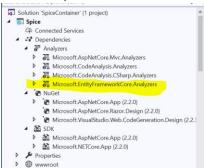
Spice Projects Note:

- 1. When Creating the Project ensure to choose asp.net core and Individual Authentication.
- 2. Go to startup.cs and edit the connection string with short name such as asp-Spice of data base that you want to create, highlighted below (dark)

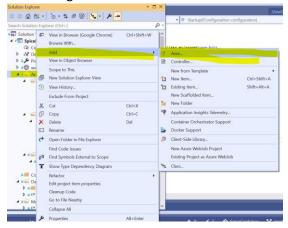
3. Open NuGet Console and type update-database, it will create database in server, If it cannot something is wrong, I have not installed any Entitiy frame work for it to work. Make sure to change the sql server name in connection, highlighted above in yellow.

The above is necessary otherwise you may experience Entitiy framework errors. These packages are installed by default. See below and it works an it works with additional packages.



Creating Separate Areas for both Admin and Customer.

1. Right click and create two areas for each one (Customer and Admin)

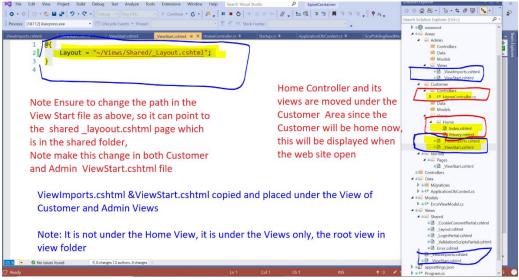


2. You can actually can make one home, make the customer, in the startup file, in the starteup file replace it with original as the following:

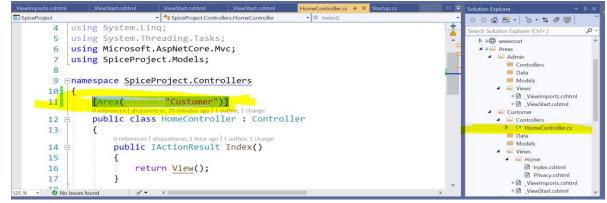
4. Now you need to have the views and separate controller in both customer and admin. Example for customer is shown below: You may not need to copy the ViewStart.cshtml as it work without this as well.

3.

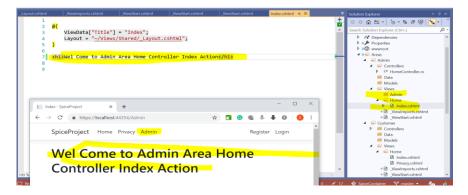
6.



5. Now we need to tell the Home Controller which we moved to Customer about the Area. Hence do it as below: Add [Area("Customer")]



7. Below is a screen shot that shown the admin controller as well.



The complete code is on github with commits Customer&AdminAreaWithReadMeFile

Migration/Model/DBSet.

To create the Category model do the following:

- 1. create the Category Model Class in Model folder.
- 2. In your ApplicationDBContext.cs add: public DbSet<Category> Categories { get; set; }
- 3. At Nuget Console type: add-migration MainCategoryAddedFirstMigration
- 4. Type: Update-database

To add a forgien Key in the Code first approach, see example below how the parent class is referenced in the sub class.

```
public class SubCategory
    {
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string Name { get; set; }
        [Required]
        [Display(Name = "Category")]
        public int CategoryId { get; set; }
       [ForeignKey("CategoryId")] // Category is refenced to the Id of Category in //Category
       class, each sub category can belong to a category, the Category class
       // is referenced after the virtual word.
        public virtual Category Category { get; set; }
    }
//The Category Class: Note the Id in Category class is just Id
public class Category
    {
        [Key]
        public int Id { get; set; }
        [Required]
        public string Name { get; set; }
    }
```

