

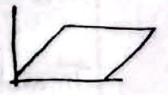
Lecture-4

Scaling:

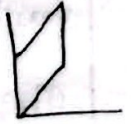
$$\text{Scale } (S_x, S_y) = \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 \\ 0 & S_y \end{bmatrix}$$

Shearing:

$$\text{Shear-X } (s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & s \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\text{Shear-Y } (s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ s & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Reflection:

$$\text{Reflect-Y} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Reflect-X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Translation:

For 2D:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & x_t \\ 0 & 1 & y_t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For 3D:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & p \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & q \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & r \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Scaling:

For 2D:

$$\begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For 3D:

$$\begin{bmatrix} p & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & q & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotation:

For 2D:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi & 0 \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For 3D: Rot-X =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \phi & -\sin \phi \\ 0 & \sin \phi & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix}$$

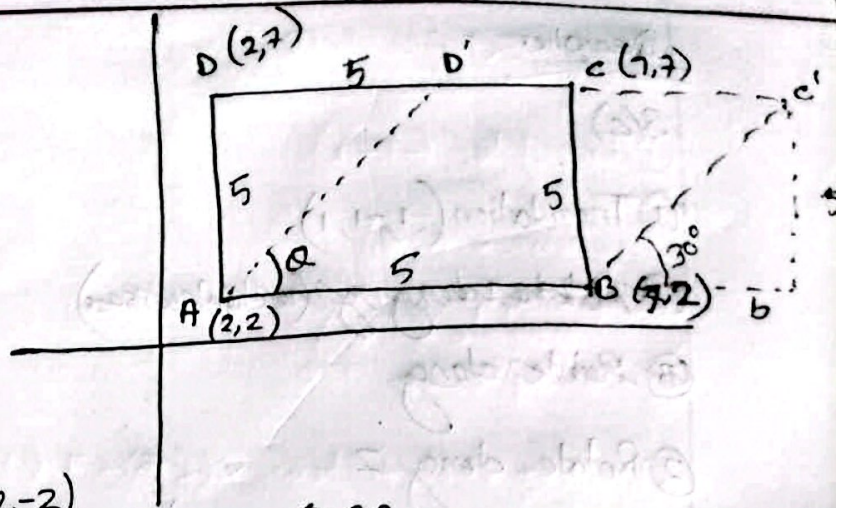
Rot-Z =
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & -\sin \phi & 0 \\ \sin \phi & \cos \phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Rot-Y =
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi & 0 & \sin \phi \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin \phi & 0 & \cos \phi \end{bmatrix}$$

3(d)

Steps:

- 1) Translate by $(-2, -2)$
- 2) Shear along x-axis by 1.732
- 3) Translate by $(2, 2)$



$$M_1 = T(2, 2) * \text{Shear}_x(1.732) * T(-2, -2)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1.732 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{5}{b}$$

$$b = 5\sqrt{3} = 8.6602$$

\therefore to shear by x-axis for 8.6602 point

$$\text{Shear factor} = \frac{8.6602}{5} \rightarrow \Delta x = 1.732 \quad (7-2) = 5$$

$$S_0, M_x V = M_1 \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & 7 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 7 & 7 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For shear factor
along x-axis; divide by Δy
along y-axis; divide by Δx

Decipher

3(c)

① Translation $(-1, -1, 1)$

② Rotate along y (anticlockwise)

③ Rotate along

② Rotate along z

③ Rotate along x (anticlock)

④

Translate $(-1, -1, 1)$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find unit vectors:

$$u_e = \frac{B-A}{|B-A|} = c_x, c_y, c_z$$

$$c_x = \frac{9-1}{\sqrt{(9-1)^2 + (7-1)^2 + (2+1)^2}} = \frac{8}{\sqrt{109}}$$

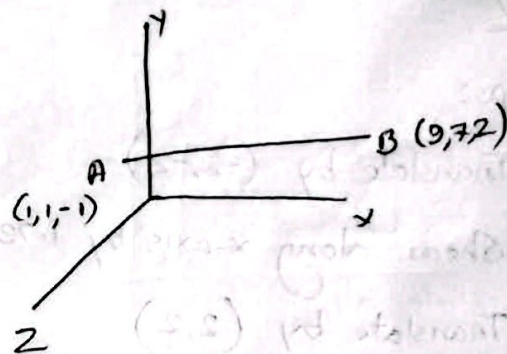
$$c_y = \frac{7-1}{\sqrt{109}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{109}}$$

$$c_z = \frac{2+1}{\sqrt{109}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{109}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{c_y}{d} = \frac{\frac{6}{\sqrt{109}}}{0.9578}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{c_x}{d} = \frac{\frac{8}{\sqrt{109}}}{0.9578}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{d}{u_e} = 0.9578; \sin \beta = \frac{c_z}{u_e} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{109}}$$



$$M_1 = Rot_x(\beta) * Rot_z(\alpha) * T(-1, -1, 1)$$

$$M_1 * Y = M_1 * \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(Ans.)

