## MCMT Homework 11

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## Exercise 11.1

It is sufficient to show  $\tau$  is an on-to mapping to show it is bijection. For  $x \in S_n$ ,  $\tau^{-1}x$  exists. So  $P(\tau\sigma) = P(\sigma)$ . If  $\sigma$  follows uniform distribution, so does  $\tau\sigma$ .

## Exercise 11.2

Suppose there are n cards in total and m cards in the left hand. Consider the next card to be dropped from the bottom of left-right deck or the right-hand deck.

Following the first model, the number of cases that the next card is from the left hand is  $\binom{n}{m} - \binom{n-1}{m} = \binom{n-1}{m-1}$ . The number of cases that the next card is from the right hand:  $\binom{n-1}{m}$ . The ratio of probability of the next card being from the left hand versus the right hand is  $\binom{n-1}{m-1}/\binom{n-1}{m} = m/(n-m)$ . Following the second model, the ratio of probability of the next card being from the left hand versus the right hand is  $\frac{m}{n}/\frac{n-m}{n} = m/(n-m)$ . So they have the same probability distribution on the next card to be described. This is applied to such that C there they also the probability distribution on the next card to be described.

dropped. This is applied to each step. So these two characterizations are equivalent.