

Deep Learning HW3_2 Report

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1. Explain the purpose of the following hyperparameters.

α : 指的是 **updating step** , 也就像是機器學習中的 learning rate , 根據 gradient descent 來更新參數 , 可以決定下一步要走大步或小步 (變化量) , 進而決定下一個 state 。

γ : 是 **discount factor** , 可以決定未來還是當下 reward 的影響。要是時間越長 , 影響力就會越小 , 也就是執行的每一個 action 都會影響到後面的 reward , 所以前面的 action 對後面的 reward 影響越小。

τ : 是 **target network update period** , 是為了穩定 DQN 所以增加的網路參數 , Q-network 分為兩個 , 一為實際進行訓練的 evaluation network , 一為訓練目標 target network , 其中 target network 久久更新一次 , 這個就是更新參數。

ϵ : 用於 **greedy policy** , 這個參數決定我們利用目前的所有的 Q 值來找出一個最好的動作。就像是 exploration 去嘗試其他 action。在這次實作上也可以看出 ϵ 會隨著時間遞減 , 意思是在一開始還不知道哪個 action 比較好 , 所以會一直 exploration 來尋找最佳 action。

2. Please show the total reward for the configuration.

為了讓訓練速度增快，我也比較貪心，所以我將三者機率設為[NOOP

(0.25), UP (0.65), DOWN (0.1)]。前 20 個 epoch 如下圖，可以看出一開始

training reward 就有大概 12 分的成績，然後每 10 個 epoch 記錄一次

evaluation reward 一開始當然是 0 分：

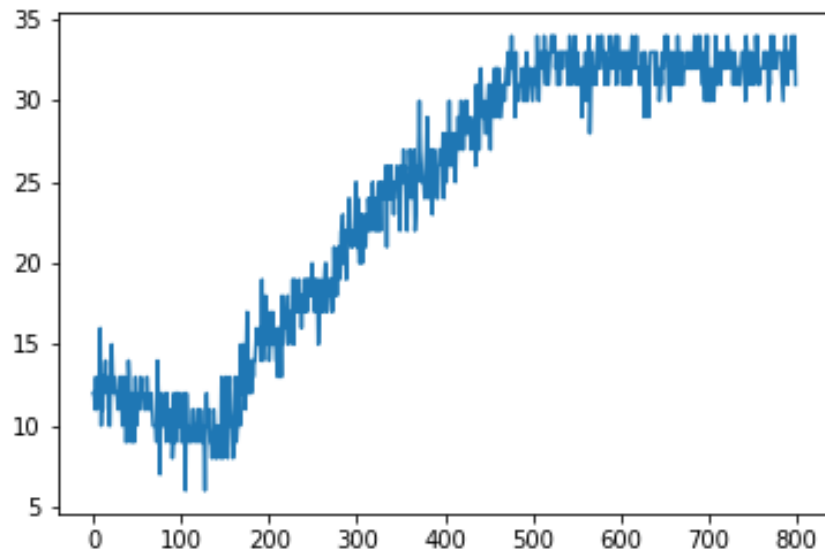
```
Episode:      1, interaction_steps:  2048, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.998054
[Info] Save model at './model' !
Evaluation: True, episode:      1, interaction_steps:  2048, evaluate reward:  0
Episode:      2, interaction_steps:  4096, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.996109
Episode:      3, interaction_steps:  6144, reward: 11, epsilon: 0.994163
Episode:      4, interaction_steps:  8192, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.992218
Episode:      5, interaction_steps: 10240, reward: 11, epsilon: 0.990272
Episode:      6, interaction_steps: 12288, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.988326
Episode:      7, interaction_steps: 14336, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.986381
Episode:      8, interaction_steps: 16384, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.984435
Episode:      9, interaction_steps: 18432, reward: 16, epsilon: 0.982490
Episode:     10, interaction_steps: 20480, reward: 10, epsilon: 0.980544
Episode:     11, interaction_steps: 22528, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.978598
Evaluation: True, episode:     11, interaction_steps: 22528, evaluate reward:  0
Episode:     12, interaction_steps: 24576, reward: 11, epsilon: 0.976653
Episode:     13, interaction_steps: 26624, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.974707
Episode:     14, interaction_steps: 28672, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.972762
Episode:     15, interaction_steps: 30720, reward: 14, epsilon: 0.970816
Episode:     16, interaction_steps: 32768, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.968870
Episode:     17, interaction_steps: 34816, reward: 12, epsilon: 0.966925
Episode:     18, interaction_steps: 36864, reward: 13, epsilon: 0.964979
Episode:     19, interaction_steps: 38912, reward: 10, epsilon: 0.963034
Episode:     20, interaction_steps: 40960, reward: 10, epsilon: 0.961088
```

