VPC and Peering

It's a five tier Architecture

Problem Statement:

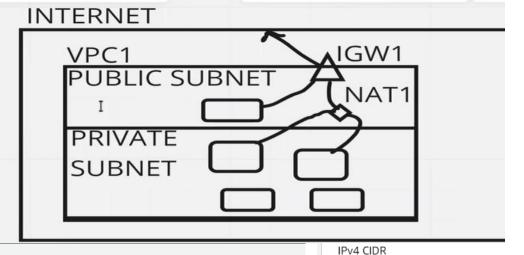
You work for XYZ Corporation and based on the expansion requirements of your corporation you have been asked to create and set up a distinct Amazon VPC for the production and development team. You are expected to perform the following tasks for the respective VPCs.

Production Network:

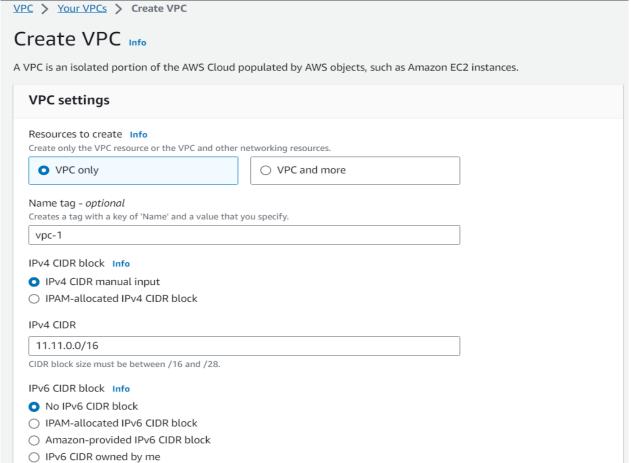
- 1. Design and build a 4-tier architecture.
- Create 5 subnets out of which 4 should be private named app1, app2, dbcache and db and one should be public, named web.
- 3. Launch instances in all subnets and name them as per the subnet that they have been launched in.
- 4. Allow dbcache instance and app1 subnet to send internet requests.
- 5. Manage security groups and NACLs.

Development Network:

- Design and build 2-tier architecture with two subnets named web and db and launch instances in both subnets and name them as per the subnet names.
- 2. Make sure only the web subnet can send internet requests.
- Create peering connection between production network and development network.
- Setup connection between db subnets of both production network and development network respectively.



Search for VPC service – go in vpc – choose create vpc.

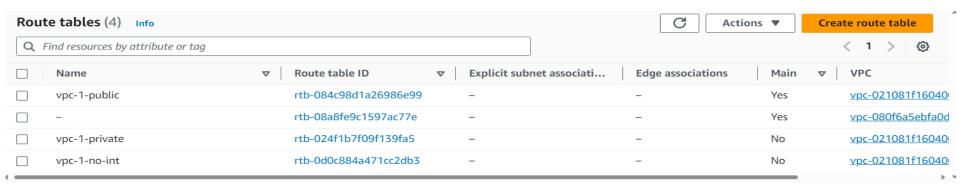


11.11.0.0/16		
CIDR block size must be between /16 a	nd /28.	
IPv6 CIDR block Info		
 No IPv6 CIDR block 		
○ IPAM-allocated IPv6 CIDR bloc	k	
○ Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR b	lock	
○ IPv6 CIDR owned by me		
Tenancy Info		
Default		▼
Tags A tag is a label that you assign to an AV your resources or track your AWS costs.	-	optional value. You can use tags to search and filter
Key	Value - optional	
Q Name	X Q vpc-1	X Remove tag
Add tag		
You can add 49 more tags		

Create VPC

Cancel

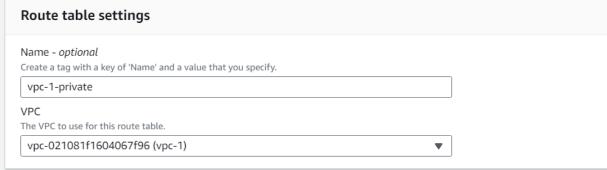
While creating the vpc the one route table is self create and we have to create two more route table.

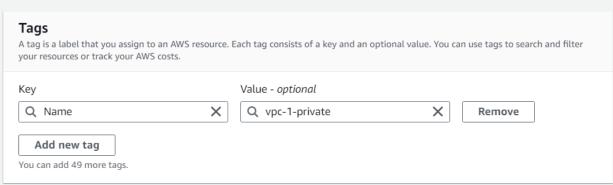


VPC > Route tables > Create route table

Create route table Info

A route table specifies how packets are forwarded between the subnets within your VPC, the internet, and your VPN connection.

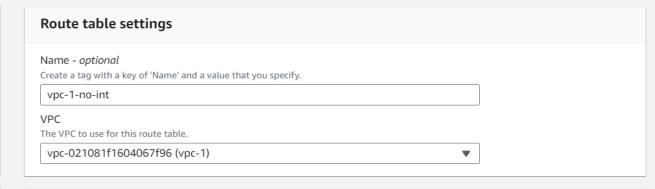


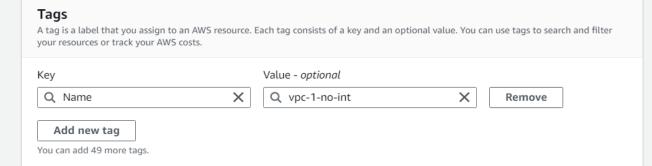


VPC > Route tables > Create route table

Create route table Info

A route table specifies how packets are forwarded between the subnets within your VPC, the internet, and your VPN connection.