Adding the Enum for MenuItem and its detail members:

you can get an error when updating the database at Nuget Console, so go to the context detail file and change the casecad to NoAction, then rerun the update-database command. See example below

```
20190504204540_MenuItemAdded2.cs 🗢 🗙
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ㅇ ㅇ 쇼 레 · | ७ · ≒ 리 ⑮ | 😘 · | 🔑 💻
                                                                                                             Image = table.Column<string>(nullable: true),
Spicness = table.Column<string>(nullable: true),
CategoryId = table.Columnint>(nullable: false),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+;)
                                                                                                            CategoryId = table.Column<int>(nullable: false),
SubCategoryId = table.Column<int>(nullable: false)
                     20
21
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ▶ a III Identity
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                a Controllers
                                                                                              },
constraints: table =>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ⊿ a 🗐 Data

▲ 6 Migrations

                                                                                                             table.PrimaryKey(name: "PK_MenuItem", columns: x => x.Id);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Discussion of the control of the con
                                                                                                             table ForeignKey(
  name: "FK_MenuItem_Categories_CategoryId",
  column: x => x.CategoryId,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           C" 20190504190344_MainCategoryAddedFirstMigration.cs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           C# 20190504195512_SubCategoryAdded.cs
                                                                                                                           principalTable: "Categories",
principalColumn: "Id",
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    c* 20190504204013_MenuItemAdded.cs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   b c# 20190504204013_MenuItemAdded.Designer.cs
                                                                                                                                                                                    entialActio<mark>n.NoActio</mark>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    MenultemAdded
                                                                                                            onDelete: ReferentialAction MoAction);
table.Foreignkey(
name: "FK MenuItem Subcategories SubCategoryId",
column: x => x.SubCategoryId,
principalTable: "SubCategories",
principalColumn: "Id",
onDelete: ReferentialAction MoAction);

▲ C* 20190504204540_MenuItemAdded2.cs

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ▶ c 20190504204540_MenuItemAdded2.Designer.cs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ▶ % MenultemAdded2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ▶ ✓ C# ApplicationDbContextModelSnapshot.cs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ▶ ✓ C# ApplicationDbContext.cs
                                                                                              });

■ a ■ Models
```

The error is because of Forgien Key constraint, if parent deleted what will the child do.

For Adding Enum: The Html.getEnumList must be used in the view.

```
<div class="form-group"><label asp-for="Spycness" class="control-label"></label>
<select asp-for="Spycness" class="form-control"aspitems="Html.GetEnumSelectList<MenuItem.Espicy>()"></select></div>
Below is a complete class of MenuItem.
public class MenuItem
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string Name { get; set; }
        public string Description { get; set; }
        public string Image { get; set; }
//Enum Start
        public string Spycness { get; set; } // We will use this as Input in View & this field is saved in
DATABASE
        public enum Espicy { Na=0, NotSpicy=1, Spicy=2, HotSpicy=3} //This will be Html.get Elments
//End,
        public decimal Price { get; set; }
        //referencing Category
        public int CategoryId { get; set; }
        [ForeignKey("CategoryId")]
        public Category Category { get; set; }
        //referencing Sub Category
        public int SubCategoryId { get; set; }
        [ForeignKey("SubCategoryId")]
        public SubCategory SubCategory { get; set; }
}
Enum on View...
<div class="form-group">
                  <label asp-for="Spycness" class="control-label"></label>
                  <select asp-for="Spycness" class="form-control" asp-</pre>
items="Html.GetEnumSelectList<MenuItem.Espicy>()"></select>
             </div>
Enum in DataBase
```

	Id	Name	Description	Image	Spycness	Categoryld	SubCate	Price
•	2	Chicken Masala	Chicken Masal Special	11	1	2	3	10.00
	3	Kabab	kabab special	NULL	2	2	4	10.00
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Rich Text Editor in the Menu Page:

```
On the page it self such as on the Menu Create Action Page make sure to include this.
@section Scripts
    <script>tinymce.init({
    selector:'textarea', plugins: "lists", menubar: 'file edit format'});</script>}
//Note Don't include only text area, you have to include plugins, and menubar
In the Main
In the _Layout.cshtml page, In Include Environment add below, note it has API Key for
localhost, You will need another key for domain name from the tiny.
src="https://cloud.tinymce.com/5/tinymce.min.js?apiKey=koc6wzmfpb6p8drpyd2uoymbfpgbyw
p5ysjd75wr8buorhut"> </script>
Just Viewing the Rich text
<dd class="col-sm-10">
            Mathematical (Model.Description)
        </dd>
```

