Package 'GenomicPlot'

April 20, 2023

Description Visualization of next generation sequencing (NGS) data is essential for interpreting

high-throughput genomics experiment results. 'GenomicPlot' facilitates plotting of NGS data in various formats (bam, bed, wig and bigwig); both coverage and enrichment over input can be computed and displayed with respect to genomic features (such as UTR, CDS, enhancer), and user

Title Plot profiles of next generation sequencing data in genomic features

Type Package

defined genomic loci or regions. Statistical tests on signal intensity within user defined regions of interest can be performed and represented as boxplots or bar graphs. Parallel processing is used to speed up computation on multicore platforms. In addition to genomic plots
which is suitable for displaying of coverage of genomic DNA (such as ChIPseq data), metagenomic (without introns) plots can also be made for RNAseq or CLIPseq data as well.
License GPL-2
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Collate ``DrawingFunctions.R"``GenomicPlot.R"``HandleDataMatrix.R"``HandleFeatures.R"``Parallel.R"``ReadData.R"``Setup.R"
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aov_TukeyHSD Perform one-way ANOVA and post hoc TukeyHSD tests	
--	--

Description

This is a helper function for performing one-way ANOVA analysis and post hoc Tukey's Honest Significant Differences tests

Usage

```
aov_TukeyHSD(df, xc = "Group", yc = "Intensity", op = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

df	a dataframe
xc	a string denoting column name for grouping
ус	a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
ор	output prefix for statistical analysis results
verbose	logical, to indicate whether a file should be produced to save the test results

Value

a list of two elements, the first is the p-value of ANOVA test and the second is a matrix of the output of TukeyHSD tests

Note

```
used in plot_locus
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

check_constraints	Check constraints of genomic ranges

Description

Make sure the coordinates of GRanges are within the boundaries of chromosomes, and trim anything that goes beyond. Also, remove entries whose sequame is not in the sequame of a query GRanges.

```
check_constraints(gr, genome, queryRle = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
gr a GenomicRanges object
genome genomic version name such as "hg19"
queryRle a RleList object used as a query against gr
```

Value

```
a GRanges object
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

```
draw_boxplot_by_factor
```

Plot boxplot with two factors

Description

Plot boxplot for data with one or two factors, with p-value significance levels displayed

Usage

```
draw_boxplot_by_factor(
    stat_df,
    xc = "Feature",
    yc = "Intensity",
    fc = xc,
    comp = list(c(1, 2)),
    stats = "wilcox.test",
    Xlab = xc,
    Ylab = yc,
    nf = 1
)
```

stat_df	a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc)
хс	a string denoting column name for grouping
yc	a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
fc	a string denoting column name for sub-grouping based on an additional factor
comp	a list of vectors denoting pair-wise comparisons to be performed between groups
stats	the name of pair-wise statistical tests, like t.test or wilcox.test
Xlab	a string for x-axis label
Ylab	a string for y-axis label
nf	a integer normalizing factor for correct count of observations when the data table has two factors, such as those produced by pivot_longer, equals to the number of factors

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used by plot_locus, plot_locus_with_random, plot_region
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
stat_df <- data.frame(Feature=rep(c("A", "B"), c(20, 30)),
Intensity=c(rnorm(20, 2, 0.5), rnorm(30, 3, 0.6)))
p <- draw_boxplot_by_factor(stat_df, xc="Feature", yc="Intensity",
Ylab="Signal Intensity")
p</pre>
```

```
draw_boxplot_wo_outlier
```

Plot boxplot without outliers

Description

Plot boxplot without outliers, with p-value significance levels displayed

Usage

```
draw_boxplot_wo_outlier(
   stat_df,
   xc = "Feature",
   yc = "Intensity",
   fc = xc,
   comp = list(c(1, 2)),
   stats = "wilcox.test",
   Xlab = xc,
   Ylab = yc,
   nf = 1
)
```

stat_df	a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc)
хс	a string denoting column name for grouping
ус	a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
fc	a string denoting column name for sub-grouping
comp	a list of vectors denoting pair-wise comparisons to be performed between groups
stats	the name of pair-wise statistical tests, like t.test or wilcox.test
Xlab	a string for x-axis label

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Ylab a string for y-axis label

nf a integer normalizing factor for correct count of observations when the data table

has two factors, such as those produced by pivot_longer, equals to the number

of factors

Value

a ggplot object

Examples

```
stat_df <- data.frame(Feature=rep(c("A", "B"), c(20, 30)), Intensity=c(rnorm(20, 2),
rnorm(30, 3)))
p <- draw_boxplot_wo_outlier(stat_df, xc="Feature", yc="Intensity",
Ylab="Signal Intensity")
p</pre>
```

draw_locus_profile

Plot signal profile around genomic loci

Description

Plot lines with standard error as the error band

Usage

```
draw_locus_profile(
  plot_df,
  xc = "Position",
  yc = "Intensity",
  cn = "Query",
  sn = "Reference",
  Xlab = "Center",
  Ylab = "Signal Intensity",
  shade = FALSE,
  hl = c(0, 0)
)
```

plot_df	a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc, cn, "lower", "upper")
хс	a string denoting column name for values on x-axis
ус	a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
cn	a string denoting column name for sample grouping, like 'Query' or 'Reference'
sn	a string denoting column name for the subject of sample grouping, if 'cn' is 'Query', then 'sn' will be 'Reference'
Xlab	a string for x-axis label
Ylab	a string for y-axis label
shade	logical indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the loci
hl	a vector of two integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the rectangle

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Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used by plot_locus, plot_locus_with_random
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

draw_matrix_heatmap

Display matrix as a heatmap

Description

Make a complex heatmap with column annotations

Usage

```
draw_matrix_heatmap(
  fullMatrix,
  dataName = "geneData",
  labels_col = NULL,
  levels_col = NULL,
  ranking = "Sum",
  ranges = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

fullMatrix a numeric matrix

dataName the nature of the numeric data labels_col a vector make column annotation

levels_col factor levels for labels_col, specifying the order of labels_col

ranking method for ranking the rows of the input matrix, options are c("Sum", "Max",

"Hierarchical", "None")

ranges a numeric vector with two elements, defining custom range for color ramp, de-

fault=NULL, i.e. the range is defined automatically based on the range of full-

Matrix

verbose logical, whether to output the input matrix for inspection

Author(s)

Examples

```
fullMatrix <- matrix(rnorm(10000), ncol=100)
for(i in 1:80){fullMatrix[i,16:75] <- runif(60) + i}
labels_col <- as.character(seq(1:100))
levels_col <- c("start", "center", "end")
names(labels_col) <- rep(levels_col, c(15, 60, 25))

draw_matrix_heatmap(fullMatrix, dataName="test", labels_col, levels_col)
draw_matrix_heatmap(fullMatrix, dataName="test", labels_col, levels_col, ranking="Hierarchical")</pre>
```

Description

Plot barplot for mean with standard error bars, no p-value significance levels are displayed, but ANOVA p-value is provided as tag and TukeyHSD test are displayed as caption.

Usage