$$d = \sqrt{c_x^2 + c_y^2} \\ = \sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{\sqrt{109}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{6}{\sqrt{109}}\right)^2} \\ = 0.9578$$

3(g)

① Translate $(0.5, 0.5)$

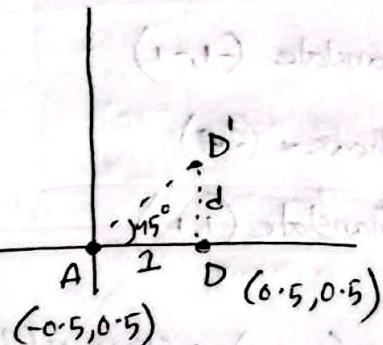
② Shear along y -axis by 1

③ Translate $(-0.5, 0.5)$

$$M_1 = T(-0.5, 0.5) * \text{Shear}_y(1) * T(0.5, -0.5)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -0.5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 1 & -0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

= └ Rotate (45°)



$$\theta = 45^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{d}{1}$$

$$\therefore d = 1$$

\therefore to shear by y -axis for 1 points

$$\text{shear factor} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$M_1 \times V = M_1 \times \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

=

Again;

① Translate $(-0.5, 0.5)$

② Rotate (-90°)

③ Translate $(0.5, -0.5)$

$$M_2 = T(0.5, -0.5) * \text{Rotate}(-90^\circ) * \text{Translate}(-0.5, 0.5)$$

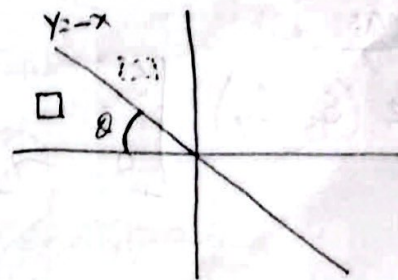
=

$$M_2 \times V = M_2 \times \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & 0.5 & \cdot \\ 0.5 & -0.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & \cdot \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Integer

2(b)

Transformation matrix for the reflection about the line $y = -x$:



$$M_1 = \text{Rot}(45^\circ) * \text{Ref-}y * \text{Rot}(-45^\circ)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 45^\circ & -\sin 45^\circ \\ \sin 45^\circ & \cos 45^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos 45^\circ & \sin 45^\circ \\ -\sin 45^\circ & \cos 45^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

Here, $m = -1$

$$\tan \theta = -1; \theta = \tan^{-1}(-1)$$

$$\theta = -45^\circ$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Reflection related to y -axis followed by a counter-clockwise rotation of 90°

$$M_2 = \text{Rot}(90^\circ) * \text{Ref-}y$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 90^\circ & -\sin 90^\circ \\ \sin 90^\circ & \cos 90^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore M_1 = M_2$$

Quiz-2 Set-F

line: $2y - 6x + 2 = 0$

$$y - 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$\therefore y = 3x - 1$$

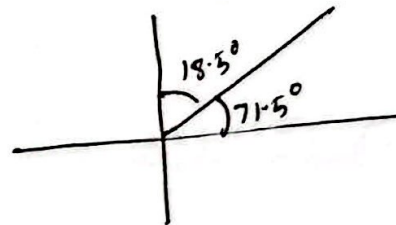
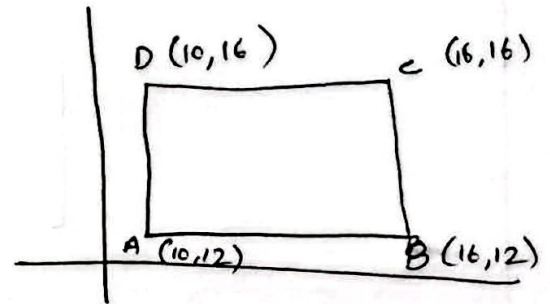
The line is 1 unit below origin on y-axis.
by translating $(0, 1)$,

$$y = 3x$$

here, $m = 3$

$$\tan \alpha = 3$$

$$\alpha = 71.5^\circ$$



① Translate $(0, 1)$

② Rotate (18.5°)

③ Reflect - Y

④ Rotate (-18.5°)

⑤ Translate $(0, -1)$

$$\# M_1 = R(45^\circ) \cdot R^{-1}(45^\circ)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 45^\circ & -\sin 45^\circ \\ \sin 45^\circ & \cos 45^\circ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos 45^\circ & \sin 45^\circ \\ -\sin 45^\circ & \cos 45^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

=

$$M_2 = R(45^\circ + 45^\circ)$$

$$= R(90^\circ)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Prev sem quiz - Set D

For OA;

$$12 \text{ hour } 360^\circ$$

$$1 \text{ " } 30^\circ$$

$$\therefore 4 \text{ hour } 120^\circ$$

For OB;

$$60 \text{ minute } = 360^\circ$$

$$1 \text{ " } = 6^\circ$$

$$30^\circ \text{ " } = 180^\circ$$

① Translate $(-8, -8)$

② Rotate (-120°)