Changing the SubCategory Select Option when Main Category is changed

1. If you are expecting JSON data then your controller should have an action which returns data in json format. In this example see the controller action

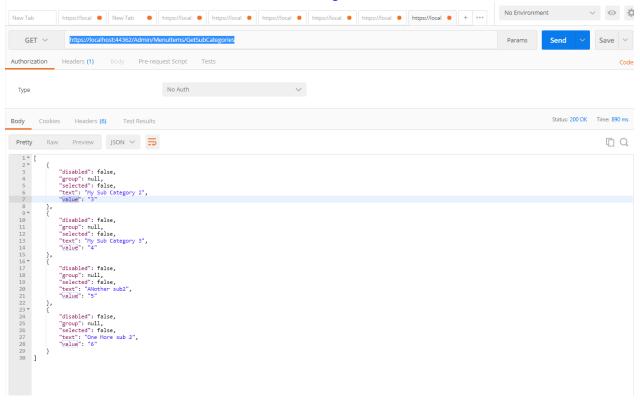
```
public/* JsonResult*/ async Task<IActionResult> GetSubCategories(int?
CategoryIdInController)
        {
            if (CategoryIdInController == null)
            {
                return NotFound();
            }
            var subCategory = await _context.SubCategories
                .Include(s => s.Category).Where(c=>c.CategoryId==
CategoryIdInController).ToListAsync();
            if (subCategory == null)
            {
                return NotFound();
            }
            return Json(new SelectList(subCategory, "Id", "Name"));
        }
}
```

2. In View you will basically have 2 select lists, One main which will be populated by default and the other one will be papulated based on the selction of main Category.

```
Code for main Category:
<div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="CategoryId" class="control-label"></label>
<select id="CategoryId" asp-for="CategoryId" class="form-control" asp-items="ViewBag.CategoryId"</pre>
onchange="GetSubCategory()">
                    <option>Please Select One</option>
                </select>
</div>
```

```
3. Code for subcategory
<div class="form-group">
                  <label asp-for="SubCategoryId" class="control-label"></label>
                  <select id="SubCategoryId" asp-for="SubCategoryId" class="form-control">
                      <option >Please select one</option>
                </select>
</div>
The AJAX, JQUERY AND JS Code to make it work.
    @*Really important to understand how you can get different select list using, jquery,
js and ajax.<mark>*@</mark>
    <script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jqueryui/1.8/jquery-</pre>
ui.min.js"></script>
    <mark>@*</mark>Ajax plugin is needed, it will work even without adding the above becouase it is in
the leyout page*@
    <code>@*This is added to check the wiring of Jquery , if it works.*@</code>
    <script type="text/javascript">
        $(document).ready(function(){
             $("#msgid").html("This is Hello World from JQuery");
        });
        @*@* When the Category changes, we want to get the list of subcategory
        hence using java script for this purpose *@
    function GetSubCategory() {
        //alert("main category selected"); /*again to check wiring that we can
successfully call the function when category is changed.*/
        console.log("Sub category function called on Category change");
        $.ajax({
                 url: '@Url.Action("GetSubCategories", "MenuItems")', /*In the url.action
we write the action and then controller*/
             contentType: "application/json; charset=utf-8", //the type of content
datatype: "Json", // Make sure you know you are getting the data in return in
the json format, try tocheck it by postman
                 //Gethttps://localhost:44362/Admin/MenuItems/GetSubCategories the data
format will be like [{ value:1, text}, {value:2, text: cat name}, {etc}]
                 // You can also send/receive data in other formats
                 data: { CategoryIdInController: $(CategoryId).val() },// Here we write
the Id in the controller action and the one we are sending. I have selected the Id from
DOM using Jquery
                 success: function (data) {
                 $('#SubCategoryId').empty();/* To make the sub category list empty, make
sure you call this method in correct syntax way*/
                 $('#SubCategoryId').append("<option value= 0>Please select one
</option>");
                 var k = 0;
                     while (k < data.length) {</pre>
                          $('#SubCategoryId').append("<option value=" +data[k].value+">"
+data[k].text+"</option>"); // This syntax
```

The Screen shot of postman, for this to work you action controller should not require Id, so remove the where condition in the GetSubCategories method in Menu item Controller.