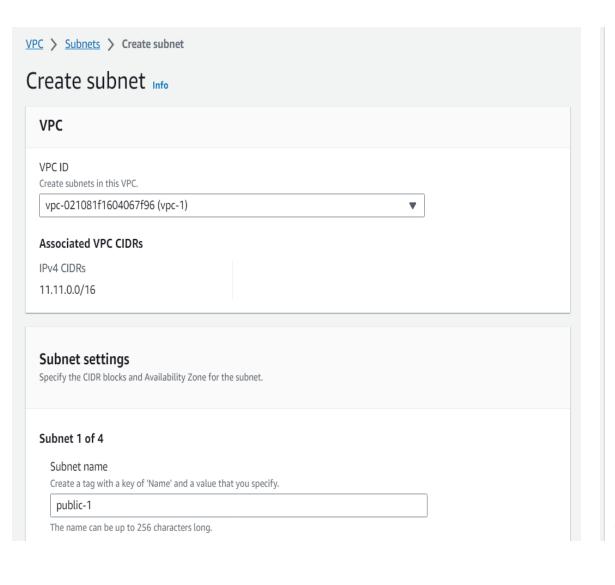
Cancel

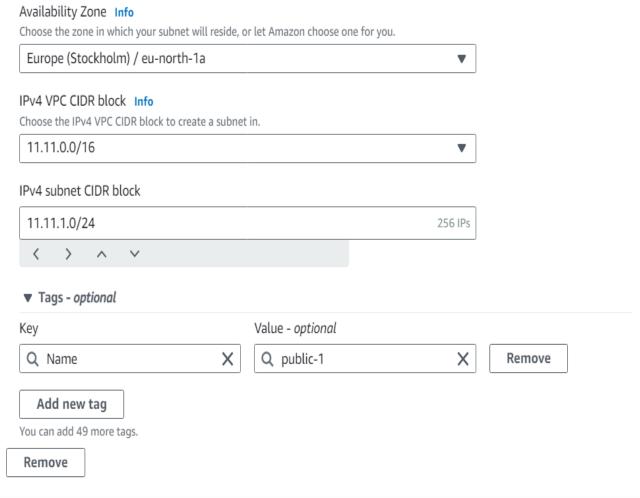
Create route table

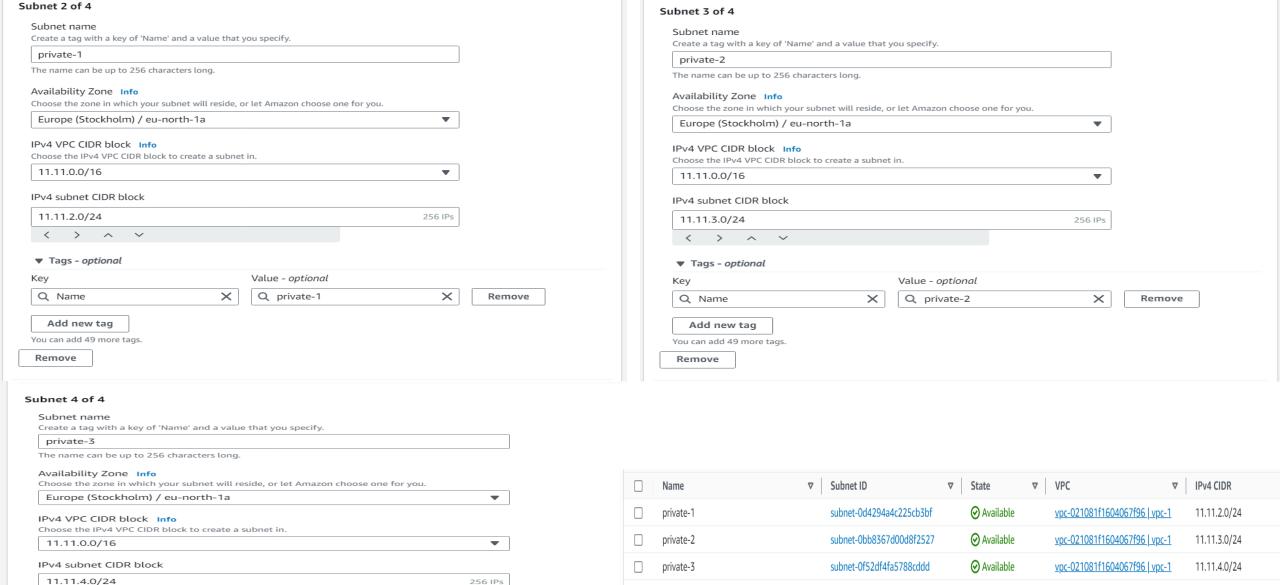
Cancel

Create route table

Create four subnet public-1, private 1,2,3.







public-1

< > ^

▼ Tags - optional

Add new tag

You can add 49 more tags.

Q Name

Remove

Key

~

Value - optional

Q private-3

 \times

Remove

 \times

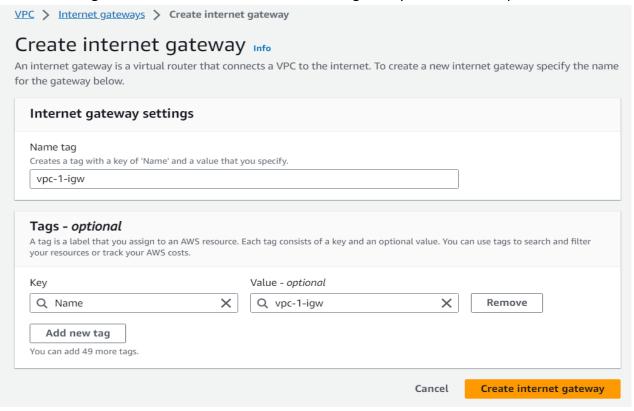
Available

vpc-021081f1604067f96 | vpc-1

11.11.1.0/24

subnet-0c6df3beb5f338064

After creating the subnet we need to create internet gateway and attach to vpc.



