```
Question 1
(1).
(4 - (-4)) / 32 = 0.25
(1.8 + 3.75)/0.25 = 22
(2.2 + 3.75)/0.25 = 24 \dots
22, 24, 24, 28, 28, 28, 25, 26, 26, 26, 21, 19, 20, 20, 22, 24, 24, 24, 23, 24, 20, 16, 10, 10, 8, 11, 6,
9, 9, 12, 15, 19
(2).
32 = 2^5
5 * 32 = 160
We need 160 bits to transmit it.
Question 2
(1).
Y U V 4:2:0
4 * 12 + 12 + 12 = 72 bits per 4 pixels
72/4 = 18 bits per pixel
1920 * 1080 * 18 * 24 = 895795200 = 111.97 Mbytes per second
Disk write with a varying disk write speed (12 to 36 Mbytes per second)
B out/B in = 12/111.97 = 0.107
```

352 * 288 * 18 * 24 = 43794432 = 5.47 Mbytes per second

File size smaller than 12 Mbytes, no compression needed.

(2).

(3).

Ratio can be 1.

1920:1080 = 16:9 = square pixel(1:1)

352:288 = 11: 9 = width:height

 $16/9 \div 11/9 = 1/1 \div width/height$

width/height = 11/16

The original square pixel is stretched from 1:1 to 11:16.

Pixel aspect ratio = 11/16 = 0.6875

Question 3

(1).

36km/h = 3600m/h = 10m/s

diameter = 0.4244

perimeter = pi*diameter = 0.4244pi

 $10\text{m/s} \div 0.4244\text{pi} = 7.5 \text{ rotations/sec}$

24 > 2*7.5, no aliasing effect. The rate of tire rotation is 7.5 rotations/sec.

(2).

7.5*360 = 2700 total degree in 1 second

2700 / 8 = 337.5 degree per frame

337.5 - 360 = -22.5 speed difference

-22.5 * 8 = -180 degree difference per second

-180 / 360 = -0.5 rotations/sec

Rotate backward in 0.5 rotations/sec.

(3).

Desired rate of rotation = 12 rotations/sec

180 km/h = 50 m/s

50m/s ÷ perimeter = 12 rotations/sec

Perimeter = 50/12 = pi*diameter

Diameter = 1.33m