Day 3 - API Integration and Data Migration Report

Marketplace Name: SXN by NASH

API Integration

Overview

API integration is a crucial step in connecting external data sources with our frontend and CMS. For this project, we created a mock API with custom data to simulate real-world scenarios. This API provides endpoints for product listings, categories, and other relevant data, enabling a seamless data flow into our Sanity CMS and Next.js frontend.

Step 1: Creating a Mock API

- 1. **Purpose**: To simulate a real API for testing data integration and migration.
- 2. Implementation:
 - Defined endpoints such as /products and /categories.
 - Used tools like json-server or a custom Express.js server to serve mock data.

Data Format Example:

```
RESOURCE DATA - PRODUCTS
Resource data
Edit/replace data for products resource. Data must be an array and a valid JSON.
 [
   {
     "title": "EKHTIARI",
     "price": 24,
     "description": "A bold and captivating fragrance that combines
 traditional and modern elements.",
     "image":
 "https://res.cloudinary.com/dd4xvwf8d/image/upload/v1737130831/perfume4_l
 wbql8.jpg",
     "rating": 48,
     "discountPercentage": 77,
     "priceWithoutDiscount": 24,
     "ratingCount": 40,
     "tags": [
       "oriental",
       "classic"
     ],
       eizoe". [
```

Step 2: Integrating API with Next.js

1. Utility Functions:

Created a utility functions for fetching data from Sanity:

2. Rendering Data in Components:

Used the fetched data to render product listings and categories in Next.js components:

```
> import { useEffect, useState } from "react"; ...
 function ProductSection() {
  const [product, setProduct] = useState<WatchesXPerfumes[]>([]);
   useEffect(() => {
    const fetchData = async () => {
      const data: WatchesXPerfumes[] = await DataFetching(); // Fetch data
      const slicedData: WatchesXPerfumes[] = data.slice(3, 11); // Slice data
      setProduct(slicedData);
    fetchData();
     <div className="w-full py-9">
      <div className="flex flex-col items-center md:justify-center">
        <div className="mb-8 flex flex-col w-full text-center md:max-w-[463px]">
          Featured Products
         BESTSELLER PRODUCTS
         Problems trying to resolve the conflict between 
         className="grid grid-cols-1 sm:grid-cols-2 md:grid-cols-4 gap-7 px-4"
          {product.map((item, index) => (
           <JustForYou key={index} {...item} />
 export default ProductSection;
```

3. Testing API Integration:

- Verified API responses using Postman and browser developer tools.
- o Logged responses to ensure data consistency and identify issues.

Data Migration

Step 1: Validating and Adjusting Schema

- 1. Compared the mock API fields with our Sanity CMS schema.
- 2. Adjusted field names, types, and relationships to ensure compatibility.
 - o Example:

■ API Field: product_title

■ Schema Field: name

```
type: number validation: (nule:Nule) = - no.

validation: (nule:Nule) => Rule.min(0),

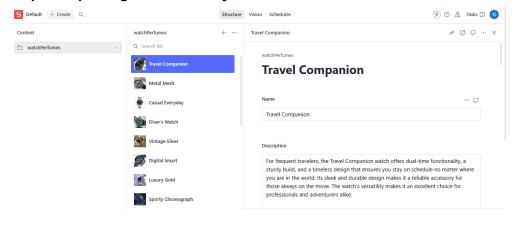
the: 'Rating Count',

type: 'aray',

(nume: 'tage',
 type: 'aray',
 of: [( type: 'string' )],
 (nume: 'sizes',
 type: 'aray',
 of: [( type: 'string' )],
 options: (
 layout: 'tags', // Optional: Makes it
 ),

)
        optimile layout: 'tab'
),
},
{
name: 'categories',
title: 'fategories',
type: 'array',
of: [(type: 'string')],
options: [
layout: 'tags',
],
```

Step 2: Importing Data to Sanity CMS



```
importSanityData.mjs X satchesXPerfumes.ts
                                              newProduct.ts
                                                                watchePerfumes.ts
scripts > 🇾 importSanityData.mjs > 😚 importData > 🕪 sanityProduct
      async function importData() {
          console.log('Fetching products from API...')
          console.log("api endpoint", process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_API_ENDPOINT)
          const response = await axios.get(process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_API_ENDPOINT)
          const products = response.data.slice(0,20)
          console.log(`Fetched ${products.length} products`)
          for (const product of products) {
            console.log(`Processing product: ${product.title}`)
            let imageRef = null
            if (product.image) {
              imageRef = await uploadImageToSanity(product.image)
            const sanityProduct = {
              _type: 'watchPerfumes',
              name: product.title,
              description: product.description,
              moreDetails:product.moreDetails,
              price: product.price,
              discountPercentage: 0,
              priceWithoutDiscount: product.price,
              rating: product.rating?.rate || 0,
              ratingCount: product.rating?.count || 0,
              tags: product.tag? [product.tag] : [],
              categories: product.category? [product.category] : [],
              brand:product.brand,
              colors:product.color,
              stock Quantity:product.stock Quantity,
              brand:product.brand,
```

1. Validation:

Verified data consistency post-import by checking the Sanity Studio interface.

Step 3: Fetching Data from Sanity CMS

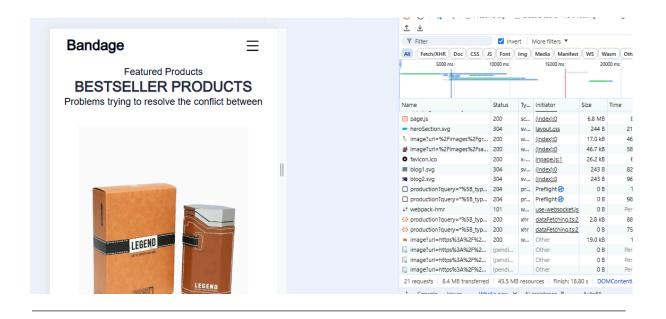
1. Using client.fetch():

Queried the Sanity dataset using GROQ queries:

```
const response:WatchesXPerfumes[] = await client.fetch(`*[_type == "watchPerfumes"] {name, title, description, brand,
price, priceWithoutDiscount, "imageUrl": image.asset->url}`)
```

2. Rendering Sanity Data in Frontend:

- Replaced mock API data with Sanity CMS data in the Next.js components.
- Confirmed seamless integration between frontend and Sanity.



Learnings and Insights

- Gained hands-on experience with API integration, mock data creation, and data migration.
- Improved understanding of schema design and validation in Sanity CMS.
- Enhanced skills in handling errors and creating a smooth user experience during API calls.
- Discovered best practices for data migration and maintaining data integrity.