3. Plot the episode reward in learning time and evaluation time. Show your configuration and discuss what you find in training phase.

這些 reward 都已經放入 log 中的 txt 檔中，也可以藉由 plot.py 程式畫出

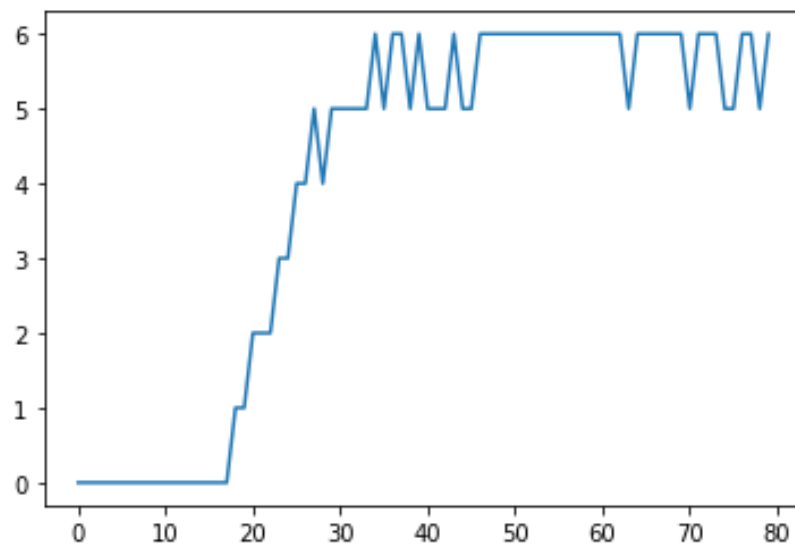
如下圖的圖片。

Reward in training :



可以看出跑了 200 個 epoch 之後開始穩定上升，到 500 個 epoch 開始收斂，最後的 reward 大概都有 32 分，共有 800 筆資料。

Reward in evaluation :



每跑 10 次 training 就記錄一次的 evaluation reward 也和 training reward 的趨勢一樣，隨之上升。

4. After training, you will obtain the model parameters for the agent.

Show total reward inn some episodes for deep Q-network agent.

