

# Accept God & Endless Wins

# A Forgotten Guide to Spells of LATEX



# Contents

1	Ger	neral Memo
	1.1	The size of font
	1.2	Common Macros
	1.3	icon or logo
	1.4	First Line Indentation
	1.5	Command Abbreviations
2	Mat	thematical typesetting 2
	2.1	Spaces and Whitespace
	2.2	Equation and text
	2.3	Math Font
	2.4	Brackets
	2.5	Virtual Binomial Coefficients
	2.6	Limit, Summation, Product, Integral
	2.7	Stacking and Overlays
	2.8	Equation Alignment
	2.9	Theorem
	2.10	Greek Alphabet (with var)
	2.11	Symbol
	2.12	Matrix
	2.13	Underlines
3	Tik	${f z}$
4	Rea	umer 5
•	4.1	Basic
	4.2	Github
	4.3	Font Color
	4.4	the height of headline
5	Ten	$\epsilon$
	5.1	Template Collection
A	Ren	nark 6

# 1 General Memo

# 1.1 The size of font

- Common units: pt, 1pc = 12pt (Chinese size 4), 1in = 72.27pt, 1cm = 2.45pt, mm, em (width of the capital M in the current font size), ex (height of the lowercase x in the current font size)
- \textwidth: The total width for text on the page, which is the page width minus the left and right margins.
- \linewidth: The allowable line width for the current line of text.
- Variable length: 3pt to 8pt, written as 5pt plus 3pt minus 2pt
- Multiples: 1.5 \parindent

	tiny	scriptsize	footnotesize	$\operatorname{small}$	$ onumnatrial{normalsize} $	$_{ m large}$	Large	LARGE	$_{ m huge}$	Huge
10pt	5pt	$7\mathrm{pt}$	8pt	9pt	10pt	12pt	14pt	17pt	20pt	25pt
11pt	6pt	8pt	9pt	10pt	11pt	12pt	14pt	17pt	20pt	25pt
12pt	6pt	8pt	10pt	11pt	12pt	14pt	17pt	20pt	25pt	25pt

#### 1.2 Common Macros

- The non-roman letters \usepackage{tipa}: tipa manural
- orphan heading \usepackage{needspace}: \needspace{5\baselineskip} \section{Title}
   starts a new page if there is less than 5 lines of space left.
- custom header style \usepackage{fancyhdr}: fancyhdr manural
- \usepackage{ifthen}: ifthen manural

#### 1.3 icon or logo

- \usepackage{fontawesome}: fontawesome manural
- \usepackage{fontawesome5}: fontawesome5 manural
- \usepackage{academicons} academicons manural

## 1.4 First Line Indentation

Globally: \setlength{\parindent}{Opt}

Single paragraph: \noindent

#### 1.5 Command Abbreviations

\newcommand{\ab}{\abcdef}

# 2 Mathematical typesetting

## 2.1 Spaces and Whitespace

Negative: \! Thick: \; Double-quad: \qquad
Thin: \, Inter-word: \ Horizontal: \hspace{2cm}
Medium: \: Quad: \quad Vertical: \vspace{-2cm}

```
Reduce the space between formulas and text
```

```
\AtBeginDocument{
\addtolength{\abovedisplayskip}{-2ex}
\addtolength{\abovedisplayshortskip}{-2ex}
\addtolength{\belowdisplayskip}{-2ex}
\addtolength{\belowdisplayshortskip}{-2ex}}
```

#### 2.2 Equation and text

```
f_{[x_{i-1},x_i]} \text{ is monotonic,} \quad i = 1,\dots,c+1 f_{[x_{i-1},x_i]} \text{ is monotonic, } i=1,\ldots,c+1 \\ \gcd(n,m\bmod n) ; \quad x\equiv y\pmod b ; \quad x\equiv y\mod c ; \quad x\equiv y\pmod d gcd(n,m mod n); <math>x\equiv y \pmod b; x\equiv y \mod c; x\equiv y \pmod b
```

#### 2.3 Math Font

```
\mathcal{}(no lowercase) \( ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \)
\mathscr{}(no lowercase, need mathrsfs) \( ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \)
\mathbb{}(no lowercase, need amssymb) \( ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \)
\mathfrak{} \( (uppercase and lowercase, need amssymb) \)
\( \Rangle \Partial \P
```

#### 2.4 Brackets

#### Preferred order:

\big1, \bigr etc. from amsmath
\big, \Big, \bigg required by some journals
\left(, \right) minimum standard

For double brackets [1; n]:  $[\![1;n]\!]$ 

#### 2.5 Virtual Binomial Coefficients

# 2.6 Limit, Summation, Product, Integral

$$\begin{array}{lll} & \lim_{n\to\infty} \\ \text{$\operatorname{lim}_{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{varlimsup}_{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{lim}_{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{sum}_{n=1}^{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{sum}_{n=1}^{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{prod}_{n=1}^{n\to\infty}$} \\ \text{$\operatorname{lim}_{n\to\infty}$} \\$$

# 

#### 2.7 Stacking and Overlays

$$\label{eq:contine_m+n} $$ \operatorname{m+n} = a_1+\operatorname{dots+a_n}_{n} $$ \operatorname{a_1+\ldots+a_n} = a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ b+c+d+e+f+g+h $$ a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ b+c+d+e+f+g+h $$ b+c+d+e+f+g+h $$ a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ b+c+d+e+f+g+h $$ a_1+\cdots+a_n $$ a_1+\cdots+a$$

 $\vec{a}$  \vec a  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  \overrightarrow{PQ}  $\hat{A}$  \hat{A}  $\widehat{AB}$  \widehat{AB}  $\tilde{C}$  \tilde{C}  $\widetilde{CD}$  \widetilde{CD}  $\tilde{C}$  \tilde{C}

