2020/12/25(五), 109 學年第一學期 資料科學應用 R 作業(5)

學號: A107260010

姓名: 陳舒汶

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#(請依照規定)貼上執行程式碼及執行結果。
詳見: R 程式作業繳交方式
http://www.hmwu.idv.tw/web/teaching/doc/R-how-homework.pdf
> #20201225 作業
>
> #ex.2.30(a)
> my.data <- read.table("answer.txt", header=TRUE, sep="\t")
> head(my.data, 5)
  Student V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6 V7 V8 V9 V10
1
       s1 C D D A D A B C C
                                          В
2
       s2 B D B D D A C D B
                                          В
3
       s3 B A A B D A C B C
                                         В
       s4 B D B A B C C D C
4
5
       s5 B D D D A C C D A
                                          В
> #ex.2.30(b)
> ans <- c("B", "D", "B", "D", "D", "A", "C", "D", "C", "B")
> s <- c("A", "D", "B", "D", "B", "A", "B", "D", "C", "B")
> correct.item <- which(s == ans)
> n.correct <- length(correct.item) * 10
> correct.item
[1] 2 3 4 6 8 9 10
> n.correct
[1] 70
> #ex.2.30(c)
> options(max.print=999999)
> my.data1 <- t(my.data)
> answer <- data.frame(matrix(0,1,192))
> ans1 <- t(ans)
> ans2 <- t(ans1)
> for (i in 1:10){
```

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+
    for(j in 1:192){
       correct.item1 <- which(my.data1[2:(i+1), j] == ans2[1:i,])
+
       SS <- length(correct.item1) * 10
+
       answer[,j] <- SS
+
    }
+
+ }
> answer <- t(answer)
> my.data2 <- cbind(my.data , answer)
> score.table <- my.data2[,12]
> table(score.table)
score.table
  0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
     10
           9
              11 19 23 28 40
                                       30 12
                                                  7
> #ex.2.30(d)
> P <- order(my.data$answer, decreasing = TRUE)
Error in order(my.data$answer, decreasing = TRUE): 引數 1 不是向量
> topID <- which(my.data$answer >= 75)
> lowID <- which(my.data$answer <= 25)
> n.topID <- length(topID)
> n.lowID <- length(lowID)
> rownames(answer)[topID]
character(0)
> rownames(answer)[lowID]
character(0)
> n.topID
[1] 0
> n.lowID
[1]0
> #ex.2.51(a)
> h <- c("A","A","A","B","B","B","C","C","C","C")
> A1 <- length(grep("A", h))
> B1 <- length(grep("B", h))
> C1 <- length(grep("C", h))
> cat(A1,"A", B1,"B", C1,"C",set = "\t")
3 A 3 B 4 C
> #ex.2.51(b)
```

```
> h1 <- c("3A3B4C")
> a1 <- substr(h1,2,2)
> b1 <- substr(h1,4,4)
> c1 <- substr(h1,6,6)
> a2 < - rep(a1,3)
> b2 <- rep(b1,3)
> c2 <- rep(c1,4)
> cat(a2,b2,c2)
AAABBBCCCC
> #ex.2.52
> pkgs <- c("magrittr", "dplyr")
> install.packages(pkgs)
WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages but is not currently installed. Please
download and install the appropriate version of Rtools before proceeding:
https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/Rtools/
Installing packages into 'C:/Users/ASUS/Documents/R/win-library/4.0'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
嘗試 URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.0/magrittr 2.0.1.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 235741 bytes (230 KB)
downloaded 230 KB
嘗試 URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/4.0/dplyr_1.0.2.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 1306003 bytes (1.2 MB)
downloaded 1.2 MB
package 'magrittr' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
package 'dplyr' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
The downloaded binary packages are in
    C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpAjTIsB\downloaded packages
> library(magrittr)
> library(dplyr)
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

```
filter, lag
```

else{

+

R = R + 1

The following objects are masked from 'package:base': intersect, setdiff, setequal, union > require(dplyr) > compress <- function(){ cat("輸入為 ABC 三個字母組成之字串:") + n <- scan(what = "LETTERS", quiet = T, nmax = 1) n1 <- strsplit(n,split="") %>% unlist(.,recursive = F) + + n2 <- as.character(n1) A1 <- length(grep("A", n2)) + B1 <- length(grep("B", n2)) + C1 <- length(grep("C", n2)) Zz <- paste0(A1,"A", B1,"B", C1,"C") cat(Zz) + } > compress() 輸入為 ABC 三個字母組成之字串: 1: ABAABBAABCCCAC 6A4B4C > #ex.5.2(a) > set.seed(123456) > La <- sample(c("白球","白球","白球","白球","白球","白球","红球","紅球","紅球","紅球", ", "紅球"),3) > W <- 0 > R <- 0 > for (i in 1:3){ if (La[i] == "白球"){ + W = W + 1+ }

```
+ }
+ }
> Pp <- (choose(6,length(W)) * choose(4,length(R))) / choose(10,3)
> cat("實驗一次的結果:", Pp)
實驗一次的結果: 0.2> cat("印出白球各出現之個數:", W)
印出白球各出現之個數: 2> cat("印出紅球各出現之個數:", R)
印出紅球各出現之個數: 1
> #ex.5.2(b)
> DrawResult <- data.frame(matrix(0,10,2))
> for (j in 1:10){
   球", "紅球"),3)
+ W <- 0
   R <- 0
   for (i in 1:3){
+
    if (La[i] == "白球"){
      W = W + 1
+
     }
+
     else{
      R = R + 1
+
    }
+
+
   }
   DrawResult[j,1] <- W
+
   DrawResult[j,2] <- R
+ }
> DrawResult
  X1 X2
1 2 1
   2 1
2
  1 2
3
4
  2 1
5
  2 1
6 1 2
7
   2 1
8
   2 1
```

```
9 1 2
10 2 1
> #ex5.2(c)
>
> Tt <- 0
> for (j in 1:100){
+ La <- sample(c("白球","白球","白球","白球","白球","红球","紅球","紅
球", "紅球"),3)
+ W <- 0
+ R <- 0
   for (i in 1:3){
    if (La[i] == "白球"){
+
       W = W + 1
     }
    else{
    R = R + 1
     }
+ }
+ if (W == 2 \&\& R == 1){
+ Tt = Tt +1
+ }
+ }
> Tt
[1] 50
> Tt/100
[1] 0.5
>
```