VPC > Internet gateways > Attach to VPC (igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8)

Attach to VPC (igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8) Info



The following internet gateway was created: igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8 - vpc-1-igw. You can now attach to a VPC to enable the VPC to communicate Attach to a VPC with the internet. VPC > Internet gateways > igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8 igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8 / vpc-1-igw Actions ▼ Details Info Internet gateway ID State VPC ID Owner **□** igw-0f5dfc926a8bd82c8 Detached **1**70303796048 Tags Manage tags Q Search tags Key Value

Name

Attach internet gateway

Cancel

vpc-1-igw

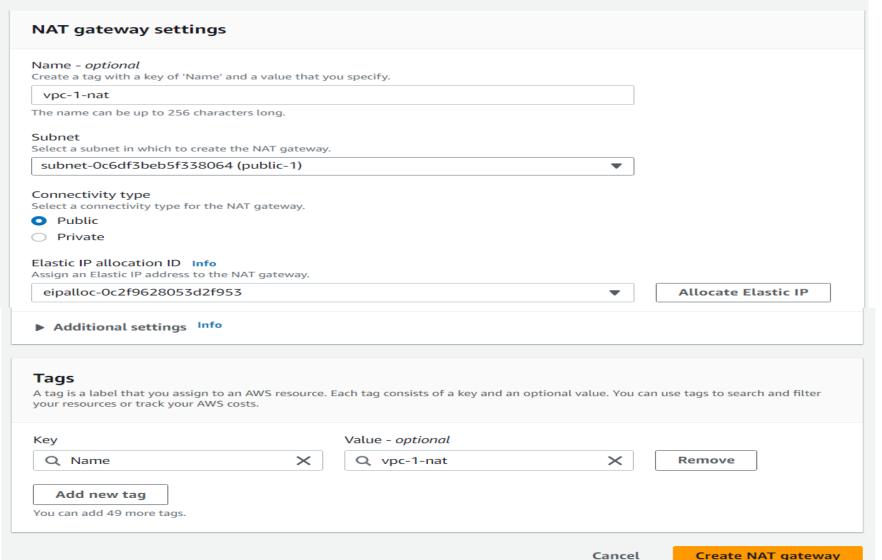
After creating the IGW we need to create Nat gateway and allocate elastic IP.

Elastic IP address 51.20.227.37 (eipalloc-0c2f9628053d2f953) allocated.

VPC > NAT gateways > Create NAT gateway

Create NAT gateway Info

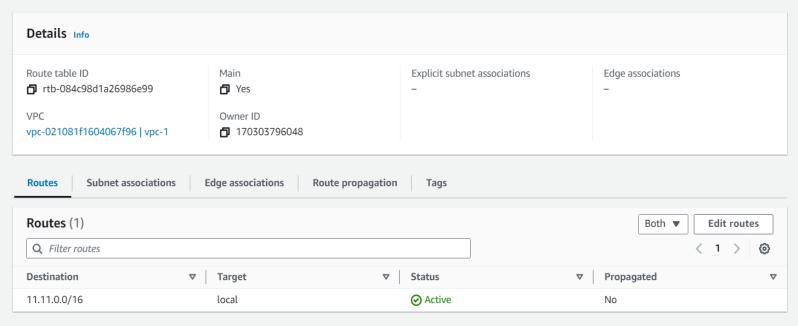
A highly available, managed Network Address Translation (NAT) service that instances in private subnets can use to connect to services in other VPCs, on-premises networks, or the internet.



VPC > Route tables > rtb-084c98d1a26986e99

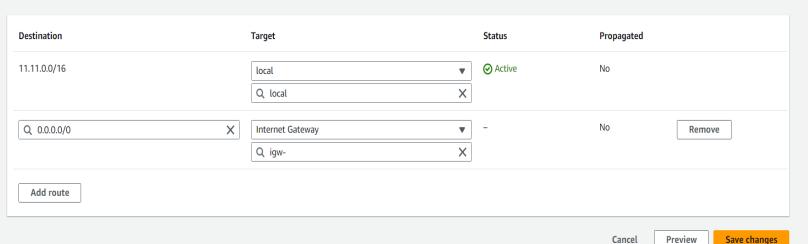
rtb-084c98d1a26986e99 / vpc-1-public

Actions ▼



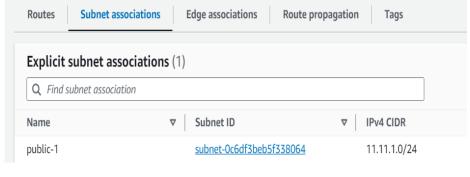
VPC > Route tables > rtb-084c98d1a26986e99 > Edit routes

Edit routes

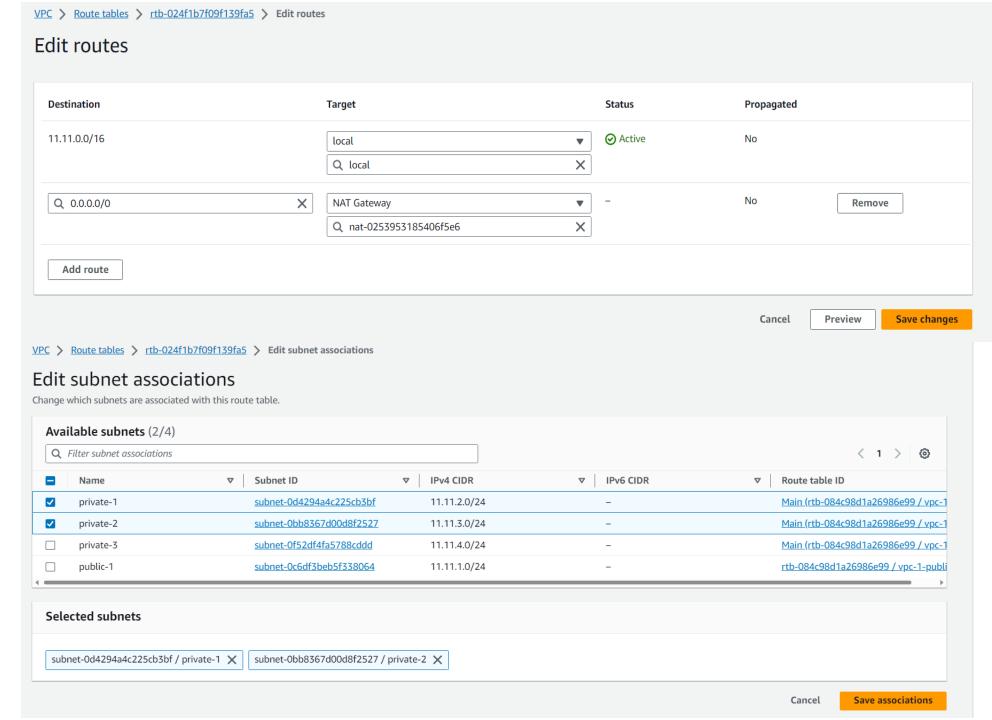


Move in public route table – go on edit route – choose internet gateway – save changes.