```
draw_mean_se_barplot(
    stat_df,
    xc = "Feature",
    yc = "Intensity",
    comp = list(c(1, 2)),
    Xlab = xc,
    Ylab = yc,
    Ylim = NULL,
    nf = 1
)
```

Arguments

```
stat_df
                   a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc)
                   a string denoting column name for grouping
xc
                   a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
ус
comp
                   a list of vectors denoting pair-wise comparisons to be performed between groups
                   a string for x-axis label
Xlab
Ylab
                   a string for y-axis label
Ylim
                   a numeric vector of two elements, defining custom limits of y-axis
                   a integer normalizing factor for correct count of observations when the data table
nf
                   has two factors, such as those produced by pivot_longer, equals to the number
                   of factors
```

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

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Note

```
used by plot_locus, plot_locus_with_random
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
stat_df <- data.frame(Feature=rep(c("A", "B"), c(20, 30)),
Intensity=c(rnorm(20, 2), rnorm(30, 3)))
p <- draw_mean_se_barplot(stat_df, xc="Feature", yc="Intensity",
Ylab="Signal Intensity")
p</pre>
```

draw_rank_plot

Plot cumulative sum or quantile over rank

Description

Plot cumulative sum over rank as line plot, both cumulative sum and rank are scaled between 0 and 1. This is the same as the fingerprint plot of the deepTools. Quantiles can also be used as y-axis, and values can also be used as x-axis. If the curve is skewed toward ends, the x-axis is truncated for better visualization.

Usage

```
draw_rank_plot(
   stat_df,
   xc = "Feature",
   yc = "Intensity",
   Ylab = yc,
   ecdf = TRUE,
   rank = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
stat_df a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc)

xc a string denoting column name for grouping

yc a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted

Ylab a string for y-axis label

ecdf logical, indicating using quantile instead of cumulative sum as y-axis

rank logical, indicating using rank of values instead of value itself as x-axis
```

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used by plot_reference_locus, plot_reference_locus_with_random
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

Description

Plot a gene centered polygon for demarcating gene and its upstream and downstream regions

Usage

```
draw_region_landmark(featureNames, vx, xmax)
```

Arguments

featureNames a string vector giving names of sub-regions

vx a vector on integers denoting the x coordinates of start of each sub-region

xmax an integer denoting the left most boundary

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used\ by\ \verb|plot_3parts_metagene|, \verb|plot_5parts_metagene|, \verb|plot_region|
```

Author(s)

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draw_region_name

Plot genomic region names

Description

Plot sub-region labels under the landmark

Usage

```
draw_region_name(featureNames, scaled_bins, xmax)
```

Arguments

```
featureNames a string vector giving names of sub-regions
scaled_bins a vector on integers denoting the length of each sub-region
xmax an integer denoting the left most boundary
```

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used by plot_3parts_metagene, plot_5parts_metagene, plot_region
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

draw_region_profile

Plot signal profile in genomic regions

Description

Plot lines with standard error as the error band

```
draw_region_profile(
  plot_df,
  xc = "Position",
  yc = "Intensity",
  cn = "Query",
  sn = "Reference",
  Ylab = "Signal Intensity",
  vx
)
```

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Arguments

```
plot_df a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc, cn, "lower", "upper")

xc a string denoting column name for values on x-axis

yc a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted

cn column name in plot_df for query samples grouping

sn column name in plot_df for subject name to be shown in the plot title

Ylab a string for Y-axis label

vx a vector on integers denoting the x coordinates of start of each sub-region
```

Value

```
a ggplot object
```

Note

```
used by plot_3parts_metagene, plot_5parts_metagene, plot_region
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

draw_stacked_profile Plot signal profile around start, center, and end of genomic regions

Description

Plot lines with standard error as the error band, also plots number of regions having non-zero signals

```
draw_stacked_profile(
  plot_df,
  xc = "Position",
  yc = "Intensity",
  cn = "Query",
  ext = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
  hl = c(0, 0, 0, 0),
  atitle = "title",
  insert = 0,
  Ylab = "Signal Intensity",
  shade = FALSE,
  stack = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

plot_df	a dataframe with column names c(xc, yc, cn, "Interval", "lower", "upper")
хс	a string denoting column name for values on x-axis
ус	a string denoting column name for numeric data to be plotted
cn	a string denoting column name for grouping
ext	a vector of 4 integers denoting upstream and downstream extension around start and end
hl	a vector of 4 integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the rectangle for start and end
atitle	a string for the title of the plot
insert	a integer denoting the width of the center region
Ylab	a string for y-axis label
shade	logical, indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the point of interest
stack	logical, indicating whether to plot the number of valid (non-zero) data points in each bin

Value

a ggplot object

Note

```
used\ by\ \verb|plot_start_end|, \verb|plot_start_end_with_random|
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

effective_size	Normalize sample library size to effective size	
----------------	---	--

Description

This is a helper function for handle_input. edgeR::calcNormFactors function is used to estimate normalizing factors, which is used to multiply library sizes. The function only works for human genome only at present.

```
effective_size(outlist, outRle, genome = "hg19", nc = 2, verbose = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

outlist a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList

objects, 'size' is the library size, 'type' is the input file type, 'weight' is the

name of the metadata column

outRle logical, indicating whether the output is a list of RleList objects or GRanges

objects

genome a string denoting the genome name and version

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Value

a list object with four elements ('query', 'size', 'type', 'weight'), with the 'size' element modified.

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

extract_longest_tx

Extract the longest transcript for each protein-coding genes

Description

Gene level computations require selecting one transcript per gene to avoid bias by genes with multiple isoforms. In ideal case, the most abundant transcript (principal or canonical isoform) should be chosen. However, the most abundant isoform may vary depending on tissue type or physiological condition, the longest transcript is usually the principal isoform, and alternatively spliced isoforms are not. This method get the longest transcript for each gene. The longest transcript is defined as the isoform that has the longest transcript length. In case of tie, the one with longer CDS is selected. If the lengths of CDS tie again, the transcript with smaller id is selected arbitrarily.

Usage

```
extract_longest_tx(txdb, plot = FALSE)
```

Arguments

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package

plot logical, indicating whether feature length plots should be generated

Value

a dataframe of transcript information with the following columns: "tx_id tx_name gene_id nexon tx_len cds_len utr3_len"

Author(s)

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql",
package="GenomicPlot"))
longestTx <- extract_longest_tx(txdb, plot=FALSE)</pre>
```

```
filter_by_nonoverlaps_stranded
```

Filter GRanges by nonoverlaps in stranded way

Description

This function reports all query GRanges that do not overlaps GRanges in subject. Strand information is used to define overlap.

Usage

```
filter_by_nonoverlaps_stranded(query, subject)
```

Arguments

```
query a GRanges object
subject a GRanges object
```

Value

a GRanges object

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

```
filter_by_overlaps_stranded
```

Filter GRanges by overlaps in a stranded way

Description

This function reports all query GRanges that have overlaps in subject GRanges. Strand information is used to define overlap.