Image/Picture Saving/displaying from/to Database:

```
</div>
</form>
Note: Pay attention to the yellow highlighted requirements. Above is for Coupon Create
Page for saving image into Database.
Creating / Saving into Database
        [HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        //Reciving of the method is default such as Bind, Model etc
        public async Task<IActionResult>
Create([Bind("Id,Name,CoupnType,Discount,MinimumAmount,Picture,IsActive")] Coupon coupon)
        {//If Model state is Valid
            if (ModelState.IsValid)
            {
                var files = HttpContext.Request.Form.Files;
                if (files.Count > 0)
                    byte[] p1 = null;
                    using (var fs1 = files[0].OpenReadStream())
                        using (var ms1 = new MemoryStream())
                            fs1.CopyTo(ms1);
                            p1 = ms1.ToArray();
                        coupon.Picture = p1;
                   _context.Add(coupon);
                    await context.SaveChangesAsync();
                    return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
                }
            }
            //If model state is not valid.
            return View(coupon);
Note: The Yellow Marked section needs to be noted
Displaying Image/ Detail Page
/ GET: Admin/Coupons/Details/5 Nothing special
        public async Task<IActionResult> Details(int? id)
            if (id == null)
            {
                return NotFound();
            }
            var coupon = await _context.Coupon
                .FirstOrDefaultAsync(m => m.Id == id);
            if (coupon == null)
            {
                return NotFound();
            }
            return View(coupon);
        }
```

View/ Detail View Below will display the image:

```
@if (Model.Picture.Count() > 0)
<div class=" col-12 border">
    @{
        var base64 = Convert.ToBase64String(Model.Picture);
        var imgsrc = string.Format("data:image/jpg;base64,{0}", base64);
    <img src="@imgsrc" height="100" width="600" />
</div>
}
// Rest of the action would be like this
<div class="col-12 pt-4">
    <fieldset disabled>
        <div class="form-group row">
            <div class="col-2">
                <label asp-for="Name" class="custom-label"></label>
            </div>
            <div class="col-5">
                <input asp-for="Name" class="form-control" />
            </div>
        </div>
Note: Other fields as may be needed
    </fieldset>
</div>
Displaying different coupons Images every 2 seconds
<mark>@*</mark>Note you are calling here the count Method, so make sure you type it as ..Count()>0,
with braces*@
@if (Model.Coupon.ToList().Count() > 0)
    <div class="border">
        <mark>@*</mark>the data interval determine how quickly the copon should be displayed.<mark>*@</mark>
        <div class="carousel" data-ride="carousel" data-interval="1000">
            @for (int i = 0; i < Model.Coupon.Count(); i++)</pre>
            {
                if (i == 0)
                     <div class="carousel-item active">
var base64 = Convert.ToBase64String(Model.Coupon.ToList()[0].Picture);
        var imgsrc = string.Format("data:image/jpg;base64,{0}", base64);
                         @*Below we are now actually display image.*@
                         <img src="@imgsrc" height="50" class="d-block w-100" />
                     </div>
                }
                else
                {// it will displayed when not active.
                     <div class="carousel-item">
  var base64 = Convert.ToBase64String(Model.Coupon.ToList()[i].Picture);
  var imgsrc = string.Format("data:image/jpg;base64,{0}", base64);
                         <img src="@imgsrc" height="50" class="d-block w-100" />
                    </div>
                }
            }
```

```
</div>
</div>
}
```

ViewModel

If you are creating you may need to have iEnumerables/List of the various model that you want to combine in one model.