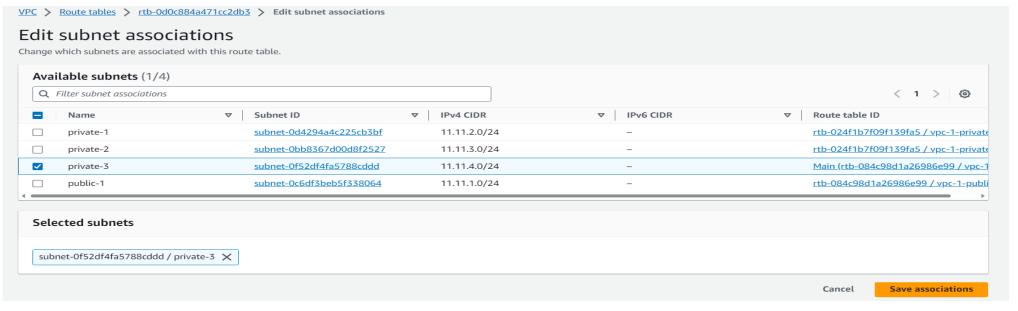
Next associate subnet public one with same Route table.



Again do the same with Private-1 route table – edit route and associate subnet.

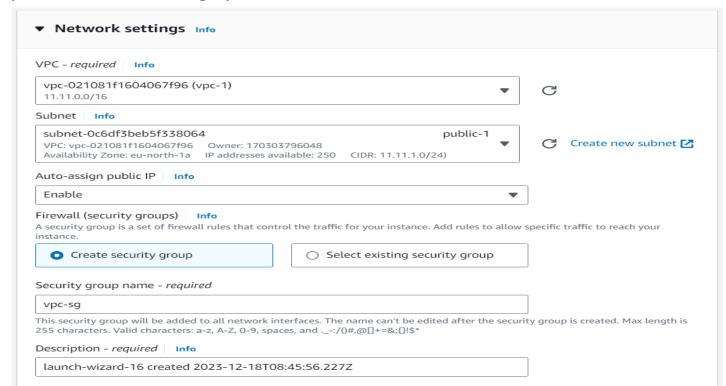


As with no internet route table we don't need to edit route because it doesn't have internet connectivity, only associate subnet.



Now we are going to launch instances in each public subnets using vpc-1.

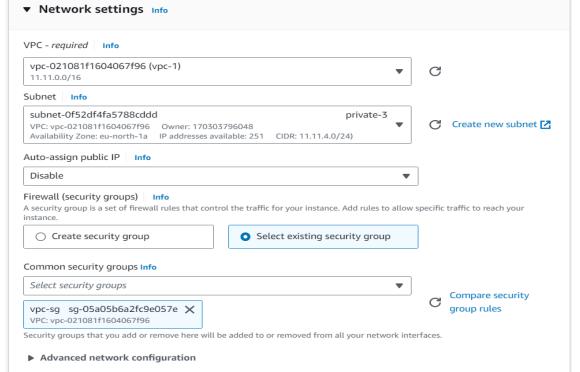
Launch instance one in public subnet, vpc-1 with elastic ip enable and security group with all traffic allowed.

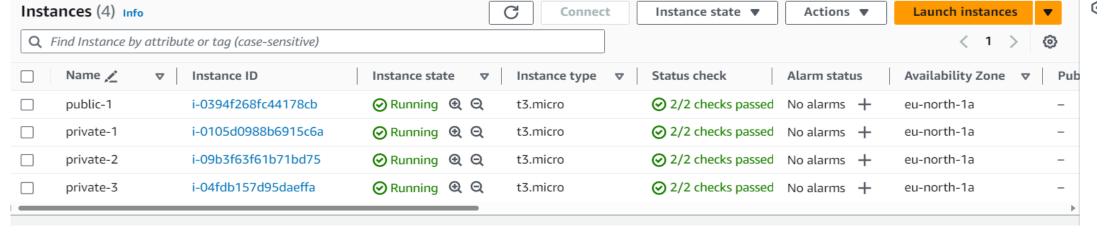


Auto assign public ip is disable in private subnet instances.

VPC - required Info	
vpc-021081f1604067f96 (vpc-1) 11.11.0.0/16	C
Subnet Info	
subnet-0d4294a4c225cb3bf private-1 VPC: vpc-021081f1604067f96 Owner: 170303796048 ▼ Availability Zone: eu-north-1a IP addresses available: 251 CIDR: 11.11.2.0/24)	C Create new subnet 🖸
Auto-assign public IP Info	
Disable	•
Firewall (security groups) Info A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to alloinstance.	w specific traffic to reach your
A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allo	w specific traffic to reach your
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A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow instance. Create security group Select existing security group	
A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow instance. Create security group Common security groups Info	C Compare security group rules

▼ Network settings Info		
VPC - required Info		
vpc-021081f1604067f96 (vpc-1) 11.11.0.0/16	C	
Subnet Info		
subnet-0bb8367d00d8f2527 private-2 VPC: vpc-021081f1604067f96 Owner: 170303796048 Availability Zone: eu-north-1a IP addresses available: 251 CIDR: 11.11.3.0/24)	C	Create new subnet 🔀
Auto-assign public IP Info		
Disable ▼		
Firewall (security groups) Info A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow instance.	specific	traffic to reach your
Create security group Select existing security group		
Common security groups Info		
Select security groups ▼		Common consuits
vpc-sg sg-05a05b6a2fc9e057e X VPC: vpc-021081f1604067f96	C	Compare security group rules
Security groups that you add or remove here will be added to or removed from all your network inte	rfaces.	
▶ Advanced network configuration		