```
filter_by_overlaps_stranded(query, subject, maxgap = -1L, minoverlap = 0L)
```

Arguments

query a GRanges object subject a GRanges object

maxgap an integer denoting the distance that define overlap

minoverlap The minimum amount of overlap between intervals as a single integer greater

than 0. If you modify this argument, maxgap must be held fixed.

Value

a GRanges object

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

format_genomic_coordinates

Format genomic coordinates in GRanges or GRrangesList as strings used in igv

Description

This function takes a GRanges or GRangesList object, and transform each range into a string

Usage

```
format_genomic_coordinates(x)
```

Arguments

X

a GRanges or GRangesList object

Value

a vector of strings in the format of 'chr:start-end(strand)'

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
gr1 <- GenomicRanges::GRanges("chr2", IRanges::IRanges(3, 6))
gr2 <- GenomicRanges::GRanges(c("chr1", "chr1"), IRanges::IRanges(c(7,13), width=3),
    strand=c("+", "-"))
gr3 <- GenomicRanges::GRanges(c("chr1", "chr2"), IRanges::IRanges(c(1, 4), c(3, 9)),
    strand="-")
gr1 <- GenomicRanges::GRangesList(gr1= gr1, gr2=gr2, gr3=gr3)
gr1
out <- format_genomic_coordinates(gr1)</pre>
```

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cat(out)

gene2tx Translate gene names to transcript ids using a GTF file for a subset of genes

Description

Given a list of gene names in a file or in a character vector, turn them into a vector of transcript ids.

Usage

```
gene2tx(gtfFile, geneList, geneCol = 1)
```

Arguments

gtfFile path to a GTF file

geneList path to a tab-delimited text file with one gene name on each line, or a character

vector of gene names (eg. RPRD1B)

geneCol the position of the column that containing gene names in the case that geneList

is a file

Value

```
a vector of transcript ids (eg. ENST00000577222.1)
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

```
get_genomic_feature_coordinates
```

Extract genomic features from TxDb object

Description

Extract genomic coordinates and make bed or bed 12 files from a TxDb object for a variety of annotated genomic features. The output of this function is a list. The first element of the list is a GRanges object that provide the start and end information of the feature. The second element is a GRangesList providing information for sub-components. The third element is the name of a bed file. For "utr3", "utr5", "cds" and "transcript", the GRanges object denotes the start and end of the feature in one transcript, and the range is named by the transcript id and may span introns; the GrangesList object is a list of exons comprising each feature and indexed on transcript id. The bed file is in bed12 format. For "exon" and "intron", the GRanges object denotes unnamed ranges of individual exon and intron, and the GrangesList object is a list of exons or introns belonging to one transcript and indexed on transcript id. The bed file is in bed6 format. For "gene", both GRanges object and GRangesList object have the same ranges and names. The bed file is in bed6 format.

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Usage

```
get_genomic_feature_coordinates(
   txdb,
   featureName,
   featureSource = NULL,
   export = FALSE,
   longest = FALSE,
   protein_coding = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package

featureName one of the gene feature in c("utr3", "utr5", "cds", "intron", "exon", "transcript",

"gene")

featureSource the name of the gtf/gff3 file or the online database from which txdb is derived,

used as name of output file

export logical, indicating if the bed file should be produced

longest logical, indicating whether the output should be limited to the longest transcript

of each gene

protein_coding logical, indicating whether to limit to protein_coding genes

Value

a list of three objects, the first is a GRanges object, the second is a GRangesList object, the last is the output file name if export is TRUE

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql",
package="GenomicPlot"))
output <- get_genomic_feature_coordinates(txdb, featureName="cds", featureSource="gencode",
export=FALSE, longest=TRUE, protein_coding=TRUE)</pre>
```

get_targeted_genes Get the number of peaks overlapping each feature of all protein-coding genes

Description

Annotate each peak with genomic features based on overlap, and produce summary statistics for distribution of peaks in features of protein-coding genes.

```
get_targeted_genes(peak, features, stranded = TRUE)
```

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Arguments

peak a GRanges object defining query ranges

features a GRangesList object representing genomic features

stranded logical, indicating whether the overlap should be strand-specific

Value

a list object

Note

```
used in plot_peak_annotation
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
f <- get_txdb_features(txdb, dsTSS=100, fiveP=0, threeP=1000)

p <- RCAS::importBed(system.file("extdata", "test_chip_peak_chr19.bed", package="GenomicPlot"))
ann <- get_targeted_genes(peak=p, features=f, stranded=FALSE)

pp <- RCAS::importBed(system.file("extdata", "test_clip_peak_chr19.bed", package="GenomicPlot"))
ann <- get_targeted_genes(peak=pp, features=f, stranded=TRUE)</pre>
```

get_txdb_features

Get genomic coordinates of features of protein-coding genes

Description

Get genomic coordinates of promoter, 5'UTR, CDS, 3'UTR, TTS and intron for the longest transcript of protein-coding genes. The range of promoter is defined by fiveP and dsTSS upstream and downstream TSS, respectively, the TTS ranges from the 3' end of the gene to threeP downstream, or the start of a downstream gene, whichever is closer.

Usage

```
get_txdb_features(txdb, fiveP = -1000, dsTSS = 300, threeP = 1000)
```

txdb	a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package
fiveP	extension upstream of the 5' boundary of genes
dsTSS	range of promoter extending downstream of TSS
threeP	extension downstream of the 3' boundary of genes

gr2df

Value

a GRangesList object

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql",
package="GenomicPlot"))

f <- get_txdb_features(txdb, dsTSS=100, fiveP=-100, threeP=100)</pre>
```

gr2df

Convert GRanges to dataframe

Description

Convert GRanges object with metacolumns to dataframe

Usage

```
gr2df(gr)
```

Arguments

gr

a GRanges object

Value

a dataframe

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

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handle_bam Handle files in bam format	
---------------------------------------	--

Description

This is a function for read NGS reads data in bam format, store the input data in a list of GRanges objects or RleList objects. For paired-end reads, only take the second read in a pair, assuming which is the sense read for strand-specific RNAseq.

Usage

```
handle_bam(inputFile, handleInputParams = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

inputFile a string denoting path to the input file

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Details

The reads are filtered using mapq score >= 10 by default, only mapped reads are counted towards library size.

Value

a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList objects, 'size' is the library size, 'type' is the input file type, weight' is the name of the metadata column to be used as weight for coverage calculation

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

handle_bed Handle files in bed\narrowPeak\broadPeak format

Description

This is a function for read peaks data in bed format, store the input data in a list of GRanges objects or RleList objects.