③ Translate $(8, 8)$

① Translate $(-8, -8)$

② Rotate (-180°)

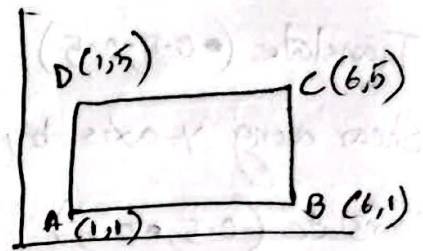
③ Translate $(8, 8)$

Quiz- Set-A

① Translate $(-1, -1)$

② Shear $-x$ (2)

③ Translate $(1, 1)$



$$M_1 = T(-1, -1) * \text{Shear}_x(2) * T(1, 1)$$

$$\Delta y = |5 - 1| = 4$$

$$\text{Shear factor} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$M_1 \times V = M_1 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Show that two successive reflections about either of the principal axis is equivalent to a single rotation about the coordinate origin.

$$\Rightarrow M_1 = \text{Ref}_y * \text{Ref}_x$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_2 = \text{Rotation}(180^\circ)$$

3(b)

① Translate $(-5, -2, 3)$

② Rotate along Z

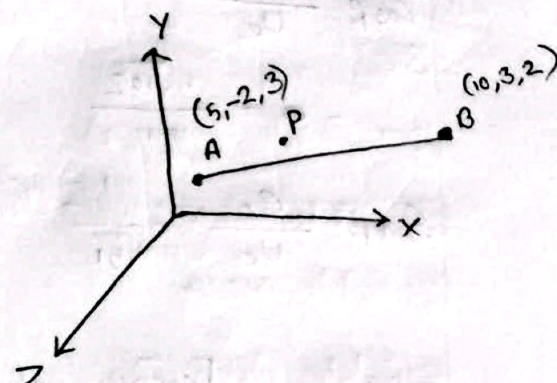
③ Rotate along X

④ Rotate along Y

⑤ Rotate along X

⑥ Rotate along Z

⑦ Translate $(5, -2, 3)$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Translate $(5, -2, 3)$:

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

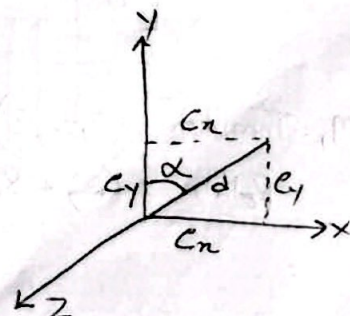
Find unit vectors:

$$U_B = \frac{B-A}{|B-A|_{x,y,z}} = c_x, c_y, c_z$$

$$c_x = \frac{10-5}{\sqrt{(10-5)^2 + (3+2)^2 + (2-3)^2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{51}}$$

$$c_y = \frac{(3+2)}{\sqrt{(10-5)^2 + (3+2)^2 + (2-3)^2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{51}}$$

$$c_z = \frac{2-3}{\sqrt{(10-5)^2 + (3+2)^2 + (2-3)^2}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{51}}$$



$$d = \sqrt{c_x^2 + c_y^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{51}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{51}}\right)^2} = \frac{5\sqrt{102}}{51}$$

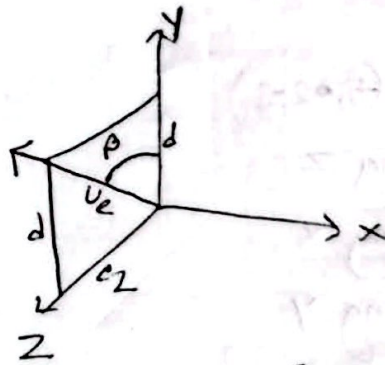
$$\cos \alpha = \frac{c_y}{d} = \frac{\frac{5}{\sqrt{51}}}{\frac{5\sqrt{102}}{51}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{c_x}{d} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{d}{u_2}$$

$$= d = \frac{5\sqrt{102}}{51}$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{c_2}{u_2} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{51}}$$



$$\text{Rotate}_Z = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 10 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Rotate}_X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \beta & \sin \beta & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin \beta & \cos \beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

*** For Question ans would be:

~~Translate(5, -2, 3)~~

$$M_1 = \text{Rotate}_X(\beta) * \text{Rotate}_Z(\alpha) * \text{Translate}(5, -2, 3) * AB$$

$$\text{Rotate}_Y = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & 0 & \sin \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin \alpha & 0 & \cos \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$; AB = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 \\ -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_1 = \text{Translate}^{-1}(5, -2, 3) * \text{Rotate}_Z(-\alpha) * \text{Rotate}_X(-\beta) * \text{Rotate}_Y(\alpha) * \text{Rotate}_X(\beta) * \text{Rotate}_Z(\alpha) * \text{Translate}(5, -2, 3) * P$$

=