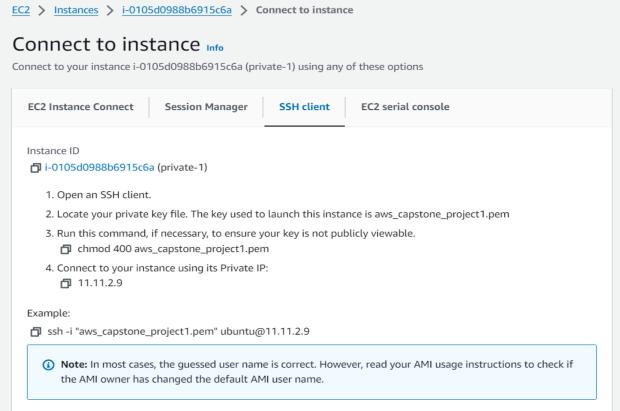




Connect to machine one check it has internet connectivity.

```
ubuntu@ip-11-11-1-234:~$ ping google.com
PING google.com (142.250.74.142) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=1 ttl=114 time=3.44 ms
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=2 ttl=114 time=3.47 ms
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=3 ttl=114 time=3.46 ms
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=4 ttl=114 time=3.49 ms
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=5 ttl=114 time=3.47 ms
64 bytes from arn11s11-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.142): icmp seq=6 ttl=114 time=3.49 ms
^C
--- google.com ping statistics ---
6 packets transmitted, 6 received, 0% packet loss, time 5009ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 3.442/3.471/3.493/0.016 ms
ubuntu@ip-11-11-1-234:~$ 🛚
  i-0394f268fc44178cb (public-1)
  PublicIPs: 13.49.72.148 PrivateIPs: 11.11.1.234
```

We cannot connect to private subnet instances directly so we can connect through SSH connection using the .pem key pair. For connecting the private 1 instance – go in public-1 instance – create a nano file aws_capstone_project1.pem paste the key inside the file then paste sudo chmod command and at last ssh-i------2.9 command and connect.



```
ubuntu@ip-11-11-2-9:~$ ping google.com
PING google.com (216.58.211.14) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from arn09s20-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=1 ttl=53 time=3.52 ms

64 bytes from muc03s13-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=2 ttl=53 time=3.17 ms

64 bytes from arn09s20-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=3 ttl=53 time=3.18 ms

64 bytes from muc03s13-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=4 ttl=53 time=3.17 ms

64 bytes from muc03s13-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=4 ttl=53 time=3.17 ms

64 bytes from muc03s13-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=5 ttl=53 time=3.23 ms

64 bytes from muc03s13-in-f14.1e100.net (216.58.211.14): icmp_seq=6 ttl=53 time=3.19 ms

^C

--- google.com ping statistics ---

6 packets transmitted, 6 received, 0% packet loss, time 5007ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 3.166/3.243/3.522/0.126 ms

ubuntu@ip-11-11-2-9:~$ []

i-0394f268fc44178cb (public-1)

PublicIPs: 13.49.72.148 PrivateIPs: 11.11.1.234
```

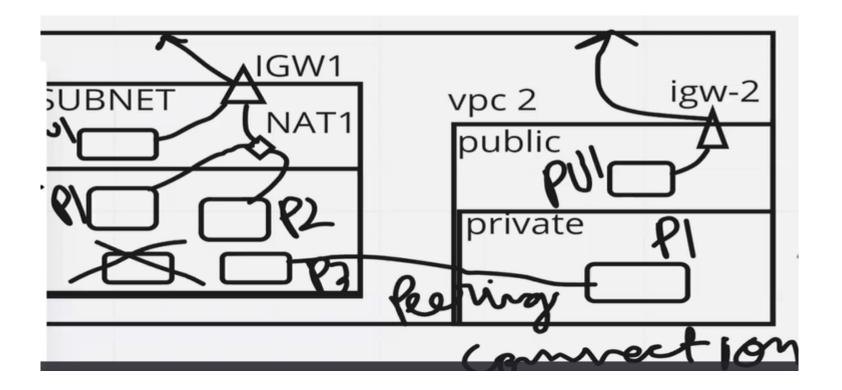
This time for connecting the private-2 machine we don't need to create nano file and paste chmod command.

```
ubuntu@ip-11-11-2-9:~$ exit
logout
Connection to 11.11.2.9 closed.
ubuntu@ip-11-11-1-234:~$ sudo ssh -i "aws_capstone_project1.pem" ubuntu@11.11.3.240 []

i-0394f268fc44178cb (public-1)
PublicIPs: 13.49.72.148 PrivateIPs: 11.11.1.234
```

i-0394f268fc44178cb (public-1)

PublicIPs: 13.49.72.148 PrivateIPs: 11.11.1.234



For development network we are going to follow the steps.

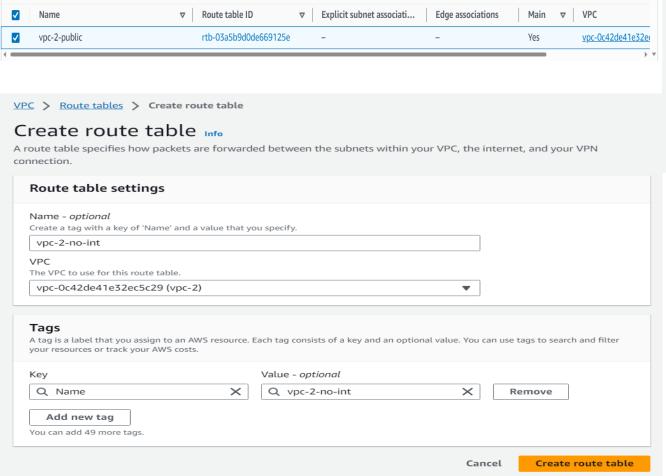
Route tables (1/1) Info

Q Find resources by attribute or tag

Route table ID = rtb-03a5b9d0de669125e X

Name the Route table associated to this VPC.

