SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ADVANCING RELIABILITY AND MEDICAL DATA ANALYSIS THROUGH NOVEL STATISTICAL DISTRIBUTION EXPLORATION

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1. Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used in this paper:

RB-TL-EHL-G Ristić-Balakrishnan-Topp-Leone-Exponentiated half Logistic-G

cdf cumulative distribution function pdf probability density function

hrf hazard rate function Exp-G exponentiated-G

PWMs probability weighted moments
RB-TL-EHL-LoG RB-TL-EHL-Log-Logistic
RB-TL-EHL-W RB-TL-EHL-Weibull
RB-TL-EHL-Lomax

MLEs maximum likelihood estimates

Mean mean estimate ABias average bias

RMSE root mean square error

OEHL-BXII odd exponentiated half-logistic-Burr XII
APExLLD alpha power extended log-logistic
APTLW power Topp-Leone Weibull
AIC Akaike Information Criterion

CAIC Consistent Akaike Information Criterion

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{BIC} & \text{Bayesian Information Criterion} \\ W^* & \text{Cram\'er-von Mises statistic} \\ A^* & \text{Anderson-Darling statistic} \\ \text{K-S} & \text{Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic} \end{array}$

ECDF empirical cumulative distribution function

TTT total time on test K-M Kaplan-Meier

2. Elements of Score Vector

The elements of the score vector U are given as follows:

$$\frac{\partial \ell_n}{\partial \sigma} = \frac{n(\Gamma'(\sigma))}{\Gamma(\sigma)} + \sum_{i=1}^n \ln \left(-\log \left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)} \right)^a \right)^2 \right]^b \right),$$

$$\frac{\partial \ell_n}{\partial b} = \frac{n}{b} - (\sigma - 1) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b \ln\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]}{\left(-\log\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b\right) \left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b} + \sum_{i=1}^n \ln\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right],$$

$$\frac{\partial \ell_n}{\partial a} = \frac{n}{a} - 2b(\sigma - 1) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^{b-1} \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)}{\left(-\log\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b\right) \left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b} \\
\times \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a \ln\left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right) - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a \ln\left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)}{\left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)} \\
+ 2(b-1) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}_i(x; \Psi)}\right)^a\right) \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a \ln\left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)}{\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i; \Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]} \\
- \ln\left[1 + \overline{G}(x_i; \Psi)\right]$$

and

$$\frac{\partial \ell_n}{\partial \Psi_k} = -4ba(\sigma - 1) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^{b-1} \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)}{\left(-\log\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b \left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right]^b} \\ \times \frac{\left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^{a-1} \frac{\partial G(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)\right]^2} + 4a(b-1) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right) \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^{a-1} \frac{\partial G(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[1 - \left(1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)^2\right] \left[1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)\right]^2} \\ + a \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^{a-1} \frac{\partial G(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{G(x_i;\Psi)}{1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}\right)^a\right)} + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\frac{\partial g(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[g(x_i;\Psi)\right]} + (a-1) \frac{\frac{\partial G(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[G(x_i;\Psi)\right]} \\ - (a+1) \frac{\frac{\partial \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)}{\partial \Psi_k}}{\left[1 + \overline{G}(x_i;\Psi)\right]}.$$

3. Some Probability Distributions

3.1. The gamma exponentiated Lindley log-logistic (GELLLoG) Distribution. The pdf of the gamma exponentiated Lindley log-logistic (GELLLoG) distribution is given by

$$\begin{split} f_{GELLLoG}(x;\lambda,c,\alpha,\delta) &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\delta)} \bigg[-\log \bigg(1 - \bigg[1 - \frac{1 + \lambda + \lambda x}{1 + \lambda} \frac{e^{-\lambda x}}{(1 + x^c)} \bigg]^{\alpha} \bigg) \bigg]^{\delta - 1} \\ &\times \alpha \bigg[1 - \frac{1 + \lambda + \lambda x}{1 + \lambda} \frac{e^{-\lambda x}}{(1 + x^c)} \bigg]^{\alpha - 1} \\ &\times \frac{(1 + x^c)^{-1}}{1 + \lambda} e^{-\lambda x} \bigg[\lambda^2 (1 + x) + \frac{(1 + \lambda + \lambda x)cx^{c - 1}}{1 + x^c} \bigg], \end{split}$$

for $\lambda, c, \alpha, \delta > 0$.

3.2. The exponentiated half-logistic odd Weibull-Topp-Leone-log logistic (EHLOW-TL-LLoG) Distribution. The pdf of the exponentiated half-logistic odd Weibull-Topp-Leone-log logistic (EHLOW-TL-LLoG) distribution is given by

$$f_{EHLOW-TL-BXII}(x; \alpha, \beta, \delta, \lambda, \gamma) = \frac{4\alpha\beta\delta\lambda\gamma x^{\lambda-1}(1+x^{\lambda})^{-2\gamma-1}[1-(1+x^{\lambda})^{-2\gamma}]^{\alpha\beta-1}}{(1-[1-(1+x^{\lambda})^{-2\gamma}]^{\alpha})^{\beta+1}} \times \exp(-t)(1+\exp(-t))^{-2}\left[\frac{1-\exp(-t)}{1+\exp(-t)}\right]^{\delta-1},$$

where $t = \left[\frac{[1-(1+x^{\lambda})^{-2\gamma}]^{\alpha}}{1-[1-(1+x^{\lambda})^{-2\gamma}]^{\alpha}}\right]^{\beta}$, for $\alpha, \beta, \delta, \lambda, \gamma > 0$ (We obtain the EHLOW-TL-LLoG distribution from the EHLOW-TL-BXII distribution by setting $\gamma = 1$).