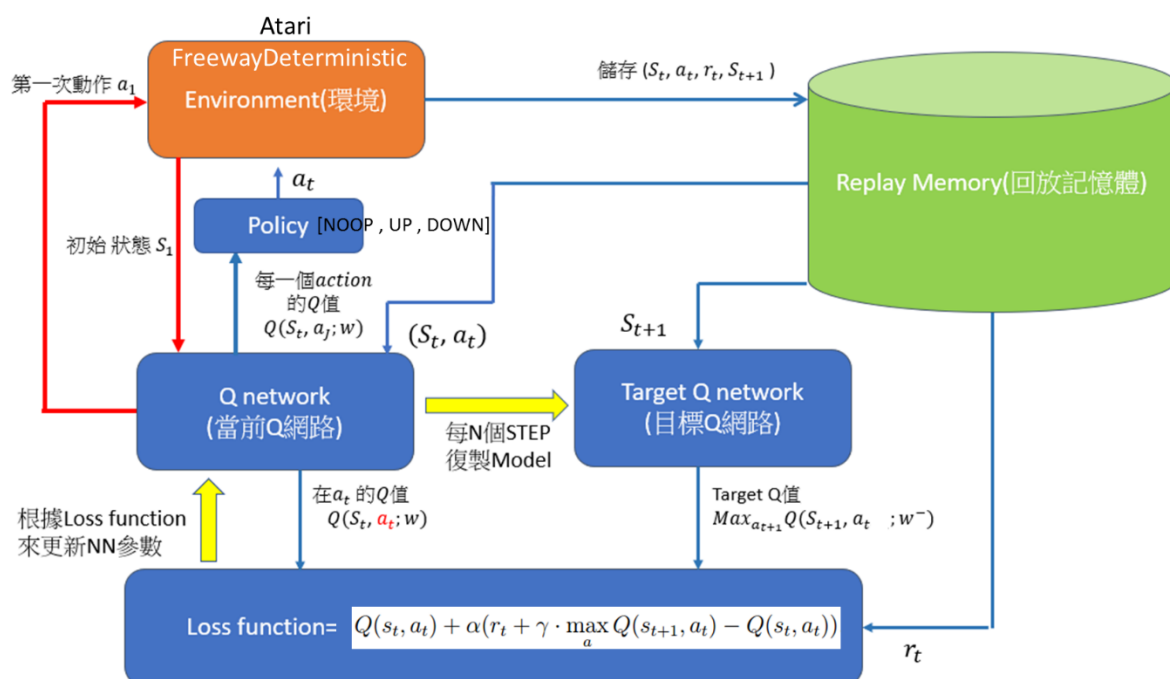
這是最後 10 次訓練的結果，可以看到 training reward 已經穩定到 32 分

了。Model 也已經放入 model 的資料夾中！

```
Episode: 791, interaction_steps: 1619968, reward: 31, epsilon: 0.050000
Evaluation: True, episode: 791, interaction_steps: 1619968, evaluate reward:
Episode: 792, interaction_steps: 1622016, reward: 33, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 793, interaction_steps: 1624064, reward: 33, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 794, interaction_steps: 1626112, reward: 32, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 795, interaction_steps: 1628160, reward: 32, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 796, interaction_steps: 1630208, reward: 34, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 797, interaction_steps: 1632256, reward: 32, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 798, interaction_steps: 1634304, reward: 32, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 799, interaction_steps: 1636352, reward: 34, epsilon: 0.050000
Episode: 800, interaction_steps: 1638400, reward: 31, epsilon: 0.050000
```

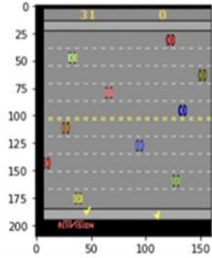
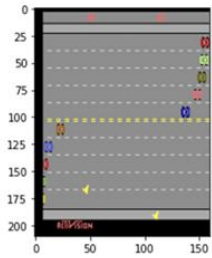
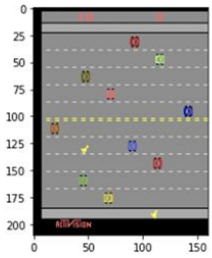
5. Sample some states, show the Q values for each action, analyze the results, and answer

DQN 的架構如下圖設計：



所用的參數調整： batch_size =128、lr =0.0005、gamma= 0.999、

$\epsilon_{start} = 1.0$ 、 $\epsilon_{final} = 0.05$ 。

NOOP	UP	DOWN
NOPE: 0.029989, UP: 0.023284, DOWN: 0.029681 Average Q: 0.027651, Action: 0 	NOPE: 1.657863, UP: 1.682351, DOWN: 1.636997 Average Q: 1.659070, Action: 1 	NOPE: 1.809941, UP: 1.804707, DOWN: 1.815509 Average Q: 1.810052, Action: 2 

a. Is DQN decision in the game the same as yours? Any good or bad move?

並不一定像我的遊戲策略，有時也會有意想不到的步伐，並不能說是好或者不好，可能 DQN 會對未來做一些預測，所以才會有和我不太一樣的步伐。

b. Why the averaged Q-value of three actions in some state is larger or less than those of the other states?

averaged Q-value 越高代表往那個策略走的 reward 可能較高，所以就是一個決策的選擇，往越高的就是可能的 reward 會較高。