Clear filters

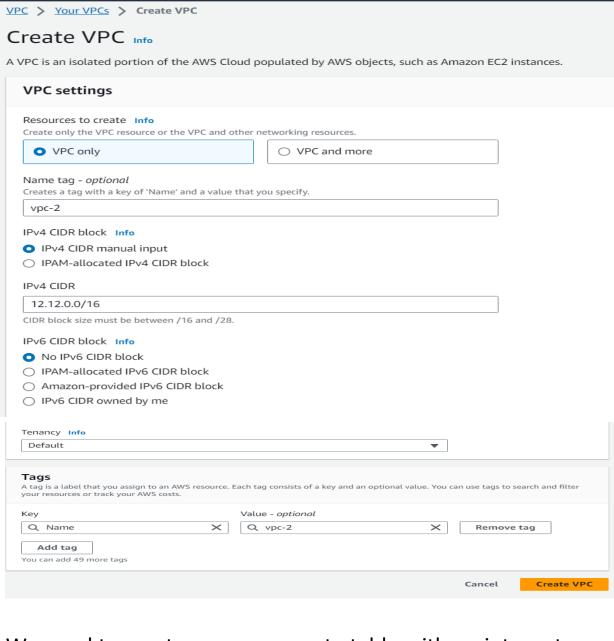


C

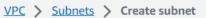
Actions ▼

Create route table

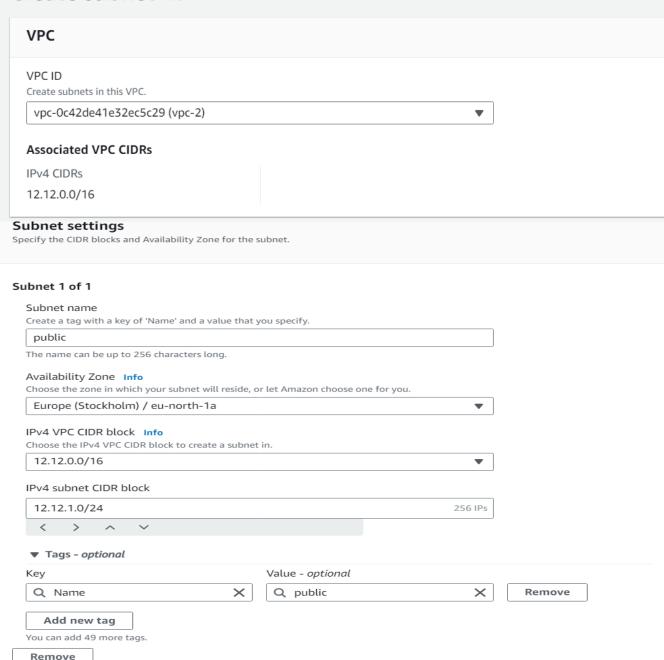
< 1 > @



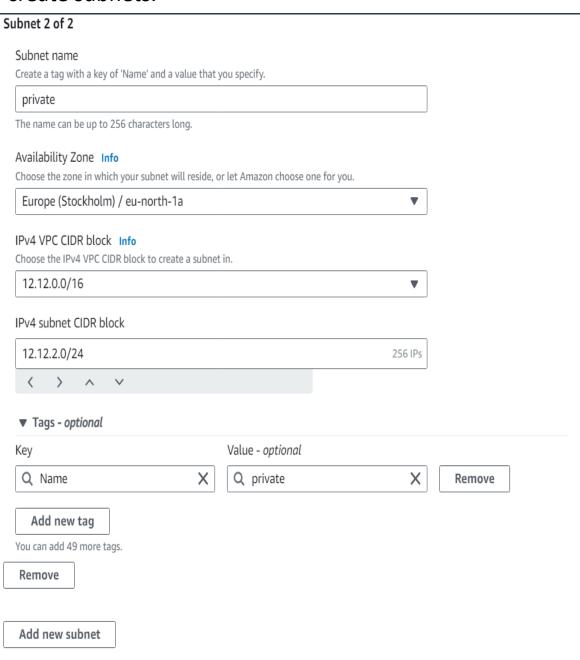
We need to create one more route table with no internet.



Create subnet Info



The next step is to create subnets.

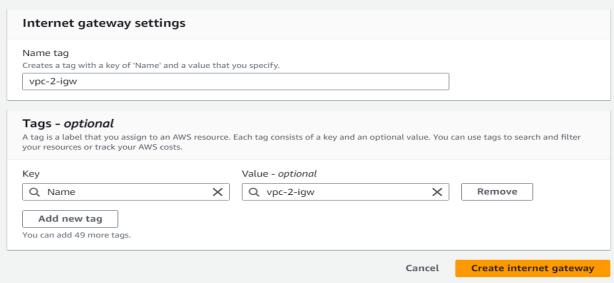


Create internet gateway Info

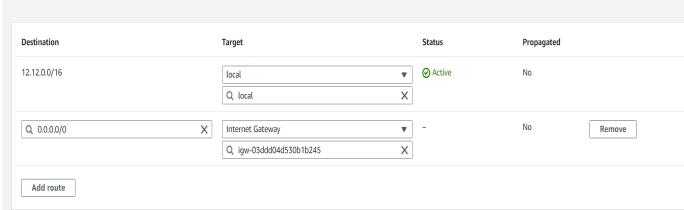
VPC > Route tables > rtb-03a5b9d0de669125e > Edit routes

Edit routes

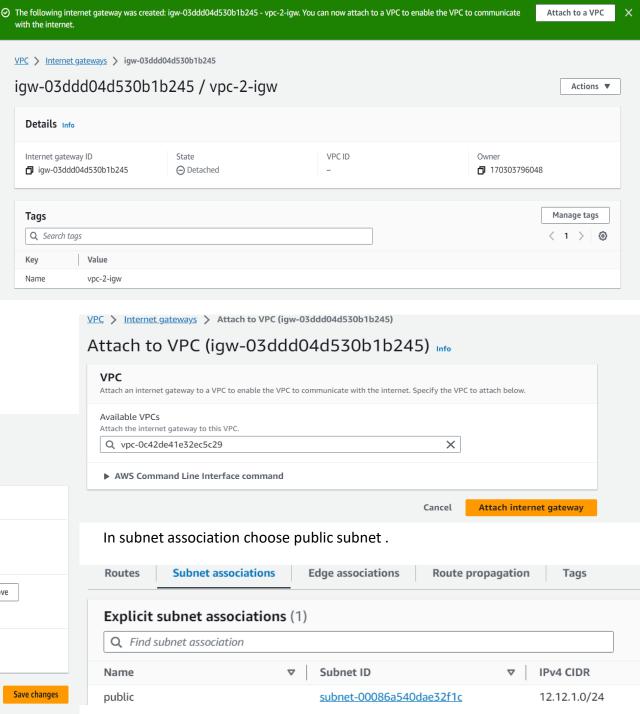
An internet gateway is a virtual router that connects a VPC to the internet. To create a new internet gateway specify the name for the gateway below.



In VPC-2-PUBLIC Route table edit route attach to igw-2.