See the landing page example, where want to have Categories, MenuItem, and Coupons, hence

```
20% OFF ANY PURCHASE OVER $100
     Chicken Masal Special; Category 2
    <ABAB SPECIAL; Category 2;</p>
<span style="color: #2222222; font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: small; background-color: #ffffff;">Adidas AG is a multinational corporation, founded
    and headquartered in Herzogenaurach, Germany, that designs and manufactures shoes, clothing and accessories. It is the largest sportswear manufacturer in
    Europe, and the second largest in the world, after Nike.</span>; Shoes;
    <span style="color: #22222; font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: small; background-color: #ffffff;">A sketch is a rapidly executed freehand drawing
    :hat is not usually intended as a finished work. A sketch may serve a number of purposes: it might record something that the artist sees, it might
     record </span>; Shoes;
    Hello; Shoes;
namespace Spice.ViewModel
    public class LandingPageViewModel
         public IEnumerable<MenuItem> MenuItem { get; set; }
         public IEnumerable<Coupon> Coupon { get; set; }
         public IEnumerable<Category> Category { get; set; }
     }
}
Using it in Controller action,
         //Reciving Category Id, Optional
         public async Task<IActionResult> Index( int ? Id)
              LandingPageViewModel vm = new LandingPageViewModel();
              MenuItem menu = new MenuItem();
              //Id is received when a specific Category is selected.Its the category Id
              if (Id != null)
              {// Checking first if the Id is a genuian
                   var menuItems = await _context.MenuItem.Include(s =>
s.SubCategory).Include(c => c.Category).Where(c => c.CategoryId == Id).ToListAsync();
                   if (menuItems == null)
                        return NotFound();
                   else// If a specific category has been selected
                        vm.Category = await _context.Categories.ToListAsync();
                        //Will display coupons/offers which currently active, adminstrator
will the oppertunity to activate/deactivate coupns
vm.Coupon = await _context.Coupon.Where(a => a.IsActive == true).ToListAsync();
                        vm.MenuItem = menuItems;
                        return View(vm);
                   }
```

```
else// If No Id has been received(no specifi slection), all menuitems are
deiplayed
            {
                //Retrieving list of only those copons which are active.
                vm.Category = await _context.Categories.ToListAsync();
vm.Coupon = await context.Coupon.Where(a => a.IsActive == true).ToListAsync();
                //Note use the include where there is a relationship involove.
vm.MenuItem = await context.MenuItem.Include(c => c.Category).Include(s =>
s.SubCategory).ToListAsync();
            return View(vm);
        }
In View/Page
Note: Below is for Catgory and menu selection, the coupon imga code is up under images.
@model Spice.ViewModel.LandingPageViewModel
@{
   ViewData["Title"] = "Home Page";
<div class="container">
    <a asp-action="Index" asp-controller="Home" >Show All</a>
   @foreach (var item in Model.Category)
        <a asp-action="Index" asp-route-id="@item.Id">@item.Name</a>
    }
</div>
<div class=" container">
   @foreach (var menu in Model.MenuItem)
       <div class=" row">
          @menu.Description;
          @menu.Category.Name;
       </div>
    }
</div>
               Image/Picture Saving on server & path in Database:
private readonly ApplicationDbContext context;
        //Step1 in Controller dependency injection, include the ASP.NETCore hosting
enviroment.
        private readonly IHostingEnvironment hostingEnvironment;
        public MenuItemsController(ApplicationDbContext context, IHostingEnvironment
hostingEnvironment)
        {
            context = context;
            //Step1 in Controller, include the ASP.NETCore hosting enviroment.
            hostingEnvironment = hostingEnvironment;
        }
```

```
[HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        //Here we are saving file on server not on into DB, th ereceiving is as usual
        public async Task<IActionResult>
Create([Bind("Id,Name,Description,Image,Spycness,Price,CategoryId,SubCategoryId")]