```
handle_bed(inputFile, handleInputParams = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

inputFile a string denoting path to the input file

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Value

a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList objects, 'size' is the library size, 'type' is the input file type, 'weight' is the name of the metadata column to be used as weight for coverage calculation

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

handle_bw

Handle files in bw\bigwig\bigWig\BigWig\BigWig\BW\BIGWIG format

Description

This is a function for read NGS coverage data in bigwig format, store the input data in a list of GRanges objects or RleList objects. The input bw file can be stranded or non-stranded. Library size is calculate as the sum of all coverage.

Usage

```
handle_bw(inputFile, handleInputParams, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

inputFile a string denoting path to the input file

handle Input Params

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Details

For stranded files, forward and reverse strands are stored in separate files, with '+' or 'p' in the forward strand file name and '-' or 'm' in the reverse strand file name.

Value

a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList objects, 'size' is the estimated library size, 'type' is the input file type, weight' is the name of the metadata column to be used as weight for coverage calculation

Author(s)

handle_input 23

nandie_input Itana input of NOS acid with various formals	handle_input	Hand input of NGS data with various formats	
---	--------------	---	--

Description

This is a wrapper function for read NGS data in different file formats, store the input data in a list of GRanges objects or RleList objects. File names end in bedlbamlbwlbigwiglbigWiglBigWiglBWlBIGWIG are recognized, and a list of files with mixed formats are allowed.

Usage

```
handle_input(inputFiles, handleInputParams = NULL, verbose = FALSE, nc = 2)
```

Arguments

inputFiles a vector of strings denoting file names handleInputParams

a list with the following elements: 'CLIP_reads' logical, indicating if the bam reads should be shifted to the -1 position at the 5' of the reads. 'fix_width' an integer defines how long should the reads should be extended to. 'fix_point' a string in c("start", "end", "center") denoting the anchor point for extension. 'useScore' logical, indicating whether the 'score' column of the bed file should be used in calculation of coverage. 'outRle' logical, indicating whether the output should be RleList objects or GRanges objects. 'norm' logical, indicating whether the output RleList should be normalized to RPM using library sizes. 'genome' a string denoting the genome name and version. 'useSizeFactor' logical, indicating whether the library size should be adjusted with a size factor, using the 'calcNormFactors' function in the edgeR package

verbose logical, whether to output additional information nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Details

when 'useScore' is TRUE, the score column of the bed file will be used in the metadata column 'score' of the GRanges object, or the 'Values' field of the RleList object. Otherwise the value 1 will be used instead. When the intended use of the input bed is a reference feature, both 'useScore' and 'outRle' should be set to FALSE.

Value

a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList objects, 'size' is the library size, 'type' is the input file type, 'weight' is the name of the metadata column to be used as weight for coverage calculation

Author(s)

24 handle_wig

Examples

```
queryFiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryFiles) <- "query"

inputFiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputFiles) <- "input"

handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=TRUE, fix_width=0, fix_point="start", norm=TRUE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

out_list <- handle_input(inputFiles=c(queryFiles, inputFiles), handleInputParams=handleInputParams, verbose=TRUE, nc=2)</pre>
```

handle_wig

Handle files in wig format

Description

This is a function for read NGS coverage data in wig format, store the input data in a list of GRanges objects or RleList objects. The input wig file can be stranded or non-stranded. Library size is calculate as the sum of all coverage.

Usage

```
handle_wig(inputFile, handleInputParams, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

Details

For stranded files, forward and reverse strands are stored in separate files, with '+' or 'p' in the forward strand file name and '-' or 'm' in the reverse strand file name.

Value

a list object with four elements, 'query' is a list GRanges objects or RleList objects, 'size' is the library size, 'type' is the input file type, 'weight' is the name of the metadata column to be used as weight for coverage calculation

Author(s)

Description

Make a partial TxDb object given a GTF file and a list of gene names in a file or in a character vector.

Usage

```
make_subTxDb_from_GTF(gtfFile, geneList, geneCol = 1)
```

Arguments

gtfFile path to a GTF file

geneList path to a tab-delimited text file with one gene name on each line, or a character

vector of gene names

geneCol the position of the column that containing gene names in the case that geneList

is a file

Value

a TxDb object

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

overlap_pair

Plot two-sets Venn diagram

Description

This is a helper function for Venn diagram plot. A Venn diagram is plotted as output.

Usage

```
overlap_pair(apair, overlap_fun)
```

Arguments

apair a list of two vectors

overlap_fun the name of the function that defines overlap, depending on the type of object in

the vectors.

Author(s)

26 overlap_triple

overlap_quad

Plot four-sets Venn diagram

Description

This is a helper function for Venn diagram plot. A Venn diagram is plotted as output.

Usage

```
overlap_quad(aquad, overlap_fun)
```

Arguments

aquad a list of four vectors

overlap_fun the name of the function that defines overlap

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

overlap_triple

Plot three-sets Venn diagram

Description

This is a helper function for Venn diagram plot. A Venn diagram is plotted as output.

Usage

```
overlap_triple(atriple, overlap_fun)
```

Arguments

atriple a list of three vectors

overlap_fun the name of the function that defines overlap

Author(s)

parallel_binnedAverage

```
parallel_binnedAverage
```

Parallel execution of binnedAverage

Description

Function for parallel computation of binnedAverage function in the GenomicRanges package

Usage

```
parallel_binnedAverage(Rle_list, tileBins, nc = 2)
```

Arguments

Rle_list a list of RleList objects.

tileBins, a GRanges object of tiled genome

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a list of numeric vectors

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

```
parallel_countOverlaps
```

Parallel execution of countOverlaps

Description

Function for parallel computation of countOverlaps function in the GenomicRanges package

Usage

```
parallel_countOverlaps(grange_list, tileBins, nc = 2, switch = FALSE)
```

Arguments

grange_list a list of GRanges objects.

tileBins, a GRanges object of tiled genome

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing switch, logical, switch the order of query and feature

Value

a list of numeric vectors

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

```
parallel_scoreMatrixBin
```

Parallel execution of scoreMatrixBin on a huge target windows object split into chunks

Description

Function for parallel computation of scoreMatrixBin. The 'windows' parameter of the scoreMatrixBin method is split into 5 chunks, and scoreMatrixBin is called on each chunk simultaneously to speed up the computation.