3.3. The odd exponentiated half-logistic- Burr XII (OEHL-BXII) Distribution. The pdf of the odd exponentiated half-logistic- Burr XII (OEHL-BXII) distribution is given by

$$f_{OEHLBXII}(x;\alpha,\lambda,a,b) = \frac{2\alpha\lambda abx^{a-1}\exp(\lambda[1-(1+x^a)^b])(1-\exp(\lambda[1-(1+x^a)^b]))^{\alpha-1}}{(1+x^a)^{-b-1}(1+\exp(\lambda[1-(1+x^a)^b]))^{\alpha+1}},$$

for $\alpha, \lambda, a, b > 0$,

3.4. The alpha power extended log-logistic (APExLLD) Distribution. The pdf of the alpha power extended log-logistic (APExLLD) distribution is given by

$$f_{APExLLD}(x;\alpha,a,b,c) = \frac{ac\log(\alpha)\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^{-a-1}}{b(\alpha-1)} \left[\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^{-a} + 1\right]^{-c-1} \alpha^{\left[\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)^{-a} + 1\right]^{-c}},$$

for $\alpha, a, b, c > 0$ and x > 0.

3.5. The alpha power Topp-Leone Weibull (APTLW) Distribution. The pdf of the alpha power Topp-Leone Weibull (APTLW) distribution is given by

$$f_{APTLW}(x;\theta,\alpha,\beta,\lambda) = \frac{2\beta\theta\lambda\log(\alpha)x^{\beta-1}\exp\left(-2\lambda x^{\beta}\right)}{\alpha-1}\left(1-\exp\left(-2\lambda x^{\beta}\right)\right)^{\theta-1} \times \alpha^{\left(1-\exp\left(-2\lambda x^{\beta}\right)\right)^{\theta}},$$

for $\theta, \alpha, \beta, \lambda > 0$.

4. Data Used in the paper

4.1. **Eruptions Data.** This data set was reported by Professor Jim Irish, and can be accessed at http://www.statsci.org/data/oz/kiama.html. Regarding the Kiama Blowhole eruptions, the following data is provided:

 $83, \, 51, \, 87, \, 60, \, 28, \, 95, \, 8, \, 27, \, 15, \, 10, \, 18, \, 16, \, 29, \, 54, \, 91, \, 8, \, 17, \, 55, \, 10, \, 35, \, 47, \, 77, \, 36, \, 17, \, 21, \, 36, \, 18, \, 40, \, 10, \, 7, \, 34, \, 27, \, 28, \, 56, \, 8, \, 25, \, 68, \, 146, \, 89, \, 18, \, 73, \, 69, \, 9, \, 37, \, 10, \, 82, \, 29, \, 8, \, 60, \, 61, \, 61, \, 18, \, 169, \, 25, \, 8, \, 26, \, 11, \, 83, \, 11, \, 42, \, 17, \, 14, \, 9, \, 12.$

- 4.2. **Remission Times Data.** This data is from [1], and it is about the remission times (in months) of 128 patients suffering from bladder cancer. The dataset values are as follows: 0.08, 2.09, 3.48, 4.87, 6.94, 8.66, 13.11, 23.63, 0.20, 2.23, 3.52, 4.98, 6.97, 9.02, 13.29, 0.40, 2.26, 3.57, 5.06, 7.09, 9.22, 13.80, 25.74, 0.50, 2.46, 3.64, 5.09, 7.26, 9.47, 14.24, 25.82, 0.51, 2.54, 3.70, 5.17, 7.28, 9.74, 14.76, 26.31, 0.81, 2.62, 3.82, 5.32, 7.32, 10.06, 14.77, 32.15, 2.64, 3.88, 5.32, 7.39, 10.34, 14.83, 34.26, 0.90, 2.69, 4.18, 5.34, 7.59, 10.66, 15.96, 36.66, 1.05, 2.69, 4.23, 5.41, 7.62, 10.75, 16.62, 43.01, 1.19, 2.75, 4.26, 5.41, 7.63, 17.12, 46.12, 1.26, 2.83, 4.33, 5.49, 7.66, 11.25, 17.14, 79.05, 1.35, 2.87, 5.62, 7.87, 11.64, 17.36, 1.40, 3.02, 4.34, 5.71, 7.93, 11.79, 18.10, 1.46, 4.40, 5.85, 8.26, 11.98, 19.13, 1.76, 3.25, 4.50, 6.25, 8.37,
- 4.3. Active Repair Times Data. The data set was reported by [2], and it represents active repair times for airborne communication transceivers. The observations are

12.02, 2.02, 3.31, 4.51, 6.54, 8.53, 12.03, 20.28, 2.02, 3.36, 6.76, 12.07, 21.73, 2.07, 3.36, 6.93, 8.65, 12.63, 12.07

 $0.50,\ 0.60,\ 0.60,\ 0.70,\ 0.70,\ 0.70,\ 0.80,\ 0.80,\ 1.00,\ 1.00,\ 1.00,\ 1.00,\ 1.10,\ 1.30,\ 1.50,\ 1.50,\ 1.50,\ 1.50,\ 2.00,\ 2.00,\ 2.20,\ 2.50,\ 2.70,\ 3.00,\ 3.00,\ 3.30,\ 4.00,\ 4.00,\ 4.50,\ 4.70,\ 5.00,\ 5.40,\ 5.40,\ 7.00,\ 7.50,\ 8.80,\ 9.00,\ 10.20,\ 22.00,\ 24.50.$

References

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