MenuItem menu)
        // If Modle is valid
            if (ModelState.IsValid)
                // lets save the model first to the database.
                //We made a copy of the object, so when it is saved into DB, it will have
the Id assign to it.
                var newMenuItem = menu;
                context.Add(newMenuItem);
                await context.SaveChangesAsync();
                // declare the root path ,, wich is www
                string webRootPath = hostingEnvironment.WebRootPath;
                // files variable
                var files = HttpContext.Request.Form.Files;
                //if user has uploaded file
                if (files.Count > 0)
                {
                    // Creating Path where you want the image to be saved, it will be to
root folder wwww
                    var path = Path.Combine(webRootPath, @"images\Products\");
                    // Get the extension of the uploaded file i.e Jpg
                    var extension = Path.GetExtension(files[0].FileName);
                    // Creating the actual file in the specified directory/path with
Model.Id & its extension, you may choose it with diffrent id as you plan
                    using (var filesStream = new FileStream(Path.Combine(path,
newMenuItem.Id + extension), FileMode.Create))
                        //Copying single file
                        files[0].CopyTo(filesStream);
                    //Saving Path of the Image into Database
                    newMenuItem.Image = @"\images\Products\" + newMenuItem.Id +
extension;
                //no file was uploaded, so use default image which is on the server, note
the sc is just a path.
                else
                   // This will copy the default file and save it with Id name
                    //var uploads = Path.Combine(webRootPath, @"images\" +
SC.DefaultFoodImage);
                    //System.IO.File.Copy(uploads, webRootPath + @"\images\Products\" +
newMenuItem.Id + ".png");
                    ////Saving Path of the Image into Database
                    //newMenuItem.Image = @"\images\Products\" + newMenuItem.Id + ".png";
```

```
// Instead of copying the default file again and again, you could
point to the defualt file once only
                    // Hence no need to copy
                    newMenuItem.Image = @"\images\" + SC.DefaultFoodImage;
                await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
                return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
            }
            // If Model is not Valid
            ViewData["CategoryId"] = new SelectList(_context.Categories, "Id", "Name",
menu.CategoryId);
            ViewData["SubCategoryId"] = new SelectList( context.SubCategories, "Name",
"Name", menu.SubCategoryId);
            return View(menu);
In View Create Action:
@model Spice.Models.MenuItem
@{
    ViewData["Title"] = "Create";
    Layout = "~/Views/Shared/ Layout.cshtml";
<h1>Create</h1>
<h4>MenuItem</h4>
<hr />
<div class="row">
    <div class="col-md-4">
        <mark>@*</mark>change the form method to include support for sending files as per below line<mark>*@</mark>
        <form method="post" asp-action="Create" enctype="multipart/form-data">
            <div asp-validation-summary="ModelOnly" class="text-danger"></div>
            <div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="Name" class="control-label"></label>
                <input asp-for="Name" class="form-control" />
                <span asp-validation-for="Name" class="text-danger"></span>
            </div>
 ......etc......
   <div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="Image" class="control-label"></label>
                <code>@*</mark>make sure to add the line as below to pass images espcialy type="file"</code>
name="files" *@
                <input type="file" name="files" asp-for="Image" class="form-control" />
                <span asp-validation-for="Image" class="text-danger"></span>
            </div>
</form>
On Detail View/ Just Viewing of Image
    <dd class="col-sm-10">
            <img src="@Model.Image" width="600" height="400" style="border-</pre>
radius:5px;border:1px solid #bbb9b9;" />
            @*@Html.DisplayFor(model => model.Image)*@
        </dd>
```