Usage

```
parallel_scoreMatrixBin(
  queryRegions,
  windowRs,
  bin_num,
  bin_op,
  weight_col,
  stranded,
  nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

queryRegions, a RleList object or Granges object providing input for the 'target' parameter of

the scoreMatrixBin method

windowRs, a single GRangesList object.

bin_num, number of bins the windows should be divided into

bin_op, operation on the signals in a bin, a string in c("mean", "max", "min", "median",

"sum") is accepted.

weight_col, if the queryRegions is a GRanges object, a numeric column in meta data part

can be used as weights.

stranded, logical, indicating if the strand of the windows should be considered to deter-

mine upstream and downstream

nc, an integer denoting the number of cores requested, 2 is the default number that

is allowed by CRAN but 5 gives best trade-off between speed and space

Value

a numeric matrix

Author(s)

plot_3parts_metagene 29

```
plot_3parts_metagene Plot promoter, gene body and TTS
```

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around genes. The upstream and downstream windows flanking genes can be given separately, the parameter 'meta' controls if gene or metagene plots are generated. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well.

Usage

```
plot_3parts_metagene(
  queryFiles,
  gFeatures,
  inputFiles = NULL,
  scale = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  smooth = FALSE,
  stranded = TRUE,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  heatmap = FALSE,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  heatRange = NULL,
  transform = NA,
  nc = 2
)
```

queryFiles	a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed	
gFeatures	genomic features as output of the function 'prepare_3parts_genomic_features'	
inputFiles	a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed	
scale	logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1, so that samples with different baseline can be compared	
verbose	logical, whether to output additional information (data used for plotting or statistical test results)	
Ylab	a string for y-axis label	
handleInputParams		
	a list of parameters for handle_input	
smooth	logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing algorithm	
stranded	logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered	
outPrefix	a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)	

heatmap logical, indicating whether a heatmap of the score matrix should be generated logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score matrix should be removed a numerical vector of two elements, defining range for heatmap color ramp generation a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation of data matrix integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a dataframe containing the data used for plotting

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql",</pre>
                               package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")</pre>
names(queryfiles) <- "query"</pre>
inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")</pre>
names(inputfiles) <- "input"</pre>
gfeatures <- prepare_3parts_genomic_features(txdb, featureName="transcript", meta=TRUE,</pre>
nbins=100, fiveP=-1000, threeP=1000, longest=TRUE, protein_coding=TRUE, verbose=FALSE)
handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=FALSE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE,
useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")
df <- plot_3parts_metagene(queryFiles=queryfiles, gFeatures=gfeatures, inputFiles</pre>
                            =inputfiles, scale=FALSE, verbose=TRUE,
                            Ylab="Coverage/base/gene", handleInputParams
                            =handleInputParams, smooth=TRUE, stranded=TRUE,
                           outPrefix=NULL, heatmap=TRUE, rmOutlier=FALSE, heatRange=NULL,
                            transform=NA, nc=2)
```

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around genes. The upstream and downstream windows flanking genes can be given separately, metagene plots are generated with 5'UTR, CDS and 3'UTR segments. The length of each segments are prorated according to the median length of each segments. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well.

plot_5parts_metagene 31

Usage

```
plot_5parts_metagene(
  queryFiles,
  gFeatures_list,
  inputFiles = NULL,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  transform = NA,
  smooth = FALSE,
  scale = FALSE,
  stranded = TRUE,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  heatmap = FALSE,
  heatRange = NULL,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

queryFiles a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw

format, mixture of formats is allowed

gFeatures_list a list of genomic features as output of the function 'prepare_5parts_genomic_features'

inputFiles a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or

.bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information (data used for plot-

ting or statistical test results)

transform logical, whether to log2 transform the matrix

smooth logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing

algorithm

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

stranded logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered

outPrefix a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)

heatmap logical, indicating whether a heatmap of the score matrix should be generated

heatRange a numerical vector of two elements, defining range for heatmap color ramp gen-

eration

rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score ma-

trix should be removed

Ylab a string for y-axis label

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a dataframe containing the data used for plotting

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Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryfiles) <- "query"

inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputfiles) <- "input"

gfeatures <- prepare_5parts_genomic_features(txdb, meta=TRUE, nbins=100, fiveP=-1000, threeP=1000, longest=TRUE, verbose=FALSE)

handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=FALSE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

df <- plot_5parts_metagene(queryFiles=queryfiles, gFeatures=list("metagene"=gfeatures), inputFiles=inputfiles, scale=FALSE, verbose=TRUE, Ylab="Coverage/base/gene", handleInputParams=handleInputParams, smooth=TRUE, stranded=TRUE, outPrefix=NULL, heatmap=TRUE, rmOutlier=FALSE, heatRange=NULL, transform=NA, nc=2)</pre>
```

Description

plot correlation in reads coverage distributions along the genome for bam files

Usage

```
plot_bam_correlation(
  bamfiles,
  binSize = 1e+06,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

bamfiles a named vector of strings denoting file names

binSize an integer denoting the tile width for tiling the genome, default 1000000

outPrefix a string denoting output file name in pdf format

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

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Examples

plot_locus

Plot signal around custom genomic loci

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around reference locus (start, end or center of a genomic region) defined in the centerFiles. The upstream and downstream windows flanking loci can be given separately, a smaller window can be defined to allow statistical comparisons between samples for the same reference, or between references for a given sample. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well.

```
plot_locus(
  queryFiles,
  centerFiles,
  txdb = NULL,
  ext = c(-100, 100),
  h1 = c(0, 0),
  shade = TRUE,
  smooth = FALSE,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  binSize = 10,
  refPoint = "center",
  Xlab = "Center",
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  inputFiles = NULL,
  stranded = TRUE,
  heatmap = TRUE,
  scale = FALSE,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  transform = NA,
  statsMethod = "wilcox.test",
```

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```
heatRange = NULL,
nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

queryFiles a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw

format, mixture of formats is allowed

centerFiles a named vector of reference file names or genomic features in c("utr3", "utr5",

"cds", "intron", "exon", "transcript", "gene"). The file should be in .bed format

only

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package. Default NULL, needed

only when genomic features are used in the place of centerFiles.

ext a vector of two integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

plot window, flanking the reference locus

hl a vector of two integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

highlight window, flanking the reference locus

shade logical indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the point of inter-

est

smooth logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing

algorithm

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information (data used for plot-

ting or statistical test results)

binSize an integer defines bin size for intensity calculation

refPoint a string in c("start", "center", "end")
Xlab a string denotes the label on x-axis

Ylab a string for y-axis label

inputFiles a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or

.bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

stranded logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered

heatmap logical, indicating whether a heatmap of the score matrix should be generated

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

outPrefix a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)

rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score ma-

trix should be removed

transform a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation

of data matrix

statsMethod a string in c("wilcox.test", "t.test"), for pair-wise group comparisons

heatRange a numerical vector of two elements, defining range for heatmap color ramp gen-

eration

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a list of two dataframes containing the data used for plotting and for statistical testing

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryfiles) <- "query"
inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputfiles) <- "input"
centerfiles <- system.file("extdata", "test_clip_peak_chr19.bed", package="GenomicPlot")
names(centerfiles) <- "clipPeak"
handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=TRUE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

df <- plot_locus(queryFiles=queryfiles, centerFiles=c(centerfiles, "intron"), txdb=txdb, ext=c(-200,200), hl=c(-20, 20), shade=TRUE, smooth=FALSE, handleInputParams=handleInputParams, verbose=TRUE, binSize=10, refPoint="center", Xlab="Center", Ylab="Coverage/base/gene", inputFiles=inputfiles, stranded=TRUE, heatmap=TRUE, scale=FALSE, outPrefix=NULL, rmOutlier=FALSE, transform=NA, statsMethod="wilcox.test", heatRange=c(0, 0.3), nc=2)</pre>
```

```
plot_locus_with_random
```

