming, and explaining differences in order and spacing, for example, we versus 'John Smith'
- identifying differences between written and spoken, for example, comparing a written story with a spoken version, or comparing how within the same mode can differ, such as a birthday card and a set of instructions for a game
- identifying non-verbal expressions that are typical or expected in in different , for example, eye contact, bowing, nodding, pointing

Students learn to:

recognise familiar Korean language features and compare with those of English, in

(AC9LK4U03)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Analysing

Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

• Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Analysing

Interpret concepts and problems

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

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Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

• Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Resources

Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

Content description

AC9LK4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify the main parts of a concept or problem and describe how these relate to each other
- identify and prioritise significant elements and relationships within a concept or problem
- identify the relevant and significant aspects of a concept or problem, understanding that approaches may change depending on the subject or learning area

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comresponsively

Content description

AC9LK4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- identify and use verbal and non-verbal communication, recognising that these may have different meanings for familiar cultural and linguistic groups
- initiate verbal and non-verbal communication, comparing how members of familiar cultural and linguistic groups respond
- select strategies for open, flexible and focused communication in unfamiliar settings, considering their effect on building understanding

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Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Comi

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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect of relationship between cultures and identities

Content description

AC9LK4U03

Continuum extract

The following continuum extract shows the alignment of the continuum with this content.

- explore examples of cultural practices that draw themselves, family and friends together, identifying how respect is conveyed
- describe the similarities and differences in beliefs, values and cultural practices in the community, sharing how belonging grows
- examine how beliefs, values and cultural practices convey meaning and influence people's sense of identity and belonging

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Snapshot – Interpret concepts and problems

Critical and Creative Thinking: Analysing: Interpret concepts and problems

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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect of relationship between cultures and identities

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AC9LK4U04

identify connections between Korean and cultural practices

Elaborations

- discussing the influence of Korean on other and the influence of other such as Chinese, Japanese, English, French and Italian on Korean, over time
- recognising the different ways of naming, greeting and addressing someone, for example, by first name or title, including the selective use of and aspects of such as making or avoiding eye contact
- reflecting on different ways of communicating and their appropriateness in Korean or non-Korean, for example, using ■■/■■ and ■■/■ for older siblings in Korean versus using their first names in English as terms of
- exploring representations of information used in cultural expressions of First Nations Australians and making connections with those of Korean and , for example, discovering different regional used by First Nations groups to identify themselves, such as Zenadth Kes, Koori, Koorie, Noongar and Nunga, and finding out if similar identification occurs in Korean-speaking cultural groups
- sharing ideas about how some Australian terms and expressions might be understood or confusing from a Korean, for example, 'bushwalking' or 'kick a footy'
 Students learn to:

identify connections between Korean language and cultural practices

(AC9LK4U04)

General capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities

This content description connects to the following general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

· Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Elaborations

Content elaborations provide suggestions of ways to teach the content description and connect it to general capabilities and cross-curriculum priorities. Content elaborations are optional .

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity

Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Knowing Asia and its diversity

• The interrelationships between people and the diverse environments and systems across the Asia region have global implications.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Culture

• First Nations Australian societies are diverse and have distinct cultural expressions such as language, customs and beliefs. As First Nations Peoples of Australia, they have the right to maintain, control, protect and develop their cultural expressions, while also maintaining the right to control, protect and develop culture as Indigenous Cultural and Intellectual Property.

Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity

Communicate responsively

Resources

Work Samples

WS02 - ■■ ■■■ (Korean classrooms)

Snapshot – Communicate responsively

Intercultural Understanding: Engaging with cultural and linguistic diversity: Compresponsively

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Snapshot – Reflect on the relationship between cultures and identities

Intercultural Understanding: Reflecting on culture and cultural diversity: Reflect of relationship between cultures and identities

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Resource – WS02 - ■■ ■■■ (Korean classrooms)

By the end of Year 4, students use Korean language to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal worlds. They use modelled language to participate in spoken and written activities that involve planning. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create texts in hangeul, with support.

Students imitate hangeul sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of spoken Korean. They demonstrate understanding that Korean has non-verbal, spoken and written language conventions and rules to create and make meaning. They recognise that some terms have cultural meanings. They identify patterns in Korean and make comparisons between Korean and English. They understand that the Korean language is connected with culture, and identify how this is reflected in their own language(s) and culture(s).

AC9LK4C03

locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts

AC9LK4U04

identify connections between Korean language and cultural practices