In controller for delete action.

```
// POST: Admin/MenuItems/Delete/5
        [HttpPost, ActionName("Delete")]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<IActionResult> DeleteConfirmed(int id)
            var menuItem = await _context.MenuItem.FindAsync(id);
            string webRootPath = _hostingEnvironment.WebRootPath;
            if (menuItem != null)
                //Checking if the MenuItem has a default image/picture or one was
uploaded by user.
                //We do not want to delete the default image on server as this will be
used by menuitem
                //as default when user does't upload one
                //Path of the item in Db
                var menuItemPathInDb = menuItem.Image.ToString().TrimStart('\\');
                // The default image path on server
                var pathOnServer = (@"images\" + SC.DefaultFoodImage);
                // If there both path are not the same then we want to delete the image
                // so we only delete the user uploaded image.
                if (menuItemPathInDb != pathOnServer)
                    var imagePath = Path.Combine(webRootPath, menuItemPathInDb);
                    if (System.IO.File.Exists(imagePath))
                        System.IO.File.Delete(imagePath);
                _context.MenuItem.Remove(menuItem);
                await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
                return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
            return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
        }
```

Adding the Unlock and Locking functionality for users: We need to create to method in user controller for locking and unlocking the user and then do the necessary things in View:

```
public async Task<IActionResult> UnLock(string Id)
          if (Id == null)
          return NotFound();
   var UserInDb = await _context.ApplicationUser.FirstOrDefaultAsync(u => u.Id == Id);
          return NotFound();
       }
          // Just setting the value to current time
               UserInDb.LockoutEnd = DateTime.Now;
               await context.SaveChangesAsync();
               return RedirectToAction(nameof(Index));
      }
In View since, it is mostly in Idex page with in foreach
User Status
@foreach(var item in Model){
@*Note: We are refrencing ITEM below not USER*@
@if (item.LockoutEnd == null || item.LockoutEnd < DateTime.Now)</pre>
                   <a asp-action="Lock" asp-route-id="@item.Id" class="btn btn-</pre>
success"><i class="fas fa-lock-open"></i></a>
                }
                else
                    <a asp-action="UnLock" asp-route-id="@item.Id" class="btn btn-danger</pre>
text-white"><i class="fas fa-lock"></i></a>
Authorization, Authentication: Authentication is identifying the user by loggin in ,
authorization to see if the user has access to those resources.
To add authorization on top of the controller write
[Authorize(Roles = SC.ManagerRole)] we added to all the controller in
Authorization.
                     Showing or not Show nav-link to user.
Just start by <a>@if (User.IsInRole(SC.Manager){</a>
i.e put the Whole Li or Div within it.
}
You can user OR condition extra, In this project we put the Whole Administration Link in it.
```

Shopping Cart

We need to have shopping cart icon where the number of item in the cart will appear, so In the view we should add an icon from font awesome and add anchor tag (a) to Li item which could be as below:

Next We need to add a class/model and add it into DB. So the model would include:

```
public class ShoppingCart
        //We want the count of an item to be shown as 1 by default
        public ShoppingCart()
            Count = 1;
        public int Id { get; set; }
        public string AppliUserId { get; set; }
        //We do not need to map, but yes we want to store the user \operatorname{Id} ,
        //map means likes refrencing the Forign key and linking it.
        [NotMapped]
        [ForeignKey("AppliUserId")]
        public virtual ApplicationUser ApplicationUser { get; set; }
        public int MenuItemId { get; set; }
        [NotMapped]
        [ForeignKey("MenuItemId")]
        public virtual MenuItem menuItem { get; set; }
        [Range(1,int.MaxValue, ErrorMessage ="Please enter value greater than or equal to 1")]
        public int Count { get; set; }
    }
```

Next we need to create the Cart controller and setup session variable, we will use session variable so that the number of item in the Cart could displayed from any page, and we do not need to access the DB again and again. Like from _layoutout when each times it is loaded , it will access the session variable count data only.

```
[Authorize]
    [HttpPost]
    [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
    public async Task<IActionResult> AddToCart(ShoppingCart CartObject)
    {
        CartObject.Id = 0;
        if (ModelState.IsValid)
        {
            // Getting the user Identiy to know its User Id
            var claimsIdentity = (ClaimsIdentity)this.User.Identity;
            var claim = claimsIdentity.FindFirst(ClaimTypes.NameIdentifier);
            CartObject.AppliUserId = claim.Value;
            // Retreiving cartfrom Db which is added by this user and has this menu Item
```

```
ShoppingCart cartFromDb = await _context.shoppingCart.Where(c => c.AppliUserId ==
CartObject.AppliUserId && c.MenuItemId == CartObject.MenuItemId).FirstOrDefaultAsync();
                // No cart data found than we add the user selection i.e Cart object with
count field
                if (cartFromDb == null)
                     await context.shoppingCart.AddAsync(CartObject);
                // In case where user has already entered the cart data and it is in DB, we
want to just changed the Quantity
                else
                     cartFromDb.Count = cartFromDb.Count + CartObject.Count;
                // Saving changes
                await context.SaveChangesAsync();
                // Saving the quatity in a session variable
                var count = _context.shoppingCart.Where(c => c.AppliUserId ==
CartObject.AppliUserId).ToList().Count();
                HttpContext.Session.SetInt32(SC.sSsCartCount, count);
                return RedirectToAction("Index", "Home");
            }
            //If Model is not Valid we need to send back the model to user
            else
                var menuItemFromDb = await _context.MenuItem.Include(m =>
m.Category).Include(m => m.SubCategory).Where(m => m.Id ==
CartObject.MenuItemId).FirstOrDefaultAsync();
                ShoppingCart cartObj = new ShoppingCart()
                {
                     menuItem = menuItemFromDb,
                    MenuItemId = menuItemFromDb.Id
                return View(cartObj);
Note: We should also setup the session variable in Startp.cs file.
In the configurationService method modify the appropriate serive to the following, note this service has Bootstrap and EF.
                      services.AddIdentity<IdentityUser, IdentityRole>()
                  .AddDefaultTokenProviders()
                      .AddDefaultUI(UIFramework.Bootstrap4)
```