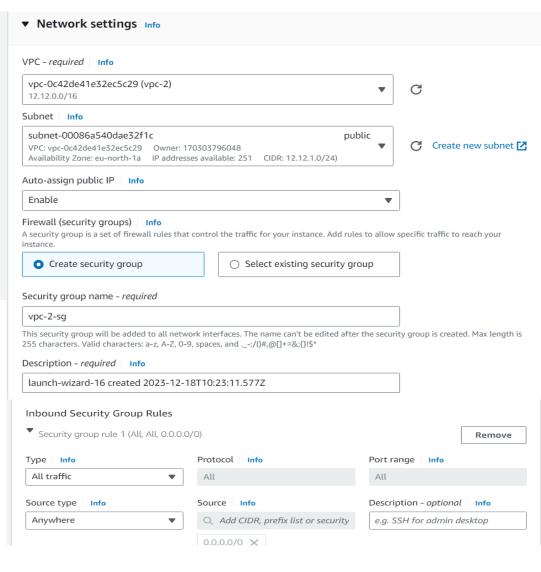


Cancel

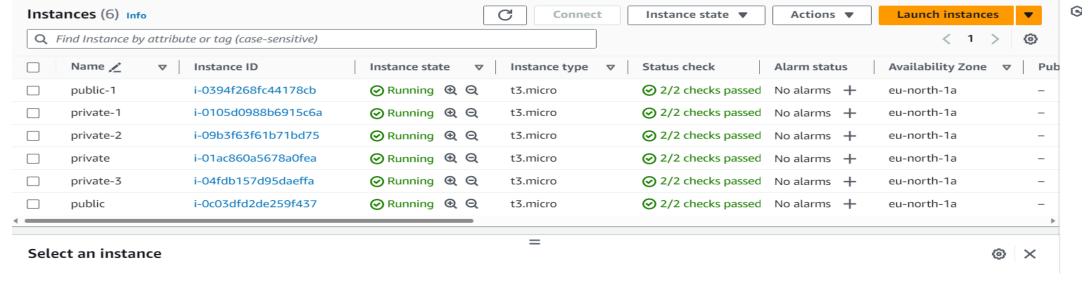


In vpc-2-no-int Route table edit subnet association and private subnet. VPC > Route tables > rtb-0849efb04a0d6058b > Edit subnet associations Edit subnet associations Change which subnets are associated with this route table. Available subnets (1/2) < 1 > 0 Q Filter subnet associations ∇ Subnet ID ▼ IPv4 CIDR ▼ IPv6 CIDR Route table ID public subnet-00086a540dae32f1c 12.12.1.0/24 rtb-03a5b9d0de669125e / vpc-2-publi subnet-078f35e3e0a846876 12.12.2.0/24 Main (rtb-03a5b9d0de669125e / vpc-. private Selected subnets subnet-078f35e3e0a846876 / private X Cancel Save associations ▼ Network settings Info VPC - required Info vpc-0c42de41e32ec5c29 (vpc-2) C 12.12.0.0/16 Subnet Info subnet-078f35e3e0a846876 private Create new subnet <a>C VPC: vpc-0c42de41e32ec5c29 Owner: 170303796048 Availability Zone: eu-north-1a IP addresses available: 251 CIDR: 12.12.2.0/24) Auto-assign public IP Info Disable ▼ Firewall (security groups) Info A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. Create security group Select existing security group Common security groups Info Select security groups Compare security group rules vpc-2-sg sg-00d3d4cd5aa17ec3f X VPC: vpc-0c42de41e32ec5c29 Security groups that you add or remove here will be added to or removed from all your network interfaces.

▶ Advanced network configuration



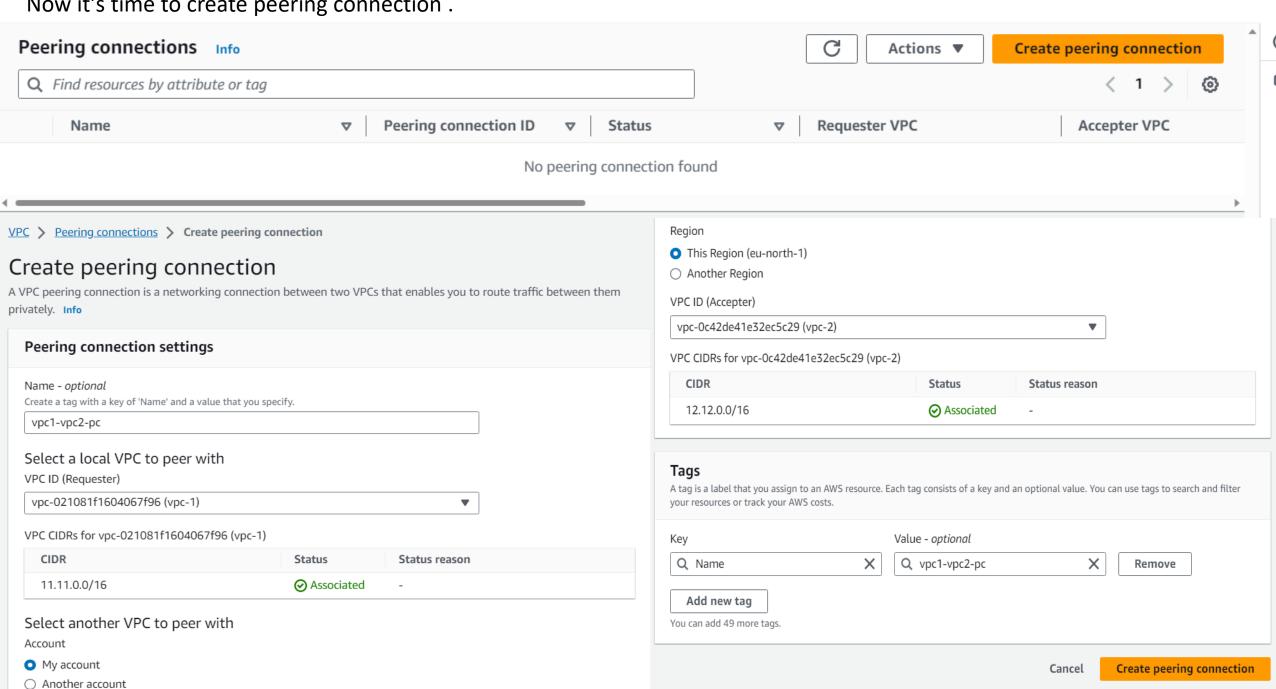
Launch two instances with these specifications.