Plot signal around custom genomic loci and random loci for comparison

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around reference locus defined in the centerFiles. The upstream and downstream windows flanking loci can be given separately, a smaller window can be defined to allow statistical comparisons between reference and random loci. The loci are further divided into sub-groups that are overlapping with c("5'UTR", "CDS", "3'UTR"), "unrestricted" means all loci regardless of overlapping.

```
plot_locus_with_random(
  queryFiles,
  centerFiles,
  txdb,
  ext = c(-200, 200),
  hl = c(-100, 100),
  shade = FALSE,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
```

```
verbose = FALSE,
  smooth = FALSE,
  transform = NA,
 binSize = 10,
  refPoint = "center",
  Xlab = "Center",
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  inputFiles = NULL,
  stranded = TRUE,
  scale = FALSE,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  n_random = 1,
 statsMethod = "wilcox.test",
 nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

queryFiles a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw

format, mixture of formats is allowed

centerFiles a vector of reference file names. The file should be .bed format only

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package

ext a vector of two integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

plot window, flanking the reference locus

hl a vector of two integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

highlight window, flanking the reference locus

shade logical indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the point of inter-

est

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information (data used for plot-

ting or statistical test results)

smooth logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing

algorithm

transform a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation

of data matrix

binSize an integer defines bin size for intensity calculation

refPoint a string in c("start", "center", "end")
Xlab a string denotes the label on x-axis

Ylab a string for y-axis label

inputFiles a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or

.bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

stranded logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

outPrefix a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)

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rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score matrix should be removed

n_random an integer denotes the number of randomization should be formed

statsMethod a string in c("wilcox.test", "t.test"), for pair-wise groups comparisons nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a dataframe containing the data used for plotting

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryfiles) <- "query"
inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputfiles) <- "input"
centerfiles <- system.file("extdata", "test_clip_peak_chr19.bed", package="GenomicPlot")
names(centerfiles) <- "clipPeak"
handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=TRUE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

df <- plot_locus_with_random(queryFiles=queryfiles, centerFiles=c(centerfiles), txdb=txdb, ext=c(-200,200), hl=c(-20, 20), shade=TRUE, smooth=TRUE, handleInputParams=handleInputParams, verbose=TRUE, binSize=10, refPoint="center", Xlab="Center", Ylab="Coverage/base/gene", inputFiles=inputfiles, stranded=TRUE, scale=FALSE, outPrefix=NULL, rmOutlier=FALSE, transform=NA, statsMethod="wilcox.test", nc=2)</pre>
```

plot_overlap_bed

Plot Venn diagrams depicting overlap of genomic regions

Description

This function takes a list of bed file names, and produce a Venn diagram

```
plot_overlap_bed(
  bedList,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  pairOnly = TRUE,
  stranded = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

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Arguments

bedList a named list of bed files, with length = 2, 3 or 4

outPrefix a string for plot file name

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

pairOnly logical, indicating whether only pair-wise overlap is desired

stranded logical, indicating whether the feature is stranded. For nonstranded feature, only

"*" is accepted as strand

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

plot_overlap_genes

Plot Venn diagrams depicting overlap of gene lists

Description

This function takes a list of (at most 3) tab-delimited file names, and produce a Venn diagram

Usage

```
plot_overlap_genes(fileList, columnList, pairOnly = TRUE, outPrefix = NULL)
```

Arguments

fileList, a named list of tab-dlimited files

columnList a vector of integers denoting the columns that have gene names in the list of files

pairOnly, logical, indicating whether only pair-wise overlap is desired

outPrefix, a string for plot file name

Value

a list of vectors of gene names

plot_peak_annotation 39

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

plot_peak_annotation Annotate peaks with genomic features and genes

Description

Produce a table of transcripts targeted by peaks, and generate plots for target gene types, and peak distribution in genomic features

Usage

```
plot_peak_annotation(
   peakFile,
   gtfFile,
   handleInputParams = NULL,
   fiveP = -1000,
   dsTSS = 300,
   threeP = 1000,
   simple = FALSE,
   outPrefix = NULL,
   verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

peakFile a string denoting the peak file name, only .bed format is allowed gtfFile path to a gene annotation gtf file with gene_biotype field handleInputParams a list of parameters for handle_input fiveP extension out of the 5' boundary of genes for defining promoter: fiveP TSS + dsTSS extension downstream of TSS for defining promoter: fiveP TSS + dsTSS threeP extension out of the 3' boundary of genes for defining termination region: -0 TTS + threeP simple logical, indicating whether 5'UTR and 3'UTR are annotated in the gtffile outPrefix a string denoting output file name in pdf format verbose, logical, to indicate whether to write the annotation results to a file

Value

a list of two dataframes, 'annotation' is the annotation per peak, 'stat' is the summary stats for pie chart

Author(s)

40 plot_region

Examples

```
gtfFile <- system.file("extdata", "gencode.v19.annotation_chr19.gtf", package="GenomicPlot")
centerFile <- system.file("extdata", "test_chip_peak_chr19.bed", package="GenomicPlot")
names(centerFile) <- c("summitPeak")
handleBedparams <- list(fix_width=0, fix_point="center", useScore=FALSE, outRle=FALSE,
CLIP_reads=FALSE, norm=FALSE, useSizeFactor=FALSE, genome="hg19")
plot_peak_annotation(peakFile=centerFile, gtfFile=gtfFile, handleInputParams=handleBedparams,
fiveP=-2000, dsTSS=200, threeP=2000, simple=FALSE)</pre>
```

plot_region

Plot signal inside as well as around custom genomic regions

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files inside regions defined in the centerFiles. The upstream and downstream flanking windows can be given separately. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well.

Usage

```
plot_region(
  queryFiles,
  centerFiles,
  txdb = NULL,
  regionName = "region",
  inputFiles = NULL,
  nbins = 100,
  handleInputParams = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  scale = FALSE,
  heatmap = FALSE,
  fiveP = -1000,
  threeP = 1000,
  smooth = FALSE,
  stranded = TRUE,
  transform = NA,
  outPrefix = NULL,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  heatRange = NULL,
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  statsMethod = "wilcox.test",
  nc = 2
)
```

Arguments

queryFiles

a named vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

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centerFiles a named vector of reference file names or genomic features in c("utr3", "utr5",

"cds", "intron", "exon", "transcript", "gene"). The file should be in .bed format

only

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package. Default NULL, needed

only when genomic features are used in the place of centerFiles.

regionName a string specifying the name of the center region in the plots

inputFiles a named vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed,

.wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

nbins an integer defines the total number of bins

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information (data used for plot-

ting or statistical test results)