Ensure to add use session. Add the below just above MVC.

app.UseSession();

Next we need access or setup the session variable from _layoutout page(only getting its value so that it is displayed in the cart, On the login page we need to read the db and see if there is anything in cart of this user after login, if yes we want set the value in session variable, so other pages can access it, on the log out page, we need to set the session variable value to zero, so the cart would not display anything. Also note each time an item is added to cart shown in above Code AddtoCart Task, we need to set the session variable value.

.AddEntityFrameworkStores<ApplicationDbContext>();

First lets do it on _LayoutOut Page: Ensure to add fonts awesome.

```
<code>@*Checking if there is any value in session variable so that value will be displayed</code>
in the Cart. *@
                        @if
(HttpContextAccessor.HttpContext.Session.GetInt32(SC.sSsCartCount) != null)
                         {
                              <a asp-area="Customer" asp-controller="ShoppingCarts"</pre>
asp-action="Index" class="nav-link">
@{ var count = HttpContextAccessor.HttpContext.Session.GetInt32(SC.sSsCartCount); }
                                      <i class="fas fa-shopping-cart"></i> &nbsp; (@count)
                                  </a>
                              <code>@*</mark>If the session variable has nothing we want to show zero items in the Cart<mark>*@</mark></code>
                         else
                              style="color:white">
                                  <a href="#" class="nav-link">
                                      <i class="fas fa-shopping-cart"></i> &nbsp; (0)
                                  </a>
                              }
Next we need to setup the value in Login page so as the user log in we will setup the value in
session variable. In <a href="Identity/Pages/Login.cshtml.cs">Identity/Pages/Login.cshtml.cs</a> a razor page.
Lets add database dependency injection.
In the constructor add DatabaseContext.
private readonly ApplicationDbContext context;
// Added Db Context so we can query database for user identity
public LoginModel(SignInManager<IdentityUser> signInManager, ILogger<LoginModel> logger, ApplicationDbContext context)
        _signInManager = signInManager;
        _logger = logger;
           context = context;
Now after user succefully login we need to setup value in session variable as below.
if (result.Succeeded)
                 {
                     // Once the user login successfully we want to set the value of count
in session in the shopping cart.
                     //we need to read the database to know this.
                     //Make sure to use enityty frame work otherwise asych would not work
var user = await context.Users.Where(u => u.Email ==
Input.Email).FirstOrDefaultAsync();
                    // List<ShoppingCart> lstShoppingCart = await
_context.shoppingCart.Where(u => u.AppliUserId == user.Id).ToListAsync();
                     var count = await _context.shoppingCart.Where(u => u.AppliUserId ==
user.Id).CountAsync();
                     HttpContext.Session.SetInt32(SC.sSsCartCount, count);
                     _logger.LogInformation("User logged in.");
                     return LocalRedirect(returnUrl);
In the logout page we need to set the session variable data to zero.
So on the page Identity/Page/Logout.cshtml.cs
await _signInManager.SignOutAsync();
```

```
//Below set the session to 0- zero of the shopping cart, at the logout
HttpContext.Session.SetInt32(SC.sSsCartCount, 0);
    _logger.LogInformation("User logged out.");
.....,,,,, etc.
```