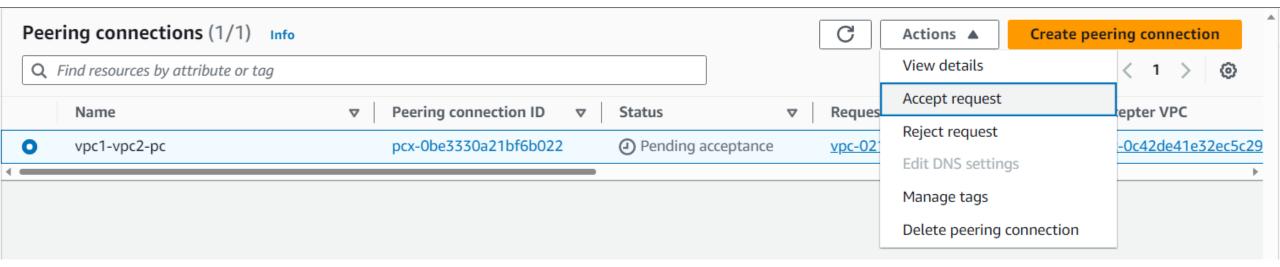
Let's connect to the public instance which has vpc-2 connection and check the internet connectivity.

```
ubuntu@ip-12-12-1-124:~$ ping google.com
PING google.com (142.250.74.46) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=1 ttl=55 time=2.88 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=2 ttl=55 time=2.91 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=3 tt1=55 time=2.93 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=4 ttl=55 time=2.92 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=5 ttl=55 time=2.93 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=6 tt1=55 time=2.93 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seg=7 tt1=55 time=2.97 ms
64 bytes from arn09s22-in-f14.1e100.net (142.250.74.46): icmp seq=8 ttl=55 time=3.01 ms
^C
--- google.com ping statistics ---
 packets transmitted, 8 received, 0% packet loss, time 7010ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 2.880/2.935/3.012/0.037 ms
ubuntu@ip-12-12-1-124:~$ 🗌
  i-0c03dfd2de259f437 (public)
  PublicIPs: 13.53.93.143 PrivateIPs: 12.12.1.124
```

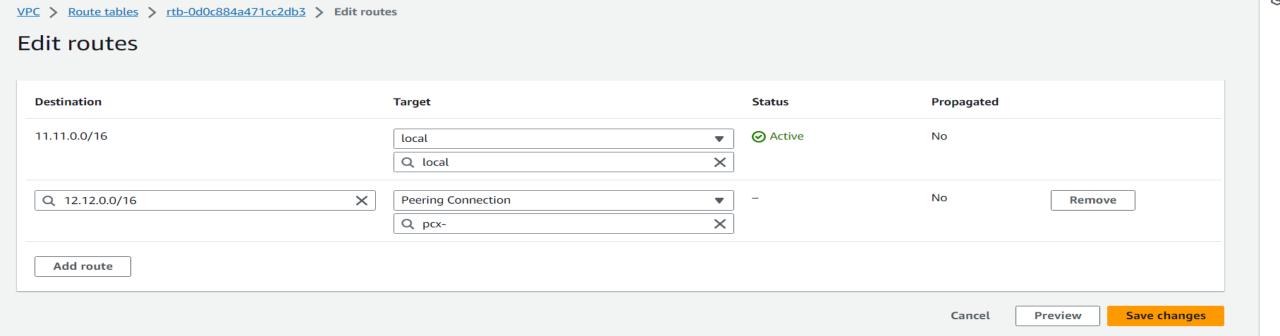
Now it's time to create peering connection .



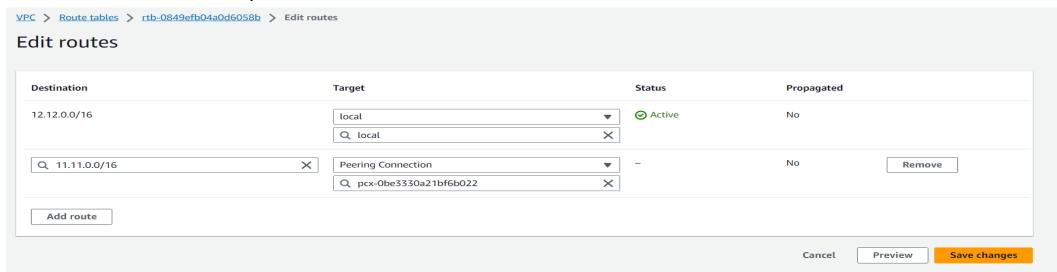
Choose the peering connection and accept the request.



Go in vpc-1-no-int Route table – edit route –save changes.



Also do the same with vpc-2-no-int Route table.



For connecting the private subnet instance these steps need to follow .

```
ubuntu@ip-12-12-1-124:~$ sudo nano aws_capstone_project1.pem
ubuntu@ip-12-12-1-124:~$ sudo chmod 400 aws_capstone_project1.pem
ubuntu@ip-12-12-1-124:~$ sudo ssh -i "aws_capstone_project1.pem" ubuntu@12.12.2.215

i-OcO3dfd2de259f437 (public)

PublicIPs: 13.53.93.143 PrivateIPs: 12.12.1.124
```

This private subnet instance is not get updated because it doesn't have NAT gateway. But for testing it have a peering connection we need to copy the ip of private3 instance and paste that in private instance.

```
ubuntu@ip-12-12-2-215:~$ ping 11.11.4.232
PING 11.11.4.232 (11.11.4.232) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.375 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.158 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.149 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.179 ms
64 bytes from 11.11.4.232: icmp seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.154 ms
--- 11.11.4.232 ping statistics ---
7 packets transmitted, 7 received, 0% packet loss, time 6128ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.149/0.204/0.375/0.073 ms
ubuntu@ip-12-12-2-215:~$ [
  i-0c03dfd2de259f437 (public)
  PublicIPs: 13.53.93.143 PrivateIPs: 12.12.1.124
```