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

heatmap logical, indicating whether a heatmap of the score matrix should be generated

fiveP an integer, indicating extension out or inside of the 5' boundary of gene by

negative or positive number

threeP an integer, indicating extension out or inside of the 5' boundary of gene by

positive or negative number

smooth logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing

algorithm

stranded logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered

transform a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation

of data matrix

outPrefix a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)

rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score ma-

trix should be removed

heatRange a numerical vector of two elements, defining range for heatmap color ramp gen-

eration

Ylab a string for y-axis label

statsMethod a string in c("wilcox.test", "t.test"), for pair-wise group comparisons

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Value

a dataframe containing the data used for plotting

Author(s)

42 plot_start_end

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryfiles) <- "query"
inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputfiles) <- "input"
centerfiles <- system.file("extdata", "test_chip_peak_chr19.narrowPeak", package="GenomicPlot")
names(centerfiles) <- "narrowPeak"
op <- NULL
handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=FALSE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE,
useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

plot_region(queryFiles=queryfiles, centerFiles=centerfiles, txdb=NULL, regionName="region",
inputFiles=inputfiles, nbins=100, handleInputParams=handleInputParams, verbose=TRUE,
scale=FALSE, heatmap=TRUE, fiveP=-1000, threeP=1000, smooth=TRUE, stranded=TRUE, transform=NA,
outPrefix=NULL, rmOutlier=FALSE, heatRange=NULL, Ylab="Coverage/base/gene",
statsMethod="wilcox.test", nc=2)</pre>
```

plot_start_end

Plot signals around the start and the end of genomic features

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around start and end of custom features. The upstream and downstream windows can be given separately, within the window, a smaller window can be defined to highlight region of interest. A line plot will be displayed for both start and end of feature. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well.

```
plot_start_end(
  queryFiles,
  inputFiles = NULL,
  centerFiles,
  txdb = NULL,
 handleInputParams = NULL,
 binSize = 10,
  insert = 0,
  verbose = FALSE,
  ext = c(-500, 100, -100, 500),
 h1 = c(-50, 50, -50, 50),
  stranded = TRUE,
  scale = FALSE,
  smooth = FALSE,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
 outPrefix = NULL,
  transform = NA,
  shade = TRUE,
 Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene",
  nc = 2
)
```

plot_start_end 43

Arguments

6		
queryFiles	a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed	
inputFiles	a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw format, mixture of formats is allowed	
centerFiles	bed files that define the custom features, or features in c("utr3", "utr5", "cds", "intron", "exon", "transcript", "gene"), multiple features are allowed.	
txdb	a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package. Default NULL, needed only when genomic features are used in the place of centerFiles.	
handleInputParams		
	a list of parameters for handle_input	
binSize	an integer defines bin size for intensity calculation	
insert	an integer specifies the length of the center regions to be included, in addition to the start and end of the feature	
verbose	logical, whether to output additional information (including data used for plotting or statistical test results)	
ext	a vector of four integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the plot window, flanking the start and end of features	
hl	a vector of four integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the highlight window, flanking the start and end of features	
stranded	logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered	
scale	logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1, so that samples with different baseline can be compared	
smooth	logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing algorithm	
rmOutlier	logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score matrix should be removed	
outPrefix	a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)	
transform	a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA, indicating no transformation of data matrix	
shade	logical indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the point of interest	
Ylab	a string for y-axis label	
nc	integer, number of cores for parallel processing	

Value

a list of two objects, the first is a GRanges object, the second is a GRangesList object

Author(s)

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryfiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryfiles) <- "query"

inputfiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputfiles) <- "input"

centerfiles <- system.file("extdata", "test_chip_peak_chr19.narrowPeak", package="GenomicPlot")
names(centerfiles) <- "narrowPeak"

handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=FALSE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=FALSE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

df <- plot_start_end(queryFiles=queryfiles, inputFiles=inputfiles, centerFiles=c("gene", centerfiles), txdb=txdb, handleInputParams=handleInputParams, binSize=10, insert=100, verbose=TRUE, ext=c(-500, 100, -100, 500), h1=c(-50, 50, -50, 50), stranded=TRUE, scale=FALSE, smooth=TRUE, rmOutlier=FALSE, outPrefix=NULL, transform=NA, shade=TRUE, Ylab="Coverage/base/gene", nc=2)</pre>
```

```
plot_start_end_with_random
```

Plot signals around the start and the end of genomic features and random regions

Description

Plot reads or peak Coverage/base/gene of samples in the query files around stat, end and center of genomic features or custom feature given in a .bed file. The upstream and downstream windows can be given separately. If Input files are provided, ratio over Input is computed and displayed as well. A random feature can be generated to serve as a background for contrasting.

```
plot_start_end_with_random(
  queryFiles,
  inputFiles = NULL,
  txdb = NULL,
  centerFile,
 handleInputParams = NULL,
 binSize = 10,
  insert = 0,
  verbose = FALSE,
  ext = c(-500, 200, -200, 500),
 h1 = c(-50, 50, -50, 50),
  randomize = FALSE,
  stranded = TRUE,
  scale = FALSE,
  smooth = FALSE,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
```

```
outPrefix = "plots",
  transform = NA,
  shade = TRUE,
  nc = 2,
  Ylab = "Coverage/base/gene")
```

Arguments

queryFiles a vector of sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or .bw

format, mixture of formats is allowed

inputFiles a vector of input sample file names. The file should be in .bam, .bed, .wig or

.bw format, mixture of formats is allowed

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package. Default NULL, needed

only when genomic features are used in the place of centerFile.

centerFile a bed file that defines the custom feature, or a feature in c("utr3", "utr5", "cds",

"intron", "exon", "transcript", "gene"), multiple features are not allowed.

handleInputParams

a list of parameters for handle_input

binSize an integer defines bin size for intensity calculation

insert an integer specifies the length of the center regions to be included, in addition to

the start and end of the feature

verbose logical, whether to output additional information (data used for plotting or sta-

tistical test results)

ext a vector of four integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

plot window, flanking the start and end of features

hl a vector of four integers defining upstream and downstream boundaries of the

highlight window, flanking the start and end of features

randomize logical, indicating if randomized feature should generated and used as a contrast

to the real feature. The ransomized feature is generated by shifting the given

feature with a random offset within the range of ext[1] and ext[4]

stranded logical, indicating whether the strand of the feature should be considered

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

smooth logical, indicating whether the line should smoothed with a spline smoothing

algorithm

rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score ma-

trix should be removed

outPrefix a string specifying output file prefix for plots (outPrefix.pdf)

transform a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation

of data matrix

shade logical indicating whether to place a shaded rectangle around the point of inter-

est

nc integer, number of cores for parallel processing

Ylab a string for y-axis label

Value

a list of two objects, the first is a GRanges object, the second is a GRangesList object

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
queryFiles <- system.file("extdata", "treat_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(queryFiles) <- "query"
inputFiles <- system.file("extdata", "input_chr19.bam", package="GenomicPlot")
names(inputFiles) <- "input"

ext <- c(-500, 200, -200, 500)
hl <- c(-50, 50, -50, 50)
handleInputParams <- list(CLIP_reads=TRUE, fix_width=150, fix_point="start", norm=TRUE, useScore=FALSE, outRle=TRUE, useSizeFactor=TRUE, genome="hg19")

plot_start_end_with_random(queryFiles=c(queryFiles), inputFiles=c(inputFiles), txdb=txdb, centerFile="intron", binSize=10, handleInputParams=handleInputParams, ext=ext, hl=hl, randomize=TRUE, verbose=TRUE, insert=100, stranded=TRUE, scale=FALSE, smooth=TRUE, outPrefix=NULL, nc=2)</pre>
```

```
prepare_3parts_genomic_features
```

Demarcate genes into promoter, gene body and TTS features

Description

This is a helper function for 'plot_3parts_metagene', used to speed up plotting of multiple data sets with the same configuration. Use featureName='transcript' and meta=FALSE and longest=TRUE for genes.