# 2.8 Equation Alignment

# Use \* to suppress numbering

\$\$\begin{split}
a& =b+c-d\\
& \quad +e-f\\
& =g+h\\
& =i
\end{split}\$\$\$

$$a = b + c - d$$

$$+ e - f$$

$$= g + h$$

$$= i$$
(1)

\begin{multline}
a+b+c+d+e+f\\
+i+j+k+l+m+n\\
+o+p+q+r+s
\end{multline}

$$a_1 = b_1 + c_1$$
 (2)  
 $a_2 = b_2 + c_2 - d_2 + e_2$  (3)

\begin{align}
a\_1& =b\_1+c\_1\\
a\_2& =b\_2+c\_2-d\_2+e\_2
\end{align}

$$a_1 = b_1 + c_1$$
 (4)  
 $a_2 = b_2 + c_2 - d_2 + e_2$  (5)

\begin{align}
a\_{11}&=b\_{11}&a\_{12}&=b\_{12}\\
a\_{21}&=b\_{21}&a\_{22}&=b\_{22}+c\_{22}
\end{align}

$$a_{11} = b_{11}$$
  $a_{12} = b_{12}$  (6)  
 $a_{21} = b_{21}$   $a_{22} = b_{22}$  (7)

\begin{alignat}{2}
a\_1& =b\_1+c\_1& &+e\_1-f\_1\\
a\_2& =b\_2+c\_2&{}-d\_2&+e\_2\end{alignat}

$$a_1 = b_1 + c_1 + e_1 - f_1$$
 (8)  
 $a_2 = b_2 + c_2 - d_2 + e_2$  (9)

\begin{flalign}
a\_{11}& =b\_{11}& a\_{12}& =b\_{12}\\
a\_{21}& =b\_{21}& a\_{22}& =b\_{22}\\
end{flalign}

$$a_{11} = b_{11}$$
  $a_{12} = b_{12}$  (10)  
 $a_{21} = b_{21}$   $a_{22} = b_{22} + c_{22}$  (11)

## 2.9 Theorem

\newtheorem{envname}[counter]{text}[section]

## 2.10 Greek Alphabet (with var)

 $\vartheta$  \vartheta ς \varsigma  $arxise \Xi$  \varXi  $\Omega$  \varOmega search learn  $\Gamma$  \varGamma arpi varpi ∏ \varPi \digamma  $\varphi$  \varphi  $\Upsilon$  \varUpsilon arDelta \varDelta  $\varrho$  \varrho  $\Theta$  \varTheta  $\Phi$  \varPhi

arLambda \varLambda arPsi \varPsi

## 2.11 Symbol

\varepsilon

 +
 +
 +
 x
 \times
 ≠
 \neq
 amssyb

 ⊙
 \odot,\bigodot
 ⊗
 \otimes,\bigotimes
 ≤
 \leq
 esint

 ⊕
 \opplus,\bigoplus
 ÷
 \div
 ≤
 \leqslant

$\geq$	\geq	$\cap$	\cap,\bigcap	∳	\ointctrclockwise
$\geqslant$	\geqslant	U	\cup,\bigcup	∳	\varointclockwise
$\gg$	\gg	$\wedge$	\wedge,\bigwedge	_	(Valointelockwise
$\ll$	\11	$\vee$	\vee,\bigvee	3	\exists
=	\equiv	$\subset$	\subset	$\forall$	\forall
$\sim$	\sim	$\supset$	\supset	•	\bullet
$\sim$	\backsim	$\subseteq$	\subseteq	$\infty$	\infty
$\approx$	\approx	$\supseteq$	\supseteq	Ø	\varnothing
$\cong$	\cong	$\int_{-1}^{1}$	\int	$\nabla$	\nabla
$\pm$	\pm	IJ	\iint	0	\circ
Ŧ	\mp	∮	\oint,\bigoint	_	\angle
$\in$	\in	∯.	\varoiint	$\perp$	\perp

#### Another

 $\label{local-condition} $$\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathrm{Hom}} $ define \ Hom, \ and \ use \ \mathbb{V}, \ W) \ a_1,a_2,\dots,a_n \ and \ a_1+a_2+\cdots+a_n $$ 

# 2.12 Matrix

```
\bigl( \begin{smallmatrix} a&b\\ c&d \end{smallmatrix} \bigr) 
 There is a smallmatrix environment \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}
```

## 2.13 Underlines

<pre>\uline{Underlined} \uuline{Double Underlined} \dashuline{Dashed Underline} \usepackage{ulem}</pre>	$egin{array}{l} \underline{Underlined} \ \underline{DoubleUnderlined} \ DashedUnderline \end{array}$
---	--

# 3 TikZ

# 4 Beamer

# 4.1 Basic

- Matrix: Choose a Theme
- For Beautiful Presentations (EN)

#### 4.2 Github

• CN

# 4.3 Font Color

 $\label{lem:color} $$\operatorname{fg=green} \end{fg=green}, or \end{fg=green}, g=black}$ 

# 4.4 the height of headline

EX: \usetheme[height=3cm]{Rochester}

# 5 Template

# 5.1 Template Collection

- KeepResearch: CN, more simple and clearer than overleaf
- Latextemplates: EN, more simple and clearer than overleaf

## 5.1.1 Github

- Elegant
- ElegantBook: Anime-themed
- ExBook: Problem Set

# A Remark

- $\bullet~$  The cover is from Wechat
- This section 2 is based on references such as [1, 2].

# References

- [1] M. Downes. Short Math Guide for LATEX. AMS, 2017.
- [2] K. Wu. Simple and Efficient LATEX. 2020. Note-by-LaTeX.