```
prepare_3parts_genomic_features(
   txdb,
   featureName = "transcript",
   meta = TRUE,
   nbins = 100,
   fiveP = -1000,
   threeP = 1000,
   longest = TRUE,
   protein_coding = TRUE,
   verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

txdb a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package one of the gene feature in c("utr3", "utr5", "cds", "intron", "exon", "transcript") featureName logical, indicating whether a metagene (intron excluded) or gene (intron inmeta cluded) plot should be produced nbins an integer defines the total number of bins fiveP extension out of the 5' boundary of gene extension out of the 3' boundary of gene threeP longest logical, indicating whether the output should be limited to the longest transcript of each gene protein_coding logical, indicating whether to limit to protein_coding genes verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Value

```
a named list with the elements c("windowRs", "nbins", "scaled_bins", "fiveP", "threeP", "meta", "longest")
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("data", "txdb_chr19.sql", package="GenomicPlot"))
gf <- prepare_3parts_genomic_features(txdb, meta=FALSE, nbins=100, fiveP=-1000, threeP=1000, longest=FALSE)</pre>
```

```
{\tt prepare\_5parts\_genomic\_features}
```

Demarcate genes into promoter, 5'UTR, CDS, 3'UTR and TTS features

Description

This is a helper function for 'plot_5parts_metagene', used to speed up plotting of multiple data sets with the same configuration.

```
prepare_5parts_genomic_features(
  txdb,
  meta = TRUE,
  nbins = 100,
  fiveP = -1000,
  threeP = 1000,
  longest = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  subsetTx = NULL
)
```

48 process_scoreMatrix

Arguments

txdb	a TxDb object defined in the GenomicFeatures package
meta	logical, indicating whether a metagene (intron excluded) or gene (intron included) plot should be produced
nbins	an integer defines the total number of bins
fiveP	extension out of the 5' boundary of gene
threeP	extension out of the 3' boundary of gene
longest	logical, indicating whether the output should be limited to the longest transcript of each gene
verbose	logical, whether to output additional information
subsetTx	a vector of transcript names (eg. ENST00000587541.1) for subsetting the genome

Value

```
a named list with the elements c("windowRs", "nbins", "scaled_bins", "fiveP", "threeP", "meta", "longest")
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
txdb <- AnnotationDbi::loadDb(system.file("extdata", "txdb_chr19.sql",
package="GenomicPlot"))

gf <- prepare_5parts_genomic_features(txdb, meta=TRUE, nbins=100, fiveP=-1000, threeP=1000, longest=TRUE)</pre>
```

Preprocess scoreMatrix before plotting

Description

This is a helper function for manipulate the score matrix produced by ScoreMatrix or ScoreMatrin-Bin functions defined in the 'genomation' package.

```
process_scoreMatrix(
  fullmatrix,
  scale = FALSE,
  rmOutlier = FALSE,
  transform = NA,
  pc = 0,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

rank_rows 49

Arguments

fullmatrix a numeric matrix, with bins in columns and genomic windows in rows

scale logical, indicating whether the score matrix should be scaled to the range 0:1,

so that samples with different baseline can be compared

rmOutlier logical, indicating whether a row with abnormally high values in the score ma-

trix should be removed

transform a string in c("log", "log2", "log10"), default = NA indicating no transformation

of data matrix

pc pseudo-count added to the data matrix before log transformation to avoid taking

log of zero

verbose logical, indicating whether to output additional information (data used for plot-

ting or statistical test results)

Value

a numeric matrix with the same dimension as the fullmatrix

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

rank_rows Rank rows of a matrix based on user input

Description

The rows of a input numeric matrix is ordered based row sum, row maximum, or hierarchical clustering of the rows with euclidean distance and centroid linkage. This a helper function for drawing matrix heatmaps.

Usage

```
rank_rows(fullmatrix, ranking = "Hierarchical")
```

Arguments

fullmatrix a numeric matrix

ranking a string in c("Sum", "Max", "Hierarchical", "None")

Value

a numeric matrix

Author(s)

50 start_parallel

rm_outlier

Remove outliers from scoreMatrix

Description

This is a helper function for dealing with excessively high values using Hampel filter. If outliers are detected, replace the outliers with the up bound = median(rowmax) + multiplier*mad(rowmax). This function is experimental. For data with normal distribution, the multiplier is usually set at 3. As the read counts data distribution is highly skewed, it is difficult to define a boundary for outliers, try the multiplier values between 10 to 1000.

Usage

```
rm_outlier(fullmatrix, verbose = FALSE, multiplier = 1000)
```

Arguments

fullmatrix a numeric matrix, with bins in columns and genomic windows in rows

verbose logical, whether to output the outlier information to a log file

multiplier a numeric value to multiple the 'mad', default 1000, maybe adjusted based on

data

Value

a numeric matrix

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
fullmatrix <- matrix(rnorm(100), ncol=10)
maxm <- max(fullmatrix)
fullmatrix[3,9] <- maxm + 1000
fullmatrix[8,1] <- maxm + 500
rm_outlier(fullmatrix, verbose=TRUE, multiplier=100)
rm_outlier(fullmatrix, verbose=TRUE, multiplier=1000)</pre>
```

start_parallel

Prepare for parallel processing

Description

Method for starting a virtual cluster needed for parallel processing

```
start_parallel(nc = 2, verbose = FALSE)
```

stop_parallel 51

Arguments

nc a positive integer greater than 1, denoting number of cores requested

verbose logical, whether to output additional information

Value

```
an object of class c("SOCKcluster", "cluster"), depending on platform
```

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
cl <- start_parallel(2L)</pre>
```

stop_parallel

Stop parallel processing

Description

Method for stopping a virtual cluster needed for parallel processing

Usage

```
stop_parallel(cl)
```

Arguments

cl

a cluster or SOCK cluster object depending on platform

Author(s)

Shuye Pu

Examples

```
cl <- start_parallel(2L)
stop_parallel(cl